Kanna Hayashi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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201 papers 3,320 citations

201674 27 h-index 265206 42 g-index

203 all docs

203 docs citations

times ranked

203

2929 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Cannabis-Dependent Relationship Between Methadone Treatment Dose and Illicit Opioid Use in a Community-Based Cohort of People Who Use Drugs. Cannabis and Cannabinoid Research, 2023, 8, 155-165.	2.9	8
2	Use of Cannabis as a Harm Reduction Strategy Among People Who Use Drugs: A Cohort Study. Cannabis and Cannabinoid Research, 2023, 8, 670-678.	2.9	8
3	Factors associated with patient perceived suboptimal dosing of in-hospital opioid agonist therapy among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of Addictive Diseases, 2023, 41, 204-212.	1.3	O
4	Knowledge of a Drug-Related Good Samaritan Law Among People Who Use Drugs, Vancouver, Canada. Health Education and Behavior, 2022, 49, 629-638.	2.5	6
5	Increasing Preference for Fentanyl among a Cohort of People who use Opioids in Vancouver, Canada, 2017-2018. Substance Abuse, 2022, 43, 458-464.	2.3	10
6	Gender and the firstâ€time provision of injection initiation assistance among people who inject drugs across two distinct North American contexts: Tijuana, Mexico and Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2022, 41, 686-696.	2.1	2
7	Psychedelic use is associated with reduced daily opioid use among people who use illicit drugs in a Canadian setting. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2022, 100, 103518.	3.3	10
8	Social-Structural Predictors of Fentanyl Exposure among Street Involved Youth. Substance Use and Misuse, 2022, 57, 21-26.	1.4	0
9	Availability and use of non-prescribed buprenorphine-naloxone in a Canadian setting, 2014–2020. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2022, 101, 103545.	3.3	1
10	The relationship between sexual and gender stigma and difficulty accessing primary and mental healthcare services among LGBTQI+ populations in Thailand: Findings from a national survey. International Journal of Mental Health and Addiction, 2022, 20, 3244-3261.	7.4	5
11	Crystal methamphetamine use subgroups and associated addiction care access and overdose risk in a Canadian urban setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2022, 232, 109274.	3.2	2
12	Latent patterns of polysubstance use among people who use opioids: A systematic review. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2022, 102, 103584.	3.3	23
13	Health impacts of a scaleâ€up of supervised injection services in a Canadian setting: an interrupted time series analysis. Addiction, 2022, 117, 986-997.	3.3	9
14	Suboptimal nonmedical qualities of primary care linked with care avoidance among people who use drugs in a Canadian setting amid an integrated health care reform. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2022, 139, 108784.	2.8	2
15	Factors associated with perceived decline in the quality of drugs during the COVID-19 pandemic: Evidence from community-recruited cohorts of people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2022, 236, 109471.	3.2	8
16	The influence of poly-drug use patterns on the association between opioid agonist treatment engagement and injecting initiation assistance. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2022, 17, 39.	2.2	2
17	Low awareness of risk mitigation prescribing in response to dual crises of COVID-19 and overdose deaths among people who use unregulated drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Harm Reduction Journal, 2022, 19, .	3.2	4
18	The relationship between sexual and gender stigma and suicide attempt and ideation among LGBTQl + populations in Thailand: findings from a national survey. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2022, 57, 1987-1997.	3.1	8

