List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9420717/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Arctic Environmental Change of the Last Four Centuries. Science, 1997, 278, 1251-1256.	12.6	938
2	Holocene thermal maximum in the western Arctic (0–180°W). Quaternary Science Reviews, 2004, 23, 529-560.	3.0	720
3	Recent Warming Reverses Long-Term Arctic Cooling. Science, 2009, 325, 1236-1239.	12.6	585
4	Pollen-based continental climate reconstructions at 6 and 21Âka: a global synthesis. Climate Dynamics, 2011, 37, 775-802.	3.8	536
5	Climate change and Arctic ecosystems: 1. Vegetation changes north of 55°N between the last glacial maximum, mid-Holocene, and present. Journal of Geophysical Research, 2003, 108, .	3.3	261
6	Modern pollen data from North America and Greenland for multi-scale paleoenvironmental applications. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2005, 24, 1828-1848.	3.0	225
7	Millennial-scale temperature variations in North America during the Holocene. Journal of Geophysical Research, 2006, 111, .	3.3	176
8	A northwest North American training set: distribution of freshwater midges in relation to air temperature and lake depth. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2006, 36, 295-314.	1.6	173
9	Holocene climate change in Arctic Canada and Greenland. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 147, 340-364.	3.0	173
10	Reconstructing Millennial-Scale, Regional Paleoclimates of Boreal Canada during the Holocene. Journal of Climate, 2009, 22, 316-330.	3.2	139
11	Prehistoric demography of North America inferred from radiocarbon data. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2010, 37, 656-664.	2.4	138
12	Modern Analogues of Late-Quaternary Pollen Spectra from the Western Interior of North America. Journal of Biogeography, 1989, 16, 573.	3.0	126
13	Holocene climate changes in eastern Beringia (NW North America) – A systematic review of multi-proxy evidence. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 147, 312-339.	3.0	123
14	Pollen-based climate reconstruction techniques for late Quaternary studies. Earth-Science Reviews, 2020, 210, 103384.	9.1	123
15	Synchronous environmental and cultural change in the prehistory of the northeastern United States. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 22008-22013.	7.1	117
16	A global database of Holocene paleotemperature records. Scientific Data, 2020, 7, 115.	5.3	112
17	Vegetation-Pollen-Climate Relationships for the Arcto-Boreal Region of North America and Greenland. Journal of Biogeography, 1991, 18, 565.	3.0	104
18	Physical and chemical limnology of 204 lakes from the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Hydrobiologia, 2001, 457, 133-148.	2.0	104

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Sphagnumpeatland distribution in North America and Eurasia during the past 21,000 years. Global Biogeochemical Cycles, 2001, 15, 297-310.	4.9	101
20	Widespread evidence of 1500 yr climate variability in North America during the past 14 000 yr. Geology, 2002, 30, 455.	4.4	94
21	Holocene Vegetation History at the Boreal-ForestShrub-Tundra Transition in North-Western Quebec. Journal of Ecology, 1993, 81, 433.	4.0	85
22	Title is missing!. Journal of Paleolimnology, 1997, 17, 215-225.	1.6	83
23	What we learned from the Dust Bowl: lessons in science, policy, and adaptation. Population and Environment, 2014, 35, 417-440.	3.0	83
24	Climatic impacts on the vegetation of eastern North America during the past 2000 years. Plant Ecology, 1987, 68, 179-190.	1.2	80
25	Freshwater diatom biogeography in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Journal of Biogeography, 2004, 31, 1955-1973.	3.0	77
26	Quantitative reconstruction of Holocene temperatures across the Canadian Arctic and Greenland. Global and Planetary Change, 2015, 128, 14-23.	3.5	75
27	Modern and Holocene Pollen Assemblages from Some Small Arctic Lakes on Somerset Island, NWT, Canada. Quaternary Research, 1995, 44, 228-236.	1.7	74
28	Low- and high-frequency climate variability in eastern Beringia during the past 25 000ÂyearsThis article is one of a series of papers published in this Special Issue on the theme <i>Polar Climate Stability Network</i> Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2008, 45, 1435-1453.	1.3	69
29	Paleoenvironments of the Canadian high arctic derived from pollen and plant macrofossils: Problems and potentials. Quaternary Science Reviews, 1995, 14, 609-629.	3.0	65
30	Comparison of North-American pollen-based temperature and global lake-status with CCCma AGCM2 output at 6ka. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2004, 23, 225-244.	3.0	62
31	Modern pollen spectra from lakes in arctic western Canada. Canadian Journal of Botany, 1987, 65, 1605-1613.	1.1	61
