

Gerhard Meissner

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/88755/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

99
papers

10,002
citations

53794

45
h-index

42399

92
g-index

99
all docs

99
docs citations

99
times ranked

5773
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Activation of the Cardiac Calcium Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor) by Poly-S-Nitrosylation. <i>Science</i> , 1998, 279, 234-237.	12.6	945
2	Physiology of Nitric Oxide in Skeletal Muscle. <i>Physiological Reviews</i> , 2001, 81, 209-237.	28.8	897
3	Purification and reconstitution of the calcium release channel from skeletal muscle. <i>Nature</i> , 1988, 331, 315-319.	27.8	840
4	Isolation of sarcoplasmic reticulum by zonal centrifugation and purification of Ca ²⁺ -pump and Ca ²⁺ -binding proteins. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes</i> , 1973, 298, 246-269.	2.6	468
5	Kinetics of rapid calcium release by sarcoplasmic reticulum. Effects of calcium, magnesium, and adenine nucleotides. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1986, 25, 236-244.	2.5	457
6	Isolation and characterization of two types of sarcoplasmic reticulum vesicles. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Biomembranes</i> , 1975, 389, 51-68.	2.6	418
7	The Skeletal Muscle Calcium Release Channel. <i>Cell</i> , 2000, 102, 499-509.	28.9	407
8	Sarcoplasmic reticulum contains adenine nucleotide-activated calcium channels. <i>Nature</i> , 1985, 316, 446-449.	27.8	389
9	Activation of the Ca ²⁺ release channel of skeletal muscle sarcoplasmic reticulum by caffeine and related compounds. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 1988, 267, 75-86.	3.0	326
10	Calmodulin Binding and Inhibition of Cardiac Muscle Calcium Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor). <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2001, 276, 20144-20153.	3.4	183
11	The structural basis of ryanodine receptor ion channel function. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2017, 149, 1065-1089.	1.9	181
12	Regulation of Cardiac Ca ²⁺ Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor) by Ca ²⁺ , H ⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , and Adenine Nucleotides Under Normal and Simulated Ischemic Conditions. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 1996, 79, 1100-1109.	4.5	166
13	Molecular regulation of cardiac ryanodine receptor ion channel. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2004, 35, 621-628.	2.4	161
14	Regulation of mammalian ryanodine receptors. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2002, 7, d2072-2080.	3.0	153
15	Regulation of Skeletal Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor) by Ca ²⁺ and Monovalent Cations and Anions. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1997, 272, 1628-1638.	3.4	146
16	Classes of Thiols That Influence the Activity of the Skeletal Muscle Calcium Release Channel. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2001, 276, 15625-15630.	3.4	143
17	Evidence for a Role of the Luminal M3-M4 Loop in Skeletal Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channel (Ryanodine) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl 0.5 P41	0.5	P41
18	Characterization of Recombinant Skeletal Muscle (Ser-2843) and Cardiac Muscle (Ser-2809) Ryanodine Receptor Phosphorylation Mutants. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2003, 278, 51693-51702.	3.4	141