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19	High Prevalence of Unmet Healthcare Need among People who use Illicit Drugs in a Canadian Setting with Publicly-Funded Interdisciplinary Primary Care Clinics. Substance Abuse, 2021, 42, 760-766.	2.3	4
20	The effectiveness of drug-related Good Samaritan laws: A review of the literature. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2021, 90, 102773.	3.3	23
21	Drugâ€related harm coinciding with income assistance payments: results from a communityâ€based cohort of people who use drugs. Addiction, 2021, 116, 536-545.	3.3	16
22	Long term pre-treatment opioid use trajectories in relation to opioid agonist therapy outcomes among people who use drugs in a Canadian setting. Addictive Behaviors, 2021, 112, 106655.	3.0	7
23	Trajectories of Retention in Opioid Agonist Therapy and Overdose Risk During a Community-Wide Overdose Epidemic in a Canadian Setting. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2021, 60, 57-63.	3.0	11
24	Cannabis use is associated with reduced risk of exposure to fentanyl among people on opioid agonist therapy during a community-wide overdose crisis. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 219, 108420.	3.2	14
25	An innovative acute care based intervention to address the opioid crisis in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 553-556.	2.1	1
26	Selfâ€perception of assisting with future injection drug initiation: The influence of relationships in the process of drug injecting initiation. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 109-117.	2.1	3
27	A paradox of need: Gaps in access to dental care among people who use drugs in Canada's publicly funded healthcare system. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2021, 29, 1799-1806.	1.6	1
28	Nonâ€medical prescription opioid use and inâ€hospital illicit drug use among people who use drugs. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 959-963.	2.1	3
29	Awareness of fentanyl exposure and the associated overdose risks among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 964-973.	2.1	8
30	Trust in research physicians as a key dimension of randomized controlled trial participation in clinical addictions research. Substance Abuse, 2021, 42, 1-8.	2.3	4
31	Material Security as a Measure of Poverty: A Validation Study with People Who Use Drugs. Social Indicators Research, 2021, 157, 501-521.	2.7	3
32	Prevalence and longitudinal correlates of recent exposure to fentanyl among HIV-positive people who use unregulated drugs during a community-wide overdose crisis. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2021, 33, 1-9.	1.2	2
33	The relationship between opioid agonist therapy satisfaction and fentanyl exposure in a Canadian setting. Addiction Science & Emp; Clinical Practice, 2021, 16, 26.	2.6	9
34	Considering rationales for use in defining subgroups for the treatment of stimulant use disorder. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 221, 108572.	3.2	2
35	A gender comparative analysis of post-traumatic stress disorder among a community-based cohort of people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Addictive Behaviors, 2021, 115, 106793.	3.0	6
36	Pain and Barriers to Accessing Health Services Among People Who Use Drugs. Pain Management Nursing, 2021, 22, 133-140.	0.9	3

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37	Use of Cannabis for Harm Reduction Among People at High Risk for Overdose in Vancouver, Canada (2016–2018). American Journal of Public Health, 2021, 111, 969-972.	2.7	29
38	Homelessness, unstable housing, and risk of HIV and hepatitis C virus acquisition among people who inject drugs: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e309-e323.	10.0	99
39	Intra-host evolutionary dynamics of the hepatitis C virus among people who inject drugs. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 9986.	3.3	1
40	The impact of PSTD on service access among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2021, 16, 53.	2.2	4
41	Involvement of people who inject drugs in injection initiation events: a cross-sectional analysis identifying similarities and differences across three North American settings. BMJ Open, $2021, 11, e046957$.	1.9	3
42	Childhood physical abuse and subsequent violent victimization among people who use illegal drugs in Vancouver, Canada. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0255875.	2.5	2
43	The effect of depressive symptoms on pain in a substance-using population with persistent pain: a cross-sectional cohort study. BMC Psychiatry, 2021, 21, 416.	2.6	2
44	Migration Patterns from an Open Illicit Drug Scene and Emergency Department Visits among People Who Use Illicit Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Use and Misuse, 2021, 56, 1837-1845.	1.4	1
45	A drug-related Good Samaritan Law and calling emergency medical services for drug overdoses in a Canadian setting. Harm Reduction Journal, 2021, 18, 91.	3.2	10
46	The impact of recent homelessness on the provision of injection drug use initiation assistance among persons who inject drugs in Tijuana, Mexico and Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 225, 108829.	3.2	4
47	The relationship between crystal methamphetamine use and methadone retention in a prospective cohort of people who use drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 225, 108844.	3.2	12
48	Income generation and the patterning of substance use: A gender-based analysis. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 226, 108862.	3.2	8
49	Buprenorphine/naloxone associated with a reduced odds of fentanyl exposure among a cohort of people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 228, 109006.	3.2	2
50	The use of diverted pharmaceutical opioids is associated with reduced risk of fentanyl exposure among people using unregulated drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 228, 109109.	3.2	5
51	Frequent Cannabis Use Is Negatively Associated with Frequency of Injection Drug Use Among People Who Inject Drugs in a Canadian Setting. Cannabis and Cannabinoid Research, 2021, 6, 435-445.	2.9	3
52	Inability to access primary care clinics among people who inject drugs in a Canadian health care setting. Canadian Family Physician, 2021, 67, e348-e354.	0.4	3
53	Coercion into addiction treatment and subsequent substance use patterns among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Addiction, 2020, 115, 97-106.	3.3	9
54	Women's utilization of housing-based overdose prevention sites in Vancouver, Canada: An ethnographic study. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 76, 102641.	3.3	32

