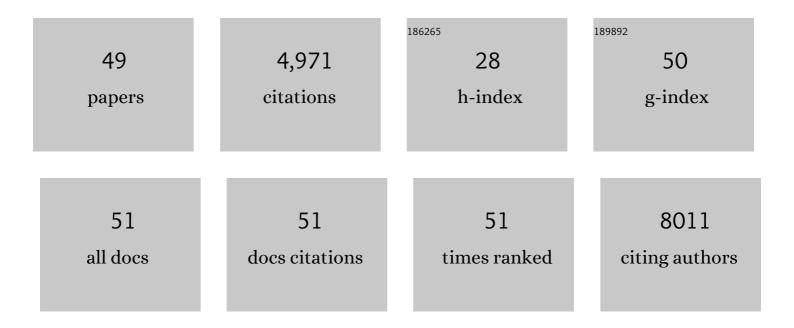
Diana Maria Torres Lopez

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9281573/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association analysis identifies 65 new breast cancer risk loci. Nature, 2017, 551, 92-94.	27.8	1,099
2	Genome-wide association analysis of more than 120,000 individuals identifies 15 new susceptibility loci for breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2015, 47, 373-380.	21.4	513
3	Association of Type and Location of <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 1347.	7.4	390
4	Identification of ten variants associated with risk of estrogen-receptor-negative breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 1767-1778.	21.4	289
5	Genome-wide association study identifies 32 novel breast cancer susceptibility loci from overall and subtype-specific analyses. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 572-581.	21.4	265
6	Mutational spectrum in a worldwide study of 29,700 families with <i>BRCA1</i> or <i>BRCA2</i> mutations. Human Mutation, 2018, 39, 593-620.	2.5	224
7	A transcriptome-wide association study of 229,000 women identifies new candidate susceptibility genes for breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 968-978.	21.4	184
8	<i>PALB2</i> , <i>CHEK2</i> and <i>ATM</i> rare variants and cancer risk: data from COGS. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2016, 53, 800-811.	3.2	174
9	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate ESR1, RMND1 and CCDC170. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 374-386.	21.4	125
10	Fine-mapping of 150 breast cancer risk regions identifies 191 likely target genes. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 56-73.	21.4	120
11	Genetically Predicted Body Mass Index and Breast Cancer Risk: Mendelian Randomization Analyses of Data from 145,000 Women of European Descent. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002105.	8.4	118
12	Evidence that breast cancer risk at the 2q35 locus is mediated through IGFBP5 regulation. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 4999.	12.8	105
13	No evidence that protein truncating variants in <i>BRIP1</i> are associated with breast cancer risk: implications for gene panel testing. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2016, 53, 298-309.	3.2	94
14	Genome-wide association and transcriptome studies identify target genes and risk loci for breast cancer. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 1741.	12.8	90
15	Cancer Risks Associated With <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Pathogenic Variants. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 1529-1541.	1.6	90
16	Shared heritability and functional enrichment across six solid cancers. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 431.	12.8	88
17	High proportion of BRCA1/2 founder mutations in Hispanic breast/ovarian cancer families from Colombia. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2007, 103, 225-232.	2.5	86
18	Functional mechanisms underlying pleiotropic risk alleles at the 19p13.1 breast–ovarian cancer susceptibility locus. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 12675.	12.8	78

