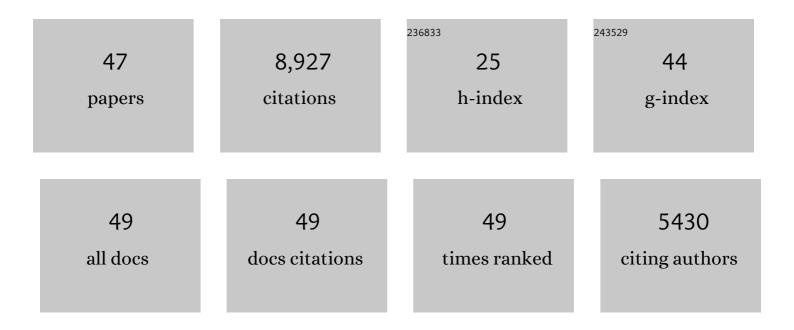
John Chiefari

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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IOHN CHIEFARI

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Fully synthetic injectable depots with high drug content and tunable pharmacokinetics for long-acting drug delivery. Journal of Controlled Release, 2021, 329, 257-269. | 4.8 | 11 |
| 2 | Poly(HPMA-co-NIPAM) copolymer as an alternative to polyethylene glycol-based pharmacokinetic modulation of therapeutic proteins. International Journal of Pharmaceutics, 2021, 608, 121075. | 2.6 | 7 |
| 3 | Mobile hydrogen reformers as a novel approach to decarbonise the transport sector. Current Opinion in Chemical Engineering, 2021, 34, 100756. | 3.8 | 6 |
| 4 | Development and Progression of Polymer Electrolytes for Batteries: Influence of Structure and Chemistry. Polymers, 2021, 13, 4127. | 2.0 | 23 |
| 5 | Arming Immune Cell Therapeutics with Polymeric Prodrugs. Advanced Healthcare Materials, 2021, , 2101944. | 3.9 | 1 |
| 6 | Preparation of Protein–Polymer Conjugates: Copolymerisation by RAFT. Australian Journal of Chemistry, 2020, , . | 0.5 | 3 |
| 7 | Glycosylated Nanoparticles Derived from RAFT Polymerization for Effective Drug Delivery to Macrophages. ACS Applied Bio Materials, 2020, 3, 5775-5786. | 2.3 | 6 |
| 8 | Polymerized Ionic Liquid Block Copolymer Electrolytes for All-Solid-State Lithium-Metal Batteries. Journal of the Electrochemical Society, 2020, 167, 070525. | 1.3 | 22 |
| 9 | Enabling High Lithium Conductivity in Polymerized Ionic Liquid Block Copolymer Electrolytes. Batteries and Supercaps, 2019, 2, 132-138. | 2.4 | 28 |
| 10 | Effective macrophage delivery using RAFT copolymer derived nanoparticles. Polymer Chemistry, 2018, 9, 131-137. | 1.9 | 9 |
| 11 | Preparation of Forced Gradient Copolymers Using Tubeâ€inâ€Tube Continuous Flow Reactors. Macromolecular Reaction Engineering, 2017, 11, 1600065. | 0.9 | 15 |
| 12 | Enhancement of MHC-I Antigen Presentation via Architectural Control of pH-Responsive, Endosomolytic Polymer Nanoparticles. AAPS Journal, 2015, 17, 358-369. | 2.2 | 52 |
| 13 | Continuous Flow Aminolysis of RAFT Polymers Using Multistep Processing and Inline Analysis. Macromolecules, 2014, 47, 8203-8213. | 2.2 | 35 |
| 14 | Protecting keratin fiber with water soluble N-substituted maleimides in high temperature processes. Fibers and Polymers, 2014, 15, 2247-2252. | 1.1 | 0 |
| 15 | Sequential flow process for the controlled polymerisation and thermolysis of RAFT-synthesised polymers. Polymer, 2014, 55, 1427-1435. | 1.8 | 26 |
| 16 | Synthesis of RAFT Block Copolymers in a Multi-Stage Continuous Flow Process Inside a Tubular Reactor. Australian Journal of Chemistry, 2013, 66, 192. | 0.5 | 41 |
| 17 | Quasi-block copolymer libraries on demand via sequential RAFT polymerization in an automated parallel synthesizer. Polymer Chemistry, 2013, 4, 1857. | 1.9 | 45 |
| 18 | Controlled Synthesis of Multifunctional Polymers by RAFT for Personal Care Applications. ACS Symposium Series, 2013, , 157-172. | 0.5 | 4 |

