

Thomas F Clasen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

178
papers

11,686
citations

47409

49
h-index

39744

98
g-index

188
all docs

188
docs citations

188
times ranked

9600
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Resources and Geographic Access to Care for Severe Pediatric Pneumonia in Four Resource-limited Settings. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2022, 205, 183-197.	2.5	12
2	Effect of a combined household-level piped water and sanitation intervention on reported menstrual hygiene practices and symptoms of urogenital infections in rural Odisha, India. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2022, 239, 113866.	2.1	7
3	The impact of a demand-side sanitation and hygiene promotion intervention on sustained behavior change and health in Amhara, Ethiopia: A cluster-randomized trial. <i>PLOS Global Public Health</i> , 2022, 2, e0000056.	0.5	7
4	Occupational health outcomes among sanitation workers: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2022, 240, 113907.	2.1	14
5	Study design and rationale for a cluster randomized trial of a safe child feces management intervention in rural Odisha, India. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2022, 22, 106.	1.2	5
6	Child Survival and Early Lifetime Exposures to Ambient Fine Particulate Matter in India: A Retrospective Cohort Study. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2022, 130, 17009.	2.8	7
7	Association between personal exposure to household air pollution and gestational blood pressure among women using solid cooking fuels in rural Tamil Nadu, India. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2022, 208, 112756.	3.7	7
8	Effect of a low-cost, behaviour-change intervention on latrine use and safe disposal of child faeces in rural Odisha, India: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2022, 6, e110-e121.	5.1	11
9	Facing the Realities of Pragmatic Design Choices in Environmental Health Studies: Experiences from the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network Trial. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 3790.	1.2	0
10	Assessing the Effects of Cooking Fuels on Anopheles Mosquito Behavior: An Experimental Study in Rural Rwanda. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2022, 106, 1196-1208.	0.6	3
11	Implementing “from here to there”: A case study of conceptual and practical challenges in implementation science. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2022, 301, 114959.	1.8	1
12	Higher helminth ova counts and incomplete decomposition in sand-enveloped latrine pits in a coastal sub-district of Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2022, 16, e0010495.	1.3	1
13	Effectiveness of interventions to improve drinking water, sanitation, and handwashing with soap on risk of diarrhoeal disease in children in low-income and middle-income settings: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2022, 400, 48-59.	6.3	77
14	Effects of a Liquefied Petroleum Gas Stove Intervention on Gestational Blood Pressure: Intention-to-Treat and Exposure-Response Findings From the HAPIN Trial. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2022, 79, 1887-1898.	1.3	7
15	Consequences of access to water from managed aquifer recharge systems for blood pressure and proteinuria in south-west coastal Bangladesh: a stepped-wedge cluster-randomized trial. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 50, 916-928.	0.9	13
16	Meteorological factors and childhood diarrhea in Peru, 2005–2015: a time series analysis of historic associations, with implications for climate change. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2021, 20, 22.	1.7	10
17	Effects of a combined water and sanitation intervention on biomarkers of child environmental enteric dysfunction and associations with height-for-age z-score: A matched cohort study in rural Odisha, India. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009198.	1.3	7
18	Developing Visual Messages to Support Liquefied Petroleum Gas Use in Intervention Homes in the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) Trial in Rural Guatemala. <i>Health Education and Behavior</i> , 2021, 48, 651-669.	1.3	4