32	Modern climate–vegetation–pollen relations in Africa and adjacent areas. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2002, 21, 1611-1631.	3.0	61
33	The climate of North America during the past 2000years reconstructed from pollen data. Global and Planetary Change, 2012, 84-85, 75-83.	3.5	58
34	Arctic hydroclimate variability during the last 2000 years: current understanding and research challenges. Climate of the Past, 2018, 14, 473-514.	3.4	54
35	The climate of North America and adjacent ocean waters ca. 6 ka. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2000, 37, 661-681.	1.3	53
36	Distribution of Chironomidae (Insecta: Diptera) Head Capsules in Recent Sediments of Canadian Arctic Lakes. Hydrobiologia, 2005, 549, 131-143.	2.0	52

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Responses of Fragilarioid-dominated diatom assemblages in a small Arctic lake to Holocene climatic changes, Russell Island, Nunavut, Canada. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2008, 40, 1079-1095.	1.6	51
38	Post-Glacial climatic change on Boothia Peninsula, Nunavut, Canada. Quaternary Research, 2007, 68, 261-270.	1.7	50
39	Holocene climate and vegetation change on Victoria Island, western Canadian Arctic. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2008, 27, 235-249.	3.0	49
40	A Holocene Ice-Core Pollen Record from Ellesmere Island, Nunavut, Canada. Quaternary Research, 2000, 54, 275-283.	1.7	46
41	Climatic change in northern Canada. Environmental Reviews, 2003, 11, 69-102.	4.5	46
42	Spatiotemporal distribution of Holocene populations in North America. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, 12127-12132.	7.1	46
43	Postglacial climates inferred from a lake at treeline, southwest Yukon Territory, Canada. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2009, 28, 354-369.	3.0	44
44	Diatom community response to multiple scales of Holocene climate variability in a small lake on Victoria Island, NWT, Canada. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2007, 26, 3179-3196.	3.0	43
45	Dendrochronological Potential of Salix alaxensis from the Kuujjua River Area, Western Canadian Arctic. Tree-Ring Research, 2006, 62, 75-82.	0.6	41
46	Title is missing!. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2002, 27, 353-366.	1.6	40
47	Testing the reliability of pollen-based diversity estimates. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2008, 40, 357-368.	1.6	40
48	The Global Pollen Database in biogeographical and palaeoclimatic studies. Progress in Physical Geography, 2008, 32, 379-402.	3.2	40
49	The Canadian Archaeological Radiocarbon Database (Card): Archaeological 14C Dates in North America and Their Paleoenvironmental Context. Radiocarbon, 2011, 53, 371-394.	1.8	40
50	Chironomid-environment relations in northern North America. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2015, 54, 223-237.	1.6	40
51	A diatom-based Holocene palaeoenvironmental record from a mid-arctic lake on Boothia Peninsula, Nunavut, Canada. Holocene, 2004, 14, 417-425.	1.7	39
52	Comparison of marine and terrestrial Holocene climatic reconstructions from northeastern North America. Holocene, 1999, 9, 267-277.	1.7	38
53	Radiocarbon dates as estimates of ancient human population size. Anthropocene, 2016, 15, 3-12.	3.3	38
54	The biogeography of aquatic macrophytes in North America since the Last Glacial Maximum. Journal of Biogeography, 2003, 30, 999-1017.	3.0	36

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Pollen-based reconstructions of late Holocene climate from the central and western Canadian Arctic. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2009, 41, 161-175.	1.6	32
56	A palaeolimnological record of diatom-community dynamics and late-Holocene climatic changes from Prescott Island, Nunavut, central Canadian Arctic. Holocene, 2007, 17, 803-812.	1.7	31
57	The role of paleoecology in the study of global climatic change. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 1993, 79, 141-151.	1.5	30
58	Continentalâ€scale tree population response to rapid climate change, competition and disturbance. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2008, 17, 658-669.	5.8	30
59	Quantitative analysis of freshwater ostracode assemblages in southwestern Yukon Territory, Canada. Hydrobiologia, 2005, 545, 117-128.	2.0	29
60	High-Resolution Estimation of Summer Surface Air Temperature in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago. Journal of Climate, 2002, 15, 3601-3614.	3.2	29
61	Holocene vegetation history of the boreal forest near Chibougamau, central Quebec. Canadian Journal of Botany, 1992, 70, 1364-1368.	1.1	28
62	Synchronicity in Climate and Vegetation Transitions Between Europe and North America During the Holocene. Climatic Change, 2006, 78, 341-361.	3.6	28
