Sylvain Delzon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		17440	13771
175	18,567	63	129
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
184	184	184	15879
104	104	104	130/9
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cross-validation of the high-capacity tensiometer and thermocouple psychrometer for continuous monitoring of xylem water potential in saplings. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2022, 73, 400-412.	4.8	6
2	Pit and tracheid anatomy explain hydraulic safety but not hydraulic efficiency of 28 conifer species. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2022, 73, 1033-1048.	4.8	22
3	Post-drought conditions and hydraulic dysfunction determine tree resilience and mortality across Mediterranean Aleppo pine (<i>Pinus halepensis</i>) populations after an extreme drought event. Tree Physiology, 2022, 42, 1364-1376.	3.1	11
4	The 2018 European heatwave led to stem dehydration but not to consistent growth reductions in forests. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 28.	12.8	66
5	The impact of drought-induced root and root hair shrinkage on root–soil contact. Plant Physiology, 2022, 189, 1232-1236.	4.8	26
6	Measuring xylem hydraulic vulnerability for long-vessel species: an improved methodology with the flow centrifugation technique. Annals of Forest Science, 2022, 79, .	2.0	6
7	Temperature rather than individual growing period length determines radial growth of sessile oak in the Pyrenees. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2022, 317, 108885.	4.8	11
8	Hydraulic traits are coupled with plant anatomical traits under drought–rewatering cycles in <i>Ginkgo biloba</i> L Tree Physiology, 2022, 42, 1216-1227.	3.1	5
9	High variation in hydraulic efficiency but not xylem safety between roots and branches in four temperate broadâ€leaved tree species. Functional Ecology, 2022, 36, 699-712.	3.6	17
10	Globally, tree fecundity exceeds productivity gradients. Ecology Letters, 2022, 25, 1471-1482.	6.4	11
11	Limits to reproduction and seed size-number trade-offs that shape forest dominance and future recovery. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 2381.	12.8	21
12	Hurricanes increase tropical forest vulnerability to drought. New Phytologist, 2022, 235, 1005-1017.	7.3	10
13	Linking droughtâ€induced xylem embolism resistance to wood anatomical traits in Neotropical trees. New Phytologist, 2021, 229, 1453-1466.	7.3	49
14	Higher needle anatomic plasticity is related to better water-use efficiency and higher resistance to embolism in fast-growing Pinus pinaster families under water scarcity. Trees - Structure and Function, 2021, 35, 287-306.	1.9	8
15	Maternal effects shape the seed mycobiome in <i>Quercus petraea</i> . New Phytologist, 2021, 230, 1594-1608.	7. 3	47
16	Nighttime transpiration represents a negligible part of water loss and does not increase the risk of water stress in grapevine. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2021, 44, 387-398.	5.7	33
17	The within-population variability of leaf spring and autumn phenology is influenced by temperature in temperate deciduous trees. International Journal of Biometeorology, 2021, 65, 369-379.	3.0	18
18	Seasonal and long-term consequences of esca grapevine disease on stem xylem integrity. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2021, 72, 3914-3928.	4.8	16

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19	Evolutionary relationships between drought-related traits and climate shape large hydraulic safety margins in western North American oaks. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	41
20	Counterâ€gradient variation of reproductive effort in a widely distributed temperate oak. Functional Ecology, 2021, 35, 1745-1755.	3.6	3
21	Towards a statistically robust determination of minimum water potential and hydraulic risk in plants. New Phytologist, 2021, 232, 404-417.	7.3	19
22	Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, $2021, 118, \ldots$	7.1	42
23	Intervessel pit membrane thickness best explains variation in embolism resistance amongst stems of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	2.9	23