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19	Experience of the COVID-19 Pandemic in Rural Odisha, India: Knowledge, Preventative Actions, and Impacts on Daily Life. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 2863.	1.2	23
20	Municipal Solid Waste Management and Adverse Health Outcomes: A Systematic Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 4331.	1.2	66
21	A risk assessment tool for resumption of research activities during the COVID-19 pandemic for field trials in low resource settings. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2021, 21, 68.	1.4	8
22	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene Practices and Challenges during the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Cross-Sectional Study in Rural Odisha, India. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2021, 104, 2264-2274.	0.6	21
23	Ultrasound Core Laboratory for the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network Trial: Standardized Training and Image Management for Field Studies Using Portable Ultrasound in Fetal, Lung, and Vascular Evaluations. <i>Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology</i> , 2021, 47, 1506-1513.	0.7	4
24	Effects of an LPG stove intervention on gestational blood pressure: findings from Household Air Pollution Intervention Network randomized controlled trial. <i>ISEE Conference Abstracts</i> , 2021, 2021, .	0.0	0
25	High Fidelity: Delivery and use of an LPG stove intervention during pregnancy in the HAPIN trial. <i>ISEE Conference Abstracts</i> , 2021, 2021, .	0.0	0
26	LPG stove and fuel intervention among pregnant women reduce fine particle air pollution exposures in three countries: Pilot results from the HAPIN trial. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2021, 291, 118198.	3.7	18
27	A planetary health model for reducing exposure to faecal contamination in urban informal settlements: Baseline findings from Makassar, Indonesia. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021, 155, 106679.	4.8	24
28	Study design, rationale and methods of the Revitalising Informal Settlements and their Environments (RISE) study: a cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate environmental and human health impacts of a water-sensitive intervention in informal settlements in Indonesia and Fiji. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e042850.	0.8	29
29	Fidelity and Adherence to a Liquefied Petroleum Gas Stove and Fuel Intervention during Gestation: The Multi-Country Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 12592.	1.2	22
30	The use of bluetooth low energy Beacon systems to estimate indirect personal exposure to household air pollution. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 30, 990-1000.	1.8	16
31	Child feces management practices and fecal contamination: A cross-sectional study in rural Odisha, India. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 709, 136169.	3.9	21
32	Designing a comprehensive behaviour change intervention to promote and monitor exclusive use of liquefied petroleum gas stoves for the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e037761.	0.8	28
33	Cross-validation of biomonitoring methods for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon metabolites in human urine: Results from the formative phase of the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) trial in India. <i>Journal of Chromatography B: Analytical Technologies in the Biomedical and Life Sciences</i> , 2020, 1154, 122284.	1.2	3
34	Systems Science Approaches for Global Environmental Health Research: Enhancing Intervention Design and Implementation for Household Air Pollution (HAP) and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) Programs. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2020, 128, 105001.	2.8	22
35	Exposure contrasts associated with a liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) intervention at potential field sites for the multi-country household air pollution intervention network (HAPIN) trial in India: results from pilot phase activities in rural Tamil Nadu. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020, 20, 1799.	1.2	14
36	Design and conduct of facility-based surveillance for severe childhood pneumonia in the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) trial. <i>ERJ Open Research</i> , 2020, 6, 00308-2019.	1.1	11

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37	Impact of Rotavirus Vaccination Varies by Level of Access to Piped Water and Sewerage: An Analysis of Childhood Clinic Visits for Diarrhea in Peru, 2005–2015. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2020, 39, 756-762.	1.1	6
38	Past Sodium Intake, Contemporary Sodium Intake, and Cardiometabolic Health in Southwest Coastal Bangladesh. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e014978.	1.6	4
39	Faecal contamination of the environment and child health: a systematic review and individual participant data meta-analysis. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2020, 4, e405-e415.	5.1	22
40	Measuring Environmental Exposure to Enteric Pathogens in Low-Income Settings: Review and Recommendations of an Interdisciplinary Working Group. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2020, 54, 11673-11691.	4.6	35
41	Associations of drinking rainwater with macro-mineral intake and cardiometabolic health: a pooled cohort analysis in Bangladesh, 2016–2019. <i>Npj Clean Water</i> , 2020, 3, 20.	3.1	12
42	Child Salivary SIgA and Its Relationship to Enteric Infections and EED Biomarkers in Maputo, Mozambique. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 3035.	1.2	3
43	Assessing Women’s Menstruation Concerns and Experiences in Rural India: Development and Validation of a Menstrual Insecurity Measure. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 3468.	1.2	13
44	Air pollution and stunting: a missing link?. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e472-e475.	2.9	37
45	Exposure measurement error and the characterization of child exposure to fecal contamination in drinking water. <i>Npj Clean Water</i> , 2020, 3, .	3.1	10
46	Sanitation and Collective Efficacy in Rural Cambodia: The Value Added of Qualitative Formative Work for the Contextualization of Measurement Tools. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 1.	1.2	954
47	Effects of high altitude on respiratory rate and oxygen saturation reference values in healthy infants and children younger than 2 years in four countries: a cross-sectional study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e362-e373.	2.9	28
48	Design and Rationale of the Biomarker Center of the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) Trial. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2020, 128, 47010.	2.8	22
49	Design and Rationale of the HAPIN Study: A Multicountry Randomized Controlled Trial to Assess the Effect of Liquefied Petroleum Gas Stove and Continuous Fuel Distribution. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2020, 128, 47008.	2.8	72
50	Air Pollutant Exposure and Stove Use Assessment Methods for the Household Air Pollution Intervention Network (HAPIN) Trial. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2020, 128, 47009.	2.8	36
51	Assessing longer-term effectiveness of a combined household-level piped water and sanitation intervention on child diarrhoea, acute respiratory infection, soil-transmitted helminth infection and nutritional status: a matched cohort study in rural Odisha, India. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 48, 1757-1767.	0.9	35
52	Impact of a school-based water, sanitation, and hygiene intervention on school absence, diarrhea, respiratory infection, and soil-transmitted helminths: results from the WASH HELPS cluster-randomized trial. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , 2019, 9, 020402.	1.2	43
53	Groundwater Chemistry and Blood Pressure: A Cross-Sectional Study in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 2289.	1.2	6
54	Effects of a large-scale distribution of water filters and natural draft rocket-style cookstoves on diarrhea and acute respiratory infection: A cluster-randomized controlled trial in Western Province, Rwanda. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2019, 16, e1002812.	3.9	54

