Esther M John

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

250 papers	21,819 citations	16411 64 h-index	11581 135 g-index
261 all docs	261 docs citations	261 times ranked	22019 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Risks of Breast, Ovarian, and Contralateral Breast Cancer for *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Mutation Carriers. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 2402.	3.8	1,898
2	Reproductive Factors and Breast Cancer. Epidemiologic Reviews, 1993, 15, 36-47.	1.3	1,205
3	Association analysis identifies 65 new breast cancer risk loci. Nature, 2017, 551, 92-94.	13.7	1,099
4	Polygenic Risk Scores for Prediction of Breast Cancer and Breast Cancer Subtypes. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2019, 104, 21-34.	2.6	711
5	Association analyses of more than 140,000 men identify 63 new prostate cancer susceptibility loci. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 928-936.	9.4	652
6	Multiple regions within 8q24 independently affect risk for prostate cancer. Nature Genetics, 2007, 39, 638-644.	9.4	621
7	Associations of Breast Cancer Risk Factors With Tumor Subtypes: A Pooled Analysis From the Breast Cancer Association Consortium Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2011, 103, 250-263.	3.0	596
8	Admixture mapping identifies 8q24 as a prostate cancer risk locus in African-American men. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 14068-14073.	3.3	575
9	Pathology of Breast and Ovarian Cancers among *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Mutation Carriers: Results from the Consortium of Investigators of Modifiers of *BRCA1*/*2* (CIMBA). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 134-147.	1.1	513
10	Genome-wide association analysis of more than 120,000 individuals identifies 15 new susceptibility loci for breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2015, 47, 373-380.	9.4	513
11	Prediction of Breast Cancer Risk Based on Profiling With Common Genetic Variants. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107, .	3.0	428
12	A Population-Based Study of Genes Previously Implicated in Breast Cancer. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 384, 440-451.	13.9	414
13	A meta-analysis of 87,040 individuals identifies 23 new susceptibility loci for prostate cancer. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 1103-1109.	9.4	408
14	Association of Type and Location of *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 1347.	3.8	390
15	Identification of 12 new susceptibility loci for different histotypes of epithelial ovarian cancer. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 680-691.	9.4	356
16	Identification of ten variants associated with risk of estrogen-receptor-negative breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 1767-1778.	9.4	289
17	Prevalence of Pathogenic BRCA1 Mutation Carriers in 5 US Racial/Ethnic Groups. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 298, 2869.	3.8	280
18	Genome-wide association study identifies 32 novel breast cancer susceptibility loci from overall and subtype-specific analyses. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 572-581.	9.4	265

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19	Trans-ancestry genome-wide association meta-analysis of prostate cancer identifies new susceptibility loci and informs genetic risk prediction. Nature Genetics, 2021, 53, 65-75.	9.4	264
20	The Breast Cancer Family Registry: an infrastructure for cooperative multinational, interdisciplinary and translational studies of the genetic epidemiology of breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research, 2004, 6, R375-89.	2.2	255
21	Mutational spectrum in a worldwide study of 29,700 families with <i>BRCA1</i> or <i>BRCA2</i> mutations. Human Mutation, 2018, 39, 593-620.	1.1	224
22	Phytoestrogen Consumption and Breast Cancer Risk in a Multiethnic Population: The Bay Area Breast Cancer Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 154, 434-441.	1.6	217
23	Sun Exposure, Vitamin D Receptor Gene Polymorphisms, and Risk of Advanced Prostate Cancer. Cancer Research, 2005, 65, 5470-5479.	0.4	210
24	Assessing phytoestrogen exposure in epidemiologic studies: development of a database (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 289-298.	0.8	203
25	Migration History, Acculturation, and Breast Cancer Risk in Hispanic Women. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 2905-2913.	1.1	194
26	Phytoestrogen Intake and Endometrial Cancer Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2003, 95, 1158-1164.	3.0	193
27	Rare variants in the ATMgene and risk of breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research, 2011, 13, R73.	2.2	188
28	A transcriptome-wide association study of 229,000 women identifies new candidate susceptibility genes for breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 968-978.	9.4	184
29	Genetic insights into biological mechanisms governing human ovarian ageing. Nature, 2021, 596, 393-397.	13.7	183
30	Common Breast Cancer Susceptibility Alleles and the Risk of Breast Cancer for <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers: Implications for Risk Prediction. Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 9742-9754.	0.4	169
31	Rare, Evolutionarily Unlikely Missense Substitutions in ATM Confer Increased Risk of Breast Cancer. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2009, 85, 427-446.	2.6	165
32	<i>CHEK2</i>*1100delC Heterozygosity in Women With Breast Cancer Associated With Early Death, Breast Cancer–Specific Death, and Increased Risk of a Second Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 4308-4316.	0.8	162
33	Prediction of Breast and Prostate Cancer Risks in Male <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutation Carriers Using Polygenic Risk Scores. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 2240-2250.	0.8	152
34	Multiple Novel Prostate Cancer Predisposition Loci Confirmed by an International Study: The PRACTICAL Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 2052-2061.	1.1	148
35	Genetic determinants of telomere length and risk of common cancers: a Mendelian randomization study. Human Molecular Genetics, 2015, 24, 5356-5366.	1.4	128
36	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate ESR1, RMND1 and CCDC170. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 374-386.	9.4	125

