

Vincent M Christoffels

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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173
papers

13,056
citations

20817

60
h-index

25787

108
g-index

184
all docs

184
docs citations

184
times ranked

11012
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cardiac Chamber Formation: Development, Genes, and Evolution. <i>Physiological Reviews</i> , 2003, 83, 1223-1267.	28.8	618
2	Common variants at SCN5A-SCN10A and HEY2 are associated with Brugada syndrome, a rare disease with high risk of sudden cardiac death. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013, 45, 1044-1049.	21.4	467
3	Chamber Formation and Morphogenesis in the Developing Mammalian Heart. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2000, 223, 266-278.	2.0	447
4	Pitx2c and Nkx2-5 Are Required for the Formation and Identity of the Pulmonary Myocardium. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2007, 101, 902-909.	4.5	370
5	Tbx3 controls the sinoatrial node gene program and imposes pacemaker function on the atria. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2007, 21, 1098-1112.	5.9	346
6	Lineage and Morphogenetic Analysis of the Cardiac Valves. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2004, 95, 645-654.	4.5	334
7	Molecular Pathway for the Localized Formation of the Sinoatrial Node. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2007, 100, 354-362.	4.5	331
8	Cooperative action of Tbx2 and Nkx2.5 inhibits ANF expression in the atrioventricular canal: implications for cardiac chamber formation. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2002, 16, 1234-1246.	5.9	319
9	Sensitive Nonradioactive Detection of mRNA in Tissue Sections: Novel Application of the Whole-mount In Situ Hybridization Protocol. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2001, 49, 1-8.	2.5	314
10	The transcriptional repressor Tbx3 delineates the developing central conduction system of the heart. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2004, 62, 489-499.	3.8	289
11	Development of the Pacemaker Tissues of the Heart. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2010, 106, 240-254.	4.5	272
12	Formation of the Sinus Node Head and Differentiation of Sinus Node Myocardium Are Independently Regulated by Tbx18 and Tbx3. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 104, 388-397.	4.5	264
13	Formation of the Venous Pole of the Heart From an Nkx2-5 Negative Precursor Population Requires Tbx18. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2006, 98, 1555-1563.	4.5	263
14	Tbx18 and the fate of epicardial progenitors. <i>Nature</i> , 2009, 458, E8-E9.	27.8	248
15	T-box transcription factor Tbx2 represses differentiation and formation of the cardiac chambers. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2004, 229, 763-770.	1.8	238
16	Tbx20 is essential for cardiac chamber differentiation and repression of Tbx2. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2005, 132, 2697-2707.	2.5	200
17	The formation and function of the cardiac conduction system. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2016, 143, 197-210.	2.5	171
18	Transcription Factor Tbx3 Is Required for the Specification of the Atrioventricular Conduction System. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2008, 102, 1340-1349.	4.5	170