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55	A Systematic Review to Evaluate the Association between Clean Cooking Technologies and Time Use in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 2277.	1.2	26
56	Comparison of Urinary Sodium and Blood Pressure Relationship From the Spot Versus 24-Hour Urine Samples. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019, 8, e013287.	1.6	12
57	Using structural equation modelling to untangle sanitation, water and hygiene pathways for intervention improvements in height-for-age in children <5 years old. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 48, 1992-2000.	0.9	3
58	Household Water Treatment and Safe Storage in Low-Income Countries. , 2019, , 510-521.		0
59	Challenges in the diagnosis of paediatric pneumonia in intervention field trials: recommendations from a pneumonia field trial working group. <i>Lancet Respiratory Medicine</i> ,the, 2019, 7, 1068-1083.	5.2	44
60	The implications of three major new trials for the effect of water, sanitation and hygiene on childhood diarrhea and stunting: a consensus statement. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2019, 17, 173.	2.3	166
61	Review of drivers and barriers of water and sanitation policies for urban informal settlements in low-income and middle-income countries. <i>Utilities Policy</i> , 2019, 60, 100957.	2.1	88
62	'It's like a burden on the head': Redefining adequate menstrual hygiene management throughout women's varied life stages in Odisha, India. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0220114.	1.1	57
63	The role of water, sanitation and hygiene interventions in reducing soil-transmitted helminths: interpreting the evidence and identifying next steps. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2019, 12, 273.	1.0	77
64	Letter to the Editor Regarding, "The Unintended Consequences of the Reverse Osmosis Revolution" <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2019, 53, 7173-7174.	4.6	6
65	Drinking Water Salinity, Urinary Macro-Mineral Excretions, and Blood Pressure in the Southwest Coastal Population of Bangladesh. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019, 8, e012007.	1.6	30
66	Burden of disease from inadequate water, sanitation and hygiene for selected adverse health outcomes: An updated analysis with a focus on low- and middle-income countries. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2019, 222, 765-777.	2.1	396
67	Modeling the Impact of an Indoor Air Filter on Air Pollution Exposure Reduction and Associated Mortality in Urban Delhi Household. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 1391.	1.2	9
68	Comparing trap designs and methods for assessing density of synanthropic flies in Odisha, India. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2019, 12, 75.	1.0	8
69	Let the "in WASH Stand for Air: Integrating Research and Interventions to Improve Household Air Pollution (HAP) and Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WaSH) in Low-Income Settings. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2019, 127, 25001.	2.8	31
70	A cluster-randomized multi-level intervention to increase latrine use and safe disposal of child feces in rural Odisha, India: the Sundara Grama research protocol. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 322.	1.2	16
71	Determinants of disposal of child faeces in latrines in urban slums of Odisha, India: a cross-sectional study. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2019, 113, 263-272.	0.7	15
72	Interventions to improve disposal of child faeces for preventing diarrhoea and soil-transmitted helminth infection. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2019, 2019, CD011055.	1.5	26

