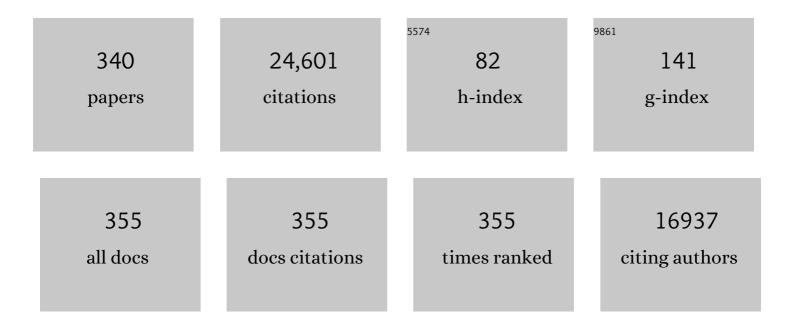
Stephen J Wood

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The non-specific nature of mental health and structural brain outcomes following childhood trauma. Psychological Medicine, 2023, 53, 1005-1014.	4.5	6
2	Cortisol Levels in Childhood Associated With Emergence of Attenuated Psychotic Symptoms in Early Adulthood. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, 226-235.	1.3	11
3	Listening to voices: understanding and self-management of auditory verbal hallucinations in young adults. Psychosis, 2022, 14, 281-292.	0.8	2
4	The clinical relevance of formal thought disorder in the early stages of psychosis: results from the PRONIA study. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2022, 272, 403-413.	3.2	10
5	Multi-scale semi-supervised clustering of brain images: Deriving disease subtypes. Medical Image Analysis, 2022, 75, 102304.	11.6	28
6	The specific phenotype of depression in recent onset schizophrenia spectrum disorders: A symptom profile and network comparison to recent onset major depressive disorder without psychotic features. Schizophrenia Research, 2022, 240, 52-60.	2.0	1
7	Prediction models in first-episode psychosis: systematic review and critical appraisal. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2022, 220, 179-191.	2.8	8
8	Twelve-Month Cognitive Trajectories in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis: A Latent Class Analysis. Schizophrenia Bulletin Open, 2022, 3, .	1.7	2
9	Relationships between global functioning and neuropsychological predictors in subjects at high risk of psychosis or with a recent onset of depression. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 23, 573-581.	2.6	3
10	Using combined environmental–clinical classification models to predict role functioning outcome in clinical high-risk states for psychosis and recent-onset depression. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2022, 220, 229-245.	2.8	1
11	Inflammation in firstâ€episode psychosis: The contribution of inflammatory biomarkers to the emergence of negative symptoms, a systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2022, 146, 6-20.	4.5	61
12	Pattern of predictive features of continued cannabis use in patients with recent-onset psychosis and clinical high-risk for psychosis. NPJ Schizophrenia, 2022, 8, 19.	3.6	1
13	Evidence of discontinuity between psychosis-risk and non-clinical samples in the neuroanatomical correlates of social function. Schizophrenia Research: Cognition, 2022, 29, 100252.	1.3	0
14	Psychosocial functioning in the balance between autism and psychosis: evidence from three populations. Molecular Psychiatry, 2022, 27, 2976-2984.	7.9	9
15	Neurobiologically Based Stratification of Recent-Onset Depression and Psychosis: Identification of Two Distinct Transdiagnostic Phenotypes. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 92, 552-562.	1.3	15
16	Pineal morphology of the clinical high-risk state for psychosis and different psychotic disorders. Schizophrenia Research, 2022, 244, 1-7.	2.0	1
17	Clinical, Brain, and Multilevel Clustering in Early Psychosis and Affective Stages. JAMA Psychiatry, 2022, 79, 677.	11.0	6
18	Predictors of social and role outcomes in first episode psychosis: <scp>A prospective</scp> 12â€month study of social cognition, neurocognition and symptoms. Microbial Biotechnology, 2021, 15, 993-1001.	1.7	9

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Co-occurrence of autistic and psychotic traits: implications for depression, self-harm and suicidality. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1364-1372.	4.5	9
20	The Psychopathology and Neuroanatomical Markers of Depression in Early Psychosis. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2021, 47, 249-258.	4.3	13
21	A multivariate neuromonitoring approach to neuroplasticity-based computerized cognitive training in recent onset psychosis. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 828-835.	5.4	10
22	The reality of at risk mental state services: a response to recent criticisms. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 212-218.	4.5	26
23	Brief, Performance-Based Cognitive Screening in Youth Aged 12–25: A Systematic Review. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 2021, 27, 835-854.	1.8	2
24	The psychometric validity of the Montgomery–Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) in recent onset schizophrenia spectrum disorders. Schizophrenia Research, 2021, 228, 373-381.	2.0	5
