

# Peter Wilf

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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95  
papers

8,084  
citations

66250

44  
h-index

56606

87  
g-index

97  
all docs

97  
docs citations

97  
times ranked

8306  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Phylogenetic biome conservatism on a global scale. <i>Nature</i> , 2009, 458, 754-756.	13.7	588
2	Global climatic drivers of leaf size. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 357, 917-921.	6.0	580
3	Testing the Impact of Calibration on Molecular Divergence Times Using a Fossil-Rich Group: The Case of <i>Nothofagus</i> (Fagales). <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2012, 61, 289-313.	2.7	351
4	When are leaves good thermometers? A new case for Leaf Margin Analysis. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 1997, 23, 373-390.	1.3	344
5	Correlations of climate and plant ecology to leaf size and shape: potential proxies for the fossil record. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2005, 92, 1141-1151.	0.8	271
6	Using fossil leaves as paleoprecipitation indicators: An Eocene example. <i>Geology</i> , 1998, 26, 203.	2.0	264
7	High Plant Diversity in Eocene South America: Evidence from Patagonia. <i>Science</i> , 2003, 300, 122-125.	6.0	263
8	Late Paleocene fossils from the Cerrejón Formation, Colombia, are the earliest record of Neotropical rainforest. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 18627-18632.	3.3	256
9	Impact of the terminal Cretaceous event on plant-insect associations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2002, 99, 2061-2066.	3.3	252
10	Sharply increased insect herbivory during the Paleocene–Eocene Thermal Maximum. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 1960-1964.	3.3	224
11	Correlated terrestrial and marine evidence for global climate changes before mass extinction at the Cretaceous-Paleogene boundary. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2003, 100, 599-604.	3.3	214
12	Response of Plant-Insect Associations to Paleocene-Eocene Warming. <i>Science</i> , 1999, 284, 2153-2156.	6.0	213
13	Eocene Plant Diversity at Laguna del Hunco and Río Pichileufú, Patagonia, Argentina. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2005, 165, 634-650.	1.0	200
14	Why Do Toothed Leaves Correlate with Cold Climates? Gas Exchange at Leaf Margins Provides New Insights into a Classic Paleotemperature Proxy. <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2006, 167, 11-18.	0.6	191
15	Decoupled Plant and Insect Diversity After the End-Cretaceous Extinction. <i>Science</i> , 2006, 313, 1112-1115.	6.0	149
16	Land plant extinction at the end of the Cretaceous: a quantitative analysis of the North Dakota megafloreal record. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2004, 30, 347-368.	1.3	135
17	A Paleocene lowland macroflora from Patagonia reveals significantly greater richness than North American analogs. <i>Geology</i> , 2007, 35, 947.	2.0	130
18	Cretaceous/Paleogene Floral Turnover in Patagonia: Drop in Diversity, Low Extinction, and a Classopollis Spike. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e52455.	1.1	126

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19	Sensitivity of leaf size and shape to climate within <i>Acer rubrum</i> and <i>Quercus kelloggii</i> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2008, 179, 808-817.	3.5	120
20	Splendid and Seldom Isolated: The Paleobiogeography of Patagonia. <i>Annual Review of Earth and Planetary Sciences</i> , 2013, 41, 561-603.	4.6	120
21	The Angiosperm Terrestrial Revolution and the origins of modern biodiversity. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 233, 2017-2035.	3.5	119
22	Computer vision cracks the leaf code. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 3305-3310.	3.3	114
23	Fossil insect folivory tracks paleotemperature for six million years. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2010, 80, 547-567.	2.4	110
24	Oldest Known Eucalyptus Macrofossils Are from South America. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e21084.	1.1	109
25	Functional distinctiveness of major plant lineages. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2014, 102, 345-356.	1.9	108
26	Fossil leaf economics quantified: calibration, Eocene case study, and implications. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2007, 33, 574-589.	1.3	107
27	Richness of plant-insect associations in Eocene Patagonia: A legacy for South American biodiversity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 8944-8948.	3.3	102
28	Habitat-related error in estimating temperatures from leaf margins in a humid tropical forest. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2001, 88, 1096-1102.	0.8	101
29	No post-Cretaceous ecosystem depression in European forests? Rich insect-feeding damage on diverse middle Palaeocene plants, Menat, France. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2009, 276, 4271-4277.	1.2	97
30	Paleotemperature Proxies from Leaf Fossils Reinterpreted in Light of Evolutionary History. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e15161.	1.1	95
31	<i>Papuacedrus</i> (Cupressaceae) in Eocene Patagonia: A new fossil link to Australasian rainforests. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2009, 96, 2031-2047.	0.8	91
32	Insect Leaf-Chewing Damage Tracks Herbivore Richness in Modern and Ancient Forests. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e94950.	1.1	88
33	Paleo-Antarctic rainforest into the modern Old World tropics: The rich past and threatened future of the southern wet forest survivors. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 101, 2121-2135.	0.8	87
34	Eocene lantern fruits from Gondwanan Patagonia and the early origins of Solanaceae. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, 71-75.	6.0	80
35	Digital Future for Paleoclimate Estimation from Fossil Leaves? Preliminary Results. <i>Palaios</i> , 2003, 18, 266-274.	0.6	78
36	First South American <i>Agathis</i> (Araucariaceae), Eocene of Patagonia. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 101, 156-179.	0.8	78