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73	Sand Barriers around Latrine Pits Reduce Fecal Bacterial Leaching into Shallow Groundwater: A Randomized Controlled Trial in Coastal Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2019, 53, 2105-2113.	4.6	8
74	Compensating control participants when the intervention is of significant value: experience in Guatemala, India, Peru and Rwanda. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001567.	2.0	11
75	Child Defecation and Feces Disposal Practices and Determinants among Households after a Combined Household-Level Piped Water and Sanitation Intervention in Rural Odisha, India. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2019, 100, 1013-1021.	0.6	23
76	Sanitation in Low-and Middle-Income Countries. , 2019, , 589-595.		0
77	Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e316-e329.	2.9	427
78	Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Bangladesh: a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e302-e315.	2.9	498
79	Impact of drinking water, sanitation and handwashing with soap on childhood diarrhoeal disease: updated meta-analysis and meta-regression. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2018, 23, 508-525.	1.0	275
80	Modeling the potential health benefits of lower household air pollution after a hypothetical liquified petroleum gas (LPG) cookstove intervention. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018, 111, 71-79.	4.8	44
81	Measuring progress towards sanitation and hygiene targets: a critical review of monitoring methodologies and technologies. <i>Waterlines</i> , 2018, 37, 229-247.	0.1	9
82	Do Sanitation Improvements Reduce Fecal Contamination of Water, Hands, Food, Soil, and Flies? Evidence from a Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2018, 52, 12089-12097.	4.6	60
83	Effects of Single and Combined Water, Sanitation and Handwashing Interventions on Fecal Contamination in the Domestic Environment: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2018, 52, 12078-12088.	4.6	38
84	Collective Efficacy: Development and Validation of a Measurement Scale for Use in Public Health and Development Programmes. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018, 15, 2139.	1.2	19
85	The association between women's sanitation experiences and mental health: A cross-sectional study in Rural, Odisha India. <i>SSM - Population Health</i> , 2018, 5, 257-266.	1.3	48
86	WASH Benefits Bangladesh trial: system for monitoring coverage and quality in an efficacy trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2018, 19, 360.	0.7	19
87	Quantifying Averted Disability-Adjusted Life Years as a Performance Indicator for Water Quality Interventions: A Review of Current Methodologies and Challenges. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 10, 744.	1.2	2
88	First Do No Harm: The Need to Explore Potential Adverse Health Implications of Drinking Rainwater. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2017, 51, 5865-5866.	4.6	16
89	User preferences and willingness to pay for safe drinking water: Experimental evidence from rural Tanzania. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2017, 173, 63-71.	1.8	38
90	The impact of sanitation on infectious disease and nutritional status: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 220, 928-949.	2.1	213

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91	Stepped-wedge cluster-randomised controlled trial to assess the cardiovascular health effects of a managed aquifer recharge initiative to reduce drinking water salinity in southwest coastal Bangladesh: study design and rationale. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e015205.	0.8	18
92	Assessing patterns and determinants of latrine use in rural settings: A longitudinal study in Odisha, India. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 220, 906-915.	2.1	47
93	Use, microbiological effectiveness and health impact of a household water filter intervention in rural Rwanda—A matched cohort study. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 220, 1020-1029.	2.1	15
94	Design and rationale of a matched cohort study to assess the effectiveness of a combined household-level piped water and sanitation intervention in rural Odisha, India. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e012719.	0.8	16
95	Understanding and defining sanitation insecurity: women's gendered experiences of urination, defecation and menstruation in rural Odisha, India. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2017, 2, e000414.	2.0	82
96	Effect of community health clubs on child diarrhoea in western Rwanda: cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2017, 5, e699-e709.	2.9	32
97	Effects of sanitation on cognitive development and school absence: A systematic review. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 220, 917-927.	2.1	32
98	Processes and challenges of community mobilisation for latrine promotion under Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan in rural Odisha, India. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 453.	1.2	19
99	Advantages and limitations for users of double pit pour-flush latrines: a qualitative study in rural Bangladesh. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 515.	1.2	27
100	The impact of sanitation interventions on latrine coverage and latrine use: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 220, 329-340.	2.1	167
101	Assessing Women's Negative Sanitation Experiences and Concerns: The Development of a Novel Sanitation Insecurity Measure. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2017, 14, 755.	1.2	48
102	Women's role in sanitation decision making in rural coastal Odisha, India. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0178042.	1.1	51
103	Comparison of respondent-reported and sensor-recorded latrine utilization measures in rural Bangladesh: a cross-sectional study. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 111, 308-315.	0.7	12
104	Active trachoma and community use of sanitation, Ethiopia. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2017, 95, 250-260.	1.5	43
105	Consistency of Use and Effectiveness of Household Water Treatment among Indian Households Claiming to Treat Their Water. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 259-270.	0.6	17
106	Identifying Potential Sources of Exposure Along the Child Feces Management Pathway: A Cross-Sectional Study Among Urban Slums in Odisha, India. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 861-869.	0.6	22
107	Use of Serologic Responses against Enteropathogens to Assess the Impact of a Point-of-Use Water Filter: A Randomized Controlled Trial in Western Province, Rwanda. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 876-887.	0.6	19
108	Assessing the Health Impact of Water Quality Interventions in Low-Income Settings: Concerns Associated with Blinded Trials and the Need for Objective Outcomes. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2016, 124, 886-889.	2.8	13

