

Frank L J Visseren

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

281
papers

22,293
citations

34016

52
h-index

10424

139
g-index

285
all docs

285
docs citations

285
times ranked

24347
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Comment to: Prediction of recurrent event in patients with coronary heart disease: the EUROASPIRE risk model. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, e139-e140.	0.8	0
2	Is the SMART risk prediction model ready for real-world implementation? A validation study in a routine care setting of approximately 380 000 individuals. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, 654-663.	0.8	11
3	2021 ESC Guidelines on cardiovascular disease prevention in clinical practice. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, 5-115.	0.8	220
4	European Society of Cardiology Quality Indicators for Cardiovascular Disease Prevention: developed by the Working Group for Cardiovascular Disease Prevention Quality Indicators in collaboration with the European Association for Preventive Cardiology of the European Society of Cardiology. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, 1060-1071.	0.8	25
5	The "ten commandments"™ for the 2021 ESC Guidelines on CVD prevention. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2022, 43, 174-176.	1.0	4
6	Screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, 1170-1176.	0.8	4
7	Impact of a Patient's Baseline Risk on the Relative Benefit and Harm of a Preventive Treatment Strategy: Applying Trial Results in Clinical Decision Making. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2022, 11, e017605.	1.6	1
8	Population median imputation was noninferior to complex approaches for imputing missing values in cardiovascular prediction models in clinical practice. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2022, 145, 70-80.	2.4	25
9	Targeted proteomics improves cardiovascular risk prediction in secondary prevention. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2022, 43, 1569-1577.	1.0	55
10	Estimation of recurrent atherosclerotic cardiovascular event risk in patients with established cardiovascular disease: the updated SMART2 algorithm. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2022, 43, 1715-1727.	1.0	40
11	Cardiovascular disease in the elderly: proceedings of the European Society of Cardiology's Cardiovascular Round Table. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, 1412-1424.	0.8	13
12	Relation Between Plasma Proteomics Analysis and Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Stable Coronary Artery Disease. <i>Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2022, 9, 731325.	1.1	7
13	Screen-detected abnormal ankle brachial index: A risk indicator for future cardiovascular morbidity and mortality in patients with manifest cardiovascular disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0265050.	1.1	2
14	The relation between urinary sodium and potassium excretion and risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with cardiovascular disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0265429.	1.1	8
15	Estimated Life-Years Gained Free of New or Recurrent Major Cardiovascular Events With the Addition of Semaglutide to Standard of Care in People With Type 2 Diabetes and High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2022, 45, 1211-1218.	4.3	9
16	Modifiable risk factors in adults with and without prior cardiovascular disease: findings from the Indonesian National Basic Health Research. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2022, 22, 660.	1.2	11
17	Chronic kidney disease and atrial fibrillation: A dangerous combination. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0266046.	1.1	11
18	Blood pressure and cholesterol measurements in primary care: cross-sectional analyses in a dynamic cohort. <i>BJGP Open</i> , 2022, 6, BJGPO.2021.0131.	0.9	1

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19	Guía ESC 2021 sobre la prevención de la enfermedad cardiovascular en la práctica clínica. Revista Española De Cardiología, 2022, 75, 429.e1-429.e104.	0.6	27
20	Use of lipid-lowering therapy after ischaemic stroke and expected benefit from intensification of treatment. Open Heart, 2022, 9, e001972.	0.9	2
21	Number of measurement days needed for obtaining a reliable estimate of home blood pressure and hypertension status. Blood Pressure, 2022, 31, 100-108.	0.7	6
22	Lifestyle changes and kidney function: A 10-year follow-up study in patients with manifest cardiovascular disease. European Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2022, 52, e13814.	1.7	2
23	Personalizing treatment in end-stage kidney disease: deciding between haemodiafiltration and haemodialysis based on individualized treatment effect prediction. CKJ: Clinical Kidney Journal, 2022, 15, 1924-1931.	1.4	7
24	The relation between VLDL-cholesterol and risk of cardiovascular events in patients with manifest cardiovascular disease. International Journal of Cardiology, 2021, 322, 251-257.	0.8	13
25	Cardiovascular risk prediction tools made relevant for GPs and patients. Heart, 2021, 107, 332-340.	1.2	5
26	Plasma Trough Concentrations of Antihypertensive Drugs for the Assessment of Treatment Adherence. Hypertension, 2021, 77, 85-93.	1.3	5
27	Applicability of Blood Pressure-Lowering Drug Trials to Real-World Patients With Cardiovascular Disease. Hypertension, 2021, 77, 357-366.	1.3	0
28	Platelet aggregation inhibitor prescription for newly diagnosed peripheral arterial disease in the Netherlands: a cohort study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e041715.	0.8	4
29	Added value of cardiovascular calcifications for prediction of recurrent cardiovascular events and cardiovascular interventions in patients with established cardiovascular disease. International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging, 2021, 37, 2051-2061.	0.7	4
30	Relationship between classic vascular risk factors and cumulative recurrent cardiovascular event burden in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease: results from the UCC-SMART prospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e038881.	0.8	2
31	Prediction models for recurrence and bleeding in patients with venous thromboembolism: A systematic review and critical appraisal. Thrombosis Research, 2021, 199, 85-96.	0.8	25
32	End-stage kidney disease in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease; incidence and risk factors: results from the UCC-SMART cohort study. Journal of Nephrology, 2021, 34, 1511-1520.	0.9	2
33	Residual cardiovascular risk reduction guided by lifetime benefit estimation in patients with symptomatic atherosclerotic disease: effectiveness and cost-effectiveness. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2021, , .	0.8	3
34	TELE-PHARMACY CARE OF GUIDELINE-DIRECTED MEDICAL THERAPY IN HEART FAILURE PATIENTS IS FEASIBLE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2021, 77, 3046.	1.2	0
35	FC 069 CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE AND ATRIAL FIBRILLATION: A DANGEROUS COMBINATION. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2021, 36, .	0.4	0
36	Comment on Vistisen et al. A Validated Prediction Model for End-Stage Kidney Disease in Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care 2021;44:901-907. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, e139-e139.	4.3	1

