Carl J Lavie

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

1713 2196 55,985 747 107 208 citations h-index g-index papers 759 759 759 52531 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Global Burden of Cardiovascular Diseases and Risk Factors, 1990–2019. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2020, 76, 2982-3021. | 1.2 | 4,468 |
| 2 | Obesity and Cardiovascular Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2009, 53, 1925-1932. | 1.2 | 1,759 |
| 3 | Effectiveness-Based Guidelines for the Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease in Women—2011 Update. Circulation, 2011, 123, 1243-1262. | 1.6 | 1,576 |
| 4 | Clinician's Guide to Cardiopulmonary Exercise Testing in Adults. Circulation, 2010, 122, 191-225. | 1.6 | 1,515 |
| 5 | Importance of Assessing Cardiorespiratory Fitness in Clinical Practice: A Case for Fitness as a Clinical Vital Sign: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association. Circulation, 2016, 134, e653-e699. | 1.6 | 1,423 |
| 6 | Psychosocial impact of COVID-19. Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research and Reviews, 2020, 14, 779-788. | 1.8 | 1,215 |
| 7 | Obesity and Cardiovascular Disease: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association. Circulation, 2021, 143, e984-e1010. | 1.6 | 928 |
| 8 | Sedentary Behavior, Exercise, and Cardiovascular Health. Circulation Research, 2019, 124, 799-815. | 2.0 | 836 |
| 9 | Obesity and Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation Research, 2016, 118, 1752-1770. | 2.0 | 797 |
| 10 | Effectiveness-Based Guidelines for the Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease in Women—2011 Update. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 57, 1404-1423. | 1.2 | 679 |
| 11 | Leisure-Time Running Reduces All-Cause and Cardiovascular Mortality Risk. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2014, 64, 472-481. | 1.2 | 611 |
| 12 | Clinical Recommendations for Cardiopulmonary Exercise Testing Data Assessment in Specific Patient Populations. Circulation, 2012, 126, 2261-2274. | 1.6 | 596 |
| 13 | Physical exercise as therapy to fight against the mental and physical consequences of COVID-19 quarantine: Special focus in older people. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 63, 386-388. | 1.6 | 558 |
| 14 | The Role of Exercise and Physical Activity in Weight Loss and Maintenance. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 56, 441-447. | 1.6 | 555 |
| 15 | Exercise and the Cardiovascular System. Circulation Research, 2015, 117, 207-219. | 2.0 | 553 |
| 16 | Cardiac troponin I in patients with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19): Evidence from a meta-analysis. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 63, 390-391. | 1.6 | 549 |
| 17 | A tale of two pandemics: How will COVID-19 and global trends in physical inactivity and sedentary behavior affect one another?. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 64, 108-110. | 1.6 | 526 |
| 18 | Omega-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Cardiovascular Diseases. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2009, 54, 585-594. | 1.2 | 518 |

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Physical Activity and Cardiorespiratory Fitness as Major Markers of Cardiovascular Risk: Their Independent and Interwoven Importance to Health Status. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 57, 306-314. | 1.6 | 511 |
| 20 | Obesity and Cardiovascular Diseases. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2014, 63, 1345-1354. | 1.2 | 507 |
| 21 | Impact of Obesity and the Obesity Paradox on Prevalence and Prognosis in HeartÂFailure. JACC: Heart Failure, 2013, 1, 93-102. | 1.9 | 463 |
| 22 | An Overview and Update on Obesity and the Obesity Paradox in Cardiovascular Diseases. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 61, 142-150. | 1.6 | 460 |
| 23 | Body composition and prognosis in chronic systolic heart failure: the obesity paradox. American Journal of Cardiology, 2003, 91, 891-894. | 0.7 | 447 |
| 24 | Alcohol and Cardiovascular Health. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2007, 50, 1009-1014. | 1.2 | 401 |
| 25 | Obesity and Prevalence of Cardiovascular Diseases and Prognosis—The Obesity Paradox Updated. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2016, 58, 537-547. | 1.6 | 372 |
| 26 | Promoting Physical Activity and Exercise. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2018, 72, 1622-1639. | 1.2 | 336 |
