T Mitchell Aide

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8931239/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01

		23567	24982
110	12,416	58	109
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
113	113	113	11947
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The effect of artificial light on bat richness and nocturnal soundscapes along an urbanization gradient in an arid landscape of central Peru. Urban Ecosystems, 2022, 25, 563-574.	2.4	9
2	A general pattern of trade-offs between ecosystem resistance and resilience to tropical cyclones. Science Advances, 2022, 8, eabl9155.	10.3	26
3	Strong floristic distinctiveness across Neotropical successional forests. Science Advances, 2022, 8, .	10.3	10
4	Impacts of a drought and hurricane on tropical bird and frog distributions. Ecosphere, 2021, 12, e03352.	2.2	11
5	Bird Occupancy of a Neotropical Forest Fragment Is Mostly Stable over 17 Years but Influenced by Forest Age. Diversity, 2021, 13, 50.	1.7	6
6	Climate change is creating a mismatch between protected areas and suitable habitats for frogs and birds in Puerto Rico. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2021, 30, 3509-3528.	2.6	5
7	How does FSC forest certification affect the acoustically active fauna in Madre de Dios, Peru?. Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation, 2020, 6, 274-285.	4.3	30
8	Beyond deforestation: Land cover transitions in Mexico. Agricultural Systems, 2020, 178, 102734.	6.1	52
9	Reversals of Reforestation Across Latin America Limit Climate Mitigation Potential of Tropical Forests. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change, 2020, 3, .	2.3	43
10	A pipeline for identification of bird and frog species in tropical soundscape recordings using a convolutional neural network. Ecological Informatics, 2020, 59, 101113.	5.2	74
11	The Socio-Economic and Environmental Variables Associated with Hotspots of Infrastructure Expansion in South America. Remote Sensing, 2020, 12, 116.	4.0	6
12	Using nighttime lights to assess infrastructure expansion within and around protected areas in South America. Environmental Research Communications, 2020, 2, 021002.	2.3	11
13	Haiti has more forest than previously reported: land change 2000–2015. PeerJ, 2020, 8, e9919.	2.0	9
14	Improve Long-Term Biodiversity Management and Monitoring on Certified Oil Palm Plantations in Colombia by Centralizing Efforts at the Sector Level. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change, 2019, 2, .	2.3	3
15	Recovery of amphibian, reptile, bird and mammal diversity during secondary forest succession in the tropics. Oikos, 2019, 128, 1065-1078.	2.7	60
16	Biodiversity recovery of Neotropical secondary forests. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaau3114.	10.3	291
17	Woody vegetation dynamics in the tropical and subtropical Andes from 2001 to 2014: Satellite image interpretation and expert validation. Global Change Biology, 2019, 25, 2112-2126.	9.5	73
18	Using soundscapes to assess biodiversity in Neotropical oil palm landscapes. Landscape Ecology, 2019, 34, 911-923.	4.2	24

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19	The neotropical reforestation hotspots: A biophysical and socioeconomic typology of contemporary forest expansion. Global Environmental Change, 2019, 54, 148-159.	7.8	68
20	Built-up expansion between 2001 and 2011 in South America continues well beyond the cities. Environmental Research Letters, 2018, 13, 084006.	5.2	30
21	Legume abundance along successional and rainfall gradients in Neotropical forests. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 1104-1111.	7.8	107
22	It's time to listen: there is much to be learned from the sounds of tropical ecosystems. Biotropica, 2018, 50, 713-718.	1.6	74
23	Characterizing commercial oil palm expansion in Latin America: land use change and trade. Environmental Research Letters, 2017, 12, 024008.	5.2	126
24	Soundscape analysis and acoustic monitoring document impacts of natural gas exploration on biodiversity in a tropical forest. Ecological Indicators, 2017, 74, 39-48.	6.3	91
25	Land system science in Latin America: challenges and perspectives. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability, 2017, 26-27, 37-46.	6.3	44
26	Have bird distributions shifted along an elevational gradient on a tropical mountain?. Ecology and Evolution, 2017, 7, 9914-9924.	1.9	50
27	Species Richness (of Insects) Drives the Use of Acoustic Space in the Tropics. Remote Sensing, 2017, 9, 1096.	4.0	66
28	Changes in the acoustic structure and composition along a tropical elevational gradient. Journal of Ecoacoustics, 2017, 1, 1-1.	1.5	18
29	Lowland extirpation of anuran populations on a tropical mountain. PeerJ, 2017, 5, e4059.	2.0	27
30	Functional convergence and phylogenetic divergence during secondary succession of subtropical wet forests in Puerto Rico. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2016, 27, 283-294.	2.2	60
31	A biodiversity hotspot losing its top predator: The challenge of jaguar conservation in the Atlantic Forest of South America. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 37147.	3.3	108
32	Impacts of Small-Scale Gold Mining on Birds and Anurans Near the Tambopata Natural Reserve, Peru, Assessed Using Passive Acoustic Monitoring. Tropical Conservation Science, 2016, 9, 832-851.	1.2	57
33	Carbon sequestration potential of second-growth forest regeneration in the Latin American tropics. Science Advances, 2016, 2, e1501639.	10.3	423
34	Improving distribution data of threatened species by combining acoustic monitoring and occupancy modelling. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2016, 7, 1340-1348.	5.2	117
35	Toward an integrated monitoring framework to assess the effects of tropical forest degradation and recovery on carbon stocks and biodiversity. Clobal Change Biology, 2016, 22, 92-109.	9.5	165
36	Biomass resilience of Neotropical secondary forests. Nature, 2016, 530, 211-214.	27.8	763