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37	Adiposity and the development of dyslipidemia in APOE ϵ 2 homozygous subjects: A longitudinal analysis in two population-based cohorts. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2021, 325, 57-62.	0.4	8
38	MO825PERSONALIZING TREATMENT IN END-STAGE KIDNEY DISEASE: DECIDING BETWEEN HAEMODIAFILTRATION AND HEMODIALYSIS BASED ON INDIVIDUALIZED TREATMENT EFFECT PREDICTION. <i>Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation</i> , 2021, 36, .	0.4	0
39	SCORE2 risk prediction algorithms: new models to estimate 10-year risk of cardiovascular disease in Europe. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021, 42, 2439-2454.	1.0	491
40	SCORE2-OP risk prediction algorithms: estimating incident cardiovascular event risk in older persons in four geographical risk regions. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021, 42, 2455-2467.	1.0	210
41	Systematic Coronary Risk Evaluation (SCORE). <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 77, 3046-3057.	1.2	25
42	Apparent treatment resistant hypertension and the risk of recurrent cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with established vascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 334, 135-141.	0.8	6
43	Communicating personalised statin therapy-effects as 10-year CVD-risk or CVD-free life-expectancy: does it improve decisional conflict? Three-armed, blinded, randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e041673.	0.8	6
44	2021 ESC Guidelines on cardiovascular disease prevention in clinical practice. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021, 42, 3227-3337.	1.0	2,517
45	Risk Stratification in Patients with Ischemic Stroke and Residual Cardiovascular Risk with Current Secondary Prevention. <i>Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2021, Volume 13, 813-823.	1.5	9
46	Evaluation of contemporary treatment of high- and very high-risk patients for the prevention of cardiovascular events in Europe – Methodology and rationale for the multinational observational SANTORINI study. <i>Atherosclerosis Plus</i> , 2021, 43, 24-30.	0.3	17
47	Psychosocial factors and cancer incidence (PSY ϵ CA): Protocol for individual participant data meta ϵ analyses. <i>Brain and Behavior</i> , 2021, 11, e2340.	1.0	8
48	External applicability of SGLT2 inhibitor cardiovascular outcome trials to patients with type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021, 20, 181.	2.7	0
49	Insulin resistance and risk of vascular events, interventions and mortality in type 1 diabetes. <i>European Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2021, 185, 831-840.	1.9	10
50	Low-grade inflammation as a risk factor for cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021, 20, 220.	2.7	59
51	Allopurinol to reduce cardiovascular morbidity and mortality: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0260844.	1.1	11
52	Risk Factor Clusters and Cardiovascular Disease in High-Risk Patients: The UCC-SMART Study. <i>Global Heart</i> , 2021, 16, 85.	0.9	6
53	Prediction of individualized lifetime benefit from cholesterol lowering, blood pressure lowering, antithrombotic therapy, and smoking cessation in apparently healthy people. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020, 41, 1190-1199.	1.0	70
54	Risk prediction tools in cardiovascular disease prevention: A report from the ESC Prevention of CVD Programme led by the European Association of Preventive Cardiology (EAPC) in collaboration with the Acute Cardiovascular Care Association (ACCA) and the Association of Cardiovascular Nursing and Allied Professions (ACNAP). <i>European Heart Journal: Acute Cardiovascular Care</i> , 2020, 9, 522-532.	0.4	28

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55	2019 ESC/EAS Guidelines for the management of dyslipidaemias: lipid modification to reduce cardiovascular risk. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020, 41, 111-188.	1.0	4,871
56	Apparent therapy-resistant hypertension as risk factor for the development of type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2020, 38, 45-51.	0.3	5
57	Data mining information from electronic health records produced high yield and accuracy for current smoking status. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 118, 100-106.	2.4	25
58	Treatment of hypercholesterolaemia in older adults calls for a patient-centred approach. <i>Heart</i> , 2020, 106, 261-266.	1.2	10
59	Association of Factor V Leiden With Subsequent Atherothrombotic Events. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 142, 546-555.	1.6	11
60	Prediction of Lifetime and 10-Year Risk of Cancer in Individual Patients With Established Cardiovascular Disease. <i>JACC: CardioOncology</i> , 2020, 2, 400-410.	1.7	8
61	Carotid Intima-Media Thickness Progression as Surrogate Marker for Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 142, 621-642.	1.6	232
62	Multifocal cardiovascular calcification in patients with established cardiovascular disease; prevalence, risk factors, and relation with recurrent cardiovascular disease. <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2020, 27, 100499.	0.6	5
63	Circulating Neutrophils Do Not Predict Subclinical Coronary Artery Disease in Women with Former Preeclampsia. <i>Cells</i> , 2020, 9, 468.	1.8	5
64	Development of a clinical decision tool to reduce diagnostic testing for primary aldosteronism in patients with difficult-to-control hypertension. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2020, 20, 56.	0.9	2
65	Would treatment decisions about secondary prevention of CVD based on estimated lifetime benefit rather than 10-year risk reduction be cost-effective?. <i>Diagnostic and Prognostic Research</i> , 2020, 4, 4.	0.8	4
66	Cardiovascular risk factors and the risk of major adverse limb events in patients with symptomatic cardiovascular disease. <i>Heart</i> , 2020, 106, 1686-1692.	1.2	9
67	Limited benefit of haemoglobin glycation index as risk factor for cardiovascular disease in type 2 diabetes patients. <i>Diabetes and Metabolism</i> , 2019, 45, 254-260.	1.4	14
68	The prevalence of pseudoxanthoma elasticum: Revised estimations based on genotyping in a high vascular risk cohort. <i>European Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2019, 62, 90-92.	0.7	26
69	Heterogeneity of Treatment Effects From an Intensive Lifestyle Weight Loss Intervention on Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: Data From the Look AHEAD Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019, 42, 1988-1994.	4.3	16
70	Risk prediction tools in cardiovascular disease prevention: A report from the ESC Prevention of CVD Programme led by the European Association of Preventive Cardiology (EAPC) in collaboration with the Acute Cardiovascular Care Association (ACCA) and the Association of Cardiovascular Nursing and Allied Professions (ACNAP). <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2019, 18, 534-544.	0.4	26
71	Normal-range thyroid-stimulating hormone levels and cardiovascular events and mortality in type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2019, 157, 107880.	1.1	5
72	The relation between systemic inflammation and incident cancer in patients with stable cardiovascular disease: a cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 3901-3909.	1.0	54