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109	Assessing the Association between Thermotolerant Coliforms in Drinking Water and Diarrhea: An Analysis of Individual-Level Data from Multiple Studies. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2016, 124, 1560-1567.	2.8	30
110	Process evaluation and assessment of use of a large scale water filter and cookstove program in Rwanda. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 584.	1.2	30
111	Human fecal and pathogen exposure pathways in rural Indian villages and the effect of increased latrine coverage. <i>Water Research</i> , 2016, 100, 232-244.	5.3	91
112	Assessing the impact of sanitation on indicators of fecal exposure along principal transmission pathways: A systematic review. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2016, 219, 709-723.	2.1	85
113	Faecal contamination of household drinking water in Rwanda: A national cross-sectional study. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2016, 571, 426-434.	3.9	31
114	Study design of a cluster-randomized controlled trial to evaluate a large-scale distribution of cook stoves and water filters in Western Province, Rwanda. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials Communications</i> , 2016, 4, 124-135.	0.5	22
115	Assessing Latrine Use in Rural India: A Cross-Sectional Study Comparing Reported Use and Passive Latrine Use Monitors. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2016, 95, 720-727.	0.6	34
116	The impact of a rural sanitation programme on safe disposal of child faeces: a cluster randomised trial in Odisha, India. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2016, 110, 386-392.	0.7	24
117	Behavioral Reactivity Associated With Electronic Monitoring of Environmental Health Interventions—A Cluster Randomized Trial with Water Filters and Cookstoves. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2016, 50, 3773-3780.	4.6	30
118	Modeling <i>Cryptosporidium</i> and <i>Giardia</i> in Ground and Surface Water Sources in Rural India: Associations with Latrines, Livestock, Damaged Wells, and Rainfall Patterns. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2016, 50, 7498-7507.	4.6	36
119	Child diarrhoea and nutritional status in rural Rwanda: a cross-sectional study to explore contributing environmental and demographic factors. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2016, 21, 956-964.	1.0	18
120	Planning for climate change: The need for mechanistic systems-based approaches to study climate change impacts on diarrheal diseases. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2016, 548-549, 82-90.	3.9	49
121	Consistency of Use and Effectiveness of Household Water Treatment Practices Among Urban and Rural Populations Claiming to Treat Their Drinking Water at Home: A Case Study in Zambia. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2016, 94, 445-455.	0.6	42
122	Laboratory development and field testing of sentinel toys to assess environmental faecal exposure of young children in rural India. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 109, 386-392.	0.7	13
123	Interventions to improve water quality for preventing diarrhoea. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2015, 2015, CD004794.	1.5	230
124	Neighbour-shared versus communal latrines in urban slums: a cross-sectional study in Orissa, India exploring household demographics, accessibility, privacy, use and cleanliness. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 109, 690-699.	0.7	28
125	Socio-cultural and behavioural factors constraining latrine adoption in rural coastal Odisha: an exploratory qualitative study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015, 15, 880.	1.2	153
126	Household Water Quantity and Health: A Systematic Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2015, 12, 5954-5974.	1.2	49

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127	Point-of-use chlorination of turbid water: results from a field study in Tanzania. <i>Journal of Water and Health</i> , 2015, 13, 544-552.	1.1	29
128	Household Water Treatment and Safe Storage to Prevent Diarrheal Disease in Developing Countries. <i>Current Environmental Health Reports</i> , 2015, 2, 69-74.	3.2	80
129	Development of A Multidimensional Scale to Assess Attitudinal Determinants of Sanitation Uptake and Use. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2015, 49, 13613-13621.	4.6	18
130	Shared Sanitation Versus Individual Household Latrines in Urban Slums: A Cross-Sectional Study in Orissa, India. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 93, 263-268.	0.6	52
131	Human and Animal Fecal Contamination of Community Water Sources, Stored Drinking Water and Hands in Rural India Measured with Validated Microbial Source Tracking Assays. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 93, 509-516.	0.6	98
132	Designing and Piloting a Program to Provide Water Filters and Improved Cookstoves in Rwanda. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e92403.	1.1	31
133	Estimating the impact of unsafe water, sanitation and hygiene on the global burden of disease: evolving and alternative methods. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 884-893.	1.0	78
134	Burden of disease from inadequate water, sanitation and hygiene in low- and middle-income settings: a retrospective analysis of data from 145 countries. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 894-905.	1.0	785
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