| 27 | Meta-Analysis of the Relation of Body Mass Index to All-Cause and Cardiovascular Mortality and Hospitalization in Patients With Chronic Heart Failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 115, 1428-1434. | 0.7 | 333 |
| 28 | Potential Adverse Cardiovascular Effects From Excessive Endurance Exercise. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2012, 87, 587-595. | 1.4 | 330 |
| 29 | Effects of Muscular Strength on Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Prognosis. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2012, 32, 351-358. | 1.2 | 325 |
| 30 | Obesity and Atrial Fibrillation Prevalence, Pathogenesis, and Prognosis. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 70, 2022-2035. | 1.2 | 315 |
| 31 | Clinical features, laboratory characteristics, and outcomes of patients hospitalized with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19): Early report from the United States. Diagnosis, 2020, 7, 91-96. | 1.2 | 312 |
| 32 | The Importance of Cardiorespiratory Fitness in the United States: The Need for a National Registry. Circulation, 2013, 127, 652-662. | 1.6 | 309 |
| 33 | Healthy Weight and Obesity Prevention. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2018, 72, 1506-1531. | 1.2 | 306 |
| 34 | Effects of Habitual Coffee Consumption on Cardiometabolic Disease, Cardiovascular Health, and All-Cause Mortality. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2013, 62, 1043-1051. | 1.2 | 305 |
| 35 | Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus and Cardiovascular Disease: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association and American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2843-2863. | 4.3 | 297 |
| 36 | Impact of Cardiac Rehabilitation on Depression and Its Associated Mortality. American Journal of Medicine, 2007, 120, 799-806. | 0.6 | 284 |

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus and Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2014, 130, 1110-1130. | 1.6 | 277 |
| 38 | Reduction in C-reactive protein through cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2004, 43, 1056-1061. | 1.2 | 273 |
| 39 | Physical Activity, Cardiorespiratory Fitness, and Exercise Training in Primary and Secondary Coronary Prevention. Circulation Journal, 2013, 77, 281-292. | 0.7 | 272 |
| 40 | Benefits of Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training. Chest, 2000, 117, 5-7. | 0.4 | 256 |
| 41 | Physical Activity Promotion in the Health Care System. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 1446-1461. | 1.4 | 256 |
| 42 | Body Composition and Survival in Stable Coronary Heart Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2012, 60, 1374-1380. | 1.2 | 250 |
| 43 | Assessment of Functional Capacity in Clinical and Research Applications. Circulation, 2000, 102, 1591-1597. | 1.6 | 246 |
| 44 | Changes in Fitness and Fatness on the Development of Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2012, 59, 665-672. | 1.2 | 245 |
| 45 | Benefits of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training in secondary coronary prevention in the elderly. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 1993, 22, 678-683. | 1.2 | 243 |
| 46 | Exercise Intolerance in Patients With Heart Failure. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2019, 73, 2209-2225. | 1.2 | 236 |
| 47 | Obesity and Outcomes in COVID-19: When an Epidemic and Pandemic Collide. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2020, 95, 1445-1453. | 1.4 | 235 |
| 48 | <p>Obesity paradox in cardiovascular disease: where do we stand?</p> . Vascular Health and Risk Management, 2019, Volume 15, 89-100. | 1.0 | 234 |
| 49 | Exercise Training and Cardiac Rehabilitation in Primary and Secondary Prevention of Coronary Heart Disease. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2009, 84, 373-383. | 1.4 | 230 |
| 50 | The Obesity Paradox, Cardiorespiratory Fitness, and Coronary Heart Disease. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2012, 87, 443-451. | 1.4 | 226 |
| 51 | Omega-3 Fatty Acids for Cardioprotection. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2008, 83, 324-332. | 1.4 | 218 |
| 52 | Body Mass Index, the Most Widely Used But Also Widely Criticized Index. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2016, 91, 443-455. | 1.4 | 218 |