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37	Rainforest conifers of Eocene Patagonia: Attached cones and foliage of the extant Southeast Asian and Australasian genus <i>Dacrycarpus</i> (Podocarpaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2012, 99, 562-584.	0.8	75
38	Rapid recovery of Patagonian plant-insect associations after the end-Cretaceous extinction. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 12.	3.4	72
39	Insect-damaged fossil leaves record food web response to ancient climate change and extinction. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2008, 178, 486-502.	3.5	68
40	Casuarinaceae from the Eocene of Patagonia, Argentina. <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2006, 167, 1279-1289.	0.6	65
41	Green Web or megabiased clock? Plant fossils from Gondwanan Patagonia speak on evolutionary radiations. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 207, 283-290.	3.5	63
42	Novel Insect Leaf-Mining after the End-Cretaceous Extinction and the Demise of Cretaceous Leaf Miners, Great Plains, USA. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e103542.	1.1	54
43	New age constraints for early Paleogene strata of central Patagonia, Argentina: Implications for the timing of South American Land Mammal Ages. <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of America</i> , 2017, 129, 886-903.	1.6	51
44	Distinguishing Agromyzidae (Diptera) Leaf Mines in the Fossil Record: New Taxa from the Paleogene of North America and Germany and Their Evolutionary Implications. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2010, 84, 935-954.	0.5	49
45	Agathis trees of Patagonia's Cretaceous-Paleogene death landscapes and their evolutionary significance. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 105, 1345-1368.	0.8	49
46	Origins and Assembly of Malesian Rainforests. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2019, 50, 119-143.	3.8	46
47	Portrait of a Late Paleocene (Early Clarkforkian) Terrestrial Ecosystem: Big Multi Quarry and Associated Strata, Washakie Basin, Southwestern Wyoming. <i>Palaeos</i> , 1998, 13, 514.	0.6	45
48	Eocene Fagaceae from Patagonia and Gondwanan legacy in Asian rainforests. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 364, .	6.0	45
49	Ecology of leaf teeth: A multi-site analysis from an Australian subtropical rainforest. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2009, 96, 738-750.	0.8	43
50	Revision of the Proteaceae Macrofossil Record from Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Botanical Review</i> , The, 2007, 73, 235-266.	1.7	42
51	Odonatan endophytic oviposition from the Eocene of Patagonia: The ichnogenus <i>Paleoovoidus</i> and implications for behavioral stasis. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2009, 83, 431-447.	0.5	42
52	Quantification of large uncertainties in fossil leaf paleoaltimetry. <i>Tectonics</i> , 2010, 29, .	1.3	40
53	First record of <i>Todea</i> (Osmundaceae) in South America, from the early Eocene paleorainforests of Laguna del Hunco (Patagonia, Argentina). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2013, 100, 1831-1848.	0.8	40
54	Peaches Preceded Humans: Fossil Evidence from SW China. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 16794.	1.6	38

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55	The fossil flipleaves ( <i>Retrophyllum</i> , Podocarpaceae) of southern South America. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2017, 104, 1344-1369.	0.8	36
56	Protect Australia's Gondwana Rainforests. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 367, 1083-1083.	6.0	36
57	Resolving Australian analogs for an Eocene Patagonian paleorainforest using leaf size and floristics. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2015, 102, 1160-1173.	0.8	31
58	Early Eocene Age for the Pampa de Jones plant, Frog, and Insect Biota (Huitrera Formation, Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 TF	0.3	30
59	Diverse Plant-Insect Associations from the Latest Cretaceous and Early Paleocene of Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Ameghiniana</i> , 2018, 55, 303.	0.3	29
60	Miocene leaves of <i>Elaeagnus</i> (Elaeagnaceae) from the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau, its modern center of diversity and endemism. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 101, 1350-1361.	0.8	26
61	SEDIMENTARY FACIES AND DEPOSITIONAL ENVIRONMENTS OF DIVERSE EARLY PALEOCENE FLORAS, NORTH-CENTRAL SAN JORGE BASIN, PATAGONIA, ARGENTINA. <i>Palaeos</i> , 2015, 30, 553-573.	0.6	26
62	Flowering after disaster: Early Danian buckthorn (Rhamnaceae) flowers and leaves from Patagonia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0176164.	1.1	25
63	Fossil flowers from the early Palaeocene of Patagonia, Argentina, with affinity to Schizomeriaceae (Cunoniaceae). <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2018, 121, 431-442.	1.4	25
64	Cretaceous-Paleogene plant extinction and recovery in Patagonia. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2020, 46, 445-469.	1.3	24
65	First Evidence for Wollemi Pine-type Pollen (Dilwynites: Araucariaceae) in South America. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e69281.	1.1	24
66	Fossil moonseeds from the Paleogene of West Gondwana (Patagonia, Argentina). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 105, 927-942.	0.8	22
67	Early Eocene Spore and Pollen Assemblages from the Laguna del Hunco Fossil Lake Beds, Patagonia, Argentina. <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2020, 181, 594-615.	0.6	22
68	Molecular dates require geologic testing. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 209, 1359-1362.	3.5	21
69	<i>Ginkgoites patagonica</i> (Berry) comb. nov. from the Eocene of Patagonia, Last Ginkgoalean Record in South America. <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2015, 176, 346-363.	0.6	17
70	The last Patagonian cycad, <i>Austrozamia stockeyigen. et sp. nov.</i> , early Eocene of Laguna del Hunco, Chubut, Argentina. <i>Botany</i> , 2016, 94, 817-829.	0.5	16
71	Persistent biotic interactions of a Gondwanan conifer from Cretaceous Patagonia to modern Malesia. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2020, 3, 708.	2.0	15
72	Early Cenozoic Vegetation in Patagonia: New Insights from Organically Preserved Plant Fossils (Ligorio Mırquez Formation, Argentina). <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2018, 179, 115-135.	0.6	14