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37	Cropland/pastureland dynamics and the slowdown of deforestation in Latin America. Environmental Research Letters, 2015, 10, 034017.	5.2	182
38	Global demand for gold is another threat for tropical forests. Environmental Research Letters, 2015, 10, 014006.	5.2	117
39	Reply to Skutsch et al Land Use Policy, 2014, 39, 388-389.	5.6	2
40	Land cover changes in the LachuÃ; region, Guatemala: patterns, proximate causes, and underlying driving forces over the last 50Âyears. Regional Environmental Change, 2014, 14, 1139-1149.	2.9	15
41	Identifying hotspots of deforestation and reforestation in Colombia (2001–2010): implications for protected areas. Ecosphere, 2013, 4, 1-21.	2.2	62
42	Contrasting Patterns of Urban Expansion in Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Bolivia Between 1992 and 2009. Ambio, 2013, 42, 29-40.	5.5	36
43	Deforestation and Reforestation of <scp>L</scp> atin <scp>A</scp> merica and the <scp>C</scp> aribbean (2001–2010). Biotropica, 2013, 45, 262-271.	1.6	528
44	Consequences of the Armed Conflict, Forced Human Displacement, and Land Abandonment on Forest Cover Change in Colombia: A Multi-scaled Analysis. Ecosystems, 2013, 16, 1052-1070.	3.4	102
45	Vegetation change in Brazil's dryland ecoregions and the relationship to crop production and environmental factors: Cerrado, Caatinga, and Mato Grosso, 2001–2009. Journal of Land Use Science, 2013, 8, 123-153.	2.2	46
46	Oil palm plantations in Colombia: a model of future expansion. Environmental Science and Policy, 2013, 27, 172-183.	4.9	149
47	Variable response of anuran calling activity to daily precipitation and temperature: implications for climate change. Ecosphere, 2013, 4, 1-12.	2.2	61
48	Vegetation change and land tenure in Mexico: A country-wide analysis. Land Use Policy, 2013, 30, 355-364.	5.6	64
49	Real-time bioacoustics monitoring and automated species identification. PeerJ, 2013, 1, e103.	2.0	315
50	Mapping Urbanization Dynamics in Major Cities of Colombia, Ecuador, Perú, and Bolivia Using Night-Time Satellite Imagery. Land, 2013, 2, 37-59.	2.9	36
51	Land Change in the Greater Antilles between 2001 and 2010. Land, 2013, 2, 81-107.	2.9	42
52	Asymmetric forest transition driven by the interaction of socioeconomic development and environmental heterogeneity in Central America. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 8839-8844.	7.1	148
53	Impacts of internal and external policies on land change in Uruguay, 2001–2009. Environmental Conservation, 2012, 39, 122-131.	1.3	39
54	The influence of socioeconomic, environmental, and demographic factors on municipality-scale land-cover change in Mexico. Regional Environmental Change, 2012, 12, 543-557.	2.9	64