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37	Sun Exposure, Vitamin D Receptor Gene Polymorphisms, and Breast Cancer Risk in a Multiethnic Population. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 166, 1409-1419.	1.6	124
38	Genome-wide association study of breast cancer in Latinas identifies novel protective variants on 6q25. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 5260.	5.8	123
39	Fine-mapping of 150 breast cancer risk regions identifies 191 likely target genes. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 56-73.	9.4	120
40	Genetically Predicted Body Mass Index and Breast Cancer Risk: Mendelian Randomization Analyses of Data from 145,000 Women of European Descent. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002105.	3.9	118
41	10-year performance of four models of breast cancer risk: a validation study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 504-517.	5.1	116
42	BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers, Oral Contraceptive Use, and Breast Cancer Before Age 50. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1863-1870.	1.1	115
43	Second Primary Breast Cancer Occurrence According to Hormone Receptor Status. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2009, 101, 1058-1065.	3.0	114
44	Prostate Cancer Susceptibility in Men of African Ancestry at 8q24. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djv431.	3.0	111
45	Genetic Ancestry and Risk of Breast Cancer among U.S. Latinas. Cancer Research, 2008, 68, 9723-9728.	0.4	108
46	Height and Breast Cancer Risk: Evidence From Prospective Studies and Mendelian Randomization. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107, djv219.	3.0	99
47	No evidence that protein truncating variants in *BRIP1* are associated with breast cancer risk: implications for gene panel testing. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2016, 53, 298-309.	1.5	94
48	Identification of four novel susceptibility loci for oestrogen receptor negative breast cancer. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 11375.	5.8	93
49	Racial and Ethnic Disparities in the Impact of Obesity on Breast Cancer Risk and Survival: A Global Perspective. Advances in Nutrition, 2015, 6, 803-819.	2.9	91
50	Obesity and Mortality After Breast Cancer by Race/Ethnicity: The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 95-111.	1.6	90
51	Genome-wide association and transcriptome studies identify target genes and risk loci for breast cancer. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 1741.	5.8	90
52	Cancer Risks Associated With *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Pathogenic Variants. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 1529-1541.	0.8	90
53	Male breast cancer in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: pathology data from the Consortium of Investigators of Modifiers of BRCA1/2. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 15.	2.2	88
54	Fine-mapping of prostate cancer susceptibility loci in a large meta-analysis identifies candidate causal variants. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 2256.	5.8	88