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73	2019 ESC/EAS guidelines for the management of dyslipidaemias: Lipid modification to reduce cardiovascular risk. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019, 290, 140-205.	0.4	1,753
74	Estimating individual lifetime benefit and bleeding risk of adding rivaroxaban to aspirin for patients with stable cardiovascular disease: results from the COMPASS trial. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 3771-3778a.	1.0	34
75	Choosing the right strategy based on individualized treatment effect predictions: combination versus sequential chemotherapy in patients with metastatic colorectal cancer. <i>Acta Oncologica</i> , 2019, 58, 326-333.	0.8	3
76	Risk prediction tools in cardiovascular disease prevention: A report from the ESC Prevention of CVD Programme led by the European Association of Preventive Cardiology (EAPC) in collaboration with the Acute Cardiovascular Care Association (ACCA) and the Association of Cardiovascular Nursing and Allied Professions (ACNAP). <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2019, 26, 1534-1544.	0.8	87
77	Smoking cessation and risk of recurrent cardiovascular events and mortality after a first manifestation of arterial disease. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 213, 112-122.	1.2	36
78	The effect of computerized decision support systems on cardiovascular risk factors: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2019, 19, 108.	1.5	36
79	Mediation analysis of the relationship between type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality: Findings from the SMART cohort. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2019, 21, 1935-1943.	2.2	13
80	Comorbidity in patients with cardiovascular disease in primary care: a cohort study with routine healthcare data. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2019, 69, e398-e406.	0.7	55
81	Subsequent Event Risk in Individuals With Established Coronary Heart Disease. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2019, 12, e002470.	1.6	17
82	Association of Chromosome 9p21 With Subsequent Coronary Heart Disease Events. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2019, 12, e002471.	1.6	22
83	Individual Treatment Effect Estimation of 2 Doses of Dabigatran on Stroke and Major Bleeding in Atrial Fibrillation. <i>Circulation</i> , 2019, 139, 2846-2856.	1.6	11
84	Severe hypertriglyceridaemia and pancreatitis in a patient with lipoprotein lipase deficiency based on mutations in lipoprotein lipase (LPL) and apolipoprotein A5 (APOA5) genes. <i>BMJ Case Reports</i> , 2019, 12, e228199.	0.2	6
85	Prevalence of potential modifiable factors of hypertension in patients with difficult-to-control hypertension. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2019, 37, 398-405.	0.3	8
86	Adiposity and risk of decline in glomerular filtration rate: meta-analysis of individual participant data in a global consortium. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2019, 364, k5301.	2.4	139
87	Prediction of individual life-years gained without cardiovascular events from lipid, blood pressure, glucose, and aspirin treatment based on data of more than 500,000 patients with Type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 40, 2899-2906.	1.0	59
88	Relationship of Estimated GFR and Albuminuria to Concurrent Laboratory Abnormalities: An Individual Participant Data Meta-analysis in a Global Consortium. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2019, 73, 206-217.	2.1	49
89	Prevalence of Subclinical Coronary Artery Disease Assessed by Coronary Computed Tomography Angiography in 45- to 55-Year-Old Women With a History of Preeclampsia. <i>Circulation</i> , 2018, 137, 877-879.	1.6	51
90	Predicting the Effect of Fenofibrate on Cardiovascular Risk for Individual Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2018, 41, 1244-1250.	4.3	16