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55	The Relative Importance of Socioeconomic and Environmental Variables in Explaining Land Change in Bolivia, 2001–2010. Annals of the American Association of Geographers, 2012, 102, 778-807.	3.0	35
56	Recovery of amphibian species richness and composition in a chronosequence of secondary forests, northeastern Costa Rica. Biological Conservation, 2012, 146, 170-176.	4.1	40
57	Land change for all municipalities in Latin America and the Caribbean assessed from 250-m MODIS imagery (2001–2010). Remote Sensing of Environment, 2012, 126, 84-103.	11.0	88
58	Land Cover Change in Colombia: Surprising Forest Recovery Trends between 2001 and 2010. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e43943.	2.5	207
59	Virtual Interpretation of Earth Web-Interface Tool (VIEW-IT) for Collecting Land-Use/Land-Cover Reference Data. Remote Sensing, 2011, 3, 601-620.	4.0	77
60	Impacts of traffic noise on anuran and bird communities. Urban Ecosystems, 2011, 14, 415-427.	2.4	70
61	Implications of Rural–Urban Migration for Conservation of the Atlantic Forest and Urban Growth in Misiones, Argentina (1970–2030). Ambio, 2011, 40, 298-309.	5.5	38
62	A scalable approach to mapping annual land cover at 250 m using MODIS time series data: A case study in the Dry Chaco ecoregion of South America. Remote Sensing of Environment, 2010, 114, 2816-2832.	11.0	229
63	Hurricane Disturbance Alters Secondary Forest Recovery in Puerto Rico. Biotropica, 2010, 42, 149-157.	1.6	51
64	Effects of habitat and landscape characteristics on medium and large mammal species richness and composition in northern Uruguay. Zoologia, 2010, 27, 909-917.	0.5	26
65	A Contemporary Assessment of Change in Humid Tropical Forests. Conservation Biology, 2009, 23, 1386-1395.	4.7	401
66	Automated classification of bird and amphibian calls using machine learning: A comparison of methods. Ecological Informatics, 2009, 4, 206-214.	5.2	231
67	Balancing food production and nature conservation in the Neotropical dry forests of northern Argentina. Global Change Biology, 2008, 14, 985-997.	9.5	134
68	Past, present and future land-use in Xishuangbanna, China and the implications for carbon dynamics. Forest Ecology and Management, 2008, 255, 16-24.	3.2	149
69	Bird Community Dynamics and Habitat Associations in Karst, Mangrove andPterocarpusForest Fragments in an Urban Zone in Puerto Rico. Caribbean Journal of Science, 2008, 44, 402-416.	0.3	22
70	Agricultural Abandonment, Suburban Growth, and Forest Expansion in Puerto Rico between 1991 and 2000. Ecology and Society, 2008, 13, .	2.3	72
71	Thirty Years of Human Demography and Land-Use Change in the Atlantic Forest of Misiones, Argentina: an Evaluation of the Forest Transition Model. Ecology and Society, 2008, 13, .	2.3	95
72	HERPETOFAUNAL DYNAMICS DURING SECONDARY SUCCESSION. Herpetologica, 2007, 63, 35-50.	0.4	39

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73	Are Rural–Urban Migration and Sustainable Development Compatible in Mountain Systems?. Mountain Research and Development, 2007, 27, 119-123.	1.0	93
74	The Demography of Miconia prasina (Melastomataceae) During Secondary Succession in Puerto Rico. Biotropica, 2007, 39, 54-61.	1.6	10
75	Demand for rubber is causing the loss of high diversity rain forest in SW China. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2007, 16, 1731-1745.	2.6	237
76	An integrated approach for measuring urban forest restoration success. Urban Forestry and Urban Greening, 2006, 4, 55-68.	5.3	22
77	A Strategy for Restoration of Montane Forest in Anthropogenic Fern Thickets in the Dominican Republic. Restoration Ecology, 2006, 14, 526-536.	2.9	27
78	The influence of spatial scale on the genetic structure of a widespread tropical wetland tree, Pterocarpus officinalis (Fabaceae). Conservation Genetics, 2006, 7, 251-266.	1.5	16
79	Agriculture expansion and deforestation in seasonally dry forests of north-west Argentina. Environmental Conservation, 2005, 32, 140-148.	1.3	227
80	Restoration Success: How Is It Being Measured?. Restoration Ecology, 2005, 13, 569-577.	2.9	807
81	Globalization and Soybean Expansion into Semiarid Ecosystems of Argentina. Ambio, 2005, 34, 265-266.	5.5	72
82	Vegetation structure, species diversity, and ecosystem processes as measures of restoration success. Forest Ecology and Management, 2005, 218, 159-173.	3.2	182
83	Globalization and Soybean Expansion into Semiarid Ecosystems of Argentina. Ambio, 2005, 34, 265.	5.5	19
84	ECOLOGY: Enhanced: Globalization, Migration, and Latin American Ecosystems. Science, 2004, 305, 1915-1916.	12.6	422
85	Trends and scenarios of the carbon budget in postagricultural Puerto Rico (1936–2060). Global Change Biology, 2004, 10, 1163-1179.	9.5	25
86	Natural regeneration of subtropical montane forest after clearing fern thickets in the Dominican Republic. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2004, 20, 483-486.	1.1	67
87	Short-term response of secondary forests to hurricane disturbance in Puerto Rico, USA. Forest Ecology and Management, 2004, 199, 379-393.	3.2	47
88	The Ecological Consequences of Socioeconomic and Land-Use Changes in Postagriculture Puerto Rico. BioScience, 2003, 53, 1159.	4.9	283
89	Title is missing!. Plant Ecology, 2002, 161, 75-87.	1.6	61
90	The Effect of Distance from Forest Edge on Seed Rain and Soil Seed Bank in a Tropical Pasture1. Biotropica, 2001, 33, 260-267.	1.6	177