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Regulation of Cardiac Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channel by Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Luminal Ca ²⁺ . Biophysical Journal, 1998, 75, 2302-2312.	0.5	140
20	Molecular Basis of Calmodulin Binding to Cardiac Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor). Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2003, 278, 23480-23486.	3.4	135
21	Functional characterization of the Ca ²⁺ -gated Ca ²⁺ release channel of vascular smooth muscle sarcoplasmic reticulum. Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology, 1991, 418, 353-359.	2.8	134
22	Permeability of sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane. The effect of changed ionic environments on Ca ²⁺ release. Journal of Membrane Biology, 1976, 30, 79-98.	2.1	124
23	(De)constructing the Ryanodine Receptor: Modeling Ion Permeation and Selectivity of the Calcium Release Channel. Journal of Physical Chemistry B, 2005, 109, 15598-15610.	2.6	121
24	Evidence for a Ca ²⁺ channel within the ryanodine receptor complex from cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1988, 151, 441-449.	2.1	109
25	Early cardiac hypertrophy in mice with impaired calmodulin regulation of cardiac muscle Ca ²⁺ release channel. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2007, 117, 1344-1353.	8.2	105
26	Potential for Pharmacology of Ryanodine Receptor/Calcium Release Channels. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1998, 853, 130-148.	3.8	103
27	Characterization of recessive RYR1 mutations in core myopathies. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 2791-2803.	2.9	103
28	Monovalent ion and calcium ion fluxes in sarcoplasmic reticulum. Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry, 1983, 55, 65-82.	3.1	97
29	Evidence for a junctional feet-ryanodine receptor complex from sarcoplasmic reticulum. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1987, 143, 704-709.	2.1	96
30	Ruthenium Red Modifies the Cardiac and Skeletal Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channels (Ryanodine Receptors) by Multiple Mechanisms. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1999, 274, 32680-32691.	3.4	96
31	Regulation of ryanodine receptors by reactive nitrogen species. Biochemical Pharmacology, 1999, 57, 1079-1084.	4.4	93
32	Modulation of Ca ²⁺ -gated cardiac muscle Ca ²⁺ -release channel (ryanodine) by C120-C128. Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 T	4.6	88
33	Imperatoxin A Induces Subconductance States in Ca ²⁺ Release Channels (Ryanodine Receptors) of Cardiac and Skeletal Muscle. Journal of General Physiology, 1998, 111, 679-690.	1.9	87
34	Identification of Apocalmodulin and Ca ²⁺ -Calmodulin Regulatory Domain in Skeletal Muscle Ca ²⁺ Release Channel, Ryanodine Receptor. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2001, 276, 22579-22585.	3.4	87
35	Regulation of the Cardiac Muscle Ryanodine Receptor by O ₂ Tension and S-Nitrosoglutathione. Biochemistry, 2008, 47, 13985-13990.	2.5	84
36	Multi-minicore disease and atypical periodic paralysis associated with novel mutations in the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor (RYR1) gene. Neuromuscular Disorders, 2010, 20, 166-173.	0.6	78

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Muscle weakness in <i>RyR1I4895T/WT</i> knock-in mice as a result of reduced ryanodine receptor Ca ²⁺ ion permeation and release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2011, 137, 43-57.	1.9	76
38	Mechanism of Calmodulin Inhibition of Cardiac Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Ca ²⁺ Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor). <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2004, 86, 797-804.	0.5	70
39	Cardiac Myocyte Z-Line Calmodulin Is Mainly RyR2-Bound, and Reduction Is Arrhythmogenic and Occurs in Heart Failure. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2014, 114, 295-306.	4.5	69
40	Regulation of mammalian ryanodine receptors. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2002, 7, d2072.	3.0	67
41	Probing the Role of Negatively Charged Amino Acid Residues in Ion Permeation of Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2005, 89, 256-265.	0.5	66
42	Identification of a Two EF-Hand Ca ²⁺ Binding Domain in Lobster Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor/Ca ²⁺ Release Channel. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1998, 37, 4804-4814.	2.5	65
43	Two Rings of Negative Charges in the Cytosolic Vestibule of Type-1 Ryanodine Receptor Modulate Ion Fluxes. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2006, 90, 443-453.	0.5	65
44	Evidence for a role of C-terminal amino acid residues in skeletal muscle Ca ²⁺ release channel (ryanodine receptor) function. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1997, 412, 223-226.	2.8	61
45	Selectivity and Permeation in Calcium Release Channel of Cardiac Muscle: Alkali Metal Ions. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 1999, 76, 1346-1366.	0.5	59
46	Structural Determinants of Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor Gating*. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013, 288, 6154-6165.	3.4	48
47	Sodium and potassium ion permeability of sarcoplasmic reticulum vesicles. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1977, 82, 47-50.	2.8	43
48	Excitation-Contraction Coupling in Airway Smooth Muscle. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2006, 281, 30143-30151.	3.4	43
49	Knocking Down Type 2 but Not Type 1 Calsequestrin Reduces Calcium Sequestration and Release in C2C12 Skeletal Muscle Myotubes. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2006, 281, 15572-15581.	3.4	39
50	Single Channel Properties of Heterotetrameric Mutant RyR1 Ion Channels Linked to Core Myopathies. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2008, 283, 6321-6329.	3.4	36
51	Regulation of Ryanodine Receptor Ion Channels Through Posttranslational Modifications. <i>Current Topics in Membranes</i> , 2010, 66, 91-113.	0.9	35
52	Calmodulin Regulation and Identification of Calmodulin Binding Region of Type-3 Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Release Channel. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2005, 44, 15074-15081.	2.5	34
53	Altered stored calcium release in skeletal myotubes deficient of triadin and junctin. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2009, 45, 29-37.	2.4	34
54	Location of Ryanodine and Dihydropyridine Receptors in Frog Myocardium. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2003, 84, 1079-1092.	0.5	33