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55	Police-related barriers to harm reduction linked to non-fatal overdose amongst sex workers who use drugs: Results of a community-based cohort in Metro Vancouver, Canada. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 76, 102618.	3.3	31
56	Childhood abuse as a risk factor for injection drug use: A systematic review of observational studies. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 71-82.	2.1	11
57	Factors Associated With the Use of Supervised Consumption Facilities Among Women Who Inject Drugs in a Canadian Setting. Journal of Addiction Medicine, 2020, 14, e226-e232.	2.6	4
58	Non-disclosure of drug use in outpatient health care settings: Findings from a prospective cohort study in Vancouver, Canada. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 84, 102873.	3.3	6
59	Supervised injection facility use and exposure to violence among a cohort of people who inject drugs: A gender-based analysis. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 78, 102692.	3.3	12
60	Characterising the increasing prevalence of crystal methamphetamine use in Vancouver, Canada, from 2006–2017: A genderâ€based analysis. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 932-940.	2.1	32
61	Assisted injection within supervised injection services: Uptake and client characteristics among people who require help injecting in a Canadian setting. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 86, 102967.	3.3	6
62	Withdrawal-associated injury site pain prevalence and correlates among opioid-using people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 216, 108242.	3.2	1
63	Elevated prevalence of self-reported unintentional exposure to fentanyl among women who use drugs in a Canadian setting: A cross-sectional analysis. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 83, 102864.	3.3	7
64	Changes in drug use behaviors coinciding with the emergence of illicit fentanyl among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2020, 46, 625-631.	2.1	10
65	Frequent Cannabis Use and Cessation of Injection of Opioids, Vancouver, Canada, 2005–2018. American Journal of Public Health, 2020, 110, 1553-1560.	2.7	29
66	Factors associated with drug checking service utilization among people who use drugs in a Canadian setting. Harm Reduction Journal, 2020, 17 , 100 .	3.2	16
67	Temporal Changes in Non-Fatal Opioid Overdose Patterns among People who use Drugs in a Canadian Setting. Substance Abuse, 2020, 41, 323-330.	2.3	6
68	Impact of migration from an illicit drug scene on hospital outcomes among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 924-931.	2.1	1
69	Treatment of stimulant use disorder: A systematic review of reviews. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0234809.	2.5	104
70	(Re)shaping the self: An ethnographic study of the embodied and spatial practices of women who use drugs. Health and Place, 2020, 63, 102327.	3.3	16
71	Roomingâ€in and loss of child custody: key factors in maternal overdose risk. Addiction, 2020, 115, 1786-1787.	3.3	6
72	Overdose Risk and Acquiring Opioids for Nonmedical Use Exclusively from Physicians in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Use and Misuse, 2020, 55, 1912-1918.	1.4	3

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73	The effect of injecting alone on the use of drug checking services among people who inject drugs. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 79, 102756.	3.3	13
74	Changes in substance use in relation to opioid agonist therapy among people who use drugs in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 212, 108005.	3.2	21
75	Effect of witnessing an overdose on the use of drug checking services among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2020, 46, 506-511.	2.1	10
76	Trajectories of retention in opioid agonist therapy in a Canadian setting. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 77, 102696.	3.3	29
77	Recent incarceration and risk of first-time injection initiation assistance: A prospective cohort study of persons who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 212, 107983.	3.2	5
78	Understanding concurrent stimulant use among people on methadone: A qualitative study. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 209-215.	2.1	32
79	Association between posttraumatic stress disorder and nonfatal drug overdose Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 2020, 12, 373-380.	2.1	22
80	Characterizing motivations for cannabis use in a cohort of people who use illicit drugs: A latent class analysis. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0233463.	2.5	25
81	<p>Greater Pain Severity is Associated with Inability to Access Addiction Treatment Among a Cohort of People Who Use Drugs</p> . Journal of Pain Research, 2020, Volume 13, 2443-2449.	2.0	4
82	Treatment of stimulant use disorder: A systematic review of reviews., 2020, 15, e0234809.		0
83	Treatment of stimulant use disorder: A systematic review of reviews. , 2020, 15, e0234809.		0
84	Treatment of stimulant use disorder: A systematic review of reviews. , 2020, 15, e0234809.		0
85	Treatment of stimulant use disorder: A systematic review of reviews. , 2020, 15, e0234809.		0
86	Supervised Injection Facility Utilization Patterns: A Prospective Cohort Study in Vancouver, Canada. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2019, 57, 330-337.	3.0	12
87	Density of low-barrier opioid agonist clinics and risk of non-fatal overdose during a community-wide overdose crisis: A spatial analysis. Spatial and Spatio-temporal Epidemiology, 2019, 30, 100288.	1.7	10
88	Moving into an urban drug scene among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada: Latent class growth analysis. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0224993.	2.5	6
89	Trajectories of injection drug use among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada, 1996–2017: growth mixture modeling using data from prospective cohort studies. Addiction, 2019, 114, 2173-2186.	3. 3	12
90	Characterising the association between positive hepatitis C virus antibody and pain among people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2019, 38, 639-643.	2.1	2