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91	The Effect of Distance from Forest Edge on Seed Rain and Soil Seed Bank in a Tropical Pasture1. Biotropica, 2001, 33, 260.	1.6	46
92	Effect of plant density and light availability on leaf damage in Manilkara bidentata (Sapotaceae). Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2000, 16, 447-464.	1.1	26
93	Forest Regeneration in a Chronosequence of Tropical Abandoned Pastures: Implications for Restoration Ecology. Restoration Ecology, 2000, 8, 328-338.	2.9	449
94	Barriers to Forest Regeneration in an Abandoned Pasture in Puerto Rico. Restoration Ecology, 2000, 8, 350-360.	2.9	212
95	Cattle and Weedy Shrubs as Restoration Tools of Tropical Montane Rainforest. Restoration Ecology, 2000, 8, 370-379.	2.9	94
96	Leaf Phenology and Leaf Damage of Saplings in the Luquillo Experimental Forest, Puerto Rico1. Biotropica, 2000, 32, 415-422.	1.6	26
97	Land-Use History and Forest Regeneration in the Cayey Mountains, Puerto Rico. Ecosystems, 2000, 3, 217-228.	3.4	113
98	Leaf Phenology and Leaf Damage of Saplings in the Luquillo Experimental Forest, Puerto Rico1. Biotropica, 2000, 32, 415.	1.6	2
99	Title is missing!. Plant Ecology, 1999, 145, 307-315.	1.6	37
100	Geographic patterns of genetic diversity inPoulsenia armata(Moraceae): implications for the theory of Pleistocene refugia and the importance of riparian forest. Journal of Biogeography, 1998, 25, 695-705.	3.0	63
101	Land-Use Dynamics in a Post-Agricultural Puerto Rican Landscape (1936-1988). Biotropica, 1996, 28, 525.	1.6	156
102	Forest Recovery in Abandoned Cattle Pastures Along an Elevational Gradient in Northeastern Puerto Rico. Biotropica, 1996, 28, 537.	1.6	173
103	Barriers to Lowland Tropical Forest Restoration in the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, Colombia. Restoration Ecology, 1994, 2, 219-229.	2.9	289
104	Patterns of Leaf Development and Herbivory in a Tropical Understory Community. Ecology, 1993, 74, 455-466.	3.2	185
105	Patterns of Insect Herbivory, Growth, and Survivorship in Juveniles of a Neotropical Liana. Ecology, 1990, 71, 1412-1421.	3.2	66
106	PATTERNS OF FRUIT PRODUCTION IN A NEOTROPICAL ORCHID: POLLINATOR VS. RESOURCE LIMITATION. American Journal of Botany, 1989, 76, 67-73.	1.7	202
107	Red coloration of tropical young leaves: a possible antifungal defence?. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 1989, 5, 293-300.	1.1	101
108	Herbivory as a selective agent on the timing of leaf production in a tropical understory community. Nature, 1988, 336, 574-575.	27.8	126

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109	Limbfalls: A Major Cause of Sapling Mortality for Tropical Forest Plants. Biotropica, 1987, 19, 284.	1.6	91
110	Audio segmentation using Flattened Local Trimmed Range for ecological acoustic space analysis. PeerJ Computer Science, 0, 2, e70.	4.5	2