63	Impact of Holocene climate variability on Arctic vegetation. Global and Planetary Change, 2015, 133, 272-287.	3.5	28
64	Holocene vegetation history of Banks Island, Northwest Territories, Canada. Canadian Journal of Botany, 2000, 78, 430-436.	1.1	28
65	Représentation pollinique actuelle à la limite des arbres au Nouveau-Québec. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 1991, 28, 643-648.	1.3	26
66	Multi-proxy record of postglacial environmental change, south-central Melville Island, Northwest Territories, Canada. Quaternary Research, 2010, 73, 247-258.	1.7	26
67	Climatic change causes abrupt changes in forest composition, inferred from a high-resolution pollen record, southwestern Quebec, Canada. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2013, 75, 169-180.	3.0	25
68	Does a one point sample adequately characterize the lake environment for paleoenvironmental calibration studies?. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2008, 39, 511-531.	1.6	24
69	Holocene Vegetation Histories from Three Sites in the Tundra of Northwestern Quebec, Canada. Arctic and Alpine Research, 1992, 24, 329.	1.3	23
70	Detecting the influence of secondary environmental gradients on chironomid-inferred paleotemperature reconstructions in northern North America. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2015, 124, 265-274.	3.0	23
71	Modern Chironomid Assemblages and Their Relationship to Physical and Chemical Variables in Southwest Yukon and Northern British Columbia Lakes. Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research, 2004, 36, 446-455.	1.1	22
72	Evaluating diatomâ€derived Holocene pH reconstructions for Arctic lakes using an expanded 171â€lake training set. Journal of Quaternary Science, 2014, 29, 249-260.	2.1	22

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Current practices in building and reporting age-depth models. Quaternary Research, 2020, 96, 28-38.	1.7	21
74	Improved resolution of pollen taxonomy allows better biogeographical interpretation of post-glacial forest development: analyses from the North American Pollen Database. Journal of Ecology, 2006, 94, 415-430.	4.0	19
75	Holocene climate change and its effect on lake ecosystem production on Northern Victoria Island, Canadian Arctic. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2010, 43, 219-234.	1.6	19
76	Vegetation dynamics in relation to late Holocene climate variability and disturbance, Outaouais, QuA©bec, Canada. Holocene, 2014, 24, 1515-1526.	1.7	19
77	Human–vegetation interactions during the Holocene in North America. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2019, 28, 635-647.	2.1	19
78	Regional environmental change versus local signal preservation in Holocene thermokarst lake sediments: A case study from Herschel Island, Yukon (Canada). Journal of Paleolimnology, 2018, 60, 77-96.	1.6	18
79	Holocene vegetation history of Banks Island, Northwest Territories, Canada. Canadian Journal of Botany, 2000, 78, 430-436.	1.1	17
80	Assessing the use of sediment organic, carbonate and biogenic silica content as indicators of environmental conditions in Arctic lakes. Polar Biology, 2009, 32, 985-998.	1.2	17
81	Modern Pollen Assemblages in Lake Sediments from the Canadian Arctic. Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research, 2002, 34, 26-32.	1.1	16
82	A Holocene lacustrine record of environmental change in northeastern Prince of Wales Island, Nunavut, Canada. Boreas, 2001, 30, 285-289.	2.4	16
83	Modern and Holocene stomate records of tree-line variations in northwestern Quebec. Canadian Journal of Botany, 2004, 82, 726-734.	1.1	15
84	Postglacial environmental history of western Victoria Island, Canadian Arctic. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2010, 29, 2099-2110.	3.0	15
85	Holocene climate change influences on trace metal and organic matter geochemistry in the sediments of an Arctic lake over 7,000 years. Applied Geochemistry, 2017, 78, 35-48.	3.0	15
86	Synthesis of limnological data from lakes and ponds across Arctic and Boreal Canada. Arctic Science, 2018, 4, 167-185.	2.3	15
87	Postglacial Vegetation at the Northern Limit of Lichen Woodland in Northwestern Québec. Géographie Physique Et Quaternaire, 0, 50, 341-350.	0.2	15
88	Modern Pollen Assemblages in Lake Sediments from the Canadian Arctic. Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research, 2002, 34, 26.	1.1	14
89	Human-ecosystem interactions in relation to Holocene environmental change in Port Joli Harbour, southwestern Nova Scotia, Canada. Quaternary Research, 2014, 81, 203-212.	1.7	13
90	Interactions between climate and landscape drive Holocene ecological change in a High Arctic lake on Somerset Island, Nunavut, Canada. Arctic Science, 2017, 3, 17-38.	2.3	13

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