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73	Using fossil leaves as paleoprecipitation indicators: An Eocene example: Comment and Reply. <i>Geology</i> , 1999, 27, 91.	2.0	13
74	Oldest record of the scale-leaved clade of Podocarpaceae, early Paleocene of Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Alcheringa</i> , 2019, 43, 127-145.	0.5	13
75	New physaloid fruit fossil species from early Eocene South America. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 107, 1749-1762.	0.8	13
76	Eocene Araucaria Sect. Eutacta from Patagonia and floristic turnover during the initial isolation of South America. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 107, 806-832.	0.8	13
77	Fossil Angiosperm Leaves: Paleobotany's Difficult Children Prove Themselves. <i>The Paleontological Society Papers</i> , 2008, 14, 319-333.	0.8	12
78	An image dataset of cleared, x-rayed, and fossil leaves vetted to plant family for human and machine learning. <i>PhytoKeys</i> , 2021, 187, 93-128.	0.4	12
79	Facies interpretation and geochronology of diverse Eocene floras and faunas, northwest Chubut Province, Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of America</i> , 2021, 133, 740-752.	1.6	10
80	Conifer wood assemblage dominated by Podocarpaceae, early Eocene of Laguna del Hunco, central Argentinean Patagonia. <i>PhytoKeys</i> , 2020, 156, 81-102.	0.4	10
81	Subfossil Leaves Reveal a New Upland Hardwood Component of the Pre-European Piedmont Landscape, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e79317.	1.1	9
82	Eocene <i>Chusquea</i> fossil from Patagonia is a conifer, not a bamboo. <i>PhytoKeys</i> , 2020, 139, 77-89.	0.4	9
83	Reinvestigation of Leaf Rank, an Underappreciated Component of Leo Hickey's Legacy. <i>Bulletin of the Peabody Museum of Natural History</i> , 2014, 55, 79.	0.6	8
84	First South American Record of Winteroxylon, Eocene of Laguna del Hunco (Chubut, Patagonia). <i>Tijdschrift voor Geobotanie</i> , 2010, 10, 185-197.	0.6	7
85	Fossil fern rhizomes as a model system for exploring epiphyte community structure across geologic time: evidence from Patagonia. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2019, 7, e8244.	0.9	7
86	Unexpected larger distribution of paleogene stem-rollers (AVES, CORACII): new evidence from the Eocene of Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 1363.	1.6	5
87	Patagonia's diverse but homogeneous early Paleocene forests: Angiosperm leaves from the Danian Salamanca and Peñas Coloradas formations, San Jorge Basin, Chubut, Argentina. <i>Palaeontologia Electronica</i> , 0, , .	0.9	4
88	Gondwanan survivor lineages and the high-risk biogeography of Anthropocene Southeast Asia. <i>Journal of Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2022, 60, 715-727.	1.6	4
89	A South American fossil relative of <i>Phyllocladus</i> : <i>Huncocladus laubenfelsii</i> gen. et sp. nov. (Podocarpaceae), from the early Eocene of Laguna del Hunco, Patagonia, Argentina. <i>Australian Systematic Botany</i> , 2019, , .	0.3	3
90	Response to Comment on "Eocene Fagaceae from Patagonia and Gondwanan legacy in Asian rainforests". <i>Science</i> , 2019, 366, .	6.0	3

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91	First fossil-leaf floras from Brunei Darussalam show dipterocarp dominance in Borneo by the Pliocene. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2022, 10, e12949.	0.9	2
92	Cunoniaceae infructescences from the early Eocene Laguna del Hunco flora, Patagonia, Argentina. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2022, , .	0.8	2
93	Effects of Paleocene–Eocene warming on insect herbivory. <i>Gff</i> , 2000, 122, 178-179.	0.4	1
94	Reaffirming the phyllocladoid affinities of <i>Huncocladus laubenfelsii</i> (Podocarpaceae) from the early Eocene of Patagonia: a comment on DÄrken et al. (2021). <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 0, , .	0.8	1
95	Decoding family-level features for modern and fossil leaves from computer-vision heat maps. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2022, 109, 768-788.	0.8	1