## Yann Hautier

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9263228/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

65 9,579 36 66 papers citations h-index g-index

81 81 81 81 10564

times ranked

citing authors

docs citations

all docs

| #  | Article   | IF           | Citations |
|----|---|--------------|-----------|
| 1  | Biodiversity promotes ecosystem functioning despite environmental change. Ecology Letters, 2022, 25, 555-569.   | 6.4          | 85        |
| 2  | Functionally diverse tree stands reduce herbaceous diversity and productivity via canopy packing. Functional Ecology, 2022, 36, 950-961.  | 3.6          | 5         |
| 3  | Nutrients and herbivores impact grassland stability across spatial scales through different pathways.<br>Global Change Biology, 2022, 28, 2678-2688.  | 9.5          | 18        |
| 4  | Decoupled responses of above―and belowâ€ground stability of productivity to nitrogen addition at the local and larger spatial scale. Global Change Biology, 2022, 28, 2711-2720.  | 9 <b>.</b> 5 | 31        |
| 5  | Nutrient identity modifies the destabilising effects of eutrophication in grasslands. Ecology Letters, 2022, 25, 754-765.   | 6.4          | 17        |
| 6  | Intra―and interspecific variability of specific leaf area mitigate the reduction of community stability in response to warming and nitrogen addition. Oikos, 2022, 2022, .  | 2.7          | 5         |
| 7  | Tree diversity depending on environmental gradients promotes biomass stability via species asynchrony in China's forest ecosystems. Ecological Indicators, 2022, 140, 109021.   | 6.3          | 5         |
| 8  | Increasing effects of chronic nutrient enrichment on plant diversity loss and ecosystem productivity over time. Ecology, 2021, 102, e03218.   | 3.2          | 62        |
| 9  | Suppression of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi decreases the temporal stability of community productivity under elevated temperature and nitrogen addition in a temperate meadow. Science of the Total Environment, 2021, 762, 143137. | 8.0          | 16        |
| 10 | Diversity and asynchrony in soil microbial communities stabilizes ecosystem functioning. ELife, 2021, 10, .   | 6.0          | 100       |
| 11 | Biodiversity–productivity relationships are key to nature-based climate solutions. Nature Climate Change, 2021, 11, 543-550.  | 18.8         | 77        |
| 12 | Grazingâ€induced biodiversity loss impairs grassland ecosystem stability at multiple scales. Ecology Letters, 2021, 24, 2054-2064.  | 6.4          | 46        |
| 13 | Negative effects of nitrogen override positive effects of phosphorus on grassland legumes worldwide. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .                                  | 7.1          | 40        |
| 14 | Temporal rarity is a better predictor of local extinction risk than spatial rarity. Ecology, 2021, 102, e03504.   | 3.2          | 14        |
| 15 | Introduction of probiotic bacterial consortia promotes plant growth via impacts on the resident rhizosphere microbiome. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 288, 20211396.                               | 2.6          | 29        |
| 16 | Grand challenges in biodiversity–ecosystem functioning research in the era of science–policy platforms require explicit consideration of feedbacks. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 288, 20210783.   | 2.6          | 8         |
| 17 | Opposing community assembly patterns for dominant and nondominant plant species in herbaceous ecosystems globally. Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 11, 17744-17761.  | 1.9          | 8         |
| 18 | General destabilizing effects of eutrophication on grassland productivity at multiple spatial scales. Nature Communications, 2020, $11$ , $5375$ .  | 12.8         | 75        |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Fast and furious: Early differences in growth rate drive shortâ€term plant dominance and exclusion under eutrophication. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 10116-10129.   | 1.9  | 5         |
| 20 | Resourceâ€enhancing global changes drive a wholeâ€ecosystem shift to faster cycling but decrease diversity. Ecology, 2020, 101, e03178.                                  | 3.2  | 16        |
| 21 | A landscapeâ€scale assessment of the relationship between grassland functioning, community diversity, and functional traits. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 9906-9919. | 1.9  | 8         |
| 22 | Species responses to changing precipitation depend on trait plasticity rather than trait means and intraspecific variation. Functional Ecology, 2020, 34, 2622-2633.     | 3.6  | 20        |
| 23 | Dominant native and nonâ€native graminoids differ in key leaf traits irrespective of nutrient availability.<br>Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 1126-1138.     | 5.8  | 11        |
| 24 | Nutrient availability controls the impact of mammalian herbivores on soil carbon and nitrogen pools in grasslands. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 2060-2071.           | 9.5  | 43        |
| 25 | Climate and local environment structure asynchrony and the stability of primary production in grasslands. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 1177-1188.          | 5.8  | 41        |
| 26 | Soil net nitrogen mineralisation across global grasslands. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4981.  | 12.8 | 57        |
| 27 | SRU <sub>D</sub> : A simple nonâ€destructive method for accurate quantification of plant diversity dynamics. Journal of Ecology, 2019, 107, 2155-2166.                   | 4.0  | 9         |
| 28 | Belowground Biomass Response to Nutrient Enrichment Depends on Light Limitation Across Globally Distributed Grasslands. Ecosystems, 2019, 22, 1466-1477.                 | 3.4  | 34        |
| 29 | Leaf nutrients, not specific leaf area, are consistent indicators of elevated nutrient inputs. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 3, 400-406.                           | 7.8  | 97        |
