## Richard Lanham

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/892128/publications.pdf

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8 papers

591 citations

1478505 6 h-index 1588992 8 g-index

8 all docs 8 docs citations

times ranked

8

906 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cost-Utility Analysis of Discontinuing Antidepressants in England Primary Care Patients Compared with Long-Term Maintenance: The ANTLER Study. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2022, 20, 269-282.	2.1	6
2	Maintenance or Discontinuation of Antidepressants in Primary Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 385, 1257-1267.	27.0	75
3	Antidepressant medication to prevent depression relapse in primary care: the ANTLER RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2021, 25, 1-62.	2.8	9
4	The clinical effectiveness of sertraline in primary care and the role of depression severity and duration (PANDA): a pragmatic, double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2019, 6, 903-914.	7.4	78
5	A randomised controlled trial assessing the use of citalopram, sertraline, fluoxetine and mirtazapine in preventing relapse in primary care patients who are taking long-term maintenance antidepressants (ANTLER: ANTidepressants to prevent reLapse in dEpRession): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials. 2019. 20. 319.	1.6	12
6	Antidepressant treatment with sertraline for adults with depressive symptoms in primary care: the PANDA research programme including RCT. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2019, 7, 1-108.	1.0	6
7	A randomised controlled trial assessing the severity and duration of depressive symptoms associated with a clinically significant response to sertraline versus placebo, in people presenting to primary care with depression (PANDA trial): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 496.	1.6	15
8	Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of mindfulness-based cognitive therapy compared with maintenance antidepressant treatment in the prevention of depressive relapse or recurrence (PREVENT): a randomised controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 63-73.	13.7	390