

Albert Oriol

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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209
papers

20,368
citations

14655

66
h-index

11052

137
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218
all docs

218
docs citations

218
times ranked

12267
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Pomalidomide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone at first relapse in lenalidomide-pretreated myeloma: A subanalysis of OPTIMISMM by clinical characteristics. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2022, 108, 73-83.	2.2	8
2	Patient-reported outcomes in relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma treated with melflufen plus dexamethasone: analyses from the Phase II HORIZON study. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2022, 196, 639-648.	2.5	7
3	Carfilzomib, dexamethasone, and daratumumab versus carfilzomib and dexamethasone for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (CANDOR): updated outcomes from a randomised, multicentre, open-label, phase 3 study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2022, 23, 65-76.	10.7	80
4	A Machine Learning Model Based on Tumor and Immune Biomarkers to Predict Undetectable MRD and Survival Outcomes in Multiple Myeloma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2022, 28, 2598-2609.	7.0	14
5	Health-related quality of life in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma treated with pomalidomide and dexamethasone ± subcutaneous daratumumab: Patient-reported outcomes from the APOLLO trial. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2022, 97, 481-490.	4.1	6
6	Mass spectrometry vs immunofixation for treatment monitoring in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2022, 6, 3234-3239.	5.2	18
7	Expression of p53 protein isoforms predicts survival in patients with multiple myeloma. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2022, , .	4.1	13
8	A simple score to predict early severe infections in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 68.	6.2	8
9	Unsupervised machine learning improves risk stratification in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma: an analysis of the Spanish Myeloma Group. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 76.	6.2	5
10	Addition of elotuzumab to lenalidomide and dexamethasone for patients with newly diagnosed, transplantation ineligible multiple myeloma (ELOQUENT-1): an open-label, multicentre, randomised, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , the, 2022, 9, e403-e414.	4.6	23
11	Isatuximab plus carfilzomib and dexamethasone versus carfilzomib and dexamethasone in elderly patients with relapsed multiple myeloma: IKEMA subgroup analysis. <i>Hematological Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 1020-1029.	1.7	6
12	Circulating Tumor Cells for the Staging of Patients With Newly Diagnosed Transplant-Eligible Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 3151-3161.	1.6	40
13	Immunogenetic characterization of clonal plasma cells in systemic light-chain amyloidosis. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 245-249.	7.2	10
14	Subcutaneous daratumumab in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma: Part 2 of the open-label, multicenter, dose-escalation phase 1b study (PAVO). <i>Haematologica</i> , 2021, 106, 1725-1732.	3.5	25
15	Filanesib in combination with pomalidomide and dexamethasone in refractory MM patients: safety and efficacy, and association with alpha 1-acid glycoprotein (AAG) levels. Phase Ib/II Pomdefil clinical trial conducted by the Spanish MM group. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2021, 192, 522-530.	2.5	8
16	Deep MRD profiling defines outcome and unveils different modes of treatment resistance in standard- and high-risk myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 137, 49-60.	1.4	80
17	Melflufen and Dexamethasone in Heavily Pretreated Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 39, 757-767.	1.6	98
18	Daratumumab With Cetrelimab, an Anti-PD-1 Monoclonal Antibody, in Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2021, 21, 46-54.e4.	0.4	11