25	Heterogeneity and Classification of Recent Onset Psychosis and Depression: A Multimodal Machine Learning Approach. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2021, 47, 1130-1140.	4.3	23
26	Gender differences in the experience of psychotic-like experiences and their associated factors: A study of adolescents from the general population. Schizophrenia Research, 2021, 228, 410-416.	2.0	22
27	Multimodal Machine Learning Workflows for Prediction of Psychosis in Patients With Clinical High-Risk Syndromes and Recent-Onset Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 195.	11.0	125
28	Differentiating the effect of antipsychotic medication and illness on brain volume reductions in first-episode psychosis: A Longitudinal, Randomised, Triple-blind, Placebo-controlled MRI Study. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 1494-1501.	5.4	44
29	Association between age of cannabis initiation and gray matter covariance networks in recent onset psychosis. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 1484-1493.	5.4	14
30	Cognitive subtypes in recent onset psychosis: distinct neurobiological fingerprints?. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 1475-1483.	5.4	15
31	Multimodal prognosis of negative symptom severity in individuals at increased risk of developing psychosis. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 312.	4.8	7
32	Towards clinical application of prediction models for transition to psychosis: A systematic review and external validation study in the PRONIA sample. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2021, 125, 478-492.	6.1	31
33	Association of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Measures With Psychosis Onset in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Developing Psychosis. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 753.	11.0	74
34	Toward Generalizable and Transdiagnostic Tools for Psychosis Prediction: An Independent Validation and Improvement of the NAPLS-2 Risk Calculator in the Multisite PRONIA Cohort. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 632-642.	1.3	32
35	Investigation of structural brain correlates of neurological soft signs in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2021, 271, 1475-1485.	3.2	0
36	Interrelationships between depressive symptoms and positive and negative symptoms of recent onset schizophrenia spectrum disorders: A network analytical approach. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2021, 140, 373-380.	3.1	14

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37	Novel Gyrification Networks Reveal Links with Psychiatric Risk Factors in Early Illness. Cerebral Cortex, 2021, , .	2.9	2
38	Functional Connectivity in Antipsychotic-Treated and Antipsychotic-Naive Patients With First-Episode Psychosis and Low Risk of Self-harm or Aggression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 994.	11.0	40
39	The association between migrant status and transition in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2021, 56, 943-952.	3.1	5
40	Detailed clinical phenotyping and generalisability in prognostic models of functioning in at-risk populations. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, , 1-4.	2.8	0
41	Cognitive remediation to address impairment in schizophrenia: Moving beyond effectiveness and toward implementation. Psychiatry Research, 2021, 305, 114232.	3.3	5
42	Role of magnetic resonance spectroscopy in cerebral glutathione quantification for youth mental health: A systematic review. Microbial Biotechnology, 2020, 14, 147-162.	1.7	7
43	Harmonised collection of data in youth mental health: Towards large datasets. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 54, 46-56.	2.3	8
44	Aberrant structural covariance networks in youth at high familial risk for mood disorder. Bipolar Disorders, 2020, 22, 155-162.	1.9	5
45	Evidence for preventive treatments in young patients at clinical high risk of psychosis: the need for context. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2020, 7, 378-380.	7.4	9
46	Prevalence and outcomes of young people with concurrent autism spectrum disorder and first episode of psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2020, 216, 310-315.	2.0	14
