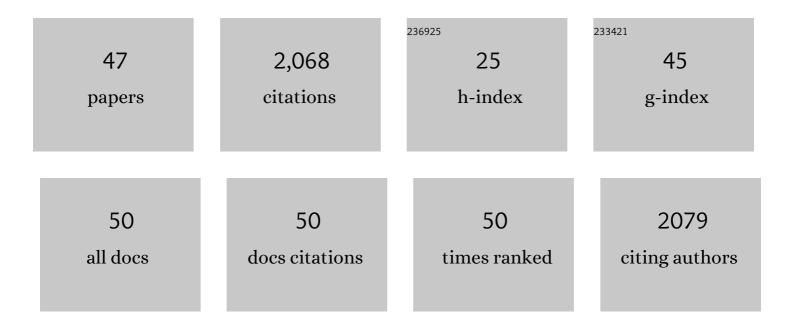
Luisa Amo

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sources of individual shy–bold variations in antipredator behaviour of male Iberian rock lizards. Animal Behaviour, 2005, 69, 1-9.	1.9	211
2	Predator odour recognition and avoidance in a songbird. Functional Ecology, 2008, 22, 289-293.	3.6	144
3	Birds exploit herbivoreâ€induced plant volatiles to locate herbivorous prey. Ecology Letters, 2013, 16, 1348-1355.	6.4	114
4	Reliable Signaling By Chemical Cues Of Male Traits And Health State In Male Lizards, Lacerta monticola. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2006, 32, 473-488.	1.8	110
5	Sex recognition by odour and variation in the uropygial gland secretion in starlings. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2012, 81, 605-613.	2.8	102
6	Covariation and phenotypic integration in chemical communication displays: biosynthetic constraints and ecoâ€evolutionary implications. New Phytologist, 2018, 220, 739-749.	7.3	101
7	Nature-based tourism as a form of predation risk affects body condition and health state of Podarcis muralis lizards. Biological Conservation, 2006, 131, 402-409.	4.1	100
8	Wall lizards combine chemical and visual cues of ambush snake predators to avoid overestimating risk inside refuges. Animal Behaviour, 2004, 67, 647-653.	1.9	94
9	Chemical ornaments of male lizards Psammodromus algirus may reveal their parasite load and health state to females. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2007, 62, 173-179.	1.4	72
10	Habitat deterioration affects body condition of lizards: A behavioral approach with Iberolacerta cyreni lizards inhabiting ski resorts. Biological Conservation, 2007, 135, 77-85.	4.1	69
11	Refuge use: A conflict between avoiding predation and losing mass in lizards. Physiology and Behavior, 2007, 90, 334-343.	2.1	66
12	Prevalence and intensity of haemogregarine blood parasites and their mite vectors in the common wall lizard, Podarcis muralis. Parasitology Research, 2005, 96, 378-381.	1.6	65
13	Parasites and health affect multiple sexual signals in male common wall lizards, Podarcis muralis. Die Naturwissenschaften, 2008, 95, 293-300.	1.6	65
14	Smelling Out Predators is Innate in Birds. Ardea, 2011, 99, 177-184.	0.6	65
15	Prevalence and intensity of haemogregarinid blood parasites in a population of the Iberian rock lizard, Lacerta monticola. Parasitology Research, 2004, 94, 290-293.	1.6	52
16	Sleeping Birds Do Not Respond to Predator Odour. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e27576.	2.5	51
17	Male quality and conspecific scent preferences in the house finch, Carpodacus mexicanus. Animal Behaviour, 2012, 84, 1483-1489.	1.9	47
18	Ultravioletâ€blue reflectance of some nestling plumage patches mediates parental favouritism in great tits <i>Parus major</i> . Journal of Avian Biology, 2008, 39, 277-282.	1.2	41

