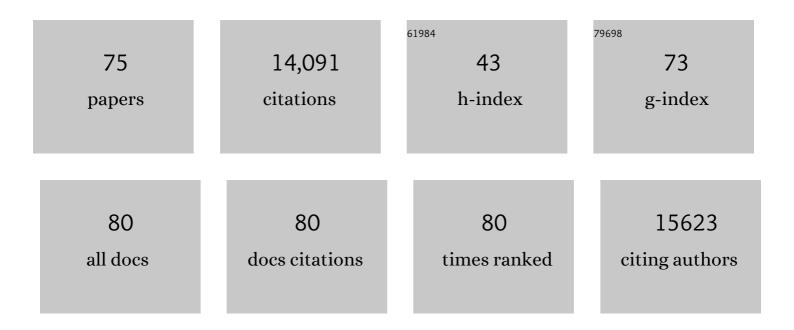
## Michael Hoffmann

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9472197/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global Biodiversity Conservation Priorities. Science, 2006, 313, 58-61.	12.6	1,762
2	The Status of the World's Land and Marine Mammals: Diversity, Threat, and Knowledge. Science, 2008, 322, 225-230.	12.6	1,215
3	The Impact of Conservation on the Status of the World's Vertebrates. Science, 2010, 330, 1503-1509.	12.6	1,209
4	Effectiveness of the global protected area network in representing species diversity. Nature, 2004, 428, 640-643.	27.8	1,149
5	The value of the IUCN Red List for conservation. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2006, 21, 71-76.	8.7	882
6	The conservation status of the world's reptiles. Biological Conservation, 2013, 157, 372-385.	4.1	642
7	Global Gap Analysis: Priority Regions for Expanding the Global Protected-Area Network. BioScience, 2004, 54, 1092.	4.9	516
8	Global indicators of biological invasion: species numbers, biodiversity impact and policy responses. Diversity and Distributions, 2010, 16, 95-108.	4.1	471
9	Pinpointing and preventing imminent extinctions. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2005, 102, 18497-18501.	7.1	447
10	Area-based conservation in the twenty-first century. Nature, 2020, 586, 217-227.	27.8	438
11	Protected Areas and Effective Biodiversity Conservation. Science, 2013, 342, 803-805.	12.6	417
12	Shortfalls and Solutions for Meeting National and Global Conservation Area Targets. Conservation Letters, 2015, 8, 329-337.	5.7	350
13	Extinction risk is most acute for the world's largest and smallest vertebrates. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 10678-10683.	7.1	243
14	Global habitat suitability models of terrestrial mammals. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2011, 366, 2633-2641.	4.0	240
15	Warfare in Biodiversity Hotspots. Conservation Biology, 2009, 23, 578-587.	4.7	238
16	Protecting Important Sites for Biodiversity Contributes to Meeting Global Conservation Targets. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e32529.	2.5	237
17	High proportion of cactus species threatened with extinction. Nature Plants, 2015, 1, 15142.	9.3	224
18	Filling in biodiversity threat gaps. Science, 2016, 352, 416-418.	12.6	194

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19	Projecting Global Biodiversity Indicators under Future Development Scenarios. Conservation Letters, 2016, 9, 5-13.	5.7	182
20	Measuring Terrestrial Area of Habitat (AOH) and Its Utility for the IUCN Red List. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 34, 977-986.	8.7	181
21	Saving the World's Terrestrial Megafauna. BioScience, 2016, 66, 807-812.	4.9	168
22	Quantifying species recovery and conservation success to develop an IUCN Green List of Species. Conservation Biology, 2018, 32, 1128-1138.	4.7	167
23	The changing fates of the world's mammals. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2011, 366, 2598-2610.	4.0	166
24	Conservation planning and the IUCN Red List. Endangered Species Research, 2008, 6, 113-125.	2.4	139
25	Clarifying misconceptions of extinction risk assessment with the IUCN Red List. Biology Letters, 2016, 12, 20150843.	2.3	137
26	Spatial scale and the conservation of threatened species. Conservation Letters, 2008, 1, 37-43.	5.7	134
27	A global reptile assessment highlights shared conservation needs of tetrapods. Nature, 2022, 605, 285-290.	27.8	130
28	How many bird and mammal extinctions has recent conservation action prevented?. Conservation Letters, 2021, 14, e12762.	5.7	113
29	A Retrospective Evaluation of the Global Decline of Carnivores and Ungulates. Conservation Biology, 2014, 28, 1109-1118.	4.7	109
30	The difference conservation makes to extinction risk of the world's ungulates. Conservation Biology, 2015, 29, 1303-1313.	4.7	109
31	A framework for evaluating the impact of the IUCN Red List of threatened species. Conservation Biology, 2020, 34, 632-643.	4.7	88
32	Global Trends in the Status of Bird and Mammal Pollinators. Conservation Letters, 2015, 8, 397-403.	5.7	82
33	Using the IUCN Red List to map threats to terrestrial vertebrates at global scale. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 5, 1510-1519.	7.8	75
34	Spatially Explicit Trends in the Global Conservation Status of Vertebrates. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113934.	2.5	73
35	Harnessing biodiversity and conservation knowledge products to track the Aichi Targets and Sustainable Development Goals. Biodiversity, 2015, 16, 157-174.	1.1	67
36	Impact of alternative metrics on estimates of extent of occurrence for extinction risk assessment. Conservation Biology, 2016, 30, 362-370.	4.7	67

