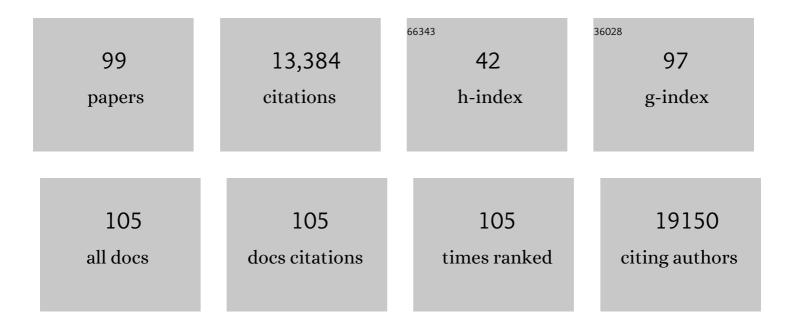
List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9112305/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Process evaluation of complex interventions: Medical Research Council guidance. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, h1258-h1258.	6.0	3,602
2	The Mixed Methods Appraisal Tool (MMAT) version 2018 for information professionals and researchers. Education for Information, 2018, 34, 285-291.	0.5	1,312
3	Three techniques for integrating data in mixed methods studies. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 341, c4587-c4587.	2.3	865
4	The Quality of Mixed Methods Studies in Health Services Research. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2008, 13, 92-98.	1.7	749
5	Guidance on how to develop complex interventions to improve health and healthcare. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029954.	1.9	690
6	Improving the content validity of the mixed methods appraisal tool: aÂmodified e-Delphi study. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2019, 111, 49-59.e1.	5.0	441
7	Rethinking pragmatic randomised controlled trials: introducing the "cohort multiple randomised controlled trial" design. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, c1066-c1066.	2.3	391
8	"Any other comments?" Open questions on questionnaires – a bane or a bonus to research?. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2004, 4, 25.	3.1	386
9	Taxonomy of approaches to developing interventions to improve health: a systematic methods overview. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2019, 5, 41.	1.2	266
10	Maximising the impact of qualitative research in feasibility studies for randomised controlled trials: guidance for researchers. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2015, 1, 32.	1.2	240
11	Process evaluation in complex public health intervention studies: the need for guidance. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 101-102.	3.7	228
12	Why, and how, mixed methods research is undertaken in health services research in England: a mixed methods study. BMC Health Services Research, 2007, 7, 85.	2.2	227
13	The facilitators and barriers to implementing patient reported outcome measures in organisations delivering health related services: a systematic review of reviews. Journal of Patient-Reported Outcomes, 2018, 2, 46.	1.9	194
14	Guidance for reporting intervention development studies in health research (GUIDED): an evidence-based consensus study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033516.	1.9	171
15	Impact of NHS Direct on demand for immediate care: observational study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 321, 150-153.	2.3	160
16	Integration and Publications as Indicators of "Yield" From Mixed Methods Studies. Journal of Mixed Methods Research, 2007, 1, 147-163.	2.6	154
17	Mixed Methods in Biomedical and Health Services Research. Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes, 2013, 6, 119-123.	2.2	144
18	Adapting interventions to new contexts—the ADAPT guidance. BMJ, The, 2021, 374, n1679.	6.0	130

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	The continuum of patient satisfaction—from satisfied to very satisfied. Social Science and Medicine, 2003, 57, 2465-2470.	3.8	111
20	Maximising the value of combining qualitative research and randomised controlled trials in health research: the QUAlitative Research in Trials (QUART) study – a mixed methods study. Health Technology Assessment, 2014, 18, 1-197, v-vi.	2.8	106
21	Are People With Chronic Diseases Interested in Using Telehealth? A Cross-Sectional Postal Survey. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2014, 16, e123.	4.3	103
22	Assessing the implementability of telehealth interventions for self-management support: a realist review. Implementation Science, 2015, 10, 59.	6.9	101
23	How to incorporate patient and public perspectives into the design and conduct of research. F1000Research, 2018, 7, 752.	1.6	100
24	Multidisciplinary, Interdisciplinary, or Dysfunctional? Team Working in Mixed-Methods Research. Qualitative Health Research, 2008, 18, 1574-1585.	2.1	86
25	Getting added value from using qualitative research with randomized controlled trials: a qualitative interview study. Trials, 2014, 15, 215.	1.6	85
26	Socioeconomic inequalities in mortality, morbidity and diabetes management for adults with type 1 diabetes: A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177210.	2.5	83
27	The acceptability of computerised cognitive behavioural therapy for the treatment of depression in people with chronic physical disease: A qualitative study of people with multiple sclerosis. Psychology and Health, 2010, 25, 699-712.	2.2	82
28	The appropriateness of, and compliance with, telephone triage decisions: a systematic review and narrative synthesis. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 2012, 68, 2610-2621.	3.3	77
29	Editorial: Mixed Methods Research in the Health Sciences: A Quiet Revolution. Journal of Mixed Methods Research, 2009, 3, 3-6.	2.6	76
30	Effectiveness of an integrated telehealth service for patients with depression: a pragmatic randomised controlled trial of a complex intervention. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2016, 3, 515-525.	7.4	73
31	TElehealth in CHronic disease: mixed-methods study to develop the TECH conceptual model for intervention design and evaluation. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006448-e006448.	1.9	66
32	Women's perceptions of informed choice in maternity care. Midwifery, 2002, 18, 136-144.	2.3	64
33	A system-wide approach to explaining variation in potentially avoidable emergency admissions: national ecological study. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2014, 23, 47-55.	3.7	62
34	A Practical Guide to Using Qualitative Research with Randomized Controlled Trials. , 2018, , .		62
35	When and how do â€~effective' interventions need to be adapted and/or re-evaluated in new contexts? The need for guidance. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 481-482.	3.7	59
36	Nurses' views of using computerized decision support software in NHS Direct. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 2004, 45, 280-286.	3.3	53