24	Potential ability of tobacco (Nicotiana tabacum L.) to phytomanage an urban brownfield soil. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, , 1.	5.3	1
25	Adaptive introgression as a driver of local adaptation to climate in European white oaks. New Phytologist, 2020, 226, 1171-1182.	7.3	117
26	Flower phenology as a disruptor of the fruiting dynamics in temperate oak species. New Phytologist, 2020, 225, 1181-1192.	7.3	26
27	Overâ€accumulation of abscisic acid in transgenic tomato plants increases the risk of hydraulic failure. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2020, 43, 548-562.	5.7	24
28	Xylem embolism in leaves does not occur with open stomata: evidence from direct observations using the optical visualization technique. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2020, 71, 1151-1159.	4.8	71
29	What do you mean "functional―in ecology? Patterns versus processes. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 11875-11885.	1.9	32
30	How does contemporary selection shape oak phenotypes?. Evolutionary Applications, 2020, 13, 2772-2790.	3.1	18
31	Droughtâ€induced lacuna formation in the stem causes hydraulic conductance to decline before xylem embolism in <i>Selaginella</i> . New Phytologist, 2020, 227, 1804-1817.	7.3	18
32	Distribution of endemic bark beetle attacks and their physiological consequences on Pinus halepensis. Forest Ecology and Management, 2020, 469, 118187.	3.2	6
33	A comparison of five methods to assess embolism resistance in trees. Forest Ecology and Management, 2020, 468, 118175.	3.2	39
34	Vulnerability and hydraulic segmentations at the stem–leaf transition: coordination across Neotropical trees. New Phytologist, 2020, 228, 512-524.	7.3	46
35	Visual and hydraulic techniques produce similar estimates of cavitation resistance in woody species. New Phytologist, 2020, 228, 884-897.	7.3	37
36	Advanced vascular function discovered in a widespread moss. Nature Plants, 2020, 6, 273-279.	9.3	54

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37	In situ estimation of genetic variation of functional and ecological traits in Quercus petraea and Q. robur. Tree Genetics and Genomes, 2020, 16 , 1 .	1.6	9
38	Climatic limits of temperate rainforest tree species are explained by xylem embolism resistance among angiosperms but not among conifers. New Phytologist, 2020, 226, 727-740.	7.3	29
39	Neither xylem collapse, cavitation, or changing leaf conductance drive stomatal closure in wheat. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2020, 43, 854-865.	5.7	59
40	Where is the optimum? Predicting the variation of selection along climatic gradients and the adaptive value of plasticity. A case study on tree phenology. Evolution Letters, 2020, 4, 109-123.	3.3	36
41	Lack of vulnerability segmentation in four angiosperm tree species: evidence from direct X-ray microtomography observation. Annals of Forest Science, 2020, 77, 1.	2.0	26
42	The sequence and thresholds of leaf hydraulic traits underlying grapevine varietal differences in drought tolerance. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2020, 71, 4333-4344.	4.8	67
43	How does increasing mast seeding frequency affect population dynamics of seed consumers? Wild boar as a case study. Ecological Applications, 2020, 30, e02134.	3.8	32
44	The paradox of defoliation: Declining tree water status with increasing soil water content. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2020, 290, 108025.	4.8	16
45	No role for xylem embolism or carbohydrate shortage in temperate trees during the severe 2015 drought. Journal of Ecology, 2019, 107, 334-349.	4.0	46
46	Reply to: Data do not support large-scale oligotrophication of terrestrial ecosystems. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 3, 1287-1288.	7.8	4
47	Exploring the Hydraulic Failure Hypothesis of Esca Leaf Symptom Formation. Plant Physiology, 2019, 181, 1163-1174.	4.8	32
48	Genetic differentiation in functional traits among European sessile oak populations. Tree Physiology, 2019, 39, 1736-1749.	3.1	38
49	Embolism resistance in stems of herbaceous Brassicaceae and Asteraceae is linked to differences in woodiness and precipitation. Annals of Botany, 2019, 124, 1-14.	2.9	32