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19	Efficacy and safety of weekly carfilzomib (70 mg/m ²), dexamethasone, and daratumumab (KdD70) is comparable to twice-weekly KdD56 while being a more convenient dosing option: a cross-study comparison of the CANDOR and EQUULEUS studies. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2021, 62, 358-367.	1.3	13
20	Impact of response to treatment in health-related quality of life patient-reported outcomes in elderly patients with relapsed multiple myeloma. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2021, 62, 125-135.	1.3	3
21	Idecabtagene Vicleucel in Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2021, 384, 705-716.	27.0	1,129
22	Health-related quality of life in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma: treatment with daratumumab, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone in the phase 3 POLLUX trial. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2021, 194, 132-139.	2.5	13
23	Current and Novel Alkylators in Multiple Myeloma. <i>Cancers</i> , 2021, 13, 2465.	3.7	12
24	Lenalidomide and dexamethasone with or without clarithromycin in patients with multiple myeloma ineligible for autologous transplant: a randomized trial. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 101.	6.2	14
25	Dose intensity and treatment duration of bortezomib in transplant-ineligible newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2021, 107, 246-254.	2.2	2
26	Isatuximab, carfilzomib, and dexamethasone in relapsed multiple myeloma (IKEMA): a multicentre, open-label, randomised phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2021, 397, 2361-2371.	13.7	177
27	Daratumumab plus pomalidomide and dexamethasone versus pomalidomide and dexamethasone alone in previously treated multiple myeloma (APOLLO): an open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2021, 22, 801-812.	10.7	162
28	Tumor cells in light-chain amyloidosis and myeloma show distinct transcriptional rewiring of normal plasma cell development. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 1583-1589.	1.4	11
29	Validation of the International Myeloma Working Group standard response criteria in the PETHEMA/GEM2012MENOS65 study: are these times of change?. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 1901-1905.	1.4	23
30	Single-Agent Ibrutinib for Rituximab-Refractory Waldenström Macroglobulinemia: Final Analysis of the Substudy of the Phase III Innovate™ Trial. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2021, 27, 5793-5800.	7.0	20
31	Predictors of return to work after autologous stem cell transplantation in patients with multiple myeloma. <i>Bone Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2021, 56, 2904-2910.	2.4	7
32	The role of idecabtagene vicleucel in patients with heavily pretreated refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Therapeutic Advances in Hematology</i> , 2021, 12, 204062072110196.	2.5	8
33	Carfilzomib and dexamethasone versus eight cycles of bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma: an indirect comparison using data from the phase 3 ENDEAVOR and CASTOR trials. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2020, 61, 37-46.	1.3	6
34	Limited treatment options in refractory multiple myeloma: promising therapeutic developments. <i>Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy</i> , 2020, 20, 31-44.	2.4	5
35	Measurable Residual Disease by Next-Generation Flow Cytometry in Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 784-792.	1.6	175
36	A phase 2 study of ibrutinib in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2020, 104, 435-442.	2.2	12

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37	Ixazomib as Postinduction Maintenance for Patients With Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma Not Undergoing Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation: The Phase III TOURMALINE-MM4 Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 4030-4041.	1.6	56
38	Comparison of next-generation sequencing (NGS) and next-generation flow (NGF) for minimal residual disease (MRD) assessment in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 108.	6.2	60
39	Quantitative expression of Ikaros, IRF4, and PSMD10 proteins predicts survival in VRD-treated patients with multiple myeloma. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 6023-6033.	5.2	15
40	Pembrolizumab as Consolidation Strategy in Patients with Multiple Myeloma: Results of the GEM-Pembresid Clinical Trial. <i>Cancers</i> , 2020, 12, 3615.	3.7	7
41	Zanubrutinib for the treatment of MYD88 wild-type Waldenström macroglobulinemia: a substudy of the phase 3 ASPEN trial. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 6009-6018.	5.2	57
42	Daratumumab, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone in relapsed/refractory myeloma: a cytogenetic subgroup analysis of POLLUX. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 111.	6.2	13
43	Immunogenomic identification and characterization of granulocytic myeloid-derived suppressor cells in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 199-209.	1.4	76
44	A critical evaluation of pembrolizumab in addition to lenalidomide and dexamethasone for the treatment of multiple myeloma. <i>Expert Review of Hematology</i> , 2020, 13, 435-445.	2.2	5
45	Molecular profiling of immunoglobulin heavy-chain gene rearrangements unveils new potential prognostic markers for multiple myeloma patients. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 14.	6.2	16
46	Split First Dose Administration of Intravenous Daratumumab for the Treatment of Multiple Myeloma (MM): Clinical and Population Pharmacokinetic Analyses. <i>Advances in Therapy</i> , 2020, 37, 1464-1478.	2.9	8
47	A Phase 1, First-in-Human Study of Talquetamab, a G Protein-Coupled Receptor Family C Group 5 Member D (GPCR5D) x CD3 Bispecific Antibody, in Patients with Relapsed and/or Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 40-41.	1.4	46
48	Apollo: Phase 3 Randomized Study of Subcutaneous Daratumumab Plus Pomalidomide and Dexamethasone (D-Pd) Versus Pomalidomide and Dexamethasone (Pd) Alone in Patients (Pts) with Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma (RRMM). <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 5-6.	1.4	41
49	Biological and clinical significance of dysplastic hematopoiesis in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 135, 2375-2387.	1.4	24
50	Pembrolizumab plus lenalidomide and dexamethasone for patients with treatment-naive multiple myeloma (KEYNOTE-185): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2019, 6, e448-e458.	4.6	168
51	Pembrolizumab plus pomalidomide and dexamethasone for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (KEYNOTE-183): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2019, 6, e459-e469.	4.6	174
52	Subcutaneous delivery of daratumumab in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 668-677.	1.4	87
53	Bortezomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone as induction therapy prior to autologous transplant in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 1337-1345.	1.4	148
54	Carfilzomib-Dexamethasone Versus Bortezomib-Dexamethasone in Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma: Updated Overall Survival, Safety, and Subgroups. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2019, 19, 522-530.e1.	0.4	47