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Fine-Scale Mapping of the 5q11.2 Breast Cancer Locus Reveals at Least Three Independent Risk Variants Regulating MAP3K1. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2015, 96, 5-20.	6.2	76
20	<i>BRCA2</i> Hypomorphic Missense Variants Confer Moderate Risks of Breast Cancer. Cancer Research, 2017, 77, 2789-2799.	0.9	75
21	Founder and Recurrent Mutations in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Genes in Latin American Countries: State of the Art and Literature Review. Oncologist, 2016, 21, 832-839.	3.7	73
22	Evidence that the 5p12 Variant rs10941679 Confers Susceptibility to Estrogen-Receptor-Positive Breast Cancer through FGF10 and MRPS30 Regulation. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2016, 99, 903-911.	6.2	59
23	Genome-wide association study of germline variants and breast cancer-specific mortality. British Journal of Cancer, 2019, 120, 647-657.	6.4	52
24	Fineâ€scale mapping of 8q24 locus identifies multiple independent risk variants for breast cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 1303-1317.	5.1	51
25	Pathology of Tumors Associated With Pathogenic Germline Variants in 9 Breast Cancer Susceptibility Genes. JAMA Oncology, 2022, 8, e216744.	7.1	51
26	Association of Genomic Domains in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> with Prostate Cancer Risk and Aggressiveness. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 624-638.	0.9	39
27	Polymorphisms in a Putative Enhancer at the 10q21.2 Breast Cancer Risk Locus Regulate NRBF2 Expression. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2015, 97, 22-34.	6.2	37
28	Transcriptomeâ€wide association study of breast cancer risk by estrogenâ€receptor status. Genetic Epidemiology, 2020, 44, 442-468.	1.3	32
29	Association of breast cancer risk with genetic variants showing differential allelic expression: Identification of a novel breast cancer susceptibility locus at 4q21. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 80140-80163.	1.8	31
30	The FANCM:p.Arg658* truncating variant is associated with risk of triple-negative breast cancer. Npj Breast Cancer, 2019, 5, 38.	5.2	28
31	RAD51B in Familial Breast Cancer. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153788.	2.5	26
32	Polygenic risk modeling for prediction of epithelial ovarian cancer risk. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2022, 30, 349-362.	2.8	23
33	Association of genetic susceptibility variants for type 2 diabetes with breast cancer risk in women of European ancestry. Cancer Causes and Control, 2016, 27, 679-693.	1.8	21
34	Fine scale mapping of the 17q22 breast cancer locus using dense SNPs, genotyped within the Collaborative Oncological Gene-Environment Study (COGs). Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 32512.	3.3	19
35	Breast Cancer Risk Factors and Survival by Tumor Subtype: Pooled Analyses from the Breast Cancer Association Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 623-642.	2.5	19
36	Breast cancer risks associated with missense variants in breast cancer susceptibility genes. Genome Medicine, 2022, 14, 51.	8.2	19

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	2q36.3 is associated with prognosis for oestrogen receptor-negative breast cancer patients treated with chemotherapy. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 4051.	12.8	16
38	Common variants in breast cancer risk loci predispose to distinct tumor subtypes. Breast Cancer Research, 2022, 24, 2.	5.0	15
39	Inherited variants in the inner centromere protein (INCENP) gene of the chromosomal passenger complex contribute to the susceptibility of ER-negative breast cancer. Carcinogenesis, 2015, 36, 256-271.	2.8	14
40	Fine-Mapping of the 1p11.2 Breast Cancer Susceptibility Locus. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0160316.	2.5	12
41	Interaction between genetic ancestry and common breast cancer susceptibility variants in Colombian women. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 144, 2181-2191.	5.1	9
42	Genetic variation in the immunosuppression pathway genes and breast cancer susceptibility: a pooled analysis of 42,510 cases and 40,577 controls from the Breast Cancer Association Consortium. Human Genetics, 2016, 135, 137-154.	3.8	8
43	A polymorphism in the base excision repair gene PARP2 is associated with differential prognosis by chemotherapy among postmenopausal breast cancer patients. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 978.	2.6	6
44	Two truncating variants in FANCC and breast cancer risk. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 12524.	3.3	5
45	Low Prevalence of the Four Common Colombian Founder Mutations in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> in Early-Onset and Familial Afro-Colombian Patients with Breast Cancer. Oncologist, 2019, 24, e475-e479.	3.7	4
46	rs2735383, located at a microRNA binding site in the 3'UTR of NBS1, is not associated with breast cancer risk. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 36874.	3.3	2
47	<p>Genetic Variability in the microRNA Binding Sites of BMPR1B, TGFBR1, IQGAP1, KRAS, SETD8 and RYR3 and Risk of Breast Cancer in Colombian Women<td>2.0</td><td>2</td></p>	2.0	2
48	Germline HOXB13 mutations p.G84E and p.R217C do not confer an increased breast cancer risk. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 9688.	3.3	2
49	Prevalence of <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Germline Mutations in Patients of African Descent with Early-Onset and Familial Colombian Breast Cancer. Oncologist, 2022, 27, e151-e157.	3.7	Ο