50	Embolism resistance in petioles and leaflets of palms. Annals of Botany, 2019, 124, 1173-1183.	2.9	11
51	Responses of plant leaf economic and hydraulic traits mediate the effects of early- and late-season drought on grassland productivity. AoB PLANTS, 2019, 11, plz023.	2.3	17
52	Drought response strategies and hydraulic traits contribute to mechanistic understanding of plant dry-down to hydraulic failure. Tree Physiology, 2019, 39, 910-924.	3.1	96
53	Similar hydraulic efficiency and safety across vesselless angiosperms and vessel-bearing species with scalariform perforation plates. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2019, 70, 3227-3240.	4.8	29
54	Large hydraulic safety margins protect Neotropical canopy rainforest tree species against hydraulic failure during drought. Annals of Forest Science, 2019, 76, 1.	2.0	39

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55	A paleobiogeographical scenario for the Taxaceae based on a revised fossil wood record and embolism resistance. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 2019, 263, 147-158.	1.5	5
56	Pollen limitation as a main driver of fruiting dynamics in oak populations. Ecology Letters, 2019, 22, 98-107.	6.4	48
57	Heritability and genetic architecture of reproduction-related traits in a temperate oak species. Tree Genetics and Genomes, 2019, 15, 1.	1.6	55
58	Tree differences in primary and secondary growth drive convergent scaling in leaf area to sapwood area across Europe. New Phytologist, 2018, 218, 1383-1392.	7.3	18
59	Drought will not leave your glass empty: Low risk of hydraulic failure revealed by long-term drought observations in world's top wine regions. Science Advances, 2018, 4, eaao6969.	10.3	107
60	The legacy of water deficit on populations having experienced negative hydraulic safety margin. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2018, 27, 346-356.	5.8	36
61	Variation in xylem vulnerability to embolism in European beech from geographically marginal populations. Tree Physiology, 2018, 38, 173-185.	3.1	93
62	Insular woody daisies (<i>Argyranthemum,</i> Asteraceae) are more resistant to droughtâ€induced hydraulic failure than their herbaceous relatives. Functional Ecology, 2018, 32, 1467-1478.	3.6	46
63	Testing the plant pneumatic method to estimate xylem embolism resistance in stems of temperate trees. Tree Physiology, 2018, 38, 1016-1025.	3.1	47
64	Assessing inter- and intraspecific variability of xylem vulnerability to embolism in oaks. Forest Ecology and Management, 2018, 424, 53-61.	3.2	84
65	Is There Variability for Xylem Vulnerability to Cavitation in Walnut Tree Cultivars and Species (Juglans) Tj ETQq1 1	0,78431 1.0	4 rgBT /Over
66	Intraspecific variation in embolism resistance and stem anatomy across four sunflower (<scp><i>Helianthus annuus</i></scp> L.) accessions. Physiologia Plantarum, 2018, 163, 59-72.	5.2	16
67	Quantifying in situ phenotypic variability in the hydraulic properties of four tree species across their distribution range in Europe. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196075.	2.5	25
68	Isotopic evidence for oligotrophication of terrestrial ecosystems. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 1735-1744.	7.8	138
69	An inconvenient truth about xylem resistance to embolism in the model species for refilling Laurus nobilis L Annals of Forest Science, 2018, 75, 1.	2.0	53
70	Is xylem of angiosperm leaves less resistant to embolism than branches? Insights from microCT, hydraulics, and anatomy. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2018, 69, 5611-5623.	4.8	46
71	The ground plot counting method: A valid and reliable assessment tool for quantifying seed production in temperate oak forests?. Forest Ecology and Management, 2018, 430, 143-149.	3.2	11
72	Birds girdling activity on exotic tree species as a form of adaptive behavior?. Contemporary Problems of Ecology, 2017, 10, 193-202.	0.7	0

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73	Xylem resistance to embolism: presenting a simple diagnostic test for the open vessel artefact. New Phytologist, 2017, 215, 489-499.	7.3	56