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55	Response to First Cycle Is the Major Predictor of Long-Term Response to Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone Therapy in Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma: Can We Spare Patients the Toxicity and Costs of Additional Agents?. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2019, 19, 585-592.e1.	0.4	2
56	Daratumumab plus carfilzomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 421-431.	1.4	110
57	Pomalidomide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma previously treated with lenalidomide (OPTIMISMM): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, 781-794.	10.7	254
58	Role of urine immunofixation in the complete response assessment of MM patients other than light-chain-only disease. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 133, 2664-2668.	1.4	11
59	Predicting long-term disease control in transplant-ineligible patients with multiple myeloma: impact of an MGUS-like signature. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2019, 9, 36.	6.2	11
60	Pomalidomide+dexamethasone for treatment of soft-tissue plasmacytomas in patients with relapsed / refractory multiple myeloma. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2019, 102, 389-394.	2.2	21
61	Flow cytometry for fast screening and automated risk assessment in systemic light-chain amyloidosis. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2019, 33, 1256-1267.	7.2	20
62	Qip-Mass Spectrometry in High Risk Smoldering Multiple Myeloma Patients Included in the GEM-CESAR Trial: Comparison with Conventional and Minimal Residual Disease IMWG Response Assessment. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 581-581.	1.4	14
63	Early myeloma-related death in elderly patients: development of a clinical prognostic score and evaluation of response sustainability role. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2018, 32, 2427-2434.	7.2	8
64	Decitabine improves response rate and prolongs progression-free survival in older patients with newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia and with monosomal karyotype: A subgroup analysis of the <sc>DACO</sc> trial. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2018, 93, E125-E127.	4.1	15
65	A novel nano-immunoassay method for quantification of proteins from CD138-purified myeloma cells: biological and clinical utility. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2018, 103, 880-889.	3.5	12
66	Segundas neoplasias en pacientes adultos receptores de un trasplante de progenitores hematopoyéticos. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2018, 150, 421-427.	0.6	0
67	Comparative Efficacy of Daratumumab Monotherapy and Pomalidomide Plus Low-Dose Dexamethasone in the Treatment of Multiple Myeloma: A Matching Adjusted Indirect Comparison. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2018, 23, 279-287.	3.7	9
68	Final analysis of survival outcomes in the phase 3 FIRST trial of up-front treatment for multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 131, 301-310.	1.4	216
69	Daratumumab plus lenalidomide and dexamethasone versus lenalidomide and dexamethasone in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma: updated analysis of POLLUX. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2018, 103, 2088-2096.	3.5	187
70	Prognostic utility of serum free light chain ratios and heavy-light chain ratios in multiple myeloma in three PETHEMA/GEM phase III clinical trials. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0203392.	2.5	18
71	Mutational screening of newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients by deep targeted sequencing. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2018, 103, e544-e548.	3.5	13
72	Integrated Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials Evaluating Bortezomib + Lenalidomide + Dexamethasone or Bortezomib + Thalidomide + Dexamethasone Induction in Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 3245-3245.	1.4	17