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| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| 19 | Thermo-Induced Self-Assembly of Responsive Poly(DMAEMA- <i>b</i> -DEGMA) Block Copolymers into Multi- and Unilamellar Vesicles. Macromolecules, 2012, 45, 9292-9302. | 2.2 | 129 |
| 20 | A Continuous Flow Process for the Radical Induced End Group Removal of RAFT Polymers. Macromolecular Reaction Engineering, 2012, 6, 246-251. | 0.9 | 33 |
| 21 | Some Recent Developments in RAFT Polymerization. ACS Symposium Series, 2012, , 243-258. | 0.5 | 9 |
| 22 | Automated Parallel Freeze–Evacuate–Thaw Degassing Method for Oxygen-Sensitive Reactions: RAFT Polymerization. ACS Combinatorial Science, 2012, 14, 389-394. | 3.8 | 48 |
| 23 | Controlled RAFT Polymerization in a Continuous Flow Microreactor. Organic Process Research and Development, 2011, 15, 593-601. | 1.3 | 123 |
| 24 | Block Copolymer Synthesis through the Use of Switchable RAFT Agents. ACS Symposium Series, 2011, , 81-102. | 0.5 | 24 |
| 25 | Universal (Switchable) RAFT Agents. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2009, 131, 6914-6915. | 6.6 | 271 |
| 26 | Water as Solvent in Polyimide Synthesis II: Processable Aromatic Polyimides. High Performance Polymers, 2006, 18, 31-44. | 0.8 | 18 |
| 27 | Water as Solvent in Polyimide Synthesis III: Towards the Synthesis of Polyamideimides. High Performance Polymers, 2006, 18, 437-451. | 0.8 | 9 |
| 28 | Binary Copolymerization with Catalytic Chain Transfer. A Method for Synthesizing Macromonomers Based on Monosubstituted Monomers. Macromolecules, 2005, 38, 9037-9054. | 2.2 | 32 |
| 29 | Water as solvent in polyimide synthesis. , 2005, , 3-13. | | 3 |
| 30 | Thiocarbonylthio Compounds (SC(Z)Sâ^'R) in Free Radical Polymerization with Reversible Addition-Fragmentation Chain Transfer (RAFT Polymerization). Effect of the Activating Group Z. Macromolecules, 2003, 36, 2273-2283. | 2.2 | 587 |
| 31 | Water as Solvent in Polyimide Synthesis: Thermoset and Thermoplastic Examples. High Performance Polymers, 2003, 15, 269-279. | 0.8 | 26 |
| 32 | Synthesis of an Electrophilic Polymer by Ring-Opening Metathesis Polymerization. Australian Journal of Chemistry, 2002, 55, 245. | 0.5 | 1 |
| 33 | Initiating free radical polymerization. Macromolecular Symposia, 2002, 182, 65-80. | 0.4 | 77 |
| 34 | Tailored polymer architectures by reversible addition-frasmentation chain transfer. Macromolecular Symposia, 2001, 174, 209-212. | 0.4 | 82 |
| 35 | Living free radical polymerization with reversible addition - fragmentation chain transfer (the life of) Tj ETQq1 | l 0.784314 1.6 | rgBT /Overloo 799 |
| | Sunthesis of Defined Polymers by Reversible Additionâ€"Fragmentation Chain Transfer. The RAFT | | |

36 Synthesis of Defined Polymers by Reversible Additionâ€"Fragmentation Chain Transfer: The RAFT Process. ACS Symposium Series, 2000, , 278-296.

0.5 175

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| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
| 37 | Living Polymers by the Use of Trithiocarbonates as Reversible Additionâ~'Fragmentation Chain Transfer (RAFT) Agents:Â ABA Triblock Copolymers by Radical Polymerization in Two Steps. Macromolecules, 2000, 33, 243-245. | 2.2 | 446 |
| 38 | Tailored polymers by free radical processes. Macromolecular Symposia, 1999, 143, 291-307. | 0.4 | 136 |
| 39 | Living Radical Polymerization with Reversible Additionâ ^{~?} Fragmentation Chain Transfer (RAFT) Tj ETQq1 1 0.78431 6977-6980. | l4 rgBT /O 2.2 | verlock 10 519 |
| 40 | Chain Transfer to Polymer:Â A Convenient Route to Macromonomers. Macromolecules, 1999, 32, 7700-7702. | 2.2 | 163 |
| 41 | Living Free-Radical Polymerization by Reversible Additionâ^'Fragmentation Chain Transfer:Â The RAFT Process. Macromolecules, 1998, 31, 5559-5562. | 2.2 | 4,672 |
| 42 | Polymer Syntheses, Vol. 3, 2nd Edition. By Stanley R. Sandler. Molecules, 1998, 3, 48-48. | 1.7 | 0 |
| 43 | Acidâ^'Amide Intermolecular Hydrogen Bonding. Journal of the American Chemical Society, 1997, 119, 3802-3806. | 6.6 | 77 |
| 44 | Models for the Pigment Organization in the Chlorosomes of Photosynthetic Bacteria: Diastereoselective Control of in-Vitro Bacteriochlorophyll cs Aggregation. [Erratum to document cited in CA122:76986]. The Journal of Physical Chemistry, 1995, 99, 16194-16194. | 2.9 | 2 |
| 45 | Models for the Pigment Organization in the Chlorosomes of Photosynthetic Bacteria: Diastereoselective Control of in-vitro Bacteriochlorophyll cs Aggregation. The Journal of Physical Chemistry, 1995, 99, 1357-1365. | 2.9 | 112 |
| 46 | Synthesis and conformation of a bilirubin analog with propionic acid side chains extended to undecanoic acid. Tetrahedron, 1992, 48, 5969-5984. | 1.0 | 7 |
| 47 | Decarboxylation of phthalidecarboxylic acids in the presence of imines - a facile route to isoindolo[1,2-b][3]benzazepin-5-ones and phthalideisoquinolines. Tetrahedron Letters, 1986, 27, 6119-6122. | 0.7 | 10 |

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