47	Neuroanatomical Dimensional Phenotypes of Schizophrenia: Expression in Youth With Psychosis-Spectrum Symptoms and Correlation With Cognition. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S119.	1.3	0
48	Transcending false dichotomies and diagnostic silos to reduce disease burden in mental disorders. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 1095-1103.	3.1	13
49	Exercise as a protective mechanism against the negative effects of oxidative stress in first-episode psychosis: a biomarker-led study. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 254.	4.8	11
50	Adding a Dimension to the Dichotomy: Affective Processes Are Implicated in the Relationship Between Autistic and Schizotypal Traits. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2020, 11, 712.	2.6	10
51	Re-imaging the intentional stance. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2020, 287, 20200244.	2.6	10
52	Does cortical brain morphology act as a mediator between childhood trauma and transition to psychosis in young individuals at ultra-high risk?. Schizophrenia Research, 2020, 224, 116-125.	2.0	9
53	Transdiagnostic clinical staging in youth mental health: a first international consensus statement. World Psychiatry, 2020, 19, 233-242.	10.4	153
54	Traces of Trauma: A Multivariate Pattern Analysis of Childhood Trauma, Brain Structure, and Clinical Phenotypes. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 88, 829-842.	1.3	35

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55	Commentary: Preventive Treatments for Psychosis: Umbrella Review (Just the Evidence). Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2020, 11, 488.	2.6	3
56	Two distinct neuroanatomical subtypes of schizophrenia revealed using machine learning. Brain, 2020, 143, 1027-1038.	7.6	158
57	Global research priorities for youth mental health. Microbial Biotechnology, 2020, 14, 3-13.	1.7	60
58	Designing a feasible exercise intervention in first-episode psychosis: Exercise quality, engagement and effect. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 286, 112840.	3.3	13
59	Failing to Gain: Another Explanation of Cognitive Change in Schizophrenia and Other Psychoses in the Decade Following the First Episode. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 177, 354-354.	7.2	4
60	Impaired olfactory ability associated with larger left hippocampus and rectus volumes at earliest stages of schizophrenia: A sign of neuroinflammation?. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 289, 112909.	3.3	6
61	Validation of the Bullying Scale for Adults - Results of the PRONIA-study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2020, 129, 88-97.	3.1	8
62	General psychopathology links burden of recent life events and psychotic symptoms in a network approach. NPJ Schizophrenia, 2020, 6, 40.	3.6	28
63	Basic Symptoms Are Associated With Age in Patients With a Clinical High-Risk State for Psychosis: Results From the PRONIA Study. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2020, 11, 552175.	2.6	5
64	Resilience as a multimodal dynamic process. Microbial Biotechnology, 2019, 13, 725-732.	1.7	135
65	A cross-sectional examination of the clinical significance of autistic traits in individuals experiencing a first episode of psychosis. Psychiatry Research, 2019, 282, 112623.	3.3	14
66	Depressive psychopathology in first-episode schizophrenia spectrum disorders: a systematic review, meta-analysis and meta-regression. Psychological Medicine, 2019, 49, 2463-2474.	4.5	39
67	Individualized Prediction of Transition to Psychosis in 1,676 Individuals at Clinical High Risk: Development and Validation of a Multivariable Prediction Model Based on Individual Patient Data Meta-Analysis. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 345.	2.6	29
68	Evidence for Network-Based Cortical Thickness Reductions in Schizophrenia. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 552-563.	7.2	97
69	Importance of Variable Selection in Multimodal Prediction Models in Patients at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis and Recent Onset Depression—Reply. JAMA Psychiatry, 2019, 76, 339.	11.0	5
70	Persistent negative symptoms in individuals at Ultra High Risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2019, 206, 355-361.	2.0	39
71	Longitudinal Cognitive Performance in Individuals at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychosis: A 10-year Follow-up. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2019, 45, 1101-1111.	4.3	27