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19	A common genetic variant within SCN10A modulates cardiac SCN5A expression. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2014, 124, 1844-1852.	8.2	168
20	Genetic variation in T-box binding element functionally affects SCN5A/SCN10A enhancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 2519-2530.	8.2	167
21	An interactive three-dimensional digital atlas and quantitative database of human development. <i>Science</i> , 2016, 354, .	12.6	166
22	A Gain-of-Function TBX5 Mutation Is Associated With Atypical Holtâ€“Oram Syndrome and Paroxysmal Atrial Fibrillation. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2008, 102, 1433-1442.	4.5	158
23	Identification and Functional Characterization of Cardiac Pacemaker Cells in Zebrafish. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e47644.	2.5	154
24	The <i>Tbx2</i> Primary Myocardium of the Atrioventricular Canal Forms the Atrioventricular Node and the Base of the Left Ventricle. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 104, 1267-1274.	4.5	147
25	Patterning the Embryonic Heart: Identification of Five Mouse Iroquois Homeobox Genes in the Developing Heart. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2000, 224, 263-274.	2.0	143
26	Developmental Basis for Electrophysiological Heterogeneity in the Ventricular and Outflow Tract Myocardium As a Substrate for Life-Threatening Ventricular Arrhythmias. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 104, 19-31.	4.5	143
27	The sinus venosus progenitors separate and diversify from the first and second heart fields early in development. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2010, 87, 92-101.	3.8	142
28	Development of the Cardiac Conduction System. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2009, 2, 195-207.	4.8	139
29	Regulation of expression of atrial and brain natriuretic peptide, biomarkers for heart development and disease. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2013, 1832, 2403-2413.	3.8	138
30	T-box transcription factor TBX3 reprogrammes mature cardiac myocytes into pacemaker-like cells. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2012, 94, 439-449.	3.8	136
31	Expression and regulation of the atrial natriuretic factor encoding gene during development and disease. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2005, 67, 583-593.	3.8	129
32	Gene and cluster-specific expression of the Iroquois family members during mouse development. <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2001, 107, 169-174.	1.7	128
33	Formation of the Building Plan of the Human Heart. <i>Circulation</i> , 2011, 123, 1125-1135.	1.6	125
34	Architectural Plan for the Heart: Early Patterning and Delineation of the Chambers and the Nodes. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2004, 14, 301-307.	4.9	123
35	<i>Pitx2</i> modulates a <i>Tbx5</i> -dependent gene regulatory network to maintain atrial rhythm. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2016, 8, 354ra115.	12.4	123
36	Developmental Origin, Growth, and Three-Dimensional Architecture of the Atrioventricular Conduction Axis of the Mouse Heart. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2010, 107, 728-736.	4.5	116

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37	Lethal arrhythmias in <i>Tbx3</i> -deficient mice reveal extreme dosage sensitivity of cardiac conduction system function and homeostasis. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, E154-63.	7.1	113
38	52 Genetic Loci Influencing Myocardial Mass. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 68, 1435-1448.	2.8	113
39	<i>Tbx2</i> and <i>Tbx3</i> induce atrioventricular myocardial development and endocardial cushion formation. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2012, 69, 1377-1389.	5.4	110
40	Evolution and development of the building plan of the vertebrate heart. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2013, 1833, 783-794.	4.1	109
41	<i>Tbx20</i> Interacts With Smads to Confine <i>Tbx2</i> Expression to the Atrioventricular Canal. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 105, 442-452.	4.5	108
42	The heart-forming fields: one or multiple?. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2007, 362, 1257-1265.	4.0	106
43	<i>Tbx1</i> Coordinates Addition of Posterior Second Heart Field Progenitor Cells to the Arterial and Venous Poles of the Heart. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2014, 115, 790-799.	4.5	105
44	<i>Tbx3</i> promotes liver bud expansion during mouse development by suppression of cholangiocyte differentiation. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2009, 49, 969-978.	7.3	101
45	<i>HAND2</i> Targets Define a Network of Transcriptional Regulators that Compartmentalize the Early Limb Bud Mesenchyme. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2014, 31, 345-357.	7.0	98
46	Cardiomyocytes derived from embryonic stem cells resemble cardiomyocytes of the embryonic heart tube. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2003, 58, 399-409.	3.8	96
47	Identifying the Evolutionary Building Blocks of the Cardiac Conduction System. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e44231.	2.5	95
48	Structure and function of the <i>Nppa</i> – <i>Nppb</i> cluster locus during heart development and disease. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2018, 75, 1435-1444.	5.4	91
49	Canonical Wnt Signaling Regulates Atrioventricular Junction Programming and Electrophysiological Properties. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2015, 116, 398-406.	4.5	90
50	Presence of Functional Sarcoplasmic Reticulum in the Developing Heart and Its Confinement to Chamber Myocardium. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2000, 223, 279-290.	2.0	84
51	Transcriptional regulation of the cardiac conduction system. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 2018, 15, 617-630.	13.7	84
52	<i>Tbx2</i> and <i>Tbx3</i> Act Downstream of <i>Shh</i> to Maintain Canonical Wnt Signaling during Branching Morphogenesis of the Murine Lung. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2016, 39, 239-253.	7.0	82
53	Gene Expression Profiling of the Forming Atrioventricular Node Using a Novel <i>Tbx3</i> -Based Node-Specific Transgenic Reporter. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 105, 61-69.	4.5	80
54	<i>Msx1</i> and <i>Msx2</i> are functional interacting partners of T-box factors in the regulation of <i>Connexin43</i> . <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2008, 78, 485-493.	3.8	79