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Modulation of sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca ²⁺ release in skeletal muscle expressing ryanodine receptor impaired in regulation by calmodulin and S100A1. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2011, 300, C998-C1012.	4.6	33
56	Stabilization of the Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor Ion Channel-FKBP12 Complex by the 1,4-Benzothiazepine Derivative S107. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e54208.	2.5	33
57	Isolation and partial cloning of ryanodine-sensitive Ca ²⁺ release channel protein isoforms from human myometrial smooth muscle. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1995, 372, 6-12.	2.8	31
58	Evidence for a role of C-terminus in Ca ²⁺ inactivation of skeletal muscle Ca ²⁺ release channel (ryanodine receptor). <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1999, 459, 154-158.	2.8	31
59	Cardiac hypertrophy associated with impaired regulation of cardiac ryanodine receptor by calmodulin and S100A1. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2013, 305, H86-H94.	3.2	30
60	Combining Fluorescence Detection and Mass Spectrometric Analysis for Comprehensive and Quantitative Analysis of Redox-Sensitive Cysteines in Native Membrane Proteins. <i>Analytical Chemistry</i> , 2006, 78, 7959-7966.	6.5	29
61	Selecting Ions by Size in a Calcium Channel: The Ryanodine Receptor Case Study. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 107, 2263-2273.	0.5	27
62	Ca ²⁺ -mediated activation of the skeletal-muscle ryanodine receptor ion channel. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 19501-19509.	3.4	27
63	Two central core disease (CCD) deletions in the C-terminal region of RYR1 alter muscle excitation-contraction (EC) coupling by distinct mechanisms. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2007, 28, 61-68.	2.5	26
64	A Structural Model of the Pore-Forming Region of the Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor (RyR1). <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2009, 5, e1000367.	3.2	25
65	Cardiac calcium signalling pathologies associated with defective calmodulin regulation of type 2 ryanodine receptor. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2013, 591, 4287-4299.	2.9	24
66	Calcium Ion Permeation through the Calcium Release Channel (Ryanodine Receptor) of Cardiac Muscle. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2003, 107, 9139-9145.	2.6	22
67	Dyad content is reduced in cardiac myocytes of mice with impaired calmodulin regulation of RyR2. <i>Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility</i> , 2015, 36, 205-214.	2.0	22
68	A central core disease mutation in the Ca ²⁺ -binding site of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor impairs single-channel regulation. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2019, 317, C358-C365.	4.6	22
69	Pore Dynamics and Conductance of RyR1 Transmembrane Domain. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 106, 2375-2384.	0.5	20
70	Dysfunctional ryanodine receptor and cardiac hypertrophy: role of signaling molecules. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2011, 300, H2187-H2195.	3.2	17
71	Channel Gating Dependence on Pore Lining Helix Glycine Residues in Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 17535-17545.	3.4	17
72	Different Regions in Skeletal and Cardiac Muscle Ryanodine Receptors Are Involved in Transducing the Functional Effects of Calmodulin. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2004, 279, 36433-36439.	3.4	15