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91	Etidronate for Prevention of Ectopic Mineralization in Patients With Pseudoxanthoma Elasticum. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 71, 1117-1126.	1.2	88
92	Estimated individual lifetime benefit from PCSK9 inhibition in statin-treated patients with coronary artery disease. <i>Heart</i> , 2018, 104, 1699-1705.	1.2	12
93	Arterial stiffening and thickening in patients with pseudoxanthoma elasticum. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 270, 160-165.	0.4	11
94	Cost-effectiveness of PCSK9 inhibition in addition to standard lipid-lowering therapy in patients at high risk for vascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 253, 148-154.	0.8	23
95	Predicting timing of clinical outcomes in patients with chronic kidney disease and severely decreased glomerular filtration rate. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2018, 93, 1442-1451.	2.6	124
96	Decline in risk of recurrent cardiovascular events in the period 1996 to 2014 partly explained by better treatment of risk factors and less subclinical atherosclerosis. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 251, 96-102.	0.8	14
97	Apparent resistant hypertension and the risk of vascular events and mortality in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2018, 36, 143-150.	0.3	15
98	Estimated Life Expectancy Without Recurrent Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Vascular Disease: The SMART-REACH Model. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2018, 7, e009217.	1.6	54
99	The prediction of therapy-benefit for individual cardiovascular disease prevention. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2018, 29, 436-444.	1.2	21
100	Routinely measured hematological parameters and prediction of recurrent vascular events in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0202682.	1.1	10
101	Variation in minimum desired cardiovascular disease-free longevity benefit from statin and antihypertensive medications: a cross-sectional study of patient and primary care physician perspectives. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e021309.	0.8	12
102	Achieved LDL cholesterol levels in patients with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia: a model that explores the efficacy of conventional and novel lipid-lowering therapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2018, 12, 972-980.e1.	0.6	16
103	The relation between body fat distribution, plasma concentrations of adipokines and the metabolic syndrome in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018, 25, 1548-1557.	0.8	34
104	Combined use of polypill components in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018, 25, 1523-1531.	0.8	8
105	Four ECG left ventricular hypertrophy criteria and the risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with vascular disease. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2018, 36, 1865-1873.	0.3	10
106	Random measurement error: Why worry? An example of cardiovascular risk factors. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0192298.	1.1	41
107	Autosomal dominant familial dysbetalipoproteinemia: A pathophysiological framework and practical approach to diagnosis and therapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2017, 11, 12-23.e1.	0.6	33
108	Cerebral disease in a nationwide Dutch pseudoxanthoma elasticum cohort with a systematic review of the literature. <i>Journal of the Neurological Sciences</i> , 2017, 373, 167-172.	0.3	26

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109	Relation between brown adipose tissue and measures of obesity and metabolic dysfunction in patients with cardiovascular disease. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2017, 46, 497-504.	1.9	52
110	Cost-Effectiveness of Intensifying Lipid-Lowering Therapy With Statins Based on Individual Absolute Benefit in Coronary Artery Disease Patients. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017, 6, .	1.6	16
111	Relation between Kidney Length and Cardiovascular and Renal Risk in High-Risk Patients. <i>Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN</i> , 2017, 12, 921-928.	2.2	7
112	Familial dysbetalipoproteinemia: an underdiagnosed lipid disorder. <i>Current Opinion in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Obesity</i> , 2017, 24, 133-139.	1.2	61
113	Risk Factors for Recurrent Cardiovascular Events Before Age 65 Years or Within 2.5 Years of a Recent First Cardiovascular Event. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 120, 167-173.	0.7	2
114	Inter-arm systolic blood pressure differences, relations with future vascular events and mortality in patients with and without manifest vascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 244, 271-276.	0.8	30
115	Uniform data collection in routine clinical practice in cardiovascular patients for optimal care, quality control and research: The Utrecht Cardiovascular Cohort. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 840-847.	0.8	18
116	Response by Kaasenbrood et al to Letter Regarding Article, "Distribution of Estimated 10-Year Risk of Recurrent Vascular Events and Residual Risk in a Secondary Prevention Population". <i>Circulation</i> , 2017, 135, e820-e821.	1.6	2
117	Letter by Westerink and Visseren Regarding Article, "Ezetimibe in Combination With Statins Ameliorates Endothelial Dysfunction in Coronary Arteries After Stenting: The CuVIC Trial (Effect of Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlo". <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2017, 37, e53.	1.1	1
118	Identification of vascular patients at very high risk for recurrent cardiovascular events: validation of the current ACC/AHA very high risk criteria. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2017, 38, 3211-3218.	1.0	33
119	Safety of Temporary Discontinuation of Antihypertensive Medication in Patients With Difficult-to-Control Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017, 69, 927-932.	1.3	22
120	Impact of switching from different treatment regimens to a fixed-dose combination pill (polypill) in patients with cardiovascular disease or similarly high risk. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 951-961.	0.8	23
121	Relation of Epicardial Adipose Tissue Radiodensity to Coronary Artery Calcium on Cardiac Computed Tomography in Patients at High Risk for Cardiovascular Disease. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 119, 1359-1365.	0.7	37
122	Inclisiran in Patients at High Cardiovascular Risk with Elevated LDL Cholesterol. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 376, 1430-1440.	13.9	735
123	High ratios of kidney function to kidney size are related to mortality and kidney function decline in high-risk patients. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 926-933.	0.8	13
124	Prevalence and severity of arterial calcifications in pseudoxanthoma elasticum (PXE) compared to hospital controls. Novel insights into the vascular phenotype of PXE. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2017, 256, 7-14.	0.4	33
125	Impact of Selection Bias on Estimation of Subsequent Event Risk. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics</i> , 2017, 10, .	5.1	28
126	Effect of adding bezafibrate to standard lipid-lowering therapy on post-fat load lipid levels in patients with familial dysbetalipoproteinemia. A randomized placebo-controlled crossover trial. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2017, 58, 2180-2187.	2.0	14