72	Can antipsychotic dose reduction lead to better functional recovery in firstâ€episode psychosis? A randomized controlledâ€ŧrial of antipsychotic dose reduction. The reduce trial: Study protocol. Microbial Biotechnology, 2019, 13, 1345-1356.	1.7	19

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73	Large-Scale Network Topology Reveals Heterogeneity in Individuals With at Risk Mental State for Psychosis: Findings From the Longitudinal Youth-at-Risk Study. Cerebral Cortex, 2018, 28, 4234-4243.	2.9	16
74	Brain structural connectivity during adrenarche: Associations between hormone levels and white matter microstructure. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2018, 88, 70-77.	2.7	18
75	A pilot study to assess the effect of acute exercise on brain glutathione. Free Radical Research, 2018, 52, 57-69.	3.3	6
76	Stress hormones and verbal memory in young people over the first 12 weeks of treatment for psychosis. Psychiatry Research, 2018, 260, 60-66.	3.3	10
77	Pre-onset risk characteristics for mania among young people at clinical high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2018, 192, 345-350.	2.0	5
78	Autism and psychosis: Clinical implications for depression and suicide. Schizophrenia Research, 2018, 195, 80-85.	2.0	41
79	Prediction Models of Functional Outcomes for Individuals in the Clinical High-Risk State for Psychosis or With Recent-Onset Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2018, 75, 1156.	11.0	251
80	The impact of psychotic experiences in the early stages of mental health problems in young people. BMC Psychiatry, 2018, 18, 214.	2.6	18
81	Aberrant salience network functional connectivity in auditory verbal hallucinations: a first episode psychosis sample. Translational Psychiatry, 2018, 8, 69.	4.8	75
82	An fMRI study of theory of mind in individuals with first episode psychosis. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2018, 281, 1-11.	1.8	10
83	The role of coping in the association between subclinical psychotic experiences and functioning: A within study replication in two independent adolescent samples. Schizophrenia Research, 2018, 201, 91-97.	2.0	11
84	Autism Tendencies and Psychosis Proneness Interactively Modulate Saliency Cost. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2017, 43, 142-151.	4.3	23
85	Autism and psychosis expressions diametrically modulate the right temporoparietal junction. Social Neuroscience, 2017, 12, 506-518.	1.3	35
86	Is it all in the reward? Peers influence riskâ€ŧaking behaviour in young adulthood. British Journal of Psychology, 2017, 108, 276-295.	2.3	28
87	Progressive Decline in Hippocampal CA1 Volume in Individuals at Ultra-High-Risk for Psychosis Who Do Not Remit: Findings from the Longitudinal Youth at Risk Study. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 1361-1370.	5.4	67
88	Autism and schizophrenia: One, two or many disorders?. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 210, 241-242.	2.8	10
89	Long-term employment among people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2017, 184, 26-31.	2.0	28
90	Using clinical information to make individualized prognostic predictions in people at ultra high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2017, 184, 32-38.	2.0	58

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91	Cannabis-induced attenuated psychotic symptoms: implications for prognosis in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2017, 47, 616-626.	4.5	41
92	Family Functioning and Mood and Anxiety Symptoms in Adolescents Born Extremely Preterm. Journal of Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics, 2017, 38, 39-48.	1.1	8
93	Ventricular volumes across stages of schizophrenia and other psychoses. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 51, 1041-1051.	2.3	17
94	Substance use in youth at risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2017, 181, 23-29.	2.0	41
95	Autistic and schizotypal traits and global functioning in bipolar I disorder. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2017, 207, 268-275.	4.1	19
96	Multi-center MRI prediction models: Predicting sex and illness course in first episode psychosis patients. NeuroImage, 2017, 145, 246-253.	4.2	43
97	Lithium suppression of tau induces brain iron accumulation and neurodegeneration. Molecular Psychiatry, 2017, 22, 396-406.	7.9	66