| 53 | The Obesity Paradox, Weight Loss, and Coronary Disease. American Journal of Medicine, 2009, 122, 1106-1114. | 0.6 | 215 |
| 54 | Running as a Key Lifestyle Medicine for Longevity. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 60, 45-55. | 1.6 | 214 |

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Effects of Cardiac Rehabilitation, Exercise Training, and Weight Reduction on Exercise Capacity, Coronary Risk Factors, Behavioral Characteristics, and Quality of Life in Obese Coronary Patients. American Journal of Cardiology, 1997, 79, 397-401. | 0.7 | 213 |
| 56 | Pharmaco-Immunomodulatory Therapy in COVID-19. Drugs, 2020, 80, 1267-1292. | 4.9 | 208 |
| 57 | Effects of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training programs on depression in patients after major coronary events. American Heart Journal, 1996, 132, 726-732. | 1.2 | 203 |
| 58 | Healthy obese versus unhealthy lean: the obesity paradox. Nature Reviews Endocrinology, 2015, 11, 55-62. | 4.3 | 202 |
| 59 | A Prospective Study of Muscular Strength and All-Cause Mortality in Men With Hypertension. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 57, 1831-1837. | 1.2 | 201 |
| 60 | Update on Obesity and Obesity Paradox in Heart Failure. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2016, 58, 393-400. | 1.6 | 199 |
| 61 | Obesity and Heart Failure: Focus on the Obesity Paradox. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2017, 92, 266-279. | 1.4 | 199 |
| 62 | Diabetic cardiomyopathy - A comprehensive updated review. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2019, 62, 315-326. | 1.6 | 197 |
| 63 | Impact of Cardiorespiratory Fitness on the Obesity Paradox in Patients With Heart Failure. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 251-258. | 1.4 | 196 |
| 64 | Exercise Training and Cardiac Rehabilitation in Primary and Secondary Prevention of Coronary Heart Disease. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2009, 84, 373-383. | 1.4 | 193 |
| 65 | Physical activity for immunity protection: Inoculating populations with healthy living medicine in preparation for the next pandemic. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 64, 102-104. | 1.6 | 193 |
| 66 | Effects of cardiac rehabilitation programs on exercise capacity, coronary risk factors, behavioral characteristics, and qualify of life in a large elderly cohort. American Journal of Cardiology, 1995, 76, 177-179. | 0.7 | 192 |
| 67 | The Inadmissibility of What We Eat in America and NHANES Dietary Data in Nutrition and Obesity Research and the Scientific Formulation of National Dietary Guidelines. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2015, 90, 911-926. | 1.4 | 188 |
| 68 | Omega-3 fatty acids: cardiovascular benefits, sources and sustainability. Nature Reviews Cardiology, 2009, 6, 753-758. | 6.1 | 187 |
| 69 | Left ventricular hypertrophy and hypertension. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 63, 10-21. | 1.6 | 184 |
| 70 | Obesity and heart failure: epidemiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and management. Translational Research, 2014, 164, 345-356. | 2.2 | 181 |
| 71 | The P4 Health Spectrum – A Predictive, Preventive, Personalized and Participatory Continuum for Promoting Healthspan. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 59, 506-521. | 1.6 | 178 |
| 72 | Obesity, risk of diabetes and role of physical activity, exercise training and cardiorespiratory fitness. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2019, 62, 327-333. | 1.6 | 177 |

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| 73 | The incremental prognostic importance of body fat adjusted peak oxygen consumption in chronic heart failure. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2000, 36, 2126-2131. | 1.2 | 175 |
| 74 | Vitamin D and Cardiovascular Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 58, 1547-1556. | 1.2 | 174 |
| 75 | Effects of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training on exercise capacity, coronary risk factors, behavioral characteristics, and quality of life in women. American Journal of Cardiology, 1995, 75, 340-343. | 0.7 | 172 |
| 76 | Impact of Physical Activity, Cardiorespiratory Fitness, and Exercise Training on Markers of Inflammation. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2011, 31, 137-145. | 1.2 | 162 |
| 77 | Increasing Referral and Participation Rates to Outpatient Cardiac Rehabilitation: The Valuable Role of Healthcare Professionals in the Inpatient and Home Health Settings. Circulation, 2012, 125, 1321-1329. | 1.6 | 162 |