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127	Prevalence and clinical characteristics of apparent therapy-resistant hypertension in patients with cardiovascular disease: a cross-sectional cohort study in secondary care. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e016692.	0.8	8
128	Adult derived genetic blood pressure scores and blood pressure measured in different body postures in young children. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 320-327.	0.8	7
129	Measures of chronic kidney disease and risk of incident peripheral artery disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2017, 5, 718-728.	5.5	110
130	Physical Activity and Characteristics of the Carotid Artery Wall in High-Risk Patients: The SMART (Second Manifestations of Arterial Disease) Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017, 6, .	1.6	11
131	SPRINT trial: It's not just the blood pressure!. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 1482-1484.	0.8	9
132	Incidence of cardiovascular events and vascular interventions in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 248, 301-307.	0.8	27
133	Trends in comorbidity in patients hospitalised for cardiovascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 248, 382-388.	0.8	37
134	Effect modification in the association between glycated haemoglobin and cardiovascular disease and mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2017, 19, 320-328.	2.2	3
135	Personalized absolute benefit of statin treatment for primary or secondary prevention of vascular disease in individual elderly patients. <i>Clinical Research in Cardiology</i> , 2017, 106, 58-68.	1.5	23
136	Relation between cardiovascular disease risk factors and epicardial adipose tissue density on cardiac computed tomography in patients at high risk of cardiovascular events. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 660-670.	0.8	60
137	Pioglitazone and the secondary prevention of cardiovascular disease. A meta-analysis of randomized-controlled trials. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2017, 16, 134.	2.7	89
138	Identifying treatment response to antihypertensives in patients with obesity-related hypertension. <i>Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2017, 23, 20.	0.7	3
139	Bisphosphonates for cardiovascular risk reduction: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2016, 252, 106-115.	0.4	108
140	The influence of baseline risk on the relation between HbA1c and risk for new cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes and symptomatic cardiovascular disease. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2016, 15, 101.	2.7	17
141	The Effects of Secondary Cardiovascular Prevention on Cancer Risk in Patients With Manifest Vascular Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 68, 2588-2589.	1.2	2
142	Abdominal fat and blood pressure in healthy young children. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2016, 34, 1796-1803.	0.3	11
143	HDL Cholesterol as a Residual Risk Factor for Vascular Events and All-Cause Mortality in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2016, 39, 1424-1430.	4.3	31
144	Development and Validation of a Model to Predict Absolute Vascular Risk Reduction by Moderate-Intensity Statin Therapy in Individual Patients With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2016, 9, 213-221.	0.9	12

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146	Estimation of individual beneficial and adverse effects of intensive glucose control for patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2016, 59, 2603-2612.	2.9	8
147	Distribution of Estimated 10-Year Risk of Recurrent Vascular Events and Residual Risk in a Secondary Prevention Population. <i>Circulation</i> , 2016, 134, 1419-1429.	1.6	183
148	Response to Comment on Sharif et al. HDL Cholesterol as a Residual Risk Factor for Vascular Events and All-Cause Mortality in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2016;39:1424-1430. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2016, 39, e190-e191.	4.3	0
149	Metabolic consequences of adipose tissue dysfunction and not adiposity per se increase the risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 222, 72-77.	0.8	13
150	Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol, Non-High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol, Triglycerides, and Apolipoprotein B and Cardiovascular Risk in Patients With Manifest Arterial Disease. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 118, 804-810.	0.7	23
151	Plasma CTGF is independently related to an increased risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients with atherosclerotic disease: the SMART study. <i>Growth Factors</i> , 2016, 34, 149-158.	0.5	19
152	How to translate clinical trial results into gain in healthy life expectancy for individual patients. <i>BMJ</i> , The, 2016, 352, i1548.	3.0	44
153	Tendon xanthomas: Not always familial hypercholesterolemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2016, 10, 1262-1265.	0.6	14
154	Novel Biomarkers to Improve the Prediction of Cardiovascular Event Risk in Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2016, 5, .	1.6	56
155	Cause-specific mortality and years of life lost in patients with different manifestations of vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2016, 23, 160-169.	0.8	14
156	Reliability and agreement of adipose tissue fat fraction measurements with water-fat MRI in patients with manifest cardiovascular disease. <i>NMR in Biomedicine</i> , 2016, 29, 48-56.	1.6	23
157	Estimated cardiovascular relative risk reduction from fixed-dose combination pill (polypill) treatment in a wide range of patients with a moderate risk of cardiovascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2016, 23, 1289-1297.	0.8	13
158	The relation between apolipoprotein E (APOE) genotype and peripheral artery disease in patients at high risk for cardiovascular disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2016, 246, 187-192.	0.4	22
159	Physical Activity and Vascular Events and Mortality in Patients with Vascular Disease. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2015, 47, 2359-2365.	0.2	6
160	The relation between body iron stores and adipose tissue function in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2015, 45, 1127-1127.	1.7	0
161	Research update for articles published in <i>EJCI</i> in 2013. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2015, 45, 1005-1016.	1.7	1
162	FP342 COMBINING KIDNEY FUNCTION AND SIZE AND ITS RELATION TO KIDNEY FUNCTION DECLINE, CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS AND ALL-CAUSE MORTALITY IN PATIENTS WITH CLINICAL MANIFEST VASCULAR DISEASE. <i>Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation</i> , 2015, 30, iii182-iii183.	0.4	0