98	Revisiting the Basic Symptom Concept: Toward Translating Risk Symptoms for Psychosis into Neurobiological Targets. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2016, 7, 9.	2.6	62
99	Neuroanatomical Predictors of Functional Outcome in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2016, 43, sbw086.	4.3	21
100	Auditory verbal hallucinations in first-episode psychosis: a phenomenological investigation. BJPsych Open, 2016, 2, 88-95.	0.7	31
101	Disrupted salience network functional connectivity and white-matter microstructure in persons at risk for psychosis: findings from the LYRIKS study. Psychological Medicine, 2016, 46, 2771-2783.	4.5	62
102	Longer-term increased cortisol levels in young people with mental health problems. Psychiatry Research, 2016, 236, 98-104.	3.3	34
103	Further examination of the reducing transition rate in ultra high risk for psychosis samples: The possible role of earlier intervention. Schizophrenia Research, 2016, 174, 43-49.	2.0	47
104	Visual-spatial processing and working-memory load as a function of negative and positive psychotic-like experiences. Cognitive Neuropsychiatry, 2016, 21, 402-411.	1.3	3
105	Understanding auditory verbal hallucinations: a systematic review of current evidence. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2016, 133, 352-367.	4.5	103
106	Is it still correct to differentiate between early and very early onset psychosis?. Schizophrenia Research, 2016, 170, 211-216.	2.0	19
107	Altered posterior cingulate brain metabolites and cognitive dysfunction in preterm adolescents. Pediatric Research, 2016, 79, 716-722.	2.3	5
108	Baseline grey matter volume of non-transitioned "ultra high risk―for psychosis individuals with and without attenuated psychotic symptoms at long-term follow-up. Schizophrenia Research, 2016, 173, 152-158.	2.0	42

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109	Declining transition rates to psychotic disorder in "ultra-high risk―clients: Investigation of a dilution effect. Schizophrenia Research, 2016, 170, 130-136.	2.0	87
110	Are UHR patients who present with hallucinations alone at lower risk of transition to psychosis?. Psychiatry Research, 2016, 235, 177-196.	3.3	12
111	Do affective or dissociative symptoms mediate the association between childhood sexual trauma and transition to psychosis in an ultra-high risk cohort?. Psychiatry Research, 2016, 236, 182-185.	3.3	20
112	Risk Perception and Risk-Taking Behaviour during Adolescence: The Influence of Personality and Gender. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153842.	2.5	127
113	Childhood maltreatment and transition to psychotic disorder independently predict long-term functioning in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 3453-3465.	4.5	51
114	Neighbourhood characteristics and the rate of identification of young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 169, 214-216.	2.0	14
115	The relationship between stress, HPA axis functioning and brain structure in first episode psychosis over the first 12 weeks of treatment. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 231, 111-119.	1.8	9
116	Olfactory identification deficits at identification as ultra-high risk for psychosis are associated with poor functional outcome. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 161, 156-162.	2.0	24
117	Demographic and clinical characteristics of young people seeking help at youth mental health services: baseline findings of the <scp>T</scp> ransitions <scp>S</scp> tudy. Microbial Biotechnology, 2015, 9, 487-497.	1.7	55
118	Social environmental risk factors for transition to psychosis in an Ultra-High Risk population. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 161, 150-155.	2.0	23
119	Selective Augmentation of Striatal Functional Connectivity Following NMDA Receptor Antagonism: Implications for Psychosis. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 622-631.	5.4	42
120	Detecting Neuroimaging Biomarkers for Schizophrenia: A Meta-Analysis of Multivariate Pattern Recognition Studies. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 1742-1751.	5.4	182
121	Divergent effects of first-generation and second-generation antipsychotics on cortical thickness in first-episode psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 515-527.	4.5	53
122	The impact of neuropsychological functioning and coping style on perceived stress in individuals with first-episode psychosis and healthy controls. Psychiatry Research, 2015, 226, 128-135.	3.3	24
