Xuefeng Ren

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	An Emerging Role for Epigenetic Dysregulation in Arsenic Toxicity and Carcinogenesis. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2011, 119, 11-19.	6.0	306
2	Acetylated H4K16 by MYST1 protects UROtsa cells from arsenic toxicity and is decreased following chronic arsenic exposure. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2009, 241, 294-302.	2.8	99
3	Involvement of N-6 Adenine-Specific DNA Methyltransferase 1 (<i>N6AMT1</i>) in Arsenic Biomethylation and Its Role in Arsenic-Induced Toxicity. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2011, 119, 771-777.	6.0	64
4	Arsenic responsive microRNAs in vivo and their potential involvement in arsenic-induced oxidative stress. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2015, 283, 198-209.	2.8	44
5	Exposure to Aluminum, Cadmium, and Mercury and Autism Spectrum Disorder in Children: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2020, 33, 2699-2718.	3.3	40
6	Quantitative mass spectrometry reveals the epigenome as a target of arsenic. Chemico-Biological Interactions, 2011, 192, 113-117.	4.0	35
7	Multi-generational impacts of arsenic exposure on genome-wide DNA methylation and the implications for arsenic-induced skin lesions. Environment International, 2018, 119, 250-263.	10.0	35
8	Exposure to Inorganic Arsenic and Lead and Autism Spectrum Disorder in Children: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2019, 32, 1904-1919.	3.3	35
9	Subchronic exposure to arsenite and fluoride from gestation to puberty induces oxidative stress and disrupts ultrastructure in the kidneys of rat offspring. Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 686, 1229-1237.	8.0	35
10	Chronic low level trimethyltin exposure and the risk of developing nephrolithiasis. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 70, 561-567.	2.8	28
11	Toxicity of Trimethyltin and Dimethyltin in Rats and Mice. Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, 2013, 90, 626-633.	2.7	27
12	Interactive Influence of <i>N6AMT1</i> and <i>As3MT</i> Genetic Variations on Arsenic Metabolism in the Population of Inner Mongolia, China. Toxicological Sciences, 2017, 155, 124-134.	3.1	25
13	Deregulation of autophagy is involved in nephrotoxicity of arsenite and fluoride exposure during gestation to puberty in rat offspring. Archives of Toxicology, 2020, 94, 749-760.	4.2	23
14	Gut microbiota perturbations and neurodevelopmental impacts in offspring rats concurrently exposure to inorganic arsenic and fluoride. Environment International, 2020, 140, 105763.	10.0	23
15	Serum polychlorinated biphenyls and leukocyte telomere length in a highly-exposed population: The Anniston Community Health Survey. Environment International, 2017, 108, 212-220.	10.0	22
16	Differences in microRNA expression in breast cancer between women of African and European ancestry. Carcinogenesis, 2019, 40, 61-69.	2.8	21
17	Inhibition of monomethylarsonous acid (MMAIII)-induced cell malignant transformation through restoring dysregulated histone acetylation. Toxicology, 2013, 312, 30-35.	4.2	18
18	Interactive Effects of N6AMT1 and As3MT in Arsenic Biomethylation. Toxicological Sciences, 2015, 146, 354-362.	3.1	18

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19	Mapping dynamic histone modification patterns during arsenic-induced malignant transformation of human bladder cells. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2018, 355, 164-173.	2.8	18
20	Co-exposure to inorganic arsenic and fluoride prominently disrupts gut microbiota equilibrium and induces adverse cardiovascular effects in offspring rats. Science of the Total Environment, 2021, 767, 144924.	8.0	18
21	Mapping of Mcs30, a New Mammary Carcinoma Susceptibility Quantitative Trait Locus (QTL30) on Rat Chromosome 12: Identification of Fry as a Candidate Mcs Gene. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e70930.	2.5	14
22	Application of human haploid cell genetic screening model in identifying the genes required for resistance to environmental toxicants: Chlorpyrifos as a case study. Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods, 2015, 76, 76-82.	0.7	11
23	Chronic trimethyltin chloride exposure and the development of kidney stones in rats. Journal of Applied Toxicology, 2015, 35, 500-507.	2.8	10
24	Mobilization and removing of cadmium from kidney by GMDTC utilizing renal glucose reabsorption pathway. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2016, 305, 143-152.	2.8	10
25	GMDTC Chelating Agent Attenuates Cisplatin-Induced Systemic Toxicity without Affecting Antitumor Efficacy. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2019, 32, 1572-1582.	3.3	9
26	Fry Is Required for Mammary Gland Development During Pregnant Periods and Affects the Morphology and Growth of Breast Cancer Cells. Frontiers in Oncology, 2019, 9, 1279.	2.8	9
27	Arsenic-fluoride co-exposure induced endoplasmic reticulum stress resulting in apoptosis in rat heart and H9c2 cells. Chemosphere, 2022, 288, 132518.	8.2	8
28	A time-series analysis of altered histone H3 acetylation and gene expression during the course of MMAIII-induced malignant transformation of urinary bladder cells. Carcinogenesis, 2017, 38, 378-390.	2.8	6
29	Effect of exposure to 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) on mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) copy number in rats. Toxicology, 2021, 454, 152744.	4.2	6
30	Telomeres as targets for the toxicity of 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in rats. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2020, 408, 115264.	2.8	2