| 78 | Left Ventricular Geometry and Survival in Patients With Normal Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction. American Journal of Cardiology, 2006, 97, 959-963. | 0.7 | 156 |
| 79 | The Impact of Obesity on Risk Factors and Prevalence and Prognosis of Coronary Heart Disease—The Obesity Paradox. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 56, 401-408. | 1.6 | 155 |
| 80 | Management of cardiovascular diseases in patients with obesity. Nature Reviews Cardiology, 2018, 15, 45-56. | 6.1 | 153 |
| 81 | Obesity and cardiovascular diseases. Minerva Medica, 2017, 108, 212-228. | 0.3 | 151 |
| 82 | Global physical activity levels - Need for intervention. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2019, 62, 102-107. | 1.6 | 149 |
| 83 | An Update on the Role of Cardiorespiratory Fitness, Structured Exercise and Lifestyle Physical Activity in Preventing Cardiovascular Disease and Health Risk. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 61, 484-490. | 1.6 | 148 |
| 84 | Adverse Psychological and Coronary Risk Profiles in Young Patients With Coronary Artery Disease and Benefits of Formal Cardiac Rehabilitation. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2006, 166, 1878. | 4.3 | 147 |
| 85 | Health Care 2020: Reengineering Health Care Delivery to Combat Chronic Disease. American Journal of Medicine, 2015, 128, 337-343. | 0.6 | 146 |
| 86 | Effects of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training on autonomic regulation in patients with coronary artery disease. American Heart Journal, 2002, 143, 977-983. | 1.2 | 143 |
| 87 | Sustained Physical Activity, NotÂWeightÂLoss, Associated With Improved Survival in CoronaryÂHeart Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2018, 71, 1094-1101. | 1.2 | 142 |
| 88 | Understanding the Basics of Cardiopulmonary Exercise Testing. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2006, 81, 1603-1611. | 1.4 | 140 |
| 89 | Clinical Impact of Left Ventricular Hypertrophy and Implications for Regression. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2009, 52, 153-167. | 1.6 | 140 |
| 90 | 45-Year Trends in Women's Use of Time and Household Management Energy Expenditure. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e56620. | 1.1 | 137 |

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| 91 | Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training in Secondary Coronary Heart Disease Prevention. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2011, 53, 397-403. | 1.6 | 136 |
| 92 | Association of Cardiovascular Disease With Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Severity: A Meta-Analysis. Current Problems in Cardiology, 2020, 45, 100617. | 1.1 | 134 |
| 93 | Body Composition and Coronary Heart Disease Mortality—An Obesity or a Lean Paradox?. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2011, 86, 857-864. | 1.4 | 133 |
| 94 | The Interaction of Cardiorespiratory Fitness With Obesity and the Obesity Paradox in Cardiovascular Disease. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 60, 30-44. | 1.6 | 132 |
| 95 | Prevalence and profile of metabolic syndrome in patients following acute coronary events and effects of therapeutic lifestyle change with cardiac rehabilitation. American Journal of Cardiology, 2003, 92, 50-54. | 0.7 | 129 |
| 96 | Vitamin D and cardiovascular health. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2946-2957. | 2.3 | 128 |
| 97 | Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2 and Antihypertensives (Angiotensin Receptor Blockers and) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843 2020, 95, 1222-1230. | 14 rgBT /(1.4 | Overlock 10 127 |
| 98 | The Fat but Fit paradox: what we know and don't know about it. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2018, 52, 151-153. | 3.1 | 126 |
| 99 | Atrial Fibrillation in the 21st Century: A Current Understanding of Risk Factors and Primary Prevention Strategies. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 394-409. | 1.4 | 125 |
| 100 | Prevalence and Effects of Cardiac Rehabilitation on Depression in the Elderly With Coronary Heart Disease. American Journal of Cardiology, 1998, 81, 1233-1236. | 0.7 | 124 |
| 101 | Effect of Omega-3 Dosage on Cardiovascular Outcomes. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2021, 96, 304-313. | 1.4 | 124 |