123	Lack of Evidence for Regional Brain Volume or Cortical Thickness Abnormalities in Youths at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis: Findings From the Longitudinal Youth at Risk Study: Table 1 Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2015, 41, 1285-1293.	4.3	51
124	The association between autism and schizophrenia spectrum disorders: A review of eight alternate models of co-occurrence. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2015, 55, 173-183.	6.1	231
125	Understanding the course of cognitive deficits over the onset of psychosis. Evidence-Based Mental Health, 2015, 18, 87-87.	4.5	0
126	Discrete Alterations of Brain Network Structural Covariance in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 77, 989-996.	1.3	46

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127	Perspective-taking abilities in the balance between autism tendencies and psychosis proneness. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2015, 282, 20150563.	2.6	51
128	<scp>T</scp> ransitions <scp>S</scp> tudy of predictors of illness progression in young people with mental ill health: study methodology. Microbial Biotechnology, 2015, 9, 38-47.	1.7	32
129	Abnormalities in orbitofrontal cortex gyrification and mental health outcomes in adolescents born extremely preterm and/or at an extremely low birth weight. Human Brain Mapping, 2015, 36, 1138-1150.	3.6	29
130	Investigation of orbitofrontal sulcogyral pattern in chronic schizophrenia. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 234, 280-283.	1.8	12
131	Outcomes of Nontransitioned Cases in a Sample at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2015, 172, 249-258.	7.2	235
132	Extremely preterm birth and adolescent mental health in a geographical cohort born in the 1990s. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 1533-1544.	4.5	43
133	Reduced parahippocampal cortical thickness in subjects at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 489-498.	4.5	43
134	Altered depth of the olfactory sulcus in ultra high-risk individuals and patients with psychotic disorders. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 153, 18-24.	2.0	24
135	Association between Postnatal Dexamethasone for Treatment of Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia and Brain Volumes at Adolescence in Infants Born Very Preterm. Journal of Pediatrics, 2014, 164, 737-743.e1.	1.8	52
136	Altered Striatal Functional Connectivity in Subjects With an At-Risk Mental State for Psychosis. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 904-913.	4.3	152
137	Biomarkers and clinical staging in psychiatry. World Psychiatry, 2014, 13, 211-223.	10.4	243
138	Comment on Lee et al Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 159, 253.	2.0	0
139	Shame amplifies the association between stressful life events and paranoia amongst young adults using mental health services: Implications for understanding risk and psychological resilience. Psychiatry Research, 2014, 220, 217-225.	3.3	24
140	Sexual Trauma Increases the Risk of Developing Psychosis in an Ultra High-Risk "Prodromal― Population. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 697-706.	4.3	108
141	Sulcogyral pattern and sulcal count of the orbitofrontal cortex in individuals at ultra high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 154, 93-99.	2.0	40
142	Cognitive deficits in youth with familial and clinical high risk to psychosis: a systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2014, 130, 1-15.	4.5	235
143	Applying clinical staging to young people who present for mental health care. Microbial Biotechnology, 2013, 7, 31-43.	1.7	173
144	Cognitive precursors of severe mental disorders. Cognitive Neuropsychiatry, 2013, 18, 1-8.	1.3	10

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145	Quality of Life at Age 18 Years after Extremely Preterm Birth in the Post-Surfactant Era. Journal of Pediatrics, 2013, 163, 1008-1013.e1.	1.8	60
146	Neurocognitive functioning in the prodrome of mania—an exploratory study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 147, 441-445.	4.1	41
147	Development and Validation of a New Measure of Everyday Adolescent Functioning: The Multidimensional Adolescent Functioning Scale. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2013, 52, 195-200.	2.5	19