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73	Double Vs Single Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation for Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma: Long-Term Follow-up (10-Years) Analysis of Randomized Phase 3 Studies. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 124-124.	1.4	41
74	Impact of prior treatment on patients with relapsed multiple myeloma treated with carfilzomib and dexamethasone vs bortezomib and dexamethasone in the phase 3 ENDEAVOR study. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 115-122.	7.2	61
75	Long-term safety and outcome of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and mitoxantrone (FCM) regimen in previously untreated patients with advanced follicular lymphoma: 12Years follow-up of a phase 2 trial. <i>Annals of Hematology</i> , 2017, 96, 639-646.	1.8	7
76	Bortezomib and thalidomide maintenance after stem cell transplantation for multiple myeloma: a PETHEMA/GEM trial. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 1922-1927.	7.2	63
77	Carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma categorised by age: secondary analysis from the phase 3 ASPIRE study. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2017, 177, 404-413.	2.5	58
78	Impact of induction treatment before autologous stem cell transplantation on long-term outcome in patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2017, 98, 569-576.	2.2	4
79	Analytical and clinical validation of a novel in-house deep-sequencing method for minimal residual disease monitoring in a phase II trial for multiple myeloma. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 1446-1449.	7.2	44
80	Natural history of relapsed myeloma, refractory to immunomodulatory drugs and proteasome inhibitors: a multicenter IMWG study. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 2443-2448.	7.2	259
81	Adverse event management in patients with relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma taking pomalidomide plus low-dose dexamethasone: A pooled analysis. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2017, 99, 199-206.	2.2	21
82	Carfilzomib and dexamethasone vs bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients with relapsed multiple myeloma: results of the phase 3 study ENDEAVOR (NCT01568866) according to age subgroup. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2017, 58, 2501-2504.	1.3	22
83	Carfilzomib+dexamethasone vs bortezomib+dexamethasone in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma by cytogenetic risk in the phase 3 study ENDEAVOR. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 1368-1374.	7.2	50
84	Ibrutinib for patients with rituximab-refractory Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia (iNOVATE): an open-label substudy of an international, multicentre, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2017, 18, 241-250.	10.7	212
85	Phase 2 study of tabalumab, a human anti-BAFF cell activating factor antibody, with bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients with previously treated multiple myeloma. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2017, 176, 783-795.	2.5	39
86	Carfilzomib or bortezomib in relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (ENDEAVOR): an interim overall survival analysis of an open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2017, 18, 1327-1337.	10.7	320
87	A Next-Generation Sequencing Strategy for Evaluating the Most Common Genetic Abnormalities in Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Molecular Diagnostics</i> , 2017, 19, 99-106.	2.8	22
88	Differentiation stage of myeloma plasma cells: biological and clinical significance. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 382-392.	7.2	83
89	A randomized phase III study of carfilzomib vs low-dose corticosteroids with optional cyclophosphamide in relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma (FOCUS). <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017, 31, 107-114.	7.2	98
90	Prediction of peripheral neuropathy in multiple myeloma patients receiving bortezomib and thalidomide: a genetic study based on a single nucleotide polymorphism array. <i>Hematological Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 746-751.	1.7	22

