

Agnete Egilsdatter Kristoffersen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

42
papers

1,049
citations

471509

17
h-index

434195

31
g-index

45
all docs

45
docs citations

45
times ranked

1211
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Adverse effects in homeopathy. A systematic review and meta-analysis of observational studies. <i>Explore: the Journal of Science and Healing</i> , 2022, 18, 114-128.	1.0	18
2	Consultations with health care providers and use of self-management strategies for prevention and treatment of COVID-19 related symptoms. A population based cross-sectional study in Norway, Sweden and the Netherlands. <i>Complementary Therapies in Medicine</i> , 2022, 64, 102792.	2.7	18
3	Conventional health care service utilization among cancer survivors that visit traditional and complementary providers in the TromsÅ, study: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2022, 22, 53.	2.2	4
4	Prevalence and predictive factors of complementary medicine use during the first wave of the COVID-19 pandemic of 2020 in the Netherlands. <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2022, 22, 43.	2.7	9
5	Complementary and alternative medicine modalities used to treat adverse effects of anti-cancer treatment among children and young adults: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2022, 22, 97.	2.7	10
6	Protocol of a mixed-method randomised controlled pilot study evaluating a wilderness programme for adolescent and young adult cancer survivors: the WAYA study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e061502.	1.9	5
7	Safety of Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) treatment among children and young adults who suffer from adverse effects of conventional cancer treatment: A systematic review. <i>Integrative Cancer Therapies</i> , 2022, 21, 153473542211055.	2.0	9
8	Communication and information needs about complementary and alternative medicine: a qualitative study of parents of children with cancer. <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2021, 21, 85.	2.7	8
9	Use of complementary and alternative medicine in Norway: a cross-sectional survey with a modified Norwegian version of the international questionnaire to measure use of complementary and alternative medicine (I-CAM-QN). <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2021, 21, 93.	2.7	19
10	The impact of COVID-19 on complementary and alternative medicine providers: A cross-sectional survey in Norway. <i>Advances in Integrative Medicine</i> , 2021, 8, 247-255.	0.9	15
11	Characteristics of persons with hand osteoarthritis visiting complementary and alternative medicine providers. <i>Osteoarthritis and Cartilage Open</i> , 2021, 3, 100220.	2.0	1
12	The prevalence of severe grief reactions after bereavement and their associations with mental health, physical health, and health service utilization: a population-based study. <i>HÅrre Utbildning</i> , 2020, 11, 1844440.	3.0	19
13	An integrative review on the information and communication needs of parents of children with cancer regarding the use of complementary and alternative medicine. <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2020, 20, 90.	2.7	9
14	Combining psychotherapy with craniosacral therapy for severe traumatized patients: A qualitative study from an outpatient clinic in Norway. <i>Complementary Therapies in Medicine</i> , 2020, 49, 102320.	2.7	7
15	Self-Reported Effects of Energy Healing: A Prospective Observational Study With Pre-Post Design. <i>Explore: the Journal of Science and Healing</i> , 2019, 15, 115-125.	1.0	59
16	Prevalence, and health- and sociodemographic associations for visits to traditional and complementary medical providers in the seventh survey of the TromsÅ, study. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2019, 19, 305.	3.7	10
17	Use of traditional and complementary medicine among Norwegian cancer patients in the seventh survey of the TromsÅ, study. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2019, 19, 341.	3.7	24
18	Attitudes and knowledge about direct and indirect risks among conventional and complementary health care providers in cancer care. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2018, 18, 44.	3.7	23

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19	Prevalence and reasons for intentional use of complementary and alternative medicine as an adjunct to future visits to a medical doctor for chronic disease. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2018, 18, 109.	3.7	22
20	Conventional and complementary cancer treatments: where do conventional and complementary providers seek information about these modalities?. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2018, 18, 854.	2.2	5
21	Complementary and alternative medicine for treatment of atopic eczema in children under 14 years old: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2018, 18, 260.	3.7	20
22	“We own the illness”: a qualitative study of networks in two communities with mixed ethnicity in Northern Norway. <i>International Journal of Circumpolar Health</i> , 2018, 77, 1438572.	1.2	16
23	Gender specific association between the use of complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) and alcohol consumption and injuries caused by drinking in the sixth TromsÅ study. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2018, 18, 239.	3.7	4
24	“The prayer circles in the air”: a qualitative study about traditional healer profiles and practice in Northern Norway. <i>International Journal of Circumpolar Health</i> , 2018, 77, 1476638.	1.2	7
25	Complementary and conventional providers in cancer care: experience of communication with patients and steps to improve communication with other providers. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2017, 17, 301.	3.7	23
26	Prevalence and predictors of complementary and alternative medicine use among people with coronary heart disease or at risk for this in the sixth TromsÅ study: a comparative analysis using protection motivation theory. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2017, 17, 324.	3.7	17
27	Prevalence and associations for use of a traditional medicine provider in the SAMINOR 1 Survey: a population-based study on Health and Living Conditions in Regions with Sami and Norwegian Populations. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2017, 17, 530.	3.7	10
28	“There are more things in heaven and earth”: How knowledge about traditional healing affects clinical practice: interviews with conventional health personnel. <i>International Journal of Circumpolar Health</i> , 2017, 76, 1398010.	1.2	9
29	“My cancer is not my deepest concern”: life course disruption influencing patient pathways and health care needs among persons living with colorectal cancer. <i>Patient Preference and Adherence</i> , 2016, Volume 10, 1591-1600.	1.8	20
30	Health Complaints Attributed to Dental Amalgam: A Retrospective Survey Exploring Perceived Health Changes Related to Amalgam Removal. <i>Open Dentistry Journal</i> , 2016, 10, 739-751.	0.5	4
31	Perception of risk and communication among conventional and complementary health care providers involving cancer patients’ use of complementary therapies: a literature review. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2016, 16, 353.	3.7	56
32	The use of CAM providers and psychiatric outpatient services in people with anxiety/depression: a cross-sectional survey. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2016, 16, 461.	3.7	28
33	Reasons for continuing use of Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) in students: a consumer commitment model. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2016, 16, 75.	3.7	19
34	Use of complementary and alternative medicine in patients with health complaints attributed to former dental amalgam fillings. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2015, 16, 22.	3.7	8
35	Risk in homeopathy: Classification of adverse events and homeopathic aggravations – A cross sectional study among Norwegian homeopath patients. <i>Complementary Therapies in Medicine</i> , 2015, 23, 535-543.	2.7	22
36	Gender differences in prevalence and associations for use of CAM in a large population study. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2014, 14, 463.	3.7	73

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37	Continuity of GP care is associated with lower use of complementary and alternative medical providers: a population-based cross-sectional survey. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 629.	2.2	16
38	Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use among Norwegian Cancer Survivors: Gender-Specific Prevalence and Associations for Use. Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2013, 2013, 1-10.	1.2	29
39	Any difference? Use of a CAM provider among cancer patients, coronary heart disease (CHD) patients and individuals with no cancer/CHD. BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2012, 12, 1.	3.7	126
40	Do Cancer Patients with a Poor Prognosis Use Complementary and Alternative Medicine More Often than Others?. Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 2009, 15, 35-40.	2.1	35
41	Development of an International Questionnaire to Measure Use of Complementary and Alternative Medicine (I-CAM-Q). Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 2009, 15, 331-339.	2.1	163
42	Use of Complementary and Alternative Medicine Among Patients: Classification Criteria Determine Level of Use. Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 2008, 14, 911-919.	2.1	47