74	Integrating interactive effects of chilling and photoperiod in phenological process-based models. A case study with two European tree species: Fagus sylvatica and Quercus petraea. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2017, 244-245, 9-20.	4.8	31
75	Aridity drove the evolution of extreme embolism resistance and the radiation of Aconifer genus <i>Callitris</i> . New Phytologist, 2017, 215, 97-112.	7.3	132
76	Are forest disturbances amplifying or canceling out climate change-induced productivity changes in European forests?. Environmental Research Letters, 2017, 12, 034027.	5.2	142
77	Evolutionary dynamics of the leaf phenological cycle in an oak metapopulation along an elevation gradient. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2017, 30, 2116-2131.	1.7	49
78	Plant resistance to drought depends on timely stomatal closure. Ecology Letters, 2017, 20, 1437-1447.	6.4	486
79	Increasing spring temperatures favor oak seed production in temperate areas. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 8555.	3.3	73
80	Optical Measurement of Stem Xylem Vulnerability. Plant Physiology, 2017, 174, 2054-2061.	4.8	80
81	Vulnerability to xylem embolism as a major correlate of the environmental distribution of rain forest species on a tropical island. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2017, 40, 277-289.	5.7	67
82	Adaptive and plastic responses of <i>Quercus petraea</i> populations to climate across Europe. Global Change Biology, 2017, 23, 2831-2847.	9.5	92
83	Sex determines xylem anatomy in a dioecious conifer: hydraulic consequences in a drier world. Tree Physiology, 2017, 37, 1493-1502.	3.1	32
84	A framework for modeling adaptive forest management and decision making under climate change. Ecology and Society, 2017, 22, .	2.3	72
85	A synthesis of radial growth patterns preceding tree mortality. Global Change Biology, 2017, 23, 1675-1690.	9.5	394
86	Monitoring Xylem Hydraulic Pressure in Woody Plants. Bio-protocol, 2017, 7, e2580.	0.4	3
87	Drought avoidance and vulnerability in the Australian Araucariaceae. Tree Physiology, 2016, 36, tpv111.	3.1	8
88	Osmolality and Non-Structural Carbohydrate Composition in the Secondary Phloem of Trees across a Latitudinal Gradient in Europe. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2016, 7, 726.	3.6	60
89	Desiccation and Mortality Dynamics in Seedlings of Different European Beech (Fagus sylvatica L.) Populations under Extreme Drought Conditions. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2016, 7, 751.	3.6	72
90	Indirect Evidence for Genetic Differentiation in Vulnerability to Embolism in Pinus halepensis. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2016, 7, 768.	3.6	49

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91	Intraspecific Variation in Wood Anatomical, Hydraulic, and Foliar Traits in Ten European Beech Provenances Differing in Growth Yield. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2016, 7, 791.	3.6	80
92	Are needles of <i>Pinus pinaster</i> more vulnerable to xylem embolism than branches? New insights from Xâ€ray computed tomography. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2016, 39, 860-870.	5.7	74
93	Tomography and imaging at the PSICHE beam line of the SOLEIL synchrotron. Review of Scientific Instruments, 2016, 87, 093704.	1.3	59
94	Weak tradeoff between xylem safety and xylemâ€specific hydraulic efficiency across the world's woody plant species. New Phytologist, 2016, 209, 123-136.	7.3	466
95	Host range expansion is density dependent. Oecologia, 2016, 182, 779-788.	2.0	12
96	On research priorities to advance understanding of the safety–efficiency tradeoff in xylem. New Phytologist, 2016, 211, 1156-1158.	7.3	21
97	Scalariform-to-simple transition in vessel perforation plates triggered by differences in climate during the evolution of Adoxaceae. Annals of Botany, 2016, 118, 1043-1056.	2.9	34
98	Evidence for Hydraulic Vulnerability Segmentation and Lack of Xylem Refilling under Tension. Plant Physiology, 2016, 172, 1657-1668.	4.8	132
99	Fruiting Strategies of Perennial Plants: A Resource Budget Model to Couple Mast Seeding to Pollination Efficiency and Resource Allocation Strategies. American Naturalist, 2016, 188, 66-75.	2.1	26
