Meleah A Hickman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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20 papers

745 citations 759233 12 h-index 19 g-index

25 all docs 25 docs citations

25 times ranked

808 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Host Defense Mechanisms Induce Genome Instability Leading to Rapid Evolution in an Opportunistic Fungal Pathogen. Infection and Immunity, 2022, 90, IAI0032821.	2.2	7
2	Two Infection Assays to Study Non-Lethal Virulence Phenotypes in C. Albicans using C. Elegans . Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2021, , .	0.3	1
3	The Interplay Between Neutral and Adaptive Processes Shapes Genetic Variation During Candida Species Evolution. Current Clinical Microbiology Reports, 2021, 8, 129-138.	3.4	3
4	Assessment of Course-Based Research Modules Based on Faculty Research in Introductory Biology. Journal of Microbiology and Biology Education, 2021, 22, .	1.0	4
5	Virulence phenotypes result from interactions between pathogen ploidy and genetic background. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 9326-9338.	1.9	3
6	Host-Induced Genome Instability Rapidly Generates Phenotypic Variation across Candida albicans Strains and Ploidy States. MSphere, 2020, 5, .	2.9	12
7	Evolution of Distinct Responses to Low NAD+ Stress by Rewiring the Sir2 Deacetylase Network in Yeasts. Genetics, 2020, 214, 855-868.	2.9	6
8	A Novel Virulence Phenotype Rapidly Assesses <i>Candida</i> Fungal Pathogenesis in Healthy and Immunocompromised <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> Hosts. MSphere, 2019, 4, .	2.9	21
9	The Magnitude of i> Candida albicans i Stress-Induced Genome Instability Results from an Interaction Between Ploidy and Antifungal Drugs. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2019, 9, 4019-4027.	1.8	17
10	Ploidy tug-of-war: Evolutionary and genetic environments influence the rate of ploidy drive in a human fungal pathogen. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2017, 71, 1025-1038.	2.3	42
11	Phenotypic Consequences of a Spontaneous Loss of Heterozygosity in a Common Laboratory Strain of Candida albicans. Genetics, 2016, 203, 1161-1176.	2.9	28
12	Parasexual Ploidy Reduction Drives Population Heterogeneity Through Random and Transient Aneuploidy in <i>Candida albicans</i> . Genetics, 2015, 200, 781-794.	2.9	98
13	Origin Replication Complex Binding, Nucleosome Depletion Patterns, and a Primary Sequence Motif Can Predict Origins of Replication in a Genome with Epigenetic Centromeres. MBio, 2014, 5, e01703-14.	4.1	21
14	The â€~obligate diploid' Candida albicans forms mating-competent haploids. Nature, 2013, 494, 55-59.	27.8	246
15	Reinventing Heterochromatin in Budding Yeasts: Sir2 and the Origin Recognition Complex Take Center Stage. Eukaryotic Cell, 2011, 10, 1183-1192.	3.4	47
16	High-Resolution SNP/CGH Microarrays Reveal the Accumulation of Loss of Heterozygosity in Commonly Used <i>Candida albicans </i> /i> Strains. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2011, 1, 523-530.	1.8	64
17	Transcriptional silencing functions of the yeast protein Orc1/Sir3 subfunctionalized after gene duplication. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 19384-19389.	7.1	48
18	The Sir2-Sum1 Complex Represses Transcription Using Both Promoter-Specific and Long-Range Mechanisms to Regulate Cell Identity and Sexual Cycle in the Yeast Kluyveromyces lactis. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000710.	3 . 5	26

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Substitution as a Mechanism for Genetic Robustness: The Duplicated Deacetylases Hst1p and Sir2p in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. PLoS Genetics, 2007, 3, e126.	3.5	48
20	Increased Virulence and Large-Scale Reduction in Genome Size of Tetraploid Candida albicans Evolved in Nematode Hosts. Frontiers in Fungal Biology, 0, 3, .	2.0	0