| 102 | Disparate Effects of Left Ventricular Geometry and Obesity on Mortality in Patients With Preserved Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction. American Journal of Cardiology, 2007, 100, 1460-1464. | 0.7 | 123 |
| 103 | Obesity and heart failure prognosis: paradox or reverse epidemiology?. European Heart Journal, 2005, 26, 5-7. | 1.0 | 122 |
| 104 | Impact of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training programs in coronary heart disease. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 60, 103-114. | 1.6 | 120 |
| 105 | Effects of cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training programs in women with depression. American Journal of Cardiology, 1999, 83, 1480-1483. | 0.7 | 117 |
| 106 | Prevalence of anxiety in coronary patients with improvement following cardiac rehabilitation and exercise training. American Journal of Cardiology, 2004, 93, 336-339. | 0.7 | 112 |
| 107 | Primary and Secondary Prevention of Cardiovascular Diseases: A Practical Evidence-Based Approach. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2009, 84, 741-757. | 1.4 | 111 |
| 108 | Physical Activity, Fitness, and Obesity in Heart Failure With Preserved EjectionÂFraction. JACC: Heart Failure, 2018, 6, 975-982. | 1.9 | 111 |

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| 109 | Alcohol and CV Health: Jekyll and Hyde J-Curves. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 61, 68-75. | 1.6 | 110 |
| 110 | Cardiovascular Adaptation to Obesity and Hypertension. Chest, 1986, 90, 275-279. | 0.4 | 109 |
| 111 | Fish Oils Produce Anti-inflammatory Effects and Improve Body Weight in Severe Heart Failure. Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation, 2006, 25, 834-838. | 0.3 | 106 |
| 112 | Reducing Psychosocial Stress: A Novel Mechanism of Improving Survival from Exercise Training. American Journal of Medicine, 2009, 122, 931-938. | 0.6 | 105 |
| 113 | A meta-analysis of the prognostic significance of cardiopulmonary exercise testing in patients with heart failure. Heart Failure Reviews, 2013, 18, 79-94. | 1.7 | 105 |
| 114 | Effects of Running on Chronic Diseases and Cardiovascular and All-Cause Mortality. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2015, 90, 1541-1552. | 1.4 | 105 |
| 115 | Impact of Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training on Psychological Risk Factors and Subsequent Prognosis in Patients With Cardiovascular Disease. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 32, S365-S373. | 0.8 | 104 |
| 116 | Cardiac Rehabilitation in the United States. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 56, 522-529. | 1.6 | 102 |
| 117 | Obesity and Coronary Heart Disease: Epidemiology, Pathology, and Coronary Artery Imaging. Current Problems in Cardiology, 2021, 46, 100655. | 1.1 | 102 |
| 118 | Impact of Exercise Training and Depression on Survival in Heart Failure Due to Coronary Heart Disease. American Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 107, 64-68. | 0.7 | 100 |
| 119 | Role of Physical Activity and Fitness in the Characterization and Prognosis of the Metabolically Healthy Obesity Phenotype: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 61, 190-205. | 1.6 | 100 |
| 120 | The Obesity Paradox: Impact of Obesity on the Prevalence and Prognosis of Cardiovascular Diseases. Postgraduate Medicine, 2008, 120, 34-41. | 0.9 | 98 |
| 121 | Associations of Resistance Exercise with Cardiovascular Disease Morbidity and Mortality. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 499-508. | 0.2 | 98 |
| 122 | COVID-19 Pandemic: Cardiovascular Complications and Future Implications. American Journal of Cardiovascular Drugs, 2020, 20, 311-324. | 1.0 | 98 |
| 123 | Longitudinal Algorithms to Estimate Cardiorespiratory Fitness. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2014, 63, 2289-2296. | 1.2 | 97 |
| 124 | Behavioral differences and effects of cardiac rehabilitation in diabetic patients following cardiac events. American Journal of Medicine, 1996, 100, 517-523. | 0.6 | 96 |
| 125 | Cardiopulmonary Exercise Testing: Relevant but Underused. Postgraduate Medicine, 2010, 122, 68-86. | 0.9 | 94 |
| 126 | Exercise-Based Cardiac Rehabilitation and Improvements in Cardiorespiratory Fitness: Implications Regarding Patient Benefit. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 431-437. | 1.4 | 94 |

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|-----|--|-----|-----------|