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55	Shared heritability and functional enrichment across six solid cancers. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 431.	5.8	88
56	European polygenic risk score for prediction of breast cancer shows similar performance in Asian women. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 3833.	5.8	88
57	Impact of Neighborhood and Individual Socioeconomic Status on Survival after Breast Cancer Varies by Race/Ethnicity: The Neighborhood and Breast Cancer Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 793-811.	1.1	87
58	European Ancestry Is Positively Associated with Breast Cancer Risk in Mexican Women. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1074-1082.	1.1	86
59	Meat Consumption, Cooking Practices, Meat Mutagens, and Risk of Prostate Cancer. Nutrition and Cancer, 2011, 63, 525-537.	0.9	86
60	Lifetime physical activity and breast cancer risk in a multiethnic population: the San Francisco Bay area breast cancer study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2003, 12, 1143-52.	1.1	83
61	Polygenic risk scores and breast and epithelial ovarian cancer risks for carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 pathogenic variants. Genetics in Medicine, 2020, 22, 1653-1666.	1.1	82
62	Breast Cancer Incidence Patterns among California Hispanic Women: Differences by Nativity and Residence in an Enclave. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1208-1218.	1.1	81
63	Functional mechanisms underlying pleiotropic risk alleles at the 19p13.1 breast–ovarian cancer susceptibility locus. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 12675.	5.8	78
64	A Genome-wide Association Study of Early-Onset Breast Cancer Identifies *PFKM* as a Novel Breast Cancer Gene and Supports a Common Genetic Spectrum for Breast Cancer at Any Age. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 658-669.	1.1	77
65	Rare, evolutionarily unlikely missense substitutions in CHEK2contribute to breast cancer susceptibility: results from a breast cancer family registry case-control mutation-screening study. Breast Cancer Research, 2011, 13, R6.	2.2	74
66	Genome-wide Scan of 29,141 African Americans Finds No Evidence of Directional Selection since Admixture. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2014, 95, 437-444.	2.6	69
67	Genetic variation in genes involved in hormones, inflammation and energetic factors and breast cancer risk in an admixed population. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 1512-1521.	1.3	67
68	Genetic modifiers of CHEK2*1100delC-associated breast cancer risk. Genetics in Medicine, 2017, 19, 599-603.	1.1	67
69	Red meat and poultry, cooking practices, genetic susceptibility and risk of prostate cancer: results from a multiethnic case–control study. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 2108-2118.	1.3	64
70	Generalizability of established prostate cancer risk variants in men of African ancestry. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, 1210-1217.	2.3	62
71	Diabetes and Other Comorbidities in Breast Cancer Survival by Race/Ethnicity: The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium (CBCSC). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 361-368.	1.1	62
72	Genetic Ancestry and Risk Factors for Breast Cancer among Latinas in the San Francisco Bay Area. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1878-1885.	1.1	61

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73	Impact of individual and neighborhood factors on disparities in prostate cancer survival. Cancer Epidemiology, 2018, 53, 1-11.	0.8	61
74	Adult Body Size, Hormone Receptor Status, and Premenopausal Breast Cancer Risk in a Multiethnic Population: The San Francisco Bay Area Breast Cancer Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 201-216.	1.6	57
75	Two Novel Susceptibility Loci for Prostate Cancer in Men of African Ancestry. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2017, 109, .	3.0	57
76	Reproductive history, breast‐feeding and risk of triple negative breast cancer: The Breast Cancer Etiology in Minorities (BEM) study. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 2273-2285.	2.3	56
77	Meta-analysis of loci associated with age at natural menopause in African-American women. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 3327-3342.	1.4	54
78	Medical radiation exposure and breast cancer risk: Findings from the Breast Cancer Family Registry. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 386-394.	2.3	53
79	Intersection of Race/Ethnicity and Socioeconomic Status in Mortality After Breast Cancer. Journal of Community Health, 2015, 40, 1287-1299.	1.9	53
80	A Polygenic Risk Score for Breast Cancer in US Latinas and Latin American Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 590-598.	3.0	53
81	BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers in the Breast Cancer Family Registry: an open resource for collaborative research. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 116, 379-386.	1.1	52
82	Heterogeneity of breast cancer subtypes and survival among Hispanic women with invasive breast cancer in California. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2014, 144, 625-634.	1.1	52
83	Genome-wide association study of germline variants and breast cancer-specific mortality. British Journal of Cancer, 2019, 120, 647-657.	2.9	52
84	Age-specific breast cancer risk by body mass index and familial risk: prospective family study cohort (ProF-SC). Breast Cancer Research, 2018, 20, 132.	2.2	51
85	Contribution of Germline Predisposition Gene Mutations to Breast Cancer Risk in African American Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 1213-1221.	3.0	51
86	Past recreational physical activity, body size, and all-cause mortality following breast cancer diagnosis: results from the breast cancer family registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 123, 531-542.	1.1	50
87	Integration of multiethnic fine-mapping and genomic annotation to prioritize candidate functional SNPs at prostate cancer susceptibility regions. Human Molecular Genetics, 2015, 24, 5603-5618.	1.4	50
88	Cohort Profile: The Breast Cancer Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 683-692.	0.9	48
89	Characterization of the Cancer Spectrum in Men With Germline *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Pathogenic Variants. JAMA Oncology, 2020, 6, 1218.	3.4	48
90	The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium (CBCSC): prognostic factors associated with racial/ethnic differences in breast cancer survival. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1821-1836.	0.8	47