| 30 | Herbivores safeguard plant diversity by reducing variability in dominance. Journal of Ecology, 2018, 106, 101-112.   | 4.0  | 40        |
| 31 | Local loss and spatial homogenization of plant diversity reduce ecosystem multifunctionality. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 50-56.                              | 7.8  | 172       |
| 32 | The importance of competition for light depends on productivity and disturbance. Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 8, 10655-10661.  | 1.9  | 18        |
| 33 | Spatial heterogeneity in species composition constrains plant community responses to herbivory and fertilisation. Ecology Letters, 2018, 21, 1364-1371.                  | 6.4  | 38        |
| 34 | Multiple facets of biodiversity drive the diversity–stability relationship. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 1579-1587.  | 7.8  | 296       |
| 35 | Food webs obscure the strength of plant diversity effects on primary productivity. Ecology Letters, 2017, 20, 505-512.   | 6.4  | 73        |
| 36 | Out of the shadows: multiple nutrient limitations drive relationships among biomass, light and plant diversity. Functional Ecology, 2017, 31, 1839-1846.                 | 3.6  | 55        |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 37 | Plant diversity effects on grassland productivity are robust to both nutrient enrichment and drought. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2016, 371, 20150277. | 4.0  | 169       |
| 38 | Addition of multiple limiting resources reduces grassland diversity. Nature, 2016, 537, 93-96.   | 27.8 | 355       |
| 39 | Comment on "Worldwide evidence of a unimodal relationship between productivity and plant species richness― Science, 2016, 351, 457-457.  | 12.6 | 16        |
| 40 | Integrative modelling reveals mechanisms linking productivity and plant species richness. Nature, 2016, 529, 390-393.  | 27.8 | 564       |
| 41 | Grassland productivity limited by multiple nutrients. Nature Plants, 2015, 1, 15080.   | 9.3  | 403       |
| 42 | Anthropogenic nitrogen deposition predicts local grassland primary production worldwide. Ecology, 2015, 96, 1459-1465.   | 3.2  | 143       |
| 43 | Anthropogenic environmental changes affect ecosystem stability via biodiversity. Science, 2015, 348, 336-340.  | 12.6 | 516       |
| 44 | Abundance- and functional-based mechanisms of plant diversity loss with fertilization in the presence and absence of herbivores. Oecologia, 2015, 179, 261-270.                                    | 2.0  | 37        |
| 45 | Biodiversity increases the resistance of ecosystem productivity to climate extremes. Nature, 2015, 526, 574-577.   | 27.8 | 1,032     |
| 46 | Plant species' origin predicts dominance and response to nutrient enrichment and herbivores in global grasslands. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 7710.  | 12.8 | 143       |
| 47 | Plant diversity predicts beta but not alpha diversity of soil microbes across grasslands worldwide.<br>Ecology Letters, 2015, 18, 85-95.   | 6.4  | 612       |
| 48 | Anthropogenicâ€based regionalâ€scale factors most consistently explain plotâ€level exotic diversity in grasslands. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2014, 23, 802-810.                             | 5.8  | 32        |
| 49 | Eutrophication weakens stabilizing effects of diversity in natural grasslands. Nature, 2014, 508, 521-525.   | 27.8 | 409       |
| 50 | Herbivores and nutrients control grassland plant diversity via light limitation. Nature, 2014, 508, 517-520.   | 27.8 | 669       |
| 51 | Predicting invasion in grassland ecosystems: is exotic dominance the real embarrassment of richness?. Global Change Biology, 2013, 19, 3677-3687.  | 9.5  | 70        |
| 52 | Lifeâ€history constraints in grassland plant species: a growthâ€defence tradeâ€off is the norm. Ecology Letters, 2013, 16, 513-521.  | 6.4  | 165       |
| 53 | Plant growth rates and seed size: a reâ€evaluation. Ecology, 2012, 93, 1283-1289.  | 3.2  | 54        |
| 54 | Response to Comments on "Productivity Is a Poor Predictor of Plant Species Richness― Science, 2012, 335, 1441-1441.  | 12.6 | 30        |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 55 | Diverse pollinator communities enhance plant reproductive success. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2012, 279, 4845-4852.  | 2.6  | 193       |
| 56 | Effects of Dominance and Diversity on Productivity along Ellenberg's Experimental Water Table Gradients. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e43358.  | 2.5  | 19        |
| 57 | Abundance of introduced species at home predicts abundance away in herbaceous communities. Ecology Letters, 2011, 14, 274-281.   | 6.4  | 88        |
| 58 | Diverse marsh plant communities are more consistently productive across a range of different environmental conditions through functional complementarity. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2011, 48, 1117-1124. | 4.0  | 26        |
| 59 | Productivity Is a Poor Predictor of Plant Species Richness. Science, 2011, 333, 1750-1753.   | 12.6 | 463       |
| 60 | BUGS in the Analysis of Biodiversity Experiments: Species Richness and Composition Are of Similar Importance for Grassland Productivity. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e17434.  | 2.5  | 62        |
| 61 | Modelling the growth of parasitic plants. Journal of Ecology, 2010, 98, 857-866.   | 4.0  | 62        |
| 62 | General stabilizing effects of plant diversity on grassland productivity through population asynchrony and overyielding. Ecology, 2010, 91, 2213-2220.   | 3.2  | 410       |
| 63 | Effects of Seed Predators of Different Body Size on Seed Mortality in Bornean Logged Forest. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e11651.  | 2.5  | 28        |
| 64 | Changes in reproductive investment with altitude in an alpine plant. Journal of Plant Ecology, 2009, 2, 125-134.   | 2.3  | 73        |
| 65 | Competition for Light Causes Plant Biodiversity Loss After Eutrophication. Science, 2009, 324, 636-638.  | 12.6 | 1,050     |