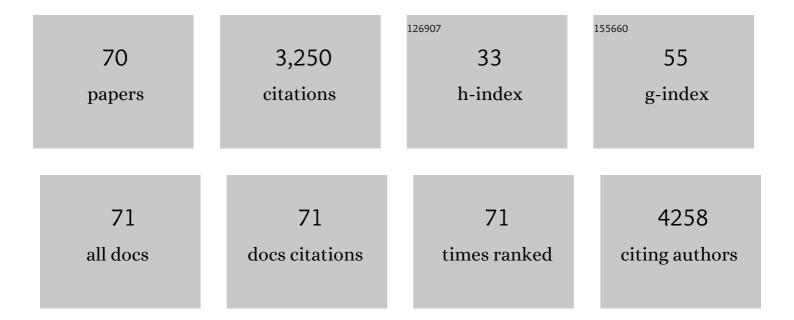
Patricia F Coogan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8938980/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Air pollution and breast cancer risk in the Black Women's Health Study. Environmental Research, 2021, 194, 110651.	7.5	25
2	A prospective cohort study of ambient air pollution exposure and risk of uterine leiomyomata. Human Reproduction, 2021, 36, 2321-2330.	0.9	9
3	Hair product use and breast cancer incidence in the Black Women's Health Study. Carcinogenesis, 2021, 42, 924-930.	2.8	11
4	Experiences of racism and subjective cognitive function in African American women. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2020, 12, e12067.	2.4	29
5	Association of type 2 diabetes with central-scalp hair loss in a large cohort study of African American women. International Journal of Women's Dermatology, 2019, 5, 261-266.	2.0	18
6	Ambient ozone and incident diabetes: A prospective analysis in a large cohort of African American women. Environment International, 2017, 102, 42-47.	10.0	56
7	Long-Term Exposure to NO2 and Ozone and Hypertension Incidence in the Black Women's Health Study. American Journal of Hypertension, 2017, 30, 367-372.	2.0	35
8	Neighborhood and Individual Socioeconomic Status and Asthma Incidence in African American Women. Ethnicity and Disease, 2016, 26, 113.	2.3	18
9	Long term exposure to NO 2 and diabetes incidence in the Black Women's Health Study. Environmental Research, 2016, 148, 360-366.	7.5	39
10	Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status in Relation to Serum Biomarkers in the Black Women's Health Study. Journal of Urban Health, 2016, 93, 279-291.	3.6	28
11	Ambient Air Pollution and 16-Year Weight Change in African-American Women. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 51, e99-e105.	3.0	15
12	Obesity and Weight Gain in Relation to Incidence of Sarcoidosis in US Black Women. Chest, 2015, 147, 1086-1093.	0.8	43
13	PM2.5 and Diabetes and Hypertension Incidence in the Black Women's Health Study. Epidemiology, 2015, 27, 1.	2.7	62
14	Racism, Segregation, and Risk of Obesity in the Black Women's Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 875-883.	3.4	138
15	Depressive symptoms and the incidence of adult-onset asthma in African American women. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2014, 112, 333-338.e1.	1.0	24
16	Experiences of Racism and the Incidence of Adult-Onset Asthma in the Black Women's Health Study. Chest, 2014, 145, 480-485.	0.8	41
17	Abuse during childhood and adolescence and risk of adult-onset asthma in African American women. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2013, 131, 1058-1063.	2.9	68
18	Restaurant foods, sugar-sweetened soft drinks, and obesity risk among young African American women. Ethnicity and Disease, 2013, 23, 445-51.	2.3	20

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19	Air Pollution and Incidence of Hypertension and Diabetes Mellitus in Black Women Living in Los Angeles. Circulation, 2012, 125, 767-772.	1.6	303
20	The Influence of Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status and Walkability on TV Viewing Time. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2012, 9, 1074-1079.	2.0	14
21	Longitudinal Assessment of Urban Form and Weight Gain in African-American Women. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2011, 40, 411-418.	3.0	30
22	General and Abdominal Obesity and Risk of Death among Black Women. New England Journal of Medicine, 2011, 365, 901-908.	27.0	118
23	A case–control study of reproductive factors, female hormone use, and risk of pancreatic cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 473-478.	1.8	24
24	Statin and NSAID use and prostate cancer risk. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2010, 19, 752-755.	1.9	29
25	Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status in Relation to 10‥ear Weight Gain in the Black Women's Health Study. Obesity, 2010, 18, 2064-2065.	3.0	60
26	Consumption of restaurant foods and incidence of type 2 diabetes in African American women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 465-471.	4.7	61
27	Non-Hormonal Medications and Chronic Diseases. , 2010, , 243-260.		1
28	Prospective Study of Urban Form and Physical Activity in the Black Women's Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 1105-1117.	3.4	81
29	Diuretic use and the risk of breast cancer. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2009, 23, 216-218.	2.2	9
30	Vitamin and mineral use and risk of prostate cancer: the case–control surveillance study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 691-698.	1.8	51
31	Response to Dr. Costellos' submission entitled "Re: Vitamin and mineral use and risk of prostate cancer: the case–control surveillance: Zhang et al. Cancer Causes Control. 2008 Dec 18. [Epub ahead of print]― Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 1533-1533.	1.8	2
32	Antidepressant use and colorectal cancer risk. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2009, 18, 1111-1114.	1.9	61
33	Body mass index and asthma incidence in the Black Women's Health Study. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2009, 123, 89-95.	2.9	37
34	SSRI use and breast cancer risk by hormone receptor status. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2008, 109, 527-531.	2.5	18
35	Lung cancer and regular use of aspirin and nonaspirin nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2008, 17, 322-327.	1.9	25
36	A Case-Control Study of Oral Contraceptive Use and Incident Breast Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 169, 473-479.	3.4	56