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Thermodynamics of calmodulin binding to cardiac and skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor ion channels. <i>Proteins: Structure, Function and Bioinformatics</i> , 2009, 74, 207-211.	2.6	15
74	Mass spectrometric analysis and mutagenesis predict involvement of multiple cysteines in redox regulation of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor ion channel complex. <i>Research and Reports in Biology</i> , 2011, 2011, 13.	0.2	14
75	Structural and functional interactions between the Ca ²⁺ -ATP- and caffeine-binding sites of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor (RyR1). <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2021, 297, 101040.	3.4	13
76	Reconstitution of the solubilized cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum potassium channel Identification of a putative Mr ¹ 480 kDa polypeptide constituent. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1991, 291, 13-16.	2.8	12
77	Occurrence of atypical Ca ²⁺ transients in triadin-binding deficient-RYR1 mutants. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2006, 351, 909-914.	2.1	12
78	Does Ca ²⁺ /Calmodulin-Dependent Protein Kinase \hat{c} Activate or Inhibit the Cardiac Ryanodine Receptor Ion Channel?. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2007, 100, 293-295.	4.5	12
79	Ion-pulling simulations provide insights into the mechanisms of channel opening of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2017, 292, 12947-12958.	3.4	11
80	NADH, a New Player in the Cardiac Ryanodine Receptor?. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2004, 94, 418-419.	4.5	10
81	G4941K substitution in the pore-lining S6 helix of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor increases RyR1 sensitivity to cytosolic and luminal Ca ²⁺ . <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 2015-2028.	3.4	10
82	Silencing genes of sarcoplasmic reticulum proteins clarifies their roles in excitation-contraction coupling. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2009, 587, 3089-3090.	2.9	9
83	Two EF-hand motifs in ryanodine receptor calcium release channels contribute to isoform-specific regulation by calmodulin. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2017, 66, 62-70.	2.4	7
84	Aldolase potentiates DIDS activation of the ryanodine receptor in rabbit skeletal sarcoplasmic reticulum. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2006, 399, 325-333.	3.7	6
85	Regulation of ryanodine receptors by sphingosylphosphorylcholine: Involvement of both calmodulin-dependent and -independent mechanisms. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2010, 401, 281-286.	2.1	6
86	Excitation-contraction Coupling in Skeletal Muscle. , 2012, , 783-800.		6
87	Single-channel properties of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor pore \hat{r} 4923FF4924 in two brothers with a lethal form of fetal akinesia. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2020, 87, 102182.	2.4	6
88	Inhibition of CaMKII Does Not Attenuate Cardiac Hypertrophy in Mice with Dysfunctional Ryanodine Receptor. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e104338.	2.5	6
89	IL-6/STAT3 signaling in mice with dysfunctional type-2 ryanodine receptor. <i>Jak-stat</i> , 2015, 4, e1158379.	2.2	3
90	mTOR signaling in mice with dysfunctional cardiac ryanodine receptor ion channel. <i>Journal of Receptor, Ligand and Channel Research</i> , 2015, 8, 43.	0.7	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
91	Mapping coâ€regulatory interactions among ligandâ€binding sites in ryanodine receptor 1. Proteins: Structure, Function and Bioinformatics, 2022, 90, 385-394.	2.6	2
92	Comparison of CHAPS-Induced Current Fluctuations with Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Ca ²⁺ Release Channel Activity. Membrane Biochemistry, 1990, 9, 171-178.	0.6	1
93	Ca ²⁺ Release from Sarcoplasmic Reticulum in Muscle. , 2001, , 927-940.		1
94	STAT3 activation in cardiac hypertrophy induced by ryanodine receptor 2 mutation. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 386.5.	0.5	1
95	Membrane Transport Ryanodine Receptor Calcium Ion Channels. , 2021, , 942-948.		0
96	Calcium Release from Cardiac Sarcoplasmic Reticulum. , 2001, , 461-470.		0
97	Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Ion Channels. , 2004, , 51-58.		0
98	Ca²⁺ Release Channel/Ryanodine Receptor - L-Type Ca²⁺ Channel/Dihydropyridine Receptor Interactions in Skeletal Muscle. , 1998, , 161-180.		0
99	Ca ²⁺ Release from Sarcoplasmic Reticulum in Muscle. , 2001, , 927-940.		0