100	Direct observation and modelling of embolism spread between xylem conduits: a case study in Scots pine. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2016, 39, 2774-2785.	5.7	27
101	Testing the â€~microbubble effect' using the Cavitron technique to measure xylem water extraction curves. AoB PLANTS, 2016, 8, .	2.3	21
102	How adaptable is the hydraulic system of European beech in the face of climate changeâ€related precipitation reduction?. New Phytologist, 2016, 210, 443-458.	7.3	178
103	Herbaceous angiosperms are not more vulnerable to drought-induced embolism than angiosperm trees. Plant Physiology, 2016, 172, pp.00829.2016.	4.8	70
104	Low intra-tree variability in resistance to embolism in four Pinaceae species. Annals of Forest Science, 2016, 73, 681-689.	2.0	19
105	Toward an index of desiccation time to tree mortality under drought. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2016, 39, 2342-2345.	5.7	83
106	Noninvasive Measurement of Vulnerability to Drought-Induced Embolism by X-Ray Microtomography. Plant Physiology, 2016, 170, 273-282.	4.8	133
107	Direct X-Ray Microtomography Observation Confirms the Induction of Embolism upon Xylem Cutting under Tension. Plant Physiology, 2015, 167, 40-43.	4.8	156
108	Stem xylem resistance to cavitation is related to xylem structure but not to growth and water-use efficiency at the within-population level in <i>Populus nigra</i> L Journal of Experimental Botany, 2015, 66, 4643-4652.	4.8	41

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109	New insight into leaf drought tolerance. Functional Ecology, 2015, 29, 1247-1249.	3.6	77
110	Extreme Aridity Pushes Trees to Their Physical Limits. Plant Physiology, 2015, 168, 804-807.	4.8	51
111	Genetic differentiation and phenotypic plasticity in life-history traits between native and introduced populations of invasive maple trees. Biological Invasions, 2015, 17, 1109-1122.	2.4	39
112	The high vulnerability of Quercus robur to droughtÂat its southern margin paves the way for Quercus ilex. Plant Ecology, 2015, 216, 177-187.	1.6	53
113	Escape of spring frost and disease through phenological variations in oak populations along elevation gradients. Journal of Ecology, 2015, 103, 1044-1056.	4.0	55
114	How do drought and warming influence survival and wood traits of Picea mariana saplings?. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2015, 66, 377-389.	4.8	52
115	<scp>X</scp> â€ray microtomography (microâ€ <scp>CT</scp>): a reference technology for highâ€resolution quantification of xylem embolism in trees. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2015, 38, 201-206.	5.7	160
116	Near-surface remote sensing observations for monitoring deciduous broadleaf forest species phenology. , 2014, , .		1
117	Recent advances in tree hydraulics highlight the ecological significance of the hydraulic safety margin. New Phytologist, 2014, 203, 355-358.	7.3	158
118	Limited genetic variability and phenotypic plasticity detected for cavitation resistance in a <scp>M</scp> editerranean pine. New Phytologist, 2014, 201, 874-886.	7.3	170
119	A broad survey of hydraulic and mechanical safety in the xylem of conifers. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2014, 65, 4419-4431.	4.8	135
120	Inferring shifts in tree species distribution using asymmetric distribution curves: a case study in the Iberian mountains. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2014, 25, 147-159.	2.2	45
121	Genetic divergence in forest trees: understanding the consequences of climate change. Functional Ecology, 2014, 28, 22-36.	3.6	105
122	Chilling and heat requirements for leaf unfolding in European beech and sessile oak populations at the southern limit of their distribution range. International Journal of Biometeorology, 2014, 58, 1853-1864.	3.0	75
123	How reliable are methods to assess xylem vulnerability to cavitation? The issue of 'open vessel' artifact in oaks. Tree Physiology, 2014, 34, 894-905.	3.1	78
124	Climate change and European forests: What do we know, what are the uncertainties, and what are the implications for forest management?. Journal of Environmental Management, 2014, 146, 69-83.	7.8	460