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37	Statins and Cancer. Epidemiology, 2007, 18, 520-521.	2.7	2
38	Statin Use and Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 32-40.	6.3	110
39	Statin Use and the Risk of 10 Cancers. Epidemiology, 2007, 18, 213-219.	2.7	150
40	The use of folic acid antagonists and the risk of colorectal cancer. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2007, 16, 1111-1119.	1.9	2
41	Risk of non-Hodgkin lymphoma and use of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Cancer Detection and Prevention, 2006, 30, 99-101.	2.1	16
42	Review of the epidemiological literature on antidepressant use and breast cancer risk. Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2006, 6, 1363-1374.	2.8	29
43	Use of Nonsteroidal Antiinflammatory Drugs and Risk of Breast Cancer: The Case-Control Surveillance Study Revisited. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 162, 165-170.	3.4	77
44	Use of Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors and the Risk of Breast Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 162, 835-838.	3.4	46
45	Cimetidine and Other Histamine2-Receptor Antagonist Use in Relation to Risk of Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 1012-1015.	2.5	9
46	Cigarette Smoking and Increased Risk of Mucinous Epithelial Ovarian Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 133-139.	3.4	38
47	Impact of a Financial Incentive on Case and Control Participation in a Telephone Interview. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 160, 295-298.	3.4	20
48	When Worlds Collide: Observations on the Integration of Epidemiology and Transportation Behavioral Analysis in the Study of Walking. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2004, 19, 39-44.	1.7	11
49	Statin Use and the Risk of Breast and Prostate Cancer. Epidemiology, 2002, 13, 262-267.	2.7	132
50	Estrogen replacement therapy and risk of lung cancer. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2002, 11, 561-567.	1.9	55
51	Statins and Cancer: Will We Ever Know the Answer?. Epidemiology, 2002, 13, 607-608.	2.7	3
52	Statins and cancer: will we ever know the answer?. Epidemiology, 2002, 13, 607; author reply 607-8.	2.7	2
53	Sun protection practices in preadolescents and adolescents: A school-based survey of almost 25,000 Connecticut schoolchildren. Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology, 2001, 44, 512-519.	1.2	66
54	NSAIDs and risk of colorectal cancer according to presence or absence of family history of the disease. Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 249-255.	1.8	51

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Leukemia in Petroleum Refinery Workers: A Review of Recent Studies. New Solutions, 2000, 9, 375-387.	1.2	5
56	Phenolphthalein Laxatives and Risk of Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2000, 92, 1943-1944.	6.3	27
57	Prevalence and correlates of smokeless tobacco use in a sample of Connecticut students. Journal of Adolescence, 2000, 23, 129-135.	2.4	25
58	Occupational physical activity and breast cancer risk in the upper Cape Cod cancer incidence study. , 1999, 36, 279-285.		29
59	The Relationship of Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drug Use to the Risk of Breast Cancer. Preventive Medicine, 1999, 29, 72-76.	3.4	119
60	Occupational exposure to estrogenic chemicals and the occurrence of breast cancer: An exploratory analysis. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1998, 34, 6-14.	2.1	60
61	Factors associated with smoking among children and adolescents in Connecticut. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 1998, 15, 17-24.	3.0	65
62	Exposure to Power Frequency Magnetic Fields and Risk of Breast Cancer in the Upper Cape Cod Cancer Incidence Study. Archives of Environmental Health, 1998, 53, 359-367.	0.4	34
63	Physical activity in usual occupation and risk of breast cancer (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 1997, 8, 626-631.	1.8	73
64	Reproductive factors and the risk of brain tumors: A population-based study in Sweden. , 1997, 72, 389-393.		74
65	Occupational Exposure to 60-Hertz Magnetic Fields and Risk of Breast Cancer in Women. Epidemiology, 1996, 7, 459-464.	2.7	167
66	Prevalence of Depressive Symptoms in a Survey of Aluminum Workers. New Solutions, 1996, 5, 43-52.	1.2	0
67	Parity and Pituitary Adenoma Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 1995, 87, 1410-1411.	6.3	13
68	Bioassay of indoor air for irritant effects. Environmental Technology (United Kingdom), 1994, 15, 813-822.	2.2	3
69	Cancer Risk and Tetrachloroethylene-contaminated Drinking Water in Massachusetts. Archives of Environmental Health, 1993, 48, 284-292.	0.4	65
70	Estimating Exposure Using Kriging: A Simulation Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 1991, 94, 75.	6.0	11