

# Anne Miles

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

27  
papers

1,170  
citations

471509

17  
h-index

552781

26  
g-index

27  
all docs

27  
docs citations

27  
times ranked

1745  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A perspective from countries using organized screening programs. <i>Cancer</i> , 2004, 101, 1201-1213.	4.1	186
2	Diagnostic accuracy of magnetic resonance enterography and small bowel ultrasound for the extent and activity of newly diagnosed and relapsed Crohn's disease (METRIC): a multicentre trial. <i>The Lancet Gastroenterology and Hepatology</i> , 2018, 3, 548-558.	8.1	143
3	Psychologic Predictors of Cancer Information Avoidance among Older Adults: The Role of Cancer Fear and Fatalism. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2008, 17, 1872-1879.	2.5	136
4	Cancer Fatalism and Poor Self-Rated Health Mediate the Association between Socioeconomic Status and Uptake of Colorectal Cancer Screening in England. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2011, 20, 2132-2140.	2.5	84
5	Understanding Intentions and Action in Colorectal Cancer Screening. <i>Annals of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2008, 35, 285-294.	2.9	75
6	Public perceptions of cancer: a qualitative study of the balance of positive and negative beliefs. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e005434-e005434.	1.9	63
7	Diagnostic accuracy of whole-body MRI versus standard imaging pathways for metastatic disease in newly diagnosed colorectal cancer: the prospective Streamline C trial. <i>The Lancet Gastroenterology and Hepatology</i> , 2019, 4, 529-537.	8.1	51
8	Diagnostic accuracy of whole-body MRI versus standard imaging pathways for metastatic disease in newly diagnosed non-small-cell lung cancer: the prospective Streamline L trial. <i>Lancet Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2019, 7, 523-532.	10.7	50
9	Magnetic resonance enterography, small bowel ultrasound and colonoscopy to diagnose and stage Crohn's disease: patient acceptability and perceived burden. <i>European Radiology</i> , 2019, 29, 1083-1093.	4.5	47
10	Perceived diagnostic delay and cancer-related distress: a cross-sectional study of patients with colorectal cancer. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2017, 26, 29-36.	2.3	43
11	Demographic and psychosocial factors associated with perceived risk for colorectal cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2004, 13, 366-72.	2.5	41
12	Patient experience and perceived acceptability of whole-body magnetic resonance imaging for staging colorectal and lung cancer compared with current staging scans: a qualitative study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e016391.	1.9	37
13	Whole-body MRI compared with standard pathways for staging metastatic disease in lung and colorectal cancer: the Streamline diagnostic accuracy studies. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2019, 23, 1-270.	2.8	34
14	Answering Patient Questions about the Role Lifestyle Factors Play in Cancer Onset and Recurrence. <i>Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2010, 15, 291-298.	2.3	31
15	Perceived patient burden and acceptability of whole body MRI for staging lung and colorectal cancer; comparison with standard staging investigations. <i>British Journal of Radiology</i> , 2018, 91, 20170731.	2.2	23
16	Streamlining staging of lung and colorectal cancer with whole body MRI; study protocols for two multicentre, non-randomised, single-arm, prospective diagnostic accuracy studies (Streamline C and Streamline L). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e020000.	2.8	20
17	Patient preferences for whole-body MRI or conventional staging pathways in lung and colorectal cancer: a discrete choice experiment. <i>European Radiology</i> , 2019, 29, 3889-3900.	4.5	20
18	The factor structure of the BDI in facial pain and other chronic pain patients: A comparison of two models using confirmatory factor analysis. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2001, 6, 179-196.	3.5	15

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19	Receiving a screen-detected diagnosis of cancer: The experience of participants in the UK flexible sigmoidoscopy trial. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2003, 12, 784-802.	2.3	14
20	The Psychological Impact of a Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis Following a Negative Fecal Occult Blood Test Result. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015, 24, 1032-1038.	2.5	10
21	Magnetic resonance enterography compared with ultrasonography in newly diagnosed and relapsing Crohn's disease patients: the METRIC diagnostic accuracy study. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2019, 23, 1-162.	2.8	10
22	The effects of colorectal cancer screening on health attitudes and practices. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2003, 12, 651-5.	2.5	9
23	The Psychological Impact of Being Offered Surveillance Colonoscopy following Attendance at Colorectal Screening Using Flexible Sigmoidoscopy. <i>Journal of Medical Screening</i> , 2009, 16, 124-130.	2.3	8
24	Predictors of patient preference for either whole body magnetic resonance imaging (WB-MRI) or CT/PET-CT for staging colorectal or lung cancer. <i>Journal of Medical Imaging and Radiation Oncology</i> , 2020, 64, 537-545.	1.8	8
25	The effect of information about false negative and false positive rates on people's attitudes towards colorectal cancer screening using faecal occult blood testing (FOBT). <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2013, 93, 342-349.	2.2	7
26	The Psychological Implications of Diagnostic Delay in Colorectal Cancer Patients. , 2018, , 103-119.		2
27	Predictors of distress among patients undergoing staging investigations for suspected colorectal and lung cancer. <i>Psychology, Health and Medicine</i> , 2021, 26, 887-898.	2.4	2