Luisa Amo

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19	Prevalence and intensity of blood and intestinal parasites in a field population of a Mediterranean lizard, Lacerta lepida. Parasitology Research, 2005, 96, 413-417.	1.6	39
20	Can Wall Lizards Combine Chemical and Visual Cues to Discriminate Predatory from Non-Predatory Snakes Inside Refuges?. Ethology, 2006, 112, 478-484.	1.1	37
21	Olfactory detection of dimethyl sulphide in a krill-eating Antarctic penguin. Marine Ecology - Progress Series, 2013, 474, 277-285.	1.9	37
22	Chemosensory Recognition and Behavioral Responses of Wall Lizards, Podarcis muralis, to Scents of Snakes that Pose Different Risks of Predation. Copeia, 2004, 2004, 691-696.	1.3	32
23	Natural oak forest vs. ancient pine plantations: lizard microhabitat use may explain the effects of ancient reforestations on distribution and conservation of Iberian lizards. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2007, 16, 3409-3422.	2.6	31
24	Olfaction: An Overlooked Sensory Modality in Applied Ethology and Animal Welfare. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2015, 2, 69.	2.2	31
25	Risk Level and Thermal Costs Affect the Choice of Escape Strategy and Refuge Use in the Wall Lizard, Podarcis muralis. Copeia, 2003, 2003, 899-905.	1.3	27
26	Habitat deterioration affects antipredatory behavior, body condition, and parasite load of female <i>Psammodromus algirus</i> lizards. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2007, 85, 743-751.	1.0	24
27	Insectivorous birds eavesdrop on the pheromones of their prey. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190415.	2.5	22
28	Rollers smell the fear of nestlings. Biology Letters, 2012, 8, 502-504.	2.3	21
29	Role of chemical and visual cues of mammalian predators in nest defense in birds. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2017, 71, 1.	1.4	19
30	What do we know about birds' use of plant volatile cues in tritrophic interactions?. Current Opinion in Insect Science, 2019, 32, 131-136.	4.4	18
31	Are naÃ⁻ve birds attracted to herbivore-induced plantÂdefences?. Behaviour, 2016, 153, 353-366.	0.8	17
32	Trade-offs in the choice of refuges by common wall lizards: do thermal costs affect preferences for predator-free refuges?. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2004, 82, 897-901.	1.0	14
33	Evidence that the house finch (Carpodacus mexicanus) uses scent to avoid omnivore mammals. Revista Chilena De Historia Natural, 2015, 88, .	1.2	14
34	Double gametocyte infections in apicomplexan parasites of birds and reptiles. Parasitology Research, 2004, 94, 155-7.	1.6	13
35	Are Female Starlings Able to Recognize the Scent of Their Offspring?. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e109505.	2.5	13
36	Chemosensory Recognition of Its Lizard Prey by the Ambush Smooth Snake, Coronella austriaca. Journal of Herpetology, 2004, 38, 451-454.	0.5	12

Luisa Amo

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37	Pregnant female lizardsIberolacerta cyreni adjust refuge use to decrease thermal costs for their body condition and cell-mediated immune response. Journal of Experimental Zoology, 2007, 307A, 106-112.	1.2	12
38	The Evolution of Olfactory Capabilities in Wild Birds: A Comparative Study. Evolutionary Biology, 2018, 45, 27-36.	1.1	12
39	Editorial: The Importance of Olfaction in Intra- and Interspecific Communication. Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 6, .	2.2	10
40	Thermal dependence of chemical assessment of predation risk affects the ability of wall lizards, Podarcis muralis, to avoid unsafe refuges. Physiology and Behavior, 2004, 82, 913-918.	2.1	9
41	Wild great and blue tits do not avoid chemical cues of predators when selecting cavities for roosting. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0203269.	2.5	7
42	Egg concealment is an antipredatory strategy in a cavityâ€nesting bird. Ethology, 2019, 125, 785-790.	1.1	7
43	Are wild insectivorous birds attracted to methyl-jasmonate-treated Pyrenean oak trees?. Behaviour, 2018, 155, 945-967.	0.8	5
44	Assessing behavioral sex differences to chemical cues of predation risk while provisioning nestlings in a hole-nesting bird. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0268678.	2.5	5
45	Attraction to Smelly Food in Birds: Insectivorous Birds Discriminate between the Pheromones of Their Prey and Those of Non-Prey Insects. Biology, 2021, 10, 1010.	2.8	4
46	Exogenous Application of Methyl Jasmonate Increases Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds in Pyrenean Oak Trees, Quercus pyrenaica. Biology, 2022, 11, 84.	2.8	3
47	The importance of chemical, visual and behavioral cues of predators on the antipredatory behavior of birds. Journal of Avian Biology, 2020, 51, .	1.2	2