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91	High Prevalence of Self-Reported Exposure to Adulterated Drugs Among People Who Experienced an Opioid Overdose in Canada: A Cohort Study. Substance Use and Misuse, 2019, 54, 980-985.	1.4	1
92	Knowledge of Fentanyl and Perceived Risk of Overdose Among Persons Who Use Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Public Health Reports, 2019, 134, 423-431.	2.5	26
93	A gender-based analysis of nonmedical prescription opioid use among people who use illicit drugs. Addictive Behaviors, 2019, 97, 42-48.	3.0	2
94	The relationship between childhood emotional abuse and chronic pain among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Child Abuse and Neglect, 2019, 93, 119-127.	2.6	5
95	Prevalence and correlates of selling illicit cannabis among people who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada: A ten-year prospective cohort study. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 69, 16-23.	3.3	9
96	Employment Cessation, Long Term Labour Market Engagement and HIV Infection Risk Among People Who Inject Drugs in an Urban Canadian Setting. AIDS and Behavior, 2019, 23, 3267-3276.	2.7	16
97	Opioid agonist treatment and the process of injection drug use initiation. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 197, 354-360.	3.2	26
98	Intergenerational Trauma: The Relationship Between Residential Schools and the Child Welfare System Among Young People Who Use Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2019, 65, 248-254.	2.5	27
99	Willingness to take buprenorphine/naloxone among people who use opioids in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 205, 107672.	3.2	8
100	Longitudinal migration patterns from an open illicit drug scene among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2019, 107, 17-23.	2.8	6
101	Supervised injection facility use and all-cause mortality among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada: A cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002964.	8.4	37
102	The relationship between parental heavy drinking and non-fatal overdose among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Addictive Behaviors, 2019, 89, 224-228.	3.0	3
103	Disparities in uptake of directâ€acting antiviral therapy for hepatitis C among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting. Liver International, 2019, 39, 1400-1407.	3.9	59
104	Residential eviction predicts initiation of or relapse into crystal methamphetamine use among people who inject drugs: a prospective cohort study. Journal of Public Health, 2019, 41, 36-45.	1.8	37
105	Declining Mortality Rates in HIV-Infected People Who Inject Drugs During a Seek-and-Treat Initiative in Vancouver, Canada, 1996–2014: A Prospective Cohort Study. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 217, 64-68.	4.0	7
106	HIV Serostatus and Having Access to a Physician for Regular Hepatitis C Virus Care Among People Who Inject Drugs. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2018, 78, 93-98.	2.1	6
107	Increasing diversion of methadone in Vancouver, Canada, 2005–2015. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2018, 85, 10-16.	2.8	10
108	Incidence and predictors of mental health disorder diagnoses among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S285-S293.	2.1	18