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55	Molecular Analysis of Patterning of Conduction Tissues in the Developing Human Heart. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2011, 4, 532-542.	4.8	78
56	GATA-dependent regulatory switches establish atrioventricular canal specificity during heart development. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3680.	12.8	78
57	Defective Tbx2-dependent patterning of the atrioventricular canal myocardium causes accessory pathway formation in mice. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2011, 121, 534-544.	8.2	78
58	Development, Proliferation, and Growth of the Mammalian Heart. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2018, 26, 1599-1609.	8.2	76
59	Tbx2 Controls Lung Growth by Direct Repression of the Cell Cycle Inhibitor Genes Cdkn1a and Cdkn1b. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2013, 9, e1003189.	3.5	72
60	Conserved <i>NPPB</i> + Border Zone Switches From MEF2- to AP-1-Driven Gene Program. <i>Circulation</i> , 2019, 140, 864-879.	1.6	70
61	Identification of a Tbx1/Tbx2/Tbx3 genetic pathway governing pharyngeal and arterial pole morphogenesis. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2012, 21, 1217-1229.	2.9	68
62	Identification of atrial fibrillation associated genes and functional non-coding variants. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4755.	12.8	64
63	Developmental pattern of ANF gene expression reveals a strict localization of cardiac chamber formation in chicken. <i>The Anatomical Record</i> , 2002, 266, 93-102.	1.8	62
64	Wnt signaling regulates atrioventricular canal formation upstream of <i>BMP</i> and <i>Tbx2</i> . <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2011, 91, 435-440.	1.6	59
65	Homeobox transcription factor Pitx2: The rise of an asymmetry gene in cardiogenesis and arrhythmogenesis. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2014, 24, 23-31.	4.9	59
66	Three-Dimensional and Molecular Analysis of the Venous Pole of the Developing Human Heart. <i>Circulation</i> , 2010, 122, 798-807.	1.6	57
67	Transcriptome analysis of mouse and human sinoatrial node cells reveals a conserved genetic program. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2019, 146, .	2.5	54
68	TBX3 and its splice variant TBX3 ^Δ exon 2a are functionally similar. <i>Pigment Cell and Melanoma Research</i> , 2008, 21, 379-387.	3.3	53
69	Genetics of congenital heart disease: the contribution of the noncoding regulatory genome. <i>Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2016, 61, 13-19.	2.3	52
70	Early repolarization in mice causes overestimation of ventricular activation time by the QRS duration. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2013, 97, 182-191.	3.8	49
71	Epigenetic and Transcriptional Networks Underlying Atrial Fibrillation. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2020, 127, 34-50.	4.5	48
72	Atrial fibrillation: A developmental point of view. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2009, 6, 1818-1824.	0.7	46

