

Ariadne E Rivera-Aguirre

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9508093/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

20
papers

798
citations

687363

13
h-index

794594

19
g-index

20
all docs

20
docs citations

20
times ranked

1026
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association Between Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and Nonfatal and Fatal Drug Overdoses. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2018, 168, 783-790.	3.9	170
2	Association of Pharmaceutical Industry Marketing of Opioid Products With Mortality From Opioid-Related Overdoses. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2019, 2, e186007.	5.9	139
3	Urban-rural variation in the socioeconomic determinants of opioid overdose. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2019, 195, 66-73.	3.2	122
4	Association of Medicaid Expansion With Opioid Overdose Mortality in the United States. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2020, 3, e1919066.	5.9	65
5	Prescription drug monitoring programs operational characteristics and fatal heroin poisoning. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2019, 74, 174-180.	3.3	44
6	Constant Lethality of Gunshot Injuries From Firearm Assault: United States, 2003â€“2012. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 107, 1324-1328.	2.7	41
7	Measuring Relationships Between Proactive Reporting State-level Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and County-level Fatal Prescription Opioid Overdoses. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 31, 32-42.	2.7	40
8	The impact of cannabis legalization in Uruguay on adolescent cannabis use. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2020, 80, 102748.	3.3	36
9	Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and Opioid Overdoses. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 30, 212-220.	2.7	28
10	A typology of prescription drug monitoring programs: a latent transition analysis of the evolution of programs from 1999 to 2016. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 248-258.	3.3	26
11	Investigating how perceived risk and availability of marijuana relate to marijuana use among adolescents in Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay over time. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2019, 201, 115-126.	3.2	21
12	Trends in marijuana use in two Latin American countries: an age, period and cohort study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2020, 115, 2089-2097.	3.3	18
13	A participatory framework for feasibility assessments of climate change resilience strategies for smallholders: lessons from coffee cooperatives in Latin America. <i>International Journal of Agricultural Sustainability</i> , 2020, 18, 21-34.	3.5	17
14	Does recreational cannabis legalization change cannabis use patterns? Evidence from secondary school students in Uruguay. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022, 117, 2866-2877.	3.3	16
15	RE: â€œTHE HIDDEN EPIDEMIC OF FIREARM INJURY: INCREASING FIREARM INJURY RATES DURING 2001â€“2013â€“ American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 896-896.	3.4	5
16	Cannabis legalization and traffic injuries: exploring the role of supply mechanisms. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022, 117, 2325-2330.	3.3	4
17	Assessment of the impact of implementation of a zero blood alcohol concentration law in Uruguay on moderate/severe injury and fatal crashes: a quasiâ€“experimental study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2021, 116, 1054-1062.	3.3	3
18	Sex differences in nonmedical prescription tranquilizer and stimulant use trends among secondary school students in Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2019, 205, 107607.	3.2	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Trends in the sequence of initiation of alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana use among adolescents in Argentina and Chile from 2001 to 2017. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2022, 100, 103494.	3.3	1
20	Cook et al. Respond. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 107, e23-e23.	2.7	0