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Does NHS Direct empower patients?. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 61, 1761-1771.	3.8	53
38	Conducting qualitative research within Clinical Trials Units: Avoiding potential pitfalls. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2014, 38, 338-343.	1.8	53
39	Intimate Partner Violence in Pakistan. Trauma, Violence, and Abuse, 2015, 16, 299-315.	6.2	52
40	Characteristics of the Emergency and Urgent Care System Important to Patients: A Qualitative Study. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2008, 13, 19-25.	1.7	50
41	Telehealth for patients at high risk of cardiovascular disease: pragmatic randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2016, 353, i2647.	6.0	50
42	†̃Clinically unnecessary' use of emergency and urgent care: A realist review of patients' decision making. Health Expectations, 2020, 23, 19-40.	2.6	49
43	Evaluation of advanced access in the national primary care collaborative. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 334-40.	1.4	45
44	Who does not participate in telehealth trials and why? A cross-sectional survey. Trials, 2015, 16, 258.	1.6	44
45	The use of co-production, co-design and co-creation to mobilise knowledge in the management of health conditions: a systematic review. BMC Health Services Research, 2022, 22, .	2.2	44
46	Computerised cognitive behavioural therapy for the treatment of depression in people with multiple sclerosis: external pilot trial. Trials, 2011, 12, 259.	1.6	42
47	Integrating quantitative and qualitative data and findings when undertaking randomised controlled trials. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e032081.	1.9	42
48	Combining Qualitative and Quantitative Methods. , 0, , 102-111.		42
49	Do different types of nurses give different triage decisions in NHS Direct? A mixed methods study. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2004, 9, 226-233.	1.7	41
50	Understanding successful development of complex health and healthcare interventions and its drivers from the perspective of developers and wider stakeholders: an international qualitative interview study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e028756.	1.9	41
51	Reassurance as a key outcome valued by emergency ambulance service users: a qualitative interview study. Health Expectations, 2015, 18, 2951-2961.	2.6	40
52	Understanding variation in ambulance service non-conveyance rates: a mixed methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2018, 6, 1-192.	1.4	39
53	Equity of access to health care. Evidence from NHS Direct in the UK. Journal of Telemedicine and Telecare, 2006, 12, 262-265.	2.7	38
54	Describing qualitative research undertaken with randomised controlled trials in grant proposals: a documentary analysis. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2014, 14, 24.	3.1	38

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Adherence to medication in adults with Cystic Fibrosis: An investigation using objective adherence data and the Theoretical Domains Framework. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2019, 24, 357-380.	3.5	34
56	Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a telehealth intervention to support the management of long-term conditions: study protocol for two linked randomized controlled trials. Trials, 2014, 15, 36.	1.6	33
57	Exploring the effect of changes to service provision on the use of unscheduled care in England: population surveys. BMC Health Services Research, 2007, 7, 61.	2.2	32
58	Structural issues affecting mixed methods studies in health research: a qualitative study. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2009, 9, 82.	3.1	32
59	Attending to design when developing complex health interventions: AÂqualitative interview study with intervention developers and associated stakeholders. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0223615.	2.5	28
60	Feeling Fixed and its Contribution to Patient Satisfaction with Primary Angioplasty: A Qualitative Study. European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing, 2009, 8, 85-90.	0.9	27
61	Patients' experiences and views of an emergency and urgent care system. Health Expectations, 2012, 15, 78-86.	2.6	27
62	Supporting medication adherence for adults with cystic fibrosis: a randomised feasibility study. BMC Pulmonary Medicine, 2019, 19, 77.	2.0	27
63	Self-management intervention to reduce pulmonary exacerbations by supporting treatment adherence in adults with cystic fibrosis: a randomised controlled trial. Thorax, 2022, 77, 461-469.	5.6	27
64	Testing survey methodology to measure patients' experiences and views of the emergency and urgent care system: telephone versus postal survey. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2010, 10, 52.	3.1	26
65	Advanced access: more than just GP waiting times?. Family Practice, 2006, 23, 233-239.	1.9	25
66	Being Human: A Qualitative Interview Study Exploring Why a Telehealth Intervention for Management of Chronic Conditions Had a Modest Effect. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2016, 18, e163.	4.3	24
67	Acceptability of NHS 111 the telephone service for urgent health care: cross sectional postal survey of users' views. Family Practice, 2014, 31, 193-200.	1.9	23
68	Developing interventions to improve health: a systematic mapping review of international practice between 2015 and 2016. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2019, 5, 127.	1.2	23
69	Evaluating decision aids - where next?. Health Expectations, 2004, 7, 98-103.	2.6	22
70	Impact of same-day appointments on patient satisfaction with general practice appointment systems. British Journal of General Practice, 2008, 58, 641-643.	1.4	22
71	Exploring variation in how ambulance services address non-conveyance: a qualitative interview study. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e024228.	1.9	22
72	Why do ambulance services have different non-transport rates? A national cross sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0204508.	2.5	21