148	Sulcogyral patterns and morphological abnormalities of the orbitofrontal cortex in psychosis. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 44, 168-177.	4.8	39
149	Follow-up factor structure of schizotypy and its clinical associations in a help-seeking sample meeting ultra-high risk for psychosis criteria at baseline. Comprehensive Psychiatry, 2013, 54, 173-180.	3.1	30
150	Transition to first episode psychosis in ultra high risk populations: Does baseline functioning hold the key?. Schizophrenia Research, 2013, 143, 132-137.	2.0	33
151	The Psychosis High-Risk State. JAMA Psychiatry, 2013, 70, 107.	11.0	1,222
152	Social cognition training as an intervention for improving functional outcome in firstâ€episode psychosis: a feasibility study. Microbial Biotechnology, 2013, 7, 421-426.	1.7	42
153	Hippocampal shape variations at term equivalent age in very preterm infants compared with term controls: Perinatal predictors and functional significance at age 7. NeuroImage, 2013, 70, 278-287.	4.2	57
154	Clinical staging in severe mental disorder: evidence from neurocognition and neuroimaging. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 202, s11-s17.	2.8	56
155	Long-term Follow-up of a Group at Ultra High Risk ("Prodromalâ€) for Psychosis. JAMA Psychiatry, 2013, 70, 793.	11.0	373
156	Preserved Working Memory and Altered Brain Activation in Persons at Risk for Psychosis. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 170, 1297-1307.	7.2	27
157	Measuring psychosocial outcome is good. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 2013, 26, 138-143.	6.3	36
158	Effects of NRG1 and DAOA genetic variation on transition to psychosis in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Translational Psychiatry, 2013, 3, e251-e251.	4.8	31
159	Neurocognitive predictors of transition to psychosis: medium- to long-term findings from a sample at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2013, 43, 2349-2360.	4.5	44
160	Clinical Neuropsychology Within Adolescent and Young-Adult Psychiatry: Conceptualizing Theory and Practice. Applied Neuropsychology: Child, 2013, 2, 47-63.	1.4	49
161	Brain structural, neurochemical and neuroinflammatory markers of psychosis onset and relapse. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2013, , 1.	1.7	16
162	Neuroimaging Findings in the At-Risk Mental State: A Review of Recent Literature. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 58, 13-18.	1.9	28

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163	Contribution of Brain Size to IQ and Educational Underperformance in Extremely Preterm Adolescents. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e77475.	2.5	70
164	Volumetric Abnormalities Predating the Onset of Schizophrenia and Affective Psychoses: An MRI Study in Subjects at Ultrahigh Risk of Psychosis. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2012, 38, 1083-1091.	4.3	88
165	Neuroprotective Effects of Low-dose Lithium in Individuals at Ultra-high Risk for Psychosis. A Longitudinal MRI/MRS Study. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2012, 18, 570-575.	1.9	54
166	Inhibitory control in young adolescents: The role of sex, intelligence, and temperament Neuropsychology, 2012, 26, 347-356.	1.3	23
167	The Impact of Cannabis Use on Cognitive Functioning in Patients With Schizophrenia: A Meta-analysis of Existing Findings and New Data in a First-Episode Sample. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2012, 38, 316-330.	4.3	219
168	Phenylthiocarbamide (PTC) perception in ultra-high risk for psychosis participants who develop schizophrenia: Testing the evidence for an endophenotypic marker. Psychiatry Research, 2012, 199, 8-11.	3.3	8
169	Whither the Attenuated Psychosis Syndrome?. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2012, 38, 1130-1134.	4.3	85
170	BOLSTERING WORK: POTENTIAL BENEFITS OF COGNITIVE AND SOCIAL COGNITIVE INTERVENTIONS TO EMPLOYMENT INTERVENTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITH EARLY PSYCHOSIS. Schizophrenia Research, 2012, 136, S38.	2.0	4
171	Poster #226 SOCIAL COGNITION TRAINING AS AN INTERVENTION FOR IMPROVING FUNCTIONAL OUTCOME IN FIRST EPISODE PSYCHOSIS: A PILOT STUDY. Schizophrenia Research, 2012, 136, S172.	2.0	1
172	Poster #197 FACTOR STRUCTURE OF SCHIZOTYPY AND ASSOCIATIONS WITH PSYCHOPATHOLOGY AND FUNCTIONING IN A GROUP PREVIOUSLY AT ULTRA-HIGH RISK FOR PSYCHOSIS. Schizophrenia Research, 2012, 136, S256.	2.0	0
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