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73	Tbx2 Terminates Shh/Fgf Signaling in the Developing Mouse Limb Bud by Direct Repression of Gremlin1. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2013, 9, e1003467.	3.5	46
74	Anatomic substrates for cardiac conduction. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2005, 2, 875-886.	0.7	45
75	Distinct Regulation of Developmental and Heart Disease-Induced Atrial Natriuretic Factor Expression by Two Separate Distal Sequences. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2008, 102, 849-859.	4.5	45
76	Genetic Determinants of P Wave Duration and PR Segment. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics</i> , 2014, 7, 475-481.	5.1	45
77	Mkk4 Is a Negative Regulator of the Transforming Growth Factor Beta 1 Signaling Associated With Atrial Remodeling and Arrhythmogenesis With Age. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2014, 3, e000340.	3.7	45
78	The past, present, and future of pacemaker therapies. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2015, 25, 661-673.	4.9	45
79	A Large Permissive Regulatory Domain Exclusively Controls Tbx3 Expression in the Cardiac Conduction System. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2014, 115, 432-441.	4.5	44
80	Slit-Roundabout Signaling Regulates the Development of the Cardiac Systemic Venous Return and Pericardium. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2013, 112, 465-475.	4.5	42
81	Excessive trabeculations in noncompaction do not have the embryonic identity. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 227, 325-330.	1.7	41
82	An inactivating mutation in the histone deacetylase SIRT6 causes human perinatal lethality. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2018, 32, 373-388.	5.9	41
83	A mechanistic model for the development and maintenance of portocentral gradients in gene expression in the liver. <i>Hepatology</i> , 1999, 29, 1180-1192.	7.3	40
84	Wt1 and Retinoic Acid Signaling in the Subcoelomic Mesenchyme Control the Development of the Pleuropericardial Membranes and the Sinus Horns. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2010, 106, 1212-1220.	4.5	40
85	Identification of a regulatory domain controlling the Nppa-Nppb gene cluster during heart development and stress. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2016, 143, 2135-46.	2.5	40
86	Expression and requirement of T-box transcription factors Tbx2 and Tbx3 during secondary palate development in the mouse. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2009, 336, 145-155.	2.0	37
87	A transgenic mouse model for the simultaneous monitoring of ANF and BNP gene activity during heart development and disease. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2014, 101, 78-86.	3.8	37
88	Specialized impulse conduction pathway in the alligator heart. <i>ELife</i> , 2018, 7, .	6.0	37
89	Comparative analysis of the natriuretic peptide precursor gene cluster in vertebrates reveals loss of ANF and retention of CNP-3 in chicken. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2005, 233, 1076-1082.	1.8	35
90	EMERGE: a flexible modelling framework to predict genomic regulatory elements from genomic signatures. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2016, 44, e42-e42.	14.5	34

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91	On the Evolution of the Cardiac Pacemaker. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Development and Disease</i> , 2017, 4, 4.	1.6	33
92	Identification of Functional Variant Enhancers Associated With Atrial Fibrillation. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2020, 127, 229-243.	4.5	33
93	Expression of <i>Irx6</i> during mouse morphogenesis. <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2001, 103, 193-195.	1.7	32
94	Evolution of the Sinus Venosus from Fish to Human. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Development and Disease</i> , 2014, 1, 14-28.	1.6	32
95	TBX2 and TBX3 act downstream of canonical WNT signaling in patterning and differentiation of the mouse ureteric mesenchyme. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2018, 145, .	2.5	32
96	Genetic Dissection of a Super Enhancer Controlling the <i>Nppa-Nppb</i> Cluster in the Heart. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2021, 128, 115-129.	4.5	32
97	Regulation of otocyst patterning by <i>Tbx2</i> and <i>Tbx3</i> is required for inner ear morphogenesis in the mouse. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2021, 148, .	2.5	32
98	The Cardiac Pacemaker and Conduction System Develops From Embryonic Myocardium that Retains Its Primitive Phenotype. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 56, 6-15.	1.9	31
99	The Atrioventricular Node: Origin, Development, and Genetic Program. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2010, 20, 164-171.	4.9	29
100	Atrial cardiomyocyte-specific expression of Cre recombinase driven by an <i>Nppa</i> gene fragment. <i>Genesis</i> , 2003, 37, 1-4.	1.6	28
101	GATA-dependent transcriptional and epigenetic control of cardiac lineage specification and differentiation. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2015, 72, 3871-3881.	5.4	28
102	Retinoic acid signaling in heart development: Application in the differentiation of cardiovascular lineages from human pluripotent stem cells. <i>Stem Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 16, 2589-2606.	4.8	28
103	Development of the Cardiac Conduction System: A Matter of Chamber Development. <i>Novartis Foundation Symposium</i> , 2008, , 25-43.	1.1	27
104	Embryonic <i>Tbx3</i> + cardiomyocytes form the mature cardiac conduction system by progressive fate restriction. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2018, 145, .	2.5	27
105	Morpho-functional characterization of the systemic venous pole of the reptile heart. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 6644.	3.3	26
106	Can recent insights into cardiac development improve our understanding of congenitally malformed hearts?. <i>Clinical Anatomy</i> , 2009, 22, 4-20.	2.7	25
107	Developmental aspects of cardiac arrhythmogenesis. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2011, 91, 243-251.	3.8	25
108	Partial Absence of Pleuropericardial Membranes in <i>Tbx18</i> - and <i>Wt1</i> -Deficient Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e45100.	2.5	25