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Awareness and use of a new urgent care telephone service, NHS 111: cross-sectional population survey. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2014, 19, 224-230.	1.7	19
74	When Is Forgetting Not Forgetting? A Discursive Analysis of Differences in Forgetting Talk Between Adults With Cystic Fibrosis With Different Levels of Adherence to Nebulizer Treatments. Qualitative Health Research, 2019, 29, 2119-2131.	2.1	16
75	Mechanisms of Action of a Web-Based Intervention With Health Professional Support to Increase Adherence to Nebulizer Treatments in Adults With Cystic Fibrosis: Qualitative Interview Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e16782.	4.3	16
76	Variation in avoidable emergency admissions: multiple case studies of emergency and urgent care systems. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2016, 21, 5-14.	1.7	15
77	Socioeconomic disparities in access to intensive insulin regimens for adults with type 1 diabetes: a qualitative study of patient and healthcare professional perspectives. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2019, 18, 150.	3.5	15
78	Measuring patients' experiences and views of the emergency and urgent care system: psychometric testing of the urgent care system questionnaire. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2011, 20, 134-140.	3.7	13
79	Not Managing Expectations: A Grounded Theory of Intimate Partner Violence From the Perspective of Pakistani People. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, 2019, 34, 4085-4113.	2.0	13
80	ls primary angioplasty an acceptable alternative to thrombolysis? Quantitative and qualitative study of patient and carer satisfaction. Health Expectations, 2010, 13, 350-358.	2.6	10
81	Developing new ways of measuring the quality and impact of ambulance service care: the PhOEBE mixed-methods research programme. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2019, 7, 1-90.	1.0	10
82	Do walk-in centres for commuters work? A mixed methods evaluation. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e383-e389.	1.4	9
83	Drivers of â€ <sup>~</sup> clinically unnecessary' use of emergency and urgent care: the DEUCE mixed-methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2020, 8, 1-256.	1.4	9
84	Factors influencing unspecified chest pain admission rates in England. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2015, 32, 439-443.	1.0	8
85	Feasibility study for supporting medication adherence for adults with cystic fibrosis: mixed-methods process evaluation. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039089.	1.9	8
86	The effect of attitude to risk on decisions made by nurses using computerised decision support software in telephone clinical assessment: an observational study. BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making, 2007, 7, 39.	3.0	7
87	An intervention to support adherence to inhaled medication in adults with cystic fibrosis: the ACtiF research programme including RCT. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2021, 9, 1-146.	1.0	6
88	Understanding young adults' reasons for seeking â€~clinically unnecessary' urgent and emergency care: A qualitative interview study. Health Expectations, 2021, 24, 1535-1544.	2.6	5
89	The Mixed Methods Research Workbook: Activities for Designing, Implementing, and Publishing Projects. Journal of Mixed Methods Research, 2020, 14, 548-549.	2.6	4
90	Evaluating alcohol intoxication management services: the EDARA mixed-methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2020, 8, 1-214.	1.4	4

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	An evidence-based approach to the use of telehealth in long-term health conditions: development of an intervention and evaluation through pragmatic randomised controlled trials in patients with depression or raised cardiovascular risk. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2017, 5, 1-468.	1.0	4
92	Tendency to contact general practice instead of self-care: a population vignette study. BJGP Open, 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101024.	1.8	4
93	Tendency to call an ambulance or attend an emergency department for minor or non-urgent problems: a vignette-based population survey in Britain. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2022, 39, 436-442.	1.0	4
94	Objective Nebuliser Adherence Data as "Proof―of Adherence in the Management of Cystic Fibrosis: A Qualitative Interview Study. Patient Preference and Adherence, 2022, Volume 16, 771-780.	1.8	4
95	Socioeconomic Deprivation and Dropout from Contemporary Psychological Intervention for Common Mental Disorders: A Systematic Review. Administration and Policy in Mental Health and Mental Health Services Research, 2022, 49, 490-505.	2.1	3
96	How do third sector organisations or charities providing health and well-being services in England implement patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs)? A qualitative interview study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039116.	1.9	3
97	Integrating community pharmacy with NHS Direct: evaluation of a pilot scheme. International Journal of Pharmacy Practice, 2011, 9, 33-33.	0.6	0
98	How do third sector organisations or charities providing health and well-being services in England implement patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs)? A qualitative interview study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039116.	1.9	0
99	Feasibility study for supporting medication adherence for adults with cystic fibrosis: mixed-methods process evaluation. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039089.	1.9	0