125	Trade-offs between xylem hydraulic properties, wood anatomy and yield in Populus. Tree Physiology, 2014, 34, 744-756.	3.1	66
126	The enigma of the rise of angiosperms: can we untie the knot?. Ecology Letters, 2014, 17, 1326-1338.	6.4	66

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127	Hydraulic failure and repair are not routine in trees. Annals of Forest Science, 2013, 70, 659-661.	2.0	117
128	Change in water loss regulation after canopy clearcut of a dominant shrub in Sahelian agrosystems, Guiera senegalensis J. F. Gmel. Trees - Structure and Function, 2013, 27, 1011-1022.	1.9	6
129	Methods for measuring plant vulnerability to cavitation: a critical review. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2013, 64, 4779-4791.	4.8	319
130	Genetic variation of drought-induced cavitation resistance among Pinus hartwegii populations from an altitudinal gradient. Acta Physiologiae Plantarum, 2013, 35, 2905-2913.	2.1	30
131	Xylem embolism threshold for catastrophic hydraulic failure in angiosperm trees. Tree Physiology, 2013, 33, 672-683.	3.1	406
132	Field Evidence of Colonisation by Holm Oak, at the Northern Margin of Its Distribution Range, during the Anthropocene Period. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80443.	2.5	42
133	A Test for Pre-Adapted Phenotypic Plasticity in the Invasive Tree Acer negundo L PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e74239.	2.5	35
134	Hydraulic efficiency and safety of vascular and non-vascular components in Pinus pinaster leaves. Tree Physiology, 2012, 32, 1161-1170.	3.1	39
135	Global convergence in the vulnerability of forests to drought. Nature, 2012, 491, 752-755.	27.8	1,944
136	Masting in whitebark pine (<i>Pinus albicaulis</i>) depletes stored nutrients. New Phytologist, 2012, 196, 189-199.	7.3	127
137	Micro-evolutionary patterns of juvenile wood density in a pine species. Plant Ecology, 2012, 213, 1781-1792.	1.6	19
138	<pre><scp><i>Q</i>_{ST}</scp>_Â<Â<scp><i>F</i>_{ST}</scp> As a signature of canalization. Molecular Ecology, 2012, 21, 5646-5655.</pre>	3.9	30
139	Plasmodesmatal pores in the torus of bordered pit membranes affect cavitation resistance of conifer xylem. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2012, 35, 1109-1120.	5.7	66
140	Drought effects on damage by forest insects and pathogens: a metaâ€analysis. Global Change Biology, 2012, 18, 267-276.	9.5	381
141	Biogeographical contrasts to assess local and regional patterns of invasion: a case study with two reciprocally introduced exotic maple trees. Ecography, 2012, 35, 803-810.	4.5	16
142	Assessing the effects of climate change on the phenology of European temperate trees. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2011, 151, 969-980.	4.8	286
143	Reviewing the Science and Implementation of Climate Change Adaptation Measures in European Forestry. Forests, 2011, 2, 961-982.	2.1	169
144	A meta-analysis of the ecological significance of density in tree invasions. Community Ecology, 2011, 12, 171-178.	0.9	11

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145	Adaptive responses for seed and leaf phenology in natural populations of sessile oak along an altitudinal gradient. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2011, 24, 1442-1454.	1.7	119
146	Tree invasions: a comparative test of the dominant hypotheses and functional traits. Biological Invasions, 2011, 13, 1969-1989.	2.4	123
147	Invasive Acer negundo outperforms native species in non-limiting resource environments due to its higher phenotypic plasticity. BMC Ecology, 2011, 11, 28.	3.0	43
148	Monitoring elevation variations in leaf phenology of deciduous broadleaf forests from SPOT/VEGETATION time-series. Remote Sensing of Environment, 2011, 115, 615-627.	11.0	76
149	To what extent is altitudinal variation of functional traits driven by genetic adaptation in European oak and beech?. Tree Physiology, 2011, 31, 1164-1174.	3.1	157
150	Uniform Selection as a Primary Force Reducing Population Genetic Differentiation of Cavitation Resistance across a Species Range. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e23476.	2.5	129
