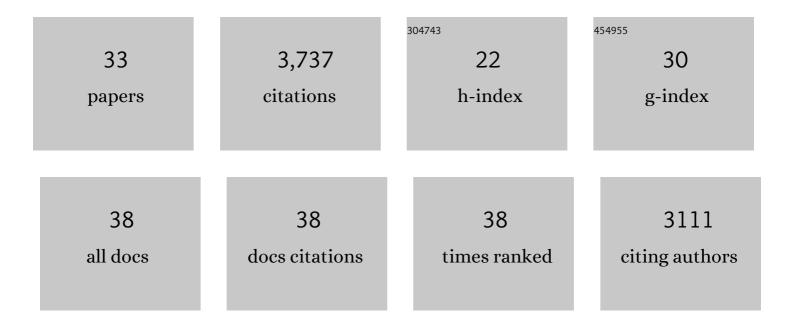
Anna Selmecki

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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ANNA SELMECKI

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genomic Diversity across Candida auris Clinical Isolates Shapes Rapid Development of Antifungal Resistance <i>In Vitro</i> and <i>In Vivo</i> . MBio, 2022, 13, .	4.1	18
2	The fitness costs and benefits of trisomy of each <i>Candida albicans</i> chromosome. Genetics, 2021, 218, .	2.9	35
3	A small molecule produced by Lactobacillus species blocks Candida albicans filamentation by inhibiting a DYRK1-family kinase. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 6151.	12.8	50
4	981. An Investigation into Possible Nosocomial Clusters and On-Treatment Resistance Patterns in Candidemia. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2021, 8, S581-S582.	0.9	0
5	Expandable and reversible copy number amplification drives rapid adaptation to antifungal drugs. ELife, 2020, 9, .	6.0	94
6	1163. Epidemiology of Candidemia: Can <i>Candida</i> Spread from Patient to Patient in the Hospital?. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2020, 7, S607-S608.	0.9	0
7	<i>lptG</i> contributes to changes in membrane permeability and the emergence of multidrug hypersusceptibility in a cystic fibrosis isolate of <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> . MicrobiologyOpen, 2019, 8, e844.	3.0	6
8	Draft Genome Assemblies of Clinical Isolates of Klebsiella pneumoniae V9011662 and Enterobacter hormaechei Entb306. Microbiology Resource Announcements, 2019, 8, .	0.6	2
9	Selection of Candida albicans trisomy during oropharyngeal infection results in a commensal-like phenotype. PLoS Genetics, 2019, 15, e1008137.	3.5	43
10	Functional divergence of a global regulatory complex governing fungal filamentation. PLoS Genetics, 2019, 15, e1007901.	3.5	17
11	Genome plasticity in Candida albicans is driven by long repeat sequences. ELife, 2019, 8, .	6.0	83
12	Spindle Dynamics Model Explains Chromosome Loss Rates in Yeast Polyploid Cells. Frontiers in Genetics, 2018, 9, 296.	2.3	7
13	Assembly of a complete genome sequence for Gemmata obscuriglobus reveals a novel prokaryotic rRNA operon gene architecture. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2018, 111, 2095-2105.	1.7	4
14	Flow Cytometry Analysis of Fungal Ploidy. Current Protocols in Microbiology, 2018, 50, e58.	6.5	26
15	Global analysis of genetic circuitry and adaptive mechanisms enabling resistance to the azole antifungal drugs. PLoS Genetics, 2018, 14, e1007319.	3.5	37
16	The Candida albicans transcription factor Cas5 couples stress responses, drug resistance and cell cycle regulation. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 499.	12.8	49
17	Ploidy Variation in Fungi: Polyploidy, Aneuploidy, and Genome Evolution. Microbiology Spectrum, 2017, 5, .	3.0	74
18	The Influence of Polyploidy on the Evolution of Yeast Grown in a Sub-Optimal Carbon Source. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2017, 34, 2690-2703.	8.9	31

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Polyploidy can drive rapid adaptation in yeast. Nature, 2015, 519, 349-352.	27.8	376
20	Rad52 function prevents chromosome loss and truncation in <i>Candida albicans</i> . Molecular Microbiology, 2011, 79, 1462-1482.	2.5	28
21	Genomic Plasticity of the Human Fungal Pathogen Candida albicans. Eukaryotic Cell, 2010, 9, 991-1008.	3.4	241
22	Low Dosage of Histone H4 Leads to Growth Defects and Morphological Changes in Candida albicans. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e10629.	2.5	10
23	Acquisition of Aneuploidy Provides Increased Fitness during the Evolution of Antifungal Drug Resistance. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000705.	3.5	293
24	Neocentromeres Form Efficiently at Multiple Possible Loci in Candida albicans. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000400.	3.5	152
25	Aneuploid Chromosomes Are Highly Unstable during DNA Transformation of <i>Candida albicans</i> . Eukaryotic Cell, 2009, 8, 1554-1566.	3.4	77
26	Evolution in <i>Candida albicans</i> Populations During a Single Passage Through a Mouse Host. Genetics, 2009, 182, 799-811.	2.9	151
27	An isochromosome confers drug resistance <i>in vivo</i> by amplification of two genes, <i>ERG11</i> and <i>TAC1</i> . Molecular Microbiology, 2008, 68, 624-641.	2.5	280
28	Haplotype Mapping of a Diploid Non-Meiotic Organism Using Existing and Induced Aneuploidies. PLoS Genetics, 2008, 4, e1.	3.5	129
29	Genotypic Evolution of Azole Resistance Mechanisms in Sequential <i>Candida albicans</i> Isolates. Eukaryotic Cell, 2007, 6, 1889-1904.	3.4	268
30	A Mutation in Tac1p, a Transcription Factor Regulating CDR1 and CDR2, Is Coupled With Loss of Heterozygosity at Chromosome 5 to Mediate Antifungal Resistance in Candida albicans. Genetics, 2006, 172, 2139-2156.	2.9	341
31	Aneuploidy and Isochromosome Formation in Drug-Resistant Candida albicans. Science, 2006, 313, 367-370.	12.6	630
32	Comparative genome hybridization reveals widespread aneuploidy in Candida albicans laboratory strains. Molecular Microbiology, 2005, 55, 1553-1565.	2.5	175
33	Ploidy Variation in Fungi: Polyploidy, Aneuploidy, and Genome Evolution. , 0, , 599-618.		9