Jordi Marsal

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Ισροι Μαρελι

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Post-Harvest Regulated Deficit Irrigation in Chardonnay Did Not Reduce Yield but at Long-Term, It Could Affect Berry Composition. Agronomy, 2019, 9, 328.	3.0	4
2	Water stress for a long period before harvest and crop load effects on marketable yield and consumer acceptance of nectarine. Scientia Horticulturae, 2019, 255, 103-107.	3.6	2
3	Water stress during the post-harvest period affects new root formation but not starch concentration and content in Chardonnay grapevine (Vitis vinifera L.) perennial organs. Scientia Horticulturae, 2019, 249, 461-470.	3.6	3
4	Airborne Thermal Imagery to Detect the Seasonal Evolution of Crop Water Status in Peach, Nectarine and Saturn Peach Orchards. Remote Sensing, 2016, 8, 39.	4.0	83
5	Water stress for a short period before harvest in nectarine: Yield, fruit composition, sensory quality, and consumer acceptance of fruit. Scientia Horticulturae, 2016, 211, 1-7.	3.6	26
6	Sustainability of regulated deficit irrigation in a mid-maturing peach cultivar. Irrigation Science, 2016, 34, 201-208.	2.8	23
7	Yield, Must Composition, and Wine Quality Responses to Preveraison Water Deficits in Sparkling Base Wines of Chardonnay. American Journal of Enology and Viticulture, 2016, 67, 1-12.	1.7	14
8	Seasonal evolution of crop water stress index in grapevine varieties determined with high-resolution remote sensing thermal imagery. Irrigation Science, 2015, 33, 81-93.	2.8	102
9	Fraction of canopy intercepted radiation relates differently with crop coefficient depending on the season and the fruit tree species. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2014, 184, 1-11.	4.8	34
10	Use of CropSyst as a tool to predict water use and crop coefficient in Japanese plum trees. Agricultural Water Management, 2014, 146, 57-68.	5.6	13
11	Daily photosynthetic radiation use efficiency for apple and pear leaves: Seasonal changes and estimation of canopy net carbon exchange rate. European Journal of Agronomy, 2013, 51, 1-8.	4.1	13
12	Crop coefficient (K c) for apple: comparison between measurements by a weighing lysimeter and prediction by CropSyst. Irrigation Science, 2013, 31, 455-463.	2.8	38
13	Responses of †Conference' Pear to Deficit Irrigation: Water Relations, Leaf Discrimination Against 13CO2, Tree Starch Content, Growth, and Recovery After Rewatering. Journal of Plant Growth Regulation, 2013, 32, 273-280.	5.1	5
14	Modelling canopy conductance and transpiration of fruit trees in Mediterranean areas: A simplified approach. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2013, 171-172, 93-103.	4.8	66
15	Identifying irrigation zones across a 7.5-ha â€~Pinot noir' vineyard based on the variability of vine water status and multispectral images. Irrigation Science, 2012, 30, 499-509.	2.8	26
16	Postharvest deficit irrigation in â€~Conference' pear: Effects on subsequent yield and fruit quality. Agricultural Water Management, 2012, 103, 1-7.	5.6	24
17	Drought in Deciduous Fruit Trees: Implications for Yield and Fruit Quality. , 2012, , 441-459.		7
18	Responses of "Chardonnay―to deficit irrigation applied at different phenological stages: vine growth, must composition, and wine quality. Irrigation Science, 2012, 30, 397-406.	2.8	31