91	Variations in precipitation in North America during the past 2000 years. Holocene, 2018, 28, 667-675.	1.7	12
92	Surface-sediment diatom assemblages and water chemistry from 42 subarctic lakes in the southwestern Yukon and northernBritish Columbia, Canada. Ecoscience, 2002, 9, 256-270.	1.4	10
93	Holocene sediments from a coastal lake on northern Devon Island, Nunavut, Canada. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2013, 50, 564-575.	1.3	10
94	Comments on: "The magnitudes of millennial- and orbital-scale climatic change in eastern North America during the Late Quaternary―by Shuman et al. [Quaternary Science Reviews 24 (2005) 2194–2206]. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2007, 26, 264-267.	3.0	9
95	Potential problems with the use of gridded climate data in regional quantitative paleoenvironmental studies from data-poor regions. Journal of Paleolimnology, 2012, 48, 641-650.	1.6	9
96	Relative pollen productivity estimates and changes in Holocene vegetation cover in the deciduous forest of southeastern Quebec, Canada. Botany, 2018, 96, 299-317.	1.0	9
97	The Reading Palaeofire Database: an expanded global resource to document changes in fire regimes from sedimentary charcoal records. Earth System Science Data, 2022, 14, 1109-1124.	9.9	9
98	A late Holocene pollen record from proglacial Oblong Tarn, Mount Kenya. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0184925.	2.5	8
99	Human population dynamics in relation to Holocene climate variability in the North American Arctic and Subarctic. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2020, 240, 106370.	3.0	8
100	The North American summer Arctic front during 1948–2007. International Journal of Climatology, 2010, 30, 874-883.	3.5	7
101	Palynology of North American arctic lakes. , 2004, , 89-116.		7
102	Essai: Is Arctic Palynology a "Blunt Instrument�. Géographie Physique Et Quaternaire, 2006, 60, 95-102.	0.2	6
103	Impacts of daily weather variability on simulations of the Canadian boreal forest. Ecological Modelling, 2011, 222, 3250-3260.	2.5	6
104	Impacts of lateâ€Holocene climate variability and watershedâ€ŀake interactions on diatom communities in Lac Brûlé, Québec. Ecosphere, 2017, 8, e01886.	2.2	6
105	An 11,000â€yr record of diatom assemblage responses to climate and terrestrial vegetation changes, southwestern Québec. Ecosphere, 2018, 9, e02505.	2.2	6
106	Forest dynamics in relation to multi-decadal late-Holocene climatic variability, eastern Ontario, Canada. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 2015, 219, 106-115.	1.5	5
107	Multiproxy paleoecological evidence of Holocene climatic changes on the Boothia Peninsula, Canadian Arctic. Quaternary Research, 2016, 85, 347-357.	1.7	5
108	Climate, fire and vegetation history at treeline east of Hudson Bay, northern Québec. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2021, 254, 106794.	3.0	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	A New Database of High Arctic Climate Data from the Polar Continental Shelf Project Archives. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, 2000, 81, 2621-2629.	3.3	4
110	Abrupt Climate Changes During the Holocene Across North America From Pollen and Paleolimnological Records. Geophysical Monograph Series, 2011, , 161-171.	0.1	4
111	Environmental history of the northwestern Québec Treeline. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 206, 29-43.	3.0	4
112	Comment on "Abrupt environmental change in Canada's northernmost lake inferred from fossil diatom and pigment stratigraphy―by Dermot Antoniades et al Geophysical Research Letters, 2008, 35, .	4.0	3
113	Spatial and temporal cladoceran community responses to environmental change and anthropogenic impacts in southwestern Québec. Ecoscience, 2016, 23, 97-112.	1.4	3
114	Environmental changes of the last 1000 years on Prince of Wales Island, Nunavut, Canada. Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research, 2019, 51, 348-365.	1.1	2
115	On the glacial and postglacial history of the western Canadian Arctic Islands. Quaternary Research, 2011, 75, 307-308.	1.7	1
116	A high-resolution paleolimnological study of climate and human impacts on Lac Noir, Québec, over the past 1000 yr. Quaternary Research, 2019, 91, 665-678.	1.7	1
117	Estimation of Spatioâ€Temporal Correlations of Prehistoric Population and Vegetation in North America. Geographical Analysis, 2020, 52, 371-393.	3.5	1
118	Quantifying the vulnerability of Arctic water supply lakes through paleolimnological assessment: The case of Igloolik, Nunavut, Canada. Holocene, 2021, 31, 1175-1185.	1.7	1
119	Paleopalynology, 2nd edition Topics in Geobiology Series, Volume 28. Eos, 2008, 89, 111.	0.1	0
120	Multiple drivers of ecological change in Arctic lakes and ponds. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0254257.	2.5	0