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109	Factors associated with discontinuation of methadone maintenance therapy (MMT) among persons who use alcohol in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 186, 182-186.	3.2	12
110	Prevalence of Heavy Alcohol Use Among People Receiving Methadone Following Change to Methadose. Substance Use and Misuse, 2018, 53, 270-275.	1.4	3
111	Increasing Availability of Benzodiazepines among People who Inject Drugs in a Canadian Setting. Substance Abuse, 2018, 39, 69-76.	2.3	4
112	Increasing availability of illicit and prescription opioids among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting, 2010–2014. American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2018, 44, 368-377.	2.1	7
113	Substance use patterns associated with recent exposure to fentanyl among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada: A cross-sectional urine toxicology screening study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 183, 1-6.	3.2	70
114	Experiences with compulsory drug detention among people who inject drugs in Bangkok, Thailand: A qualitative study. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2018, 52, 32-38.	3.3	1
115	Workplace violence among female sex workers who use drugs in Vancouver, Canada: does client-targeted policing increase safety?. Journal of Public Health Policy, 2018, 39, 86-99.	2.0	11
116	An age-based analysis of nonmedical prescription opioid use among people who use illegal drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2018, 13, 41.	2.2	13
117	Gender differences in the provision of injection initiation assistance: a comparison of three North American settings. Harm Reduction Journal, 2018, 15, 59.	3.2	15
118	Highâ€intensity cannabis use is associated with retention in opioid agonist treatment: a longitudinal analysis. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2250-2258.	3.3	48
119	Utilization of opioid agonist therapy among incarcerated persons with opioid use disorder in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 193, 42-47.	3.2	23
120	Developing a patient-reported experience questionnaire with and for people who use drugs: A community engagement process in Vancouver's Downtown Eastside. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2018, 59, 16-23.	3.3	15
121	Childhood Trauma and the Inability to Access Hospital Care Among People who Inject Drugs. Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2018, 31, 383-390.	1.8	3
122	Hepatitis C Cascade of Care among People who Inject Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Abuse, 2018, 39, 461-468.	2.3	28
123	Major depressive disorder and access to health services among people who use illicit drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2018, 13, 3.	2.2	7
124	Nonmedical prescription opioid use and illegal drug use: initiation trajectory and related risks among people who use illegal drugs in Vancouver, Canada. BMC Research Notes, 2018, 11, 35.	1.4	10
125	Informal recycling, income generation and risk: Health and social harms among people who use drugs. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2018, 60, 40-46.	3.3	20
126	Factors associated with methadone maintenance therapy discontinuation among people who inject drugs. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2018, 94, 41-46.	2.8	45

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127	Willingness to use an inâ€hospital supervised inhalation room among people who smoke crack cocaine in Vancouver, Canada. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, 645-652.	2.1	10
128	Trends in engagement in the cascade of care for opioid use disorder, Vancouver, Canada, 2006–2016. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2018, 189, 90-95.	3.2	58
129	The impact of methadone maintenance therapy on access to regular physician care regarding hepatitis C among people who inject drugs. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0194162.	2.5	17
130	Intentional cannabis use to reduce crack cocaine use in a Canadian setting: A longitudinal analysis. Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 72, 138-143.	3.0	67
131	Criminalizing Sex Work Clients and Rushed Negotiations among Sex Workers Who Use Drugs in a Canadian Setting. Journal of Urban Health, 2017, 94, 563-571.	3.6	22
132	Residential eviction and exposure to violence among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2017, 41, 59-64.	3.3	39
133	Knowledge of hepatitis C and treatment willingness amongst people who inject drugs in an era of direct acting antivirals. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2017, 47, 137-143.	3.3	25
134	Alcohol Use Among Persons on Methadone Treatment. Addictive Disorders and Their Treatment, 2017, 16, 36-37.	0.5	2
135	Use of on-site detoxification services co-located with a supervised injection facility. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2017, 82, 1-6.	2.8	19
136	Awareness, Possession, and Use of Take-Home Naloxone Among Illicit Drug Users, Vancouver, British Columbia, 2014-2015. Public Health Reports, 2017, 132, 563-569.	2.5	16
137	The costs of crime associated with stimulant use in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 180, 304-310.	3.2	12
138	Declining rates of health problems associated with crack smoking during the expansion of crack pipe distribution in Vancouver, Canada. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 163.	2.9	27
139	High prevalence of quasi-legal psychoactive substance use among male patients in HIV care in Japan: a cross-sectional study. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2017, 12, 11.	2.2	11
140	Income generation and attitudes towards addiction treatment among people who use illicit drugs in a Canadian setting. Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 64, 159-164.	3.0	6
141	Barriers to retention in methadone maintenance therapy among people who inject drugs in Bangkok, Thailand: a mixed-methods study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2017, 14, 63.	3.2	18
142	Longitudinal study of surrogate aging measures during human immunodeficiency virus seroconversion. Aging, 2017, 9, 687-705.	3.1	31
143	Declining trends in exposures to harmful policing among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2016, 19, 20729.	3.0	13
144	Seeking prescription opioids from physicians for nonmedical use among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting. American Journal on Addictions, 2016, 25, 275-282.	1.4	4