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91	DNA Glycosylases Involved in Base Excision Repair May Be Associated with Cancer Risk in BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004256.	1.5	47
92	Risk of Breast Cancer Among Carriers of Pathogenic Variants in Breast Cancer Predisposition Genes Varies by Polygenic Risk Score. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 2564-2573.	0.8	47
93	Identification of novel breast cancer susceptibility loci in meta-analyses conducted among Asian and European descendants. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 1217.	5.8	46
94	Combined Associations of a Polygenic Risk Score and Classical Risk Factors With Breast Cancer Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2021, 113, 329-337.	3.0	45
95	Neighborhood influences on recreational physical activity and survival after breast cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2014, 25, 1295-1308.	0.8	44
96	Angiogenesis genes, dietary oxidative balance and breast cancer risk and progression: The breast cancer health disparities study. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 629-644.	2.3	44
97	Breast Cancer Family History and Contralateral Breast Cancer Risk in Young Women: An Update From the Women's Environmental Cancer and Radiation Epidemiology Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, 1513-1520.	0.8	44
98	Regular use of aspirin and other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and breast cancer risk for women at familial or genetic risk: a cohort study. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 52.	2.2	44
99	No Increased Risk of Breast Cancer Associated with Alcohol Consumption among Carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutations Ages <50 Years. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1565-1567.	1.1	42
100	A comprehensive examination of breast cancer risk loci in African American women. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 5518-5526.	1.4	42
101	Inheritance of deleterious mutations at both BRCA1 and BRCA2 in an international sample of 32,295 women. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 112.	2.2	42
102	Risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy, natural menopause, and breast cancer risk: an international prospective cohort of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Breast Cancer Research, 2020, 22, 8.	2.2	41
103	Evaluating Polygenic Risk Scores for Breast Cancer in Women of African Ancestry. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2021, 113, 1168-1176.	3.0	41
104	Polygenic hazard score is associated with prostate cancer in multi-ethnic populations. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 1236.	5.8	40
105	Genetic variants in interleukin genes are associated with breast cancer risk and survival in a genetically admixed population: the Breast Cancer Health Disparities Study. Carcinogenesis, 2014, 35, 1750-1759.	1.3	39
106	Association of Genomic Domains in <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> with Prostate Cancer Risk and Aggressiveness. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 624-638.	0.4	39
107	Breast Cancer Polygenic Risk Score and Contralateral Breast Cancer Risk. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2020, 107, 837-848.	2.6	39
108	Alcohol Consumption and Survival after a Breast Cancer Diagnosis: A Literature-Based Meta-analysis and Collaborative Analysis of Data for 29,239 Cases. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 934-945.	1.1	37

