

Manoj Mohanan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/970779/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

26
papers

2,782
citations

567281

15
h-index

642732

23
g-index

27
all docs

27
docs citations

27
times ranked

4367
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | High-quality health systems in the Sustainable Development Goals era: time for a revolution. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e1196-e1252. | 6.3 | 1,721 |
| 2 | In Urban And Rural India, A Standardized Patient Study Showed Low Levels Of Provider Training And Huge Quality Gaps. <i>Health Affairs</i> , 2012, 31, 2774-2784. | 5.2 | 310 |
| 3 | The Know-Do Gap in Quality of Health Care for Childhood Diarrhea and Pneumonia in Rural India. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 169, 349. | 6.2 | 141 |
| 4 | Seroprevalence of SARS-CoV-2 in slums versus non-slums in Mumbai, India. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e110-e111. | 6.3 | 110 |
| 5 | Causal Effects of Health Shocks on Consumption and Debt: Quasi-Experimental Evidence from Bus Accident Injuries. <i>Review of Economics and Statistics</i> , 2013, 95, 673-681. | 4.3 | 73 |
| 6 | Quality Of Health Care In India: Challenges, Priorities, And The Road Ahead. <i>Health Affairs</i> , 2016, 35, 1753-1758. | 5.2 | 58 |
| 7 | Effect of Chiranjeevi Yojana on institutional deliveries and neonatal and maternal outcomes in Gujarat, India: a difference-in-differences analysis. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2014, 92, 187-194. | 3.3 | 52 |
| 8 | Prevalence of SARS-CoV-2 in Karnataka, India. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2021, 325, 1001. | 7.4 | 48 |
| 9 | India's COVID-19 crisis: a call for international action. <i>Lancet</i> , 2021, 397, 2132-2135. | 13.7 | 42 |
| 10 | Growth of private medical education in India. <i>Medical Education</i> , 2006, 40, 1009-1011. | 2.1 | 36 |
| 11 | Personality Traits and Performance Contracts: Evidence from a Field Experiment among Maternity Care Providers in India. <i>American Economic Review</i> , 2017, 107, 506-510. | 8.5 | 27 |
| 12 | Evaluation of a social franchising and telemedicine programme and the care provided for childhood diarrhoea and pneumonia, Bihar, India. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2017, 95, 343-352E. | 3.3 | 27 |
| 13 | Effect Of A Large-Scale Social Franchising And Telemedicine Program On Childhood Diarrhea And Pneumonia Outcomes In India. <i>Health Affairs</i> , 2016, 35, 1800-1809. | 5.2 | 25 |
| 14 | Multitasking and Heterogeneous Treatment Effects in Pay-for-Performance in Health Care: Evidence from Rwanda. <i>American Journal of Health Economics</i> , 2017, 3, 192-226. | 3.0 | 22 |
| 15 | Enhancing quality of medical care in low income and middle income countries through simulation-based initiatives: recommendations of the Simnovate Global Health Domain Group. <i>BMJ Simulation and Technology Enhanced Learning</i> , 2017, 3, S15-S22. | 0.7 | 20 |
| 16 | Improving rational use of ACTs through diagnosis-dependent subsidies: Evidence from a cluster-randomized controlled trial in western Kenya. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2018, 15, e1002607. | 8.4 | 14 |
| 17 | Providers' knowledge of diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis using vignettes: evidence from rural Bihar, India. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2016, 1, e000155. | 4.7 | 12 |
| 18 | Innovative public-private partnership to target subsidised antimalarials: a study protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate a community intervention in Western Kenya. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e013972. | 1.9 | 12 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Assessing the independent and combined effects of subsidies for antimalarials and rapid diagnostic testing on fever management decisions in the retail sector: results from a factorial randomised trial in western Kenya. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2016, 1, e000101. | 4.7 | 10 |
| 20 | Information and Facilitation Interventions for Accountability in Health and Nutrition: Evidence from a Randomized Trial in India. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , . | 0.4 | 7 |
| 21 | Touching beliefs: Using touchscreen technology to elicit subjective expectations in survey research. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0207484. | 2.5 | 6 |
| 22 | Can individualsâ€™ beliefs help us understand nonadherence to malaria test results? Evidence from rural Kenya. <i>Review of Development Economics</i> , 2021, 25, 163-182. | 1.9 | 3 |
| 23 | Quasi-experimental evidence on the causal effects of physical health on mental health. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 39, 487-493. | 1.9 | 2 |
| 24 | Does improving appropriate use of malaria medicines change population beliefs in testing and treatment? Evidence from a randomized controlled trial. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2020, 35, 556-566. | 2.7 | 2 |
| 25 | Different Strokes for Different Folks? Experimental Evidence on the Effectiveness of Input and Output Incentive Contracts for Health Care Providers with Varying Skills. <i>American Economic Journal: Applied Economics</i> , 2021, 13, 34-69. | 2.9 | 0 |
| 26 | Can Individuals's Beliefs Help Us Understand Nonadherence to Malaria Test Results? Evidence from Rural Kenya. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , . | 0.4 | 0 |