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91	Depth of Response in Multiple Myeloma: A Pooled Analysis of Three PETHEMA/GEM Clinical Trials. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 2900-2910.	1.6	248
92	Lenalidomide plus dexamethasone versus observation in patients with high-risk smouldering multiple myeloma (QuiRedex): long-term follow-up of a randomised, controlled, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2016, 17, 1127-1136.	10.7	128
93	Phenotypic and genomic analysis of multiple myeloma minimal residual disease tumor cells: a new model to understand chemoresistance. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 1896-1906.	1.4	81
94	Sequential vs alternating administration of VMP and Rd in elderly patients with newly diagnosed MM. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 420-425.	1.4	51
95	Immune status of high-risk smoldering multiple myeloma patients and its therapeutic modulation under LenDex: a longitudinal analysis. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 1151-1162.	1.4	68
96	Safety and efficacy of pomalidomide plus low-dose dexamethasone in STRATUS (MM-010): a phase 3b study in refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 497-503.	1.4	144
97	Minimal residual disease monitoring and immune profiling in multiple myeloma in elderly patients. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 3165-3174.	1.4	129
98	Carfilzomib significantly improves the progression-free survival of high-risk patients in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 1174-1180.	1.4	110
99	Health-Related Quality-of-Life Results From the Open-Label, Randomized, Phase III ASPIRE Trial Evaluating Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone Versus Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone in Patients With Relapsed Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 3921-3930.	1.6	70
100	Daratumumab, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone for Multiple Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2016, 375, 1319-1331.	27.0	1,210
101	Phase I/II study of weekly PM00104 (Zalypsis [®]) in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2016, 172, 625-628.	2.5	8
102	Analysis of renal impairment in MM-003, a phase III study of pomalidomide + low - dose dexamethasone versus high - dose dexamethasone in refractory or relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2016, 101, 872-878.	3.5	19
103	Phenotypic, transcriptomic, and genomic features of clonal plasma cells in light-chain amyloidosis. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 3035-3039.	1.4	34
104	Elotuzumab in combination with thalidomide and low-dose dexamethasone: a phase 2 single-arm safety study in patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2016, 175, 448-456.	2.5	39
105	Outcomes with two different schedules of bortezomib, melphalan, and prednisone (VMP) for previously untreated multiple myeloma: matched pair analysis using long-term follow-up data from the phase 3 VISTA and PETHEMA/GEM05 trials. <i>Annals of Hematology</i> , 2016, 95, 2033-2041.	1.8	27
106	Long-Term Follow-Up of a Phase II Trial of Six Cycles of Dose-Dense R-CHOP-14 for First-Line Treatment of Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma in Young and Elderly Patients. <i>Acta Haematologica</i> , 2016, 136, 76-84.	1.4	6
107	Feasibility and results of subtype-oriented protocols in older adults and fit elderly patients with acute lymphoblastic leukemia: Results of three prospective parallel trials from the PETHEMA group. <i>Leukemia Research</i> , 2016, 41, 12-20.	0.8	41
108	Carfilzomib and dexamethasone versus bortezomib and dexamethasone for patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (ENDEAVOR): a randomised, phase 3, open-label, multicentre study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2016, 17, 27-38.	10.7	723