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109	Developmental Origin of the Cardiac Conduction System: Insight from Lineage Tracing. <i>Pediatric Cardiology</i> , 2018, 39, 1107-1114.	1.3	25
110	Quantified growth of the human embryonic heart. <i>Biology Open</i> , 2021, 10, .	1.2	25
111	An enhancer cluster controls gene activity and topology of the SCN5A-SCN10A locus in vivo. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4943.	12.8	24
112	Why increased nuchal translucency is associated with congenital heart disease: a systematic review on genetic mechanisms. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2015, 35, 517-528.	2.3	22
113	Genome-Wide Analysis Identifies an Essential Human TBX3 Pacemaker Enhancer. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2020, 127, 1522-1535.	4.5	22
114	Origin and development of the atrioventricular myocardial lineage: Insight into the development of accessory pathways. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2011, 91, 565-577.	1.6	21
115	A mutation in the Kozak sequence of <i>GATA4</i> hampers translation in a family with atrial septal defects. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2014, 164, 2732-2738.	1.2	21
116	Cardiac Morphogenesis: Specification of the Four-Chambered Heart. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology</i> , 2020, 12, a037143.	5.5	21
117	Cardiac expression of Gal4 causes cardiomyopathy in a dose-dependent manner. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 2003, 24, 205-209.	2.0	20
118	Variant Intronic Enhancer Controls <i>SCN10A-short</i> Expression and Heart Conduction. <i>Circulation</i> , 2021, 144, 229-242.	1.6	20
119	Variation in a Left Ventricle-Specific <i>Hand1</i> Enhancer Impairs GATA Transcription Factor Binding and Disrupts Conduction System Development and Function. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2019, 125, 575-589.	4.5	19
120	T-box transcription factor 3 governs a transcriptional program for the function of the mouse atrioventricular conduction system. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 18617-18626.	7.1	19
121	Identification of the building blocks of ventricular septation in monitor lizards (<i>Varanidae</i>). <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2019, 146, .	2.5	18
122	Lack of morphometric evidence for ventricular compaction in humans. <i>Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 78, 397-405.	1.9	18
123	Gradual differentiation and confinement of the cardiac conduction system as indicated by marker gene expression. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2020, 1867, 118509.	4.1	16
124	Identification and Characterization of a Transcribed Distal Enhancer Involved in Cardiac <i>Kcnh2</i> Regulation. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 28, 2704-2714.e5.	6.4	15
125	Higher spatial resolution improves the interpretation of the extent of ventricular trabeculation. <i>Journal of Anatomy</i> , 2022, 240, 357-375.	1.5	15
126	Common Genetic Variants Contribute to Risk of Transposition of the Great Arteries. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2022, 130, 166-180.	4.5	15