| 127 | Lean Mass Abnormalities in Heart Failure: The Role of Sarcopenia, Sarcopenic Obesity, and Cachexia. Current Problems in Cardiology, 2020, 45, 100417. | 1.1 | 93 |
| 128 | Peak exercise oxygen pulse and prognosis in chronic heart failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2004, 93, 588-593. | 0.7 | 92 |
| 129 | Impact of Exercise Training on Psychological Risk Factors. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2011, 53, 464-470. | 1.6 | 91 |
| 130 | A Review of Obesity, Physical Activity, and Cardiovascular Disease. Current Obesity Reports, 2020, 9, 571-581. | 3.5 | 91 |
| 131 | Impact of Worksite Wellness Intervention on Cardiac Risk Factors and One-Year Health Care Costs. American Journal of Cardiology, 2009, 104, 1389-1392. | 0.7 | 89 |
| 132 | Run for your life … at a comfortable speed and not too far. Heart, 2013, 99, 516-519. | 1.2 | 89 |
| 133 | Relationship of Body Mass Index With Total Mortality, Cardiovascular Mortality, and Myocardial Infarction After Coronary Revascularization: Evidence From a Meta-analysis. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2014, 89, 1080-1100. | 1.4 | 88 |
| 134 | Body Composition and Heart Failure Prevalence and Prognosis: Getting to the Fat of the Matter in the "Obesity Paradox― Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2010, 85, 605-608. | 1.4 | 87 |
| 135 | Fitness or Fatness. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 319, 231. | 3.8 | 87 |
| 136 | The Association Between Cardiorespiratory Fitness and Risk of All-Cause Mortality Among Women With Impaired Fasting Glucose or Undiagnosed Diabetes Mellitus. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2009, 84, 780-786. | 1.4 | 86 |
| 137 | Should high-intensity-aerobic interval training become the clinical standard in heart failure?. Heart Failure Reviews, 2013, 18, 95-105. | 1.7 | 86 |
| 138 | Clinical Characteristics and Pharmacological Management of COVID-19 Vaccine–Induced Immune Thrombotic Thrombocytopenia With Cerebral Venous Sinus Thrombosis. JAMA Cardiology, 2021, 6, 1451. | 3.0 | 85 |
| 139 | The Effect of Resistance Exercise on All-Cause Mortality in Cancer Survivors. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2014, 89, 1108-1115. | 1.4 | 84 |
| 140 | Coronavirus Disease 2019–Associated Coagulopathy. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2021, 96, 203-217. | 1.4 | 84 |
| 141 | Left Atrial Abnormalities Indicating Diastolic Ventricular Dysfunction in Cardiopathy of Obesity. Chest, 1987, 92, 1042-1046. | 0.4 | 83 |
| 142 | Effects of Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training Programs in Patients ≥ 75 Years of Age. American Journal of Cardiology, 1996, 78, 675-677. | 0.7 | 83 |
| 143 | Benefits of Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training in Elderly Women. American Journal of Cardiology, 1997, 79, 664-666. | 0.7 | 83 |
| 144 | Testosterone and Cardiovascular Health. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2018, 93, 83-100. | 1.4 | 83 |

| # | Article | IF | Citations |
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| 145 | Exercise Like a Hunter-Gatherer: A Prescription for Organic Physical Fitness. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2011, 53, 471-479. | 1.6 | 81 |
| 146 | Disparate Effects of Improving Aerobic Exercise Capacity and Quality of Life After Cardiac Rehabilitation in Young and Elderly Coronary Patients. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2000, 20, 235-240. | 0.5 | 81 |
| 147 | Muscular Strength and Cardiovascular Disease. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2020, 40, 302-309. | 1.2 | 80 |
| 148 | Effects of Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training in Obese Patients With Coronary Artery Disease. Chest, 1996, 109, 52-56. | 0.4 | 79 |
| 149 | Coenzyme q10 and statin-induced mitochondrial dysfunction. Ochsner Journal, 2010, 10, 16-21. | 0.5 | 79 |
| 150 | Impact of Echocardiographic Left Ventricular Geometry on Clinical Prognosis. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 57, 3-9. | 1.6 | 78 |
| 151 | Healthy Lifestyle Interventions to Combat Noncommunicable Diseasea A Novel Nonnierarchical Connectivity Model for Key Stakeholders: A Policy Statement From the American Heart Association, European Society of Cardiology, European Association for Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, and American College of Preventive Medicine. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2015, 90, | 1.4 | 77 |