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164	Effect of Statin Therapy on Incident Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in Patients With Clinically Manifest Vascular Disease. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 115, 441-446.	0.7	16
165	Inflammatory characteristics of distinct abdominal adipose tissue depots relate differently to metabolic risk factors for cardiovascular disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 239, 419-427.	0.4	66
166	Prediction of absolute risk reduction of cardiovascular events with perindopril for individual patients with stable coronary artery disease – Results from EUROPA. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 182, 194-199.	0.8	11
167	Incremental value of a genetic risk score for the prediction of new vascular events in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 239, 451-458.	0.4	31
168	Prevalence and risk of cardiovascular risk factors and events in offspring of patients at high vascular risk and effect of location of parental vascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 195, 195-202.	0.8	6
169	Paternal or maternal history of cardiovascular disease and the risk of cardiovascular disease in offspring. A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 179, 409-416.	0.8	32
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171	Effect of Type 2 Diabetes on Recurrent Major Cardiovascular Events for Patients With Symptomatic Vascular Disease at Different Locations. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015, 38, 1528-1535.	4.3	17
172	Extracellular vesicle-derived CD14 is independently associated with the extent of cardiovascular disease burden in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2015, 22, 451-457.	0.8	15
173	Vascular risk factors, vascular disease, lipids and lipid targets in patients with familial dysbetalipoproteinemia: A European cross-sectional study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 240, 90-97.	0.4	43
174	The relation between the presence of cardiovascular disease and vascular risk factors in offspring and the occurrence of new vascular events in their parents already at high vascular risk. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2015, 170, 744-752.e2.	1.2	4
175	Hypertensive Target Organ Damage and Longitudinal Changes in Brain Structure and Function. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015, 66, 1152-1158.	1.3	27
176	Presence of albuminuria predicts left ventricular mass in patients with chronic systemic arterial hypertension. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2015, 45, 550-556.	1.7	6
177	Association between CETP gene polymorphism, insulin resistance and risk of diabetes mellitus in patients with vascular disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 242, 605-610.	0.4	9
178	The Relation Between HbA1c and Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes With and Without Vascular Disease. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015, 38, 1930-1936.	4.3	35
179	Body Weight, Metabolic Dysfunction, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Patients at High Risk for Cardiovascular Events or With Manifest Cardiovascular Disease: A Cohort Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015, 38, 1945-1951.	4.3	17
180	Individualised prediction of alternate-day aspirin treatment effects on the combined risk of cancer, cardiovascular disease and gastrointestinal bleeding in healthy women. <i>Heart</i> , 2015, 101, 369-376.	1.2	41

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182	Predicting the Effects of Blood Pressure Lowering Treatment on Major Cardiovascular Events for Individual Patients With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015, 65, 115-121.	1.3	24
183	Rs964184 (APOA5-A4-C3-A1) Is Related to Elevated Plasma Triglyceride Levels, but Not to an Increased Risk for Vascular Events in Patients with Clinically Manifest Vascular Disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e101082.	1.1	22
184	The Evening versus Morning Polypill Utilization Study: the TEMPUS rationale and design. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2014, 21, 425-433.	0.8	10
185	Relationship between leptin and lung function in young healthy children. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2014, 43, 1189-1192.	3.1	27
186	Homocysteine and progression of generalized small-vessel disease. <i>Neurology</i> , 2014, 82, 777-783.	1.5	58
187	Extracellular vesicle protein levels are related to brain atrophy and cerebral white matter lesions in patients with manifest vascular disease: the SMART-MR study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e003824.	0.8	22
188	Feasibility and reproducibility of free fatty acid profiling in abdominal adipose tissue with ¹ H-magnetic resonance spectroscopy at 3 T: Differences between lean and obese individuals. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2014, 40, 423-431.	1.9	7
189	The relation between resting heart rate and cancer incidence, cancer mortality and all-cause mortality in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2014, 38, 715-721.	0.8	18
190	LDL-related SNPs are associated with LDL and myocardial infarction despite lipid-lowering therapy in patients with established vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2014, 44, 184-191.	1.7	13
191	Human adipocyte extracellular vesicles in reciprocal signaling between adipocytes and macrophages. <i>Obesity</i> , 2014, 22, 1296-1308.	1.5	142
192	Dementia and cognitive decline in type 2 diabetes and prediabetic stages: towards targeted interventions. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2014, 2, 246-255.	5.5	431
193	Parental history and the risk of subsequent vascular events in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease: The effects of sex of the parent and vascular disease location. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 234, 129-135.	0.4	9
194	Personalized cardiovascular disease prevention by applying individualized prediction of treatment effects. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2014, 35, 837-843.	1.0	54
195	An Oral Mixed Fat Load Is Followed by a Modest Anti-inflammatory Adipocytokine Response in Overweight Patients with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Lipids</i> , 2014, 49, 247-254.	0.7	11
196	Extracellular vesicle markers in relation to obesity and metabolic complications in patients with manifest cardiovascular disease. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2014, 13, 37.	2.7	98
197	Effect of extracellular vesicles of human adipose tissue on insulin signaling in liver and muscle cells. <i>Obesity</i> , 2014, 22, 2216-2223.	1.5	128
198	Premature atherosclerosis, extremely low HDL-cholesterol and concurrent defects in APOA1 and ABCA1 genes: A family case report. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 177, e19-e21.	0.8	5