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127	Patient-Specific TBX5-G125R Variant Induces Profound Transcriptional Deregulation and Atrial Dysfunction. <i>Circulation</i> , 2022, 145, 606-619.	1.6	15
128	Developing insights into cardiac regeneration. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2013, 140, 3933-3937.	2.5	14
129	Comparative analysis of avian hearts provides little evidence for variation among species with acquired endothermy. <i>Journal of Morphology</i> , 2019, 280, 395-410.	1.2	14
130	Reptiles as a Model System to Study Heart Development. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology</i> , 2020, 12, a037226.	5.5	14
131	Transcriptional Repressor Tbx3 Is Required for the Hormone-Sensing Cell Lineage in Mammary Epithelium. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e110191.	2.5	13
132	Generation of mice with a conditional null allele for <i>Tbx2</i> . <i>Genesis</i> , 2010, 48, 195-199.	1.6	12
133	Electrophysiological Patterning of the Heart. <i>Pediatric Cardiology</i> , 2012, 33, 900-906.	1.3	12
134	Sinus venosus incorporation: contentious issues and operational criteria for developmental and evolutionary studies. <i>Journal of Anatomy</i> , 2019, 234, 583-591.	1.5	12
135	Nuclear Receptor Nur77 Controls Cardiac Fibrosis through Distinct Actions on Fibroblasts and Cardiomyocytes. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 1600.	4.1	12
136	Morphogenesis of the Vertebrate Heart. <i>Advances in Developmental Biology (Amsterdam)</i> , 2010, 24, 1-11.	0.4	11
137	Localized and Temporal Gene Regulation in Heart Development. <i>Current Topics in Developmental Biology</i> , 2012, 100, 171-201.	2.2	11
138	OccuPeak: CHIP-Seq Peak Calling Based on Internal Background Modelling. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e99844.	2.5	11
139	A Variant Noncoding Region Regulates <i>Prrx1</i> and Predisposes to Atrial Arrhythmias. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2021, 129, 420-434.	4.5	11
140	Popeye proteins: muscle for the aging sinus node. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 810-813.	8.2	11
141	Origins and consequences of congenital heart defects affecting the right ventricle. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2017, 113, 1509-1520.	3.8	10
142	Twisting of the zebrafish heart tube during cardiac looping is a <i>tbx5</i> -dependent and tissue-intrinsic process. <i>ELife</i> , 2021, 10, .	6.0	10
143	From GWAS to function: Genetic variation in sodium channel gene enhancer influences electrical patterning. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2014, 24, 99-104.	4.9	9
144	Lineages of the Cardiac Conduction System. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Development and Disease</i> , 2017, 4, 5.	1.6	9

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145	Early Cardiac Growth and the Ballooning Model of Cardiac Chamber Formation. , 2010, , 219-236.		8
146	Increased nuchal translucency origins from abnormal lymphatic development and is independent of the presence of a cardiac defect. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2015, 35, 1278-1286.	2.3	8
147	Epithelial Myeloid-Differentiation Factor 88 Is Dispensable during <i>Klebsiella</i> Pneumonia. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 56, 648-656.	2.9	8
148	TBX2-positive cells represent a multi-potent mesenchymal progenitor pool in the developing lung. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2019, 20, 292.	3.6	8
149	Combined genomic and proteomic approaches reveal DNA binding sites and interaction partners of TBX2 in the developing lung. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2021, 22, 85.	3.6	8
150	Patterning and Development of the Conduction System of the Heart. , 2010, , 171-192.		7
151	Systematic analysis of the development of the ductus venosus in wild type mouse and human embryos. <i>Early Human Development</i> , 2013, 89, 1067-1073.	1.8	7
152	Lack of Genetic Interaction between <i>Tbx18</i> and <i>Tbx2/Tbx20</i> in Mouse Epicardial Development. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0156787.	2.5	7
153	Cardiomyocyte Progenitor Cells as a Functional Gene Delivery Vehicle for Long-Term Biological Pacing. <i>Molecules</i> , 2019, 24, 181.	3.8	7
154	The formation of the atrioventricular conduction axis is linked in development to ventricular septation. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2020, 223, .	1.7	7
155	Germline variants in <i>HEY2</i> functional domains lead to congenital heart defects and thoracic aortic aneurysms. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2021, 23, 103-110.	2.4	7
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