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109	The genetic interplay between body mass index, breast size and breast cancer risk: a Mendelian randomization analysis. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 781-794.	0.9	37
110	Recreational Physical Activity Is Associated with Reduced Breast Cancer Risk in Adult Women at High Risk for Breast Cancer: A Cohort Study of Women Selected for Familial and Genetic Risk. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 116-125.	0.4	37
111	Genetic variation in the JAK/STAT/SOCS signaling pathway influences breast cancer-specific mortality through interaction with cigarette smoking and use of aspirin/NSAIDs: the Breast Cancer Health Disparities Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2014, 147, 145-158.	1.1	36
112	Comparison of Clinical, Maternal, and Self Pubertal Assessments: Implications for Health Studies. Pediatrics, 2016, 138, .	1.0	36
113	Lifetime Physical Activity and Risk of Endometrial Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1276-1283.	1.1	34
114	Fine-Mapping the HOXB Region Detects Common Variants Tagging a Rare Coding Allele: Evidence for Synthetic Association in Prostate Cancer. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004129.	1.5	34
115	Assessing Associations between the AURKA-HMMR-TPX2-TUBG1 Functional Module and Breast Cancer Risk in BRCA1/2 Mutation Carriers. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0120020.	1.1	34
116	Oral Contraceptive Use and Breast Cancer Risk: Retrospective and Prospective Analyses From a BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carrier Cohort Study. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2018, 2, pky023.	1.4	33
117	Prediagnosis Reproductive Factors and All-Cause Mortality for Women with Breast Cancer in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 1792-1797.	1.1	32
118	Correlation of DNA methylation levels in blood and saliva DNA in young girls of the LEGACY Girls study. Epigenetics, 2014, 9, 929-933.	1.3	32
119	Identification of novel common breast cancer risk variants at the 6q25 locusÂamong Latinas. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 3.	2.2	32
120	A Germline Variant at 8q24 Contributes to Familial Clustering of Prostate Cancer in Men of African Ancestry. European Urology, 2020, 78, 316-320.	0.9	32
121	Transcriptomeâ€wide association study of breast cancer risk by estrogenâ€receptor status. Genetic Epidemiology, 2020, 44, 442-468.	0.6	32
122	Overall and Abdominal Adiposity and Premenopausal Breast Cancer Risk among Hispanic Women: The Breast Cancer Health Disparities Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 138-147.	1.1	31
123	Identification of independent association signals and putative functional variants for breast cancer risk through fine-scale mapping of the 12p11 locus. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 64.	2.2	31
124	Alcohol consumption and cigarette smoking in combination: A predictor of contralateral breast cancer risk in the WECARE study. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 141, 916-924.	2.3	31
125	Risk-Reducing Oophorectomy and Breast Cancer Risk Across the Spectrum of Familial Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 331-334.	3.0	31
126	Coronary Artery Disease in Young Women After Radiation Therapy for Breast Cancer. JACC: CardioOncology, 2021, 3, 381-392.	1.7	31

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127	Polymorphisms in carcinogen metabolism enzymes, fish intake, and risk of prostate cancer. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 1352-1359.	1.3	30
128	A network analysis to identify mediators of germline-driven differences in breast cancer prognosis. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 312.	5.8	30
129	Contribution of the Neighborhood Environment and Obesity to Breast Cancer Survival: The California Breast Cancer Survivorship Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 1282-1290.	1.1	29
130	Fish intake, cooking practices, and risk of prostate cancer: results from a multi-ethnic case–control study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 405-420.	0.8	28
131	Association of Common Genetic Variants With Contralateral Breast Cancer Risk in the WECARE Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2017, 109, .	3.0	28
132	An integrative multi-omics analysis to identify candidate DNA methylation biomarkers related to prostate cancer risk. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 3905.	5.8	28
133	Germline mutations in PALB2 in African-American breast cancer cases. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 126, 227-230.	1.1	27
134	Evaluating breast cancer risk projections for Hispanic women. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 132, 347-353.	1.1	27
135	Hormone receptor status of a first primary breast cancer predicts contralateral breast cancer risk in the WECARE study population. Breast Cancer Research, 2017, 19, 83.	2.2	27
136	Alcohol consumption, cigarette smoking, and familial breast cancer risk: findings from the Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 128.	2.2	27
137	Polygenic risk scores for prediction of breast cancer risk in Asian populations. Genetics in Medicine, 2022, 24, 586-600.	1.1	27
138	Prostate cancer in African-American men and polymorphism in the calcium-sensing receptor. Cancer Biology and Therapy, 2010, 9, 994-999.	1.5	26
139	RAD51 and Breast Cancer Susceptibility: No Evidence for Rare Variant Association in the Breast Cancer Family Registry Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e52374.	1.1	26
140	Genetic ancestry modifies the association between genetic risk variants and breast cancer risk among Hispanic and non-Hispanic white women. Carcinogenesis, 2013, 34, 1787-1793.	1.3	24
141	The LEGACY Girls Study. Epidemiology, 2016, 27, 438-448.	1.2	24
142	The association of mammographic density with risk of contralateral breast cancer and change in density with treatment in the WECARE study. Breast Cancer Research, 2018, 20, 23.	2.2	24
143	Impact of individual and neighborhood factors on socioeconomic disparities in localized and advanced prostate cancer risk. Cancer Causes and Control, 2018, 29, 951-966.	0.8	24
144	A genome–wide association study of prostate cancer in Latinos. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 1819-1826.	2.3	24