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200	The role of T cells in the development of cardiovascular disease in HIV-infected patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 237, 92-98.	0.4	20
201	Secretion of adipocytokines by perivascular adipose tissue near stenotic and non-stenotic coronary artery segments in patients undergoing CABG. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 233, 242-247.	0.4	31
202	Abstract 11552: Statin Therapy in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes: Development and Validation of a Model to Predict Individualized Treatment Effects Based on the ASCOT, ALLHAT and CARDS Trials. <i>Circulation</i> , 2014, 130, .	1.6	0
203	The combined use of aspirin, a statin, and blood pressure-lowering agents (polypill components) and the risk of vascular morbidity and mortality in patients with coronary artery disease. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2013, 166, 282-289.e1.	1.2	49
204	Blood Pressure and Progression of Brain Atrophy. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2013, 70, 1046.	4.5	42
205	Plasma triglyceride levels increase the risk for recurrent vascular events independent of LDL-cholesterol or nonHDL-cholesterol. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 167, 403-408.	0.8	23
206	Asymptomatic Carotid Artery Stenosis and the Risk of Ischemic Stroke According to Subtype in Patients With Clinical Manifest Arterial Disease. <i>Stroke</i> , 2013, 44, 1002-1007.	1.0	101
207	C-reactive protein and incident diabetes in patients with arterial disease. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2013, 43, 1052-1059.	1.7	7
208	Screening for C-reactive protein in CVD prediction. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 2013, 10, 12-14.	6.1	11
209	The risk of resting heart rate on vascular events and mortality in vascular patients. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 168, 1410-1415.	0.8	24
210	Microvesicle protein levels are associated with increased risk for future vascular events and mortality in patients with clinically manifest vascular disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 168, 2358-2363.	0.8	79
211	High-dose statin monotherapy versus low-dose statin/ezetimibe combination on fasting and postprandial lipids and endothelial function in obese patients with the metabolic syndrome: The PANACEA study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013, 227, 118-124.	0.4	38
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213	Relationship between myocardial bridges and reduced coronary atherosclerosis in patients with angina pectoris. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 167, 883-888.	0.8	27
214	Renal impairment and all-cause mortality in cardiovascular disease: effect modification by type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2013, 43, 198-207.	1.7	11
215	Adiponectin and incident coronary heart disease and stroke. A systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective studies. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2013, 14, 555-567.	3.1	66
216	The daily 10â€¦kcal expenditure deficit: a before-and-after study on low-cost interventions in the work environment. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e002125.	0.8	10

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218	The combined use of aspirin, a statin, and blood pressure-lowering agents (polypill components) in clinical practice in patients with vascular diseases or type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2013, 20, 771-778.	0.8	16
219	Cancer Risk in Patients with Manifest Vascular Disease: Effects of Smoking, Obesity, and Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2013, 22, 1267-1277.	1.1	55
220	Development and validation of a prediction rule for recurrent vascular events based on a cohort study of patients with arterial disease: the SMART risk score. <i>Heart</i> , 2013, 99, 866-872.	1.2	162
221	Research update for articles published in <sc>EJCI</sc> in 2011. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2013, 43, 1097-1110.	1.7	2
222	The relation between body iron stores and adipose tissue function in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2013, 43, 1240-1249.	1.7	6
223	Hepatocyte growth factor and interferon- γ inducible protein-10 are related to visceral adiposity. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2013, 43, 369-378.	1.7	12
224	High-Dose Statin Therapy in Patients With Stable Coronary Artery Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2013, 127, 2485-2493.	1.6	38
225	Age-related differences in abdominal fat distribution in premenopausal and postmenopausal women with cardiovascular disease. <i>Menopause</i> , 2013, 20, 409-417.	0.8	18
226	Hypertensive target organ damage and the risk for vascular events and all-cause mortality in patients with vascular disease. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 492-500.	0.3	31
227	Differential effects of renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system inhibition, sympathoinhibition and diuretic therapy on endothelial function and blood pressure in obesity-related hypertension. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 393-403.	0.3	44
228	Excess Early Postnatal Weight Gain Leads to Increased Abdominal Fat in Young Children. <i>International Journal of Pediatrics (United Kingdom)</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-8.	0.2	17
229	Relation Between Blood Pressure and Vascular Events and Mortality in Patients With Manifest Vascular Disease. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2012, 59, 14-21.	1.3	117
230	PS15 - 73. Identification and characterization of microvesicles secreted by human SGBS-adipocytes. <i>Nederlands Tijdschrift Voor Diabetologie</i> , 2012, 10, 150-151.	0.0	0
231	Prediction model with metabolic syndrome to predict recurrent vascular events in patients with clinically manifest vascular diseases. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2012, 19, 1486-1495.	0.8	2
232	Relation between adiposity and hypertension persists after onset of clinically manifest arterial disease. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012, 30, 2331-2337.	0.3	9
233	Serum angiotensin-converting enzyme and recurrent vascular events. The SMART-MR study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 224, 486-491.	0.4	9
234	Coronary perivascular adipose tissue characteristics are related to atherosclerotic plaque size and composition. A post-mortem study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 225, 99-104.	0.4	70

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236	Increased Visceral Adipose Tissue Is Associated With Increased Resting Heart Rate in Patients With Manifest Vascular Disease. <i>Obesity</i> , 2012, 20, 834-841.	1.5	20
237	The Prevalence of Obesity-Related Hypertension and Risk for New Vascular Events in Patients With Vascular Diseases. <i>Obesity</i> , 2012, 20, 2118-2123.	1.5	14
238	Hypertension and longitudinal changes in cerebral blood flow: The SMART-MR study. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2012, 71, 825-833.	2.8	147
239	Perivascular adipose tissue as a cause of atherosclerosis. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011, 214, 3-10.	0.4	214
240	The relation between thyroid-stimulating hormone and measures of adiposity in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2011, 41, 159-166.	1.7	20
241	Insulin resistance increases the occurrence of new cardiovascular events in patients with manifest arterial disease without known diabetes. The SMART study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2011, 10, 100.	2.7	29
242	Estimating treatment effects for individual patients based on the results of randomised clinical trials. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2011, 343, d5888-d5888.	2.4	120
243	The Effect of Self-Efficacy on Cardiovascular Lifestyle. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2011, 10, 180-186.	0.4	76
244	The association between breastfeeding and the cardiovascular system in early childhood. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011, 93, 712-718.	2.2	43
245	Aspirin for primary prevention of vascular events in women: individualized prediction of treatment effects. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2011, 32, 2962-2969.	1.0	36
246	Blood pressure, cerebral blood flow, and brain volumes. The SMART-MR study. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2010, 28, 1498-1505.	0.3	64
247	Trends in vascular risk factors and medication use in patients with various manifestations of vascular diseases or type 2 diabetes mellitus from 1996 to 2007: the Second Manifestations of ARterial disease study. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2010, 17, 628-636.	3.1	10
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249	The Effect of a Self-Management Intervention to Reduce Vascular Risk Factors in Patients with Manifestations of Vascular Diseases. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2010, 9, 132-139.	0.4	8
250	Acute and chronic renal artery stenosis. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2010, 31, 14-14.	1.0	1
251	A prediction model for left ventricular mass in patients at high cardiovascular risk. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2010, 17, 621-627.	3.1	10
252	Increased visceral adipose tissue mass is associated with increased C-reactive protein in patients with manifest vascular diseases. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2010, 212, 274-280.	0.4	55