151	Xylem function and growth rate interact to determine recovery rates after exposure to extreme water deficit. New Phytologist, 2010, 188, 533-542.	7.3	284
152	Mechanism of waterâ€stress induced cavitation in conifers: bordered pit structure and function support the hypothesis of seal capillaryâ€seeding. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2010, 33, 2101-2111.	5.7	216
153	Quantifying phenological plasticity to temperature in two temperate tree species. Functional Ecology, 2010, 24, 1211-1218.	3.6	203
154	Are plant pathogen populations adapted for encounter with their host? A case study of phenological synchrony between oak and an obligate fungal parasite along an altitudinal gradient. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2010, 23, 87-97.	1.7	38
155	Climate change impacts, adaptive capacity, and vulnerability of European forest ecosystems. Forest Ecology and Management, 2010, 259, 698-709.	3.2	1,684
156	New Insights into the Mechanisms of Water-Stress-Induced Cavitation in Conifers. Plant Physiology, 2009, 151, 949-954.	4.8	97
157	Responses of canopy duration to temperature changes in four temperate tree species: relative contributions of spring and autumn leaf phenology. Oecologia, 2009, 161, 187-198.	2.0	248
158	The role of biotic interactions in altering tree seedling responses to an extreme climatic event. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2009, 20, 403-414.	2.2	62
159	Augmentation de la capacité photosynthétique avec l'altitude: mesures d'échanges gazeux à press partielles de CO2 ambiante et constante. Annals of Forest Science, 2009, 66, 505-505.	sions 2.0	27
160	Leaf phenology sensitivity to temperature in European trees: Do within-species populations exhibit similar responses?. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2009, 149, 735-744.	4.8	324
161	Altitudinal differentiation in growth and phenology among populations of temperate-zone tree species growing in a common garden. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2009, 39, 1259-1269.	1.7	253
162	Facilitation in plant communities: the past, the present, and the future. Journal of Ecology, 2008, 96, 18-34.	4.0	788

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163	Magnani et al. reply. Nature, 2008, 451, E3-E4.	27.8	20
164	Predicting the decline in daily maximum transpiration rate of two pine stands during drought based on constant minimum leaf water potential and plant hydraulic conductance. Tree Physiology, 2008, 28, 265-276.	3.1	92
165	The human footprint in the carbon cycle of temperate and boreal forests. Nature, 2007, 447, 849-851.	27.8	868
166	Variation of the photosynthetic capacity across a chronosequence of maritime pine correlates with needle phosphorus concentration. Annals of Forest Science, 2005, 62, 537-543.	2.0	24
167	Age-related decline in stand water use: sap flow and transpiration in a pine forest chronosequence. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2005, 129, 105-119.	4.8	165
168	Radial profiles of sap flow with increasing tree size in maritime pine. Tree Physiology, 2004, 24, 1285-1293.	3.1	123
169	Hydraulic responses to height growth in maritime pine trees. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2004, 27, 1077-1087.	5.7	120
170	MuSICA, a CO2, water and energy multilayer, multileaf pine forest model: evaluation from hourly to yearly time scales and sensitivity analysis. Global Change Biology, 2003, 9, 697-717.	9.5	139
171	Temperature response of parameters of a biochemically based model of photosynthesis. I. Seasonal changes in mature maritime pine (Pinus pinaster Ait.). Plant, Cell and Environment, 2002, 25, 1155-1165.	5.7	208
172	Embolism resistance of conifer roots can be accurately measured with the flow-centrifuge method. The Journal of Plant Hydraulics, 0, 2, e002.	1.0	12
173	Let plant hydraulics catch the wave. The Journal of Plant Hydraulics, 0, 3, e002.	1.0	3
174	Understanding the genetic bases of adaptation to soil water deficit in trees through the examination of water use efficiency and cavitation resistance: maritime pine as a case study. The Journal of Plant Hydraulics, 0, 3, e008.	1.0	17
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