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145	Protective factors associated with shortâ€term cessation of injection drug use among a Canadian cohort of people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2016, 35, 620-627.	2.1	9
146	Daily alcohol use as an independent risk factor for HIV seroconversion among people who inject drugs. Addiction, 2016, 111, 1360-1365.	3.3	10
147	The Impact of Benzodiazepine Use on Mortality among Polysubstance Users in Vancouver, Canada. Public Health Reports, 2016, 131, 491-499.	2.5	16
148	No association between HIV status and risk of non-fatal overdose among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Addictive Behaviors, 2016, 60, 8-12.	3.0	8
149	Non-fatal overdose as a risk factor for subsequent fatal overdose among people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 162, 51-55.	3.2	166
150	Transmission of hepatitis C virus infection among younger and older people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Journal of Hepatology, 2016, 64, 1247-1255.	3.7	18
151	Hazardous Alcohol Use Associated with Increased Sexual Risk Behaviors Among People Who Inject Drugs. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2016, 40, 2394-2400.	2.4	13
152	Non-medical prescription opioid use predicts injection initiation among street-involved youth. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2016, 34, 96-100.	3.3	11
153	Factors associated with optimal pharmacy refill adherence for antiretroviral medications and plasma HIV RNA non-detectability among HIV-positive crack cocaine users: a prospective cohort study. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2016, 16, 455.	2.9	17
154	Increased drug use and the timing of social assistance receipt among people who use illicit drugs. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 171, 94-102.	3.8	18
155	Inability to access health and social services associated with mental health among people who inject drugs in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 168, 22-29.	3.2	27
156	Initiation into prescription opioid injection and associated trends in heroin use among people who use illicit drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2016, 169, 73-79.	3.2	16
157	Risky and rushed public crack cocaine smoking: the potential for supervised inhalation facilities. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 476.	2.9	13
158	Benzodiazepine Use and Hepatitis C Seroconversion in a Cohort of Persons Who Inject Drugs. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 1067-1072.	2.7	20
159	Declining trends in the rates of assisted injecting: a prospective cohort study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2016, 13, 2.	3.2	8
160	Factors associated with inability to access addiction treatment among people who inject drugs in Vancouver, Canada. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2016, 11, 9.	2.2	16
161	Sex-Based Differences in Rates, Causes, and Predictors of Death Among Injection Drug Users in Vancouver, Canada. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 544-552.	3.4	22
162	Impact of length of injecting career on HIV incidence among people who inject drugs. Addictive Behaviors, 2016, 58, 90-94.	3.0	16

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163	Risk factors associated with benzodiazepine use among people who inject drugs in an urban Canadian setting. Addictive Behaviors, 2016, 52, 103-107.	3.0	14
164	†Drug users stick together': HIV testing in peer-based drop-in centres among people who inject drugs in Thailand. Sexual Health, 2015, 12, 263.	0.9	11
165	Depression and sexual risk behaviours among people who inject drugs: a gender-based analysis. Sexual Health, 2015, 12, 224.	0.9	15
166	The effect of prescription opioid injection on the risk of non-fatal overdose among people who inject drugs. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 156, 297-303.	3.2	30
167	Illicit drug use in acute care settings. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2015, 34, 499-502.	2.1	47
168	High prevalence of syringe lending among HIV-positive people who inject drugs in Bangkok, Thailand. Harm Reduction Journal, 2015, 12, 16.	3.2	6
169	Factors associated with illicit methadone injecting in a Canadian setting. American Journal on Addictions, 2015, 24, 532-537.	1.4	9
170	Factors Associated with Leaving Hospital against Medical Advice among People Who Use Illicit Drugs in Vancouver, Canada. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0141594.	2.5	58
171	Benzodiazepine use as an independent risk factor for HIV infection in a Canadian setting. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 155, 190-194.	3.2	17
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