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Analysing biodiversity and conservation knowledge products to support regional environmental assessments. Scientific Data, 2016, 3, 160007.	5.3	67
38	Assessing the Cost of Global Biodiversity and Conservation Knowledge. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0160640.	2.5	65
39	Four steps for the Earth: mainstreaming the post-2020 global biodiversity framework. One Earth, 2021, 4, 75-87.	6.8	65
40	A metric for spatially explicit contributions to science-based species targets. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 5, 836-844.	7.8	61
41	Complete, accurate, mammalian phylogenies aid conservation planning, but not much. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2011, 366, 2652-2660.	4.0	59
42	Global priorities for conservation of reptilian phylogenetic diversity in the face of human impacts. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 2616.	12.8	59
43	Trophy hunting bans imperil biodiversity. Science, 2019, 365, 874-874.	12.6	58
44	Bridging the research-implementation gap in IUCN Red List assessments. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2022, 37, 359-370.	8.7	58
45	Testing a global standard for quantifying species recovery and assessing conservation impact. Conservation Biology, 2021, 35, 1833-1849.	4.7	51
46	Extinction Risks and the Conservation of Madagascar's Reptiles. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100173.	2.5	47
47	Inferring extinctions III: A cost-benefit framework for listing extinct species. Biological Conservation, 2017, 214, 336-342.	4.1	40
48	Using historical and palaeoecological data to inform ambitious species recovery targets. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 374, 20190297.	4.0	36
49	Mischaracterizing wildlife trade and its impacts may mislead policy processes. Conservation Letters, 2022, 15, e12832.	5.7	32
50	Unshifting the baseline: a framework for documenting historical population changes and assessing long-term anthropogenic impacts. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 374, 20190220.	4.0	31
51	Bone Collecting by Brown HyaenasHyaena brunneain the Namib Desert: Rate of Accumulation. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1998, 25, 69-71.	2.4	28
52	Prevalence of sustainable and unsustainable use of wild species inferred from the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Conservation Biology, 2022, 36, .	4.7	25
53	A counterfactual approach to measure the impact of wet grassland conservation on U.K. breeding bird populations. Conservation Biology, 2021, 35, 1575-1585.	4.7	24
54	Global screening for Critical Habitat in the terrestrial realm. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0193102.	2.5	23

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55	Primate surveys and conservation assessments. Oryx, 2008, 42, .	1.0	19
56	Accelerating the monitoring of global biodiversity: Revisiting the sampled approach to generating Red List Indices. Conservation Letters, 2020, 13, e12703.	5.7	19
57	A synthesis of African and western Indian Ocean Island mammal taxa (Class: Mammalia) described between 1988 and 2008: an update to Allen (1939) and Ansell (1989). Zootaxa, 2009, 2205, 1-36.	O.5	17
58	A framework to measure the wildness of managed large vertebrate populations. Conservation Biology, 2019, 33, 1106-1119.	4.7	17
59	Reconciling global mammal prioritization schemes into a strategy. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2011, 366, 2722-2728.	4.0	16
60	The policy consequences of defining rewilding. Ambio, 2022, 51, 93-102.	5.5	16
61	Conserving the World's Megafauna and Biodiversity: The Fierce Urgency of Now. BioScience, 0, , biw168.	4.9	14
62	IUCN's encounter with 007: safeguarding consensus for conservation. Oryx, 2019, 53, 741-747.	1.0	8
63	Criteria for CITES species protection. Science, 2019, 364, 247-248.	12.6	8
64	Understanding why consumers in China switch between wild, farmed, and synthetic bear bile products. Conservation Biology, 2022, 36, .	4.7	8
65	Review of the status and conservation of tenrecs (Mammalia: Afrotheria: Tenrecidae). Oryx, 2021, 55, 13-22.	1.0	7
66	Building robust, practicable counterfactuals and scenarios to evaluate the impact of species conservation interventions using inferential approaches. Biological Conservation, 2021, 261, 109259.	4.1	7
67	Action needed to prevent extinctions caused by disease. Nature, 2008, 454, 159-159.	27.8	6
68	The status of wild canids (Canidae, Carnivora) in Vietnam. Journal of Threatened Taxa, 2019, 11, 13951-13959.	0.3	6
69	Combining data from consumers and traditional medicine practitioners to provide a more complete picture of Chinese bear bile markets. People and Nature, 2021, 3, 1064.	3.7	5
70	Giant pangolin Smutsia gigantea (Illiger, 1815). , 2020, , 157-173.		4
71	IUCN launches Green Status of Species: a new standard for species recovery. Oryx, 2021, 55, 651-652.	1.0	4
72	A system for designating taxonomic certainty in mammals and other taxa. Mammalian Biology, 2022, 102, 251-261.	1.5	4

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	The SPOTT index: A proof-of-concept measure for tracking public disclosure in the palm oil industry. Current Research in Environmental Sustainability, 2021, 3, 100042.	3.5	3
74	Reply to Kalinkat et al.: Smallest terrestrial vertebrates are highly imperiled. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, E10265-E10265.	7.1	2
75	Reply to Pincheira-Donoso and Hodgson: Both the largest and smallest vertebrates have elevated extinction risk. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, E5847-E5848.	7.1	0