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145	Alcohol Consumption, Cigarette Smoking, and Risk of Breast Cancer for *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Mutation Carriers: Results from The BRCA1 and BRCA2 Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 368-378.	1.1	24
146	African-specific improvement of a polygenic hazard score for age at diagnosis of prostate cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 99-105.	2.3	24
147	Cross-ancestry GWAS meta-analysis identifies six breast cancer loci in African and European ancestry women. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 4198.	5.8	24
148	Active and passive cigarette smoking and mortality among Hispanic and non-Hispanic white women diagnosed with invasive breast cancer. Annals of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 824-831.	0.9	23
149	Intake of bean fiber, beans, and grains and reduced risk of hormone receptor-negative breast cancer: the San Francisco Bay Area Breast Cancer Study. Cancer Medicine, 2018, 7, 2131-2144.	1.3	23
150	Polygenic risk modeling for prediction of epithelial ovarian cancer risk. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2022, 30, 349-362.	1.4	23
151	Diagnostic Chest X-Rays and Breast Cancer Risk before Age 50 Years for BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 1547-1556.	1.1	22
152	Body mass index, weight change, and risk of second primary breast cancer in the <scp>WECARE</scp> study: influence of estrogen receptor status of the first breast cancer. Cancer Medicine, 2016, 5, 3282-3291.	1.3	22
153	Germline Pathogenic Variants in Cancer Predisposition Genes Among Women With Invasive Lobular Carcinoma of the Breast. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 3918-3926.	0.8	22
154	A Rare Germline HOXB13 Variant Contributes to Risk of Prostate Cancer in Men of African Ancestry. European Urology, 2022, 81, 458-462.	0.9	22
155	The Influence of Number and Timing of Pregnancies on Breast Cancer Risk for Women With BRCA1 or BRCA2 Mutations. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2018, 2, pky078.	1.4	21
156	Radiation Treatment, *ATM*, *BRCA1/2*, and *CHEK2**1100delC Pathogenic Variants and Risk of Contralateral Breast Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 1275-1279.	3.0	21
157	Performance of the IBIS/Tyrer-Cuzick model of breast cancer risk by race and ethnicity in the Women's Health Initiative. Cancer, 2021, 127, 3742-3750.	2.0	21
158	Body size, modifying factors, and postmenopausal breast cancer risk in a multiethnic population: the San Francisco Bay Area Breast Cancer Study. SpringerPlus, 2013, 2, 239.	1.2	20
159	Energy homeostasis genes and breast cancer risk: The influence of ancestry, body size, and menopausal status, the breast cancer health disparities study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2015, 39, 1113-1122.	0.8	20
160	Body Size Throughout Adult Life Influences Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Risk among Hispanic Women: The Breast Cancer Health Disparities Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 128-137.	1.1	20
161	The Effect of Patient and Contextual Characteristics on Racial/Ethnic Disparity in Breast Cancer Mortality. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2016, 25, 1064-1072.	1.1	20
162	Differences in Thickness-Specific Incidence and Factors Associated With Cutaneous Melanoma in the US From 2010 to 2018. JAMA Oncology, 2022, 8, 755.	3.4	20

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163	Early-Life Factors and Breast Cancer Risk in Hispanic Women: the Role of Adolescent Body Size. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 2572-2582.	1.1	19
164	Impact of neighborhoods and body size on survival after breast cancer diagnosis. Health and Place, 2015, 36, 162-172.	1.5	19
165	The Interaction between Genetic Ancestry and Breast Cancer Risk Factors among Hispanic Women: The Breast Cancer Health Disparities Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 692-701.	1.1	19
166	Mendelian randomisation study of height and body mass index as modifiers of ovarian cancer risk in 22,588 BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. British Journal of Cancer, 2019, 121, 180-192.	2.9	19
167	A case-only study to identify genetic modifiers of breast cancer risk for BRCA1/BRCA2 mutation carriers. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 1078.	5.8	19
168	Breast and Prostate Cancer Risks for Male *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Pathogenic Variant Carriers Using Polygenic Risk Scores. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2022, 114, 109-122.	3.0	19
169	Reproductive factors, tumor estrogen receptor status and contralateral breast cancer risk: results from the WECARE study. SpringerPlus, 2015, 4, 825.	1.2	18
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