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19	A general algorithm for automated scheduling of drip irrigation in tree crops. Computers and Electronics in Agriculture, 2012, 83, 11-20.	7.7	53
20	Use of CropSyst as a decision support system for scheduling regulated deficit irrigation in a pear orchard. Irrigation Science, 2012, 30, 139-147.	2.8	32
21	Intercepted radiation by apple canopy can be used as a basis for irrigation scheduling. Agricultural Water Management, 2011, 98, 886-892.	5.6	32
22	Phenological Sensitivity of Cabernet Sauvignon to Water Stress: Vine Physiology and Berry Composition. American Journal of Enology and Viticulture, 2011, 62, 452-461.	1.7	81
23	Fruit thinning in â€~Conference' pear grown under deficit irrigation: Implications for fruit quality at harvest and after cold storage. Scientia Horticulturae, 2011, 129, 64-70.	3.6	46
24	A comparative study of apple and pear tree water consumption measured with two weighing lysimeters. Irrigation Science, 2011, 29, 55-63.	2.8	69
25	Automated irrigation of apple trees based on measurements of light interception by the canopy. Biosystems Engineering, 2011, 108, 220-226.	4.3	14
26	Postharvest regulated deficit irrigation in â€~Summit' sweet cherry: fruit yield and quality in the following season. Irrigation Science, 2010, 28, 181-189.	2.8	61
27	Mitigation of severe water stress by fruit thinning in â€~O'Henry' peach: Implications for fruit quality. Scientia Horticulturae, 2010, 125, 294-300.	3.6	35
28	Exploring six reduced irrigation options under water shortage for †Golden Smoothee' apple: Responses of yield components over three years. Agricultural Water Management, 2010, 98, 370-375.	5.6	28
29	Seasonal sensitivity of stem water potential to vapour pressure deficit in grapevine. Irrigation Science, 2009, 27, 175-182.	2.8	41
30	Phenological sensitivity of berry growth and composition of Tempranillo grapevines (<i>Vitis) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT</i>	/Oyerlock 2.1	10 Tf 50 302
31	Evaluation of partial root-zone drying for potential field use as a deficit irrigation technique in commercial vineyards according to two different pipeline layouts. Irrigation Science, 2008, 26, 347-356.	2.8	65
32	Factors involved in alleviating water stress by partial crop removal in pear trees. Tree Physiology, 2008, 28, 1375-1382.	3.1	37
33	Response of peach trees to regulated deficit irrigation during stage 2 of fruit development and summer pruning. Spanish Journal of Agricultural Research, 2008, 6, 479.	0.6	34
34	Response of winter root starch concentration to severe water stress and fruit load and its subsequent effects on early peach fruit development. Tree Physiology, 2007, 27, 1619-1626.	3.1	29
35	Growth patterns and morphology of fine roots of size-controlling and invigorating peach rootstocks. Tree Physiology, 2007, 27, 231-241.	3.1	37

36Branch removal and defruiting for the amelioration of water stress effects on fruit growth during
Stage III of peach fruit development. Scientia Horticulturae, 2006, 108, 55-60.3.623

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37	Effect of late Spring defruiting on net CO ₂ exchange and leaf area development in apple tree canopies. Journal of Horticultural Science and Biotechnology, 2006, 81, 575-582.	1.9	18
38	The use of midday leaf water potential for scheduling deficit irrigation in vineyards. Irrigation Science, 2006, 24, 115-127.	2.8	182
39	Mitigation of effects of extreme drought during stage III of peach fruit development by summer pruning and fruit thinning. Tree Physiology, 2006, 26, 469-477.	3.1	40
40	Peach tree response to single and combined deficit irrigation regimes in deep soils. Agricultural Water Management, 2005, 72, 97-108.	5.6	104
41	Regulated deficit irrigation during the kernel-filling period and optimal irrigation rates in almond. Agricultural Water Management, 2005, 75, 152-167.	5.6	103
42	Effects of stage II and postharvest deficit irrigation on peach quality during maturation and after cold storage. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture, 2004, 84, 561-568.	3.5	68
43	Daily shoot extension growth of peach trees growing on rootstocks that reduce scion growth is related to daily dynamics of stem water potential. Tree Physiology, 2003, 23, 695-704.	3.1	100
44	Influence of branch autonomy on fruit, scaffold, trunk and root growth during Stage III of peach fruit development. Tree Physiology, 2003, 23, 313-323.	3.1	53
45	Peach Tree Response to Single and Combined Regulated Deficit Irrigation Regimes under Shallow Soils. Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science, 2003, 128, 432-440.	1.0	89
46	Regulated deficit irrigation and rectification of irrigation scheduling in young pear trees: an evaluation based on vegetative and productive response. European Journal of Agronomy, 2002, 17, 111-122.	4.1	70
47	Pear fruit growth under regulated deficit irrigation in container-grown trees. Scientia Horticulturae, 2000, 85, 243-259.	3.6	50
48	Relationship between Leaf Water Potential and Gas Exchange Activity at Different Phenological Stages and Fruit Loads in Peach Trees. Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science, 1997, 122, 415-421.	1.0	47
49	Leaf Water Relation Parameters in Almond Compared to Hazelnut Trees during a Deficit Irrigation Period. Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science, 1997, 122, 582-587.	1.0	38