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254	Blood Pressure and Progression of Cerebral Atrophy in Patients With Vascular Disease. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2009, 22, 1183-1189.	1.0	12
255	Social Support and Change in Vascular Risk Factors in Patients with Clinical Manifestations of Vascular Diseases. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2009, 8, 137-143.	0.4	4
256	Obesity and Cancer: The Role of Dysfunctional Adipose Tissue. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2009, 18, 2569-2578.	1.1	617
257	The effect of statin alone or in combination with ezetimibe on postprandial lipoprotein composition in obese metabolic syndrome patients. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009, 202, 216-224.	0.4	39
258	Lipid-lowering therapy does not affect the postprandial drop in high density lipoprotein-cholesterol (HDL-c) plasma levels in obese men with metabolic syndrome: a randomized double blind crossover trial. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2008, 69, 870-877.	1.2	16
259	Relation of Epicardial and Pericoronary Fat to Coronary Atherosclerosis and Coronary Artery Calcium in Patients Undergoing Coronary Angiography. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2008, 102, 380-385.	0.7	239
260	Adipose tissue dysfunction in obesity, diabetes, and vascular diseases. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2008, 29, 2959-2971.	1.0	1,161
261	Quantification of epicardial and peri-coronary fat using cardiac computed tomography; reproducibility and relation with obesity and metabolic syndrome in patients suspected of coronary artery disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2008, 197, 896-903.	0.4	229
262	Metabolic syndrome and incidence of type 2 diabetes in patients with manifest vascular disease. <i>Diabetes and Vascular Disease Research</i> , 2008, 5, 114-122.	0.9	26
263	The Effects of Low-Dose Simvastatin and Ezetimibe Compared to High-Dose Simvastatin Alone on Post-Fat Load Endothelial Function in Patients With Metabolic Syndrome: A Randomized Double-Blind Crossover Trial. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 52, 145-150.	0.8	41
264	Induction of Insulin Resistance by Adipokines in Human Megakaryocytes. <i>Blood</i> , 2008, 112, 5390-5390.	0.6	0
265	Metabolic syndrome and the risk of new vascular events and all-cause mortality in patients with coronary artery disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral arterial disease or abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2007, 29, 213-223.	1.0	72
266	Asymptomatic Carotid Artery Stenosis and the Risk of New Vascular Events in Patients With Manifest Arterial Disease. <i>Stroke</i> , 2007, 38, 1470-1475.	1.0	202
267	Response to Letter by Cote. <i>Stroke</i> , 2007, 38, .	1.0	0
268	Low plasma levels of adiponectin are associated with low risk for future cardiovascular events in patients with clinical evident vascular disease. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2007, 154, 750.e1-750.e7.	1.2	28
269	The effect of leisure-time physical activity on the presence of metabolic syndrome in patients with manifest arterial disease. The SMART study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2007, 154, 1146-1152.	1.2	26
270	Torcetrapib and carotid intima-media thickness in mixed dyslipidaemia (RADIANCE 2 study): a randomised, double-blind trial. <i>Lancet</i> , 2007, 370, 153-160.	6.3	432

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272	Abdominal Fat and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in Patients with Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Obesity</i> , 2007, 15, 1623-1630.	1.5	6
273	The operative risk factors in the metabolic syndrome: Is it lipids and high BP or are there direct vascular effects of insulin resistance and obesity?. <i>Current Diabetes Reports</i> , 2007, 7, 74-81.	1.7	2
274	TNF- α induces endothelial dysfunction in diabetic adults, an effect reversible by the PPAR- γ agonist pioglitazone. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2006, 27, 1605-1609.	1.0	73
275	A randomized, controlled trial for risk factor reduction in patients with symptomatic vascular disease: the multidisciplinary Vascular Prevention by Nurses Study (VENUS). <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2006, 13, 996-1003.	3.1	30
276	Short-Term Pioglitazone Treatment Improves Vascular Function Irrespective of Metabolic Changes in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 46, 773-778.	0.8	105
277	The Metabolic Syndrome is associated with advanced vascular damage in patients with coronary heart disease, stroke, peripheral arterial disease or abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2004, 25, 342-348.	1.0	231
278	Intracellular Labile Iron Modulates Adhesion of Human Monocytes to Human Endothelial Cells. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2004, 24, 2257-2262.	1.1	54
279	Prevalence of the metabolic syndrome in patients with coronary heart disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral arterial disease or abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2004, 173, 361-367.	0.4	171
280	Metabolic and Additional Vascular Effects of Thiazolidinediones. <i>Drugs</i> , 2002, 62, 1463-1480.	4.9	265
281	Iron chelation and hydroxyl radical scavenging reduce the inflammatory response of endothelial cells after infection with <i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> or influenza A. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2002, 32, 84-90.	1.7	53