Rikke K Olsen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Clinical, pathological and genetic features and follow-up of 110 patients with late-onset MADD: a single-center retrospective study. Human Molecular Genetics, 2022, 31, 1115-1129.	2.9	10
2	Electron transfer flavoprotein and its role in mitochondrial energy metabolism in health and disease. Gene, 2021, 776, 145407.	2.2	42
3	Bezafibrate activation of PPAR drives disturbances in mitochondrial redox bioenergetics and decreases the viability of cells from patients with VLCAD deficiency. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease, 2021, 1867, 166100.	3.8	5
4	Bioenergetic and Proteomic Profiling of Immune Cells in Myalgic Encephalomyelitis/Chronic Fatigue Syndrome Patients: An Exploratory Study. Biomolecules, 2021, 11, 961.	4.0	13
5	Variants in the <scp>ethylmalonylâ€CoA</scp> decarboxylase (<scp><i>ECHDC1</i></scp>) gene: a novel player in ethylmalonic aciduria?. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2021, 44, 1215-1225.	3.6	4
6	Use of Molecular Genetic Analyses in Danish Routine Newborn Screening. International Journal of Neonatal Screening, 2021, 7, 50.	3.2	12
7	Riboflavin Deficiency—Implications for General Human Health and Inborn Errors of Metabolism. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 3847.	4.1	92
8	Increased antioxidant response in medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: does lipoic acid have a protective role?. Pediatric Research, 2020, 88, 556-564.	2.3	4
9	<i>FLAD1</i> â€associated multiple acyl oA dehydrogenase deficiency identified by newborn screening. Molecular Genetics & Genomic Medicine, 2019, 7, e915.	1.2	18
10	<i>FLAD1</i> , encoding FAD synthase, is mutated in a patient with myopathy, scoliosis and cataracts. Clinical Genetics, 2018, 94, 592-593.	2.0	9
11	Post-mortem detection of FLAD1 mutations in 2 Turkish siblings with hypotonia in early infancy. Neuromuscular Disorders, 2018, 28, 787-790.	0.6	14
12	Shortâ€chain acylâ€CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: from gene to cell pathology and possible disease mechanisms. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2017, 40, 641-655.	3.6	41
13	An intronic variation in SLC52A1 causes exon skipping and transient riboflavin-responsive multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2017, 122, 182-188.	1.1	41
14	Mitochondrial Spare Respiratory Capacity Is Negatively Correlated with Nuclear Reprogramming Efficiency. Stem Cells and Development, 2017, 26, 166-176.	2.1	21
15	Riboflavin-Responsive and -Non-responsive Mutations in FAD Synthase Cause Multiple Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase and Combined Respiratory-Chain Deficiency. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2016, 98, 1130-1145.	6.2	118
16	Redox signalling and mitochondrial stress responses; lessons from inborn errors of metabolism. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2015, 38, 703-719.	3.6	59
17	The <i>ETFDH</i> c.158A>G Variation Disrupts the Balanced Interplay of ESE- and ESS-Binding Proteins thereby Causing Missplicing and Multiple Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenation Deficiency. Human Mutation, 2014, 35, 86-95.	2.5	32
18	Proteomic investigation of cultivated fibroblasts from patients with mitochondrial short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2014, 111, 360-368.	1.1	24

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19	Cellular consequences of oxidative stress in riboflavin responsive multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency patient fibroblasts. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 4285-4301.	2.9	30
20	Genetic and cellular modifiers of oxidative stress: What can we learn from fatty acid oxidation defects?. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2013, 110, S31-S39.	1.1	47
21	Secondary coenzyme Q10 deficiency and oxidative stress in cultured fibroblasts from patients with riboflavin responsive multiple Acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, 22, 3819-3827.	2.9	59
22	Molecular mechanisms of riboflavin responsiveness in patients with ETF-QO variations and multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 3435-3448.	2.9	80
23	Maternal riboflavin deficiency, resulting in transient neonatal-onset glutaric aciduria Type 2, is caused by a microdeletion in the riboflavin transporter gene GPR172B. Human Mutation, 2011, 32, E1976-E1984.	2.5	96
24	Highâ€resolution melting analysis, a simple and effective method for reliable mutation scanning and frequency studies in the <i>ACADVL</i> gene. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2010, 33, 247-260.	3.6	10
25	Role of Flavinylation in a Mild Variant of Multiple Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenation Deficiency. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2009, 284, 4222-4229.	3.4	67
26	Mitochondrial fatty acid oxidation defects—remaining challenges. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2008, 31, 643-657.	3.6	123
27	ETFDH mutations as a major cause of riboflavin-responsive multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. Brain, 2007, 130, 2045-2054.	7.6	292
28	DNA-based prenatal diagnosis for severe and variant forms of multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2005, 25, 60-64.	2.3	10
29	Clear relationship betweenETF/ETFDH genotype and phenotype in patients with multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency, Human Mutation, 2003, 22, 12-23,	2.5	196