| 152 | The Effect of Cardiorespiratory Fitness on Age-Related Lipids and Lipoproteins. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2015, 65, 2091-2100. | 1.2 | 77 |
| 153 | \hat{l}^2 -Blockers in hypertension, diabetes, heart failure and acute myocardial infarction: a review of the literature. Open Heart, 2015, 2, e000230. | 0.9 | 77 |
| 154 | Body Composition and Mortality in a Large Cohort With Preserved Ejection Fraction: Untangling the Obesity Paradox. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2014, 89, 1072-1079. | 1.4 | 76 |
| 155 | The relationship between obesity and coronary artery disease. Translational Research, 2014, 164, 336-344. | 2.2 | 75 |
| 156 | Prognostic Implications of Left Ventricular Hypertrophy. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 61, 446-455. | 1.6 | 75 |
| 157 | C-Reactive Protein and Cardiovascular Diseasesâ€"Is it Ready for Primetime?. American Journal of the Medical Sciences, 2009, 338, 486-492. | 0.4 | 74 |
| 158 | Association of Coffee Consumption With All-Cause and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 1066-1074. | 1.4 | 74 |
| 159 | Effects of Cardiorespiratory Fitness onÂBlood Pressure Trajectory With AgingÂinÂaÂCohort of Healthy Men. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2014, 64, 1245-1253. | 1.2 | 74 |
| 160 | Personalized Activity Intelligence (PAI) for Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease and Promotion of Physical Activity. American Journal of Medicine, 2017, 130, 328-336. | 0.6 | 74 |
| 161 | Role of Fitness in the Metabolically Healthy but Obese Phenotype: A Review and Update. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 58, 76-86. | 1.6 | 7 3 |
| 162 | Cardiac Rehabilitation and HealthyÂLife-Style Interventions. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2016, 67, 13-15. | 1.2 | 73 |

| # | Article | IF | Citations |
|-----|--|-----|-----------|
| 163 | Home-based exercise can be beneficial for counteracting sedentary behavior and physical inactivity during the COVID-19 pandemic in older adults. Postgraduate Medicine, 2021, 133, 469-480. | 0.9 | 73 |
| 164 | Left Atrial Volume Index Predictive of Mortality Independent of Left Ventricular Geometry in a Large Clinical Cohort With Preserved Ejection Fraction. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2011, 86, 730-737. | 1.4 | 72 |
| 165 | Cardiac Rehabilitation in the Elderly. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 57, 152-159. | 1.6 | 72 |
| 166 | Prediction of Cardiovascular Mortality by Estimated Cardiorespiratory Fitness Independent of Traditional Risk Factors: The HUNT Study. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2017, 92, 218-227. | 1.4 | 72 |
| 167 | An Update on Omega-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Cardiovascular Health. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 204. | 1.7 | 72 |
| 168 | Cardiac Rehabilitation and Exercise Training Programs in Metabolic Syndrome and Diabetes. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2005, 25, 59-66. | 0.5 | 71 |
| 169 | Current challenges in cardiac rehabilitation: strategies to overcome social factors and attendance barriers. Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy, 2020, 18, 777-789. | 0.6 | 70 |
| 170 | Thiamine Supplementation for the Treatment of Heart Failure: A Review of the Literature. Congestive Heart Failure, 2013, 19, 214-222. | 2.0 | 69 |
| 171 | Scientific Decision Making, Policy Decisions, and the Obesity Pandemic. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2013, 88, 593-604. | 1.4 | 69 |
| 172 | Left Ventricular Geometry and Mortality in Patients >70 Years of Age With Normal Ejection Fraction. American Journal of Cardiology, 2006, 98, 1396-1399. | 0.7 | 68 |
| 173 | Cardiorespiratory Fitness and Incidence of Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events in US Veterans: A Cohort Study. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2017, 92, 39-48. | 1.4 | 68 |
| 174 | Dietary Fats and Chronic Noncommunicable Diseases. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1385. | 1.7 | 68 |
| 175 | Cardiorespiratory fitness, muscular strength, and obesity in adolescence and later chronic disability due to cardiovascular disease: a cohort study of 1 million men. European Heart Journal, 2020, 41, 1503-1510. | 1.0 | 68 |
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