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109	Daratumumab monotherapy in patients with treatment-refractory multiple myeloma (SIRIUS): an open-label, randomised, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016, 387, 1551-1560.	13.7	724
110	Patterns of relapse and outcome of elderly multiple myeloma patients treated as front-line therapy with novel agents combinations. <i>Leukemia Research Reports</i> , 2015, 4, 64-69.	0.4	12
111	Panobinostat as part of induction and maintenance for elderly patients with newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia: phase Ib/II panobidara study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 1294-1300.	3.5	27
112	Bendamustine, bortezomib and prednisone for the treatment of newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients: results of a prospective phase 2 Spanish/Pethema trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 1096-102.	3.5	19
113	A phase II trial of lenalidomide, dexamethasone and cyclophosphamide for newly diagnosed patients with systemic immunoglobulin light chain amyloidosis. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2015, 170, 804-813.	2.5	38
114	Feasibility and efficacy of outpatient therapy with intermediate dose cytarabine, fludarabine and idarubicin for patients with acute myeloid leukaemia aged 70 or older. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2015, 95, 576-582.	2.2	6
115	Cytogenetics and long-term survival of patients with refractory or relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma treated with pomalidomide and low-dose dexamethasone. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 1327-1333.	3.5	68
116	Efficacy and safety of bortezomib-based retreatment at the first relapse in multiple myeloma patients: A retrospective study. <i>Hematology</i> , 2015, 20, 405-409.	1.5	12
117	Critical analysis of the stringent complete response in multiple myeloma: contribution of sFLC and bone marrow clonality. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 858-862.	1.4	50
118	Impact of prior treatment and depth of response on survival in MM-003, a randomized phase 3 study comparing pomalidomide plus low-dose dexamethasone versus high-dose dexamethasone in relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 1334-1339.	3.5	44
119	Zoledronic acid as compared with observation in multiple myeloma patients at biochemical relapse: results of the randomized AZABACHE Spanish trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 1207-1213.	3.5	20
120	Carfilzomib, Lenalidomide, and Dexamethasone for Relapsed Multiple Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 142-152.	27.0	1,144
121	Overall survival of relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma patients after adjusting for crossover in the <sc>MM</sc>â€003 trial for pomalidomide plus lowâ€dose dexamethasone. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2015, 168, 820-823.	2.5	21
122	Treatment of Relapsed or Refractory Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia in Adult Patients. <i>Acta Haematologica</i> , 2015, 133, 89-90.	1.4	0
123	Phenotypic identification of subclones in multiple myeloma with different chemoresistant, cytogenetic and clonogenic potential. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015, 29, 1186-1194.	7.2	71
124	Carfilzomib and Dexamethasone Vs Bortezomib and Dexamethasone in Patients with Relapsed Multiple Myeloma: Results of the Phase 3 Study Endeavor (NCT01568866) According to Age Subgroup. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 1844-1844.	1.4	5
125	A new prognostic score for AIDS-related lymphomas in the rituximab-era. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2014, 99, 1731-1737.	3.5	42
126	Transcriptome analysis reveals molecular profiles associated with evolving steps of monoclonal gammopathies. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2014, 99, 1365-1372.	3.5	65

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
127	Pomalidomide in the treatment of multiple myeloma and perspectives in other hematological malignancies. <i>International Journal of Hematologic Oncology</i> , 2014, 3, 223-231.	1.6	0
128	Usefulness and safety of oral cryotherapy in the prevention of oral mucositis after conditioning regimens with high-dose melphalan for autologous stem cell transplantation for lymphoma and myeloma. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2014, 93, 487-491.	2.2	23
129	Dose-intensive chemotherapy including rituximab is highly effective but toxic in human immunodeficiency virus-infected patients with Burkitt lymphoma/leukemia: parallel study of 81 patients. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2014, 55, 2341-2348.	1.3	34
130	Critical evaluation of ASO RQ-PCR for minimal residual disease evaluation in multiple myeloma. A comparative analysis with flow cytometry. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 391-397.	7.2	155
131	Bortezomib, melphalan, prednisone (VMP) versus melphalan, prednisone, thalidomide (MPT) in elderly newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients: A retrospective case-matched study. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2014, 89, 355-362.	4.1	24
132	Phase II trial to assess the safety and efficacy of clofarabine in combination with low-dose cytarabine in elderly patients with acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Annals of Hematology</i> , 2014, 93, 43-46.	1.8	16
133	Treatment of High-Risk Philadelphia Chromosome-Negative Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia in Adolescents and Adults According to Early Cytologic Response and Minimal Residual Disease After Consolidation Assessed by Flow Cytometry: Final Results of the PETHEMA ALL-AR-03 Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014, 32, 1595-1604.	1.6	227
134	Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone in Transplant-Ineligible Patients with Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 371, 906-917.	27