Mario Giordano

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

24 papers	498 citations	687363 13 h-index	677142 22 g-index
26 all docs	26 docs citations	26 times ranked	721 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The genetic and clinical spectrum of a large cohort of patients with distal renal tubular acidosis. Kidney International, 2017, 91, 1243-1255.	5.2	79
2	Clinical experience with darbepoietin alfa (NESP) in children undergoing hemodialysis. Pediatric Nephrology, 2004, 19, 337-340.	1.7	52
3	Community-wide outbreak of haemolytic uraemic syndrome associated with Shiga toxin 2-producing Escherichia coli O26:H11 in southern Italy, summer 2013. Eurosurveillance, 2016, 21, .	7.0	40
4	Voiding urosonography as first step in the diagnosis of vesicoureteral reflux in children: a clinical experience. Pediatric Radiology, 2007, 37, 674-677.	2.0	38
5	Continuous kidney replacement therapy in critically ill neonates and infants: a retrospective analysis of clinical results with a dedicated device. Pediatric Nephrology, 2020, 35, 1699-1705.	1.7	34
6	Preservation of Renal Function in Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome by Eculizumab: A Case Report. Pediatrics, 2012, 130, e1385-e1388.	2.1	32
7	A novel SMARCAL1 mutation associated with a mild phenotype of Schimke immuno-osseous dysplasia (SIOD). BMC Nephrology, 2014, 15, 41.	1.8	29
8	Expanding the mutation spectrum in 130 probands with ARPKD: identification of 62 novel PKHD1 mutations by sanger sequencing and MLPA analysis. Journal of Human Genetics, 2016, 61, 811-821.	2.3	27
9	A pediatric neurologic assessment score may drive the eculizumab-based treatment of Escherichia coli-related hemolytic uremic syndrome with neurological involvement. Pediatric Nephrology, 2019, 34, 517-527.	1.7	24
10	Survival of infants treated with CKRT: comparing adapted adult platforms with the Carpediemâ„¢. Pediatric Nephrology, 2022, 37, 667-675.	1.7	24
11	Indications and results of renal biopsy in children: a 36-year experience. World Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 14, 127-133.	1.8	23
12	Genetic Analyses in Dent Disease and Characterization of CLCN5 Mutations in Kidney Biopsies. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 516.	4.1	17
13	Case-management protocol for bloody diarrhea as a model to reduce the clinical impact of Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli infections. Experience from Southern Italy. European Journal of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, 2020, 39, 539-547.	2.9	13
14	Management of STEC Gastroenteritis: Is There a Role for Probiotics?. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 1649.	2.6	12
15	Low C3 Serum Levels Predict Severe Forms of STEC-HUS With Neurologic Involvement. Frontiers in Medicine, 2020, 7, 357.	2.6	12
16	Epidemiology of Shiga Toxin-Producing Escherichia coli Infections in Southern Italy after Implementation of Symptom-Based Surveillance of Bloody Diarrhea in the Pediatric Population. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 5137.	2.6	11
17	A propensity-matched comparison of hard outcomes in children on chronic dialysis. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 177, 117-124.	2.7	7
18	Could the interaction between LMX1B and PAX2 influence the severity of renal symptoms?. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 26, 1708-1712.	2.8	6

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Peripheral nervous system manifestations of Shiga toxin-producing E. coli-induced haemolytic uremic syndrome in children. Italian Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 47, 181.	2.6	6
20	Haemodiafiltration use in children: data from the Italian Pediatric Dialysis Registry. Pediatric Nephrology, 2019, 34, 1057-1063.	1.7	4
21	Pseudotumour cerebri in an Italian girl with a kidney transplant. Pediatric Nephrology, 1995, 9, 672-672.	1.7	3
22	Therapeutic Approach for Recurrent Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis in Pediatric Renal Transplant Recipients: A Single-Center Experience. Blood Purification, 2022, 51, 847-856.	1.8	2
23	Aneurysmal bone cyst does not hinder the success of kidney transplantation. A case report. Pediatric Transplantation, 2015, 19, E33-6.	1.0	1
24	Mid-Aortic Syndrome: A Rare Cause of Renovascular Hypertension in Childhood Treated Percutaneously with an Unusual Vascular Access. Current Pediatric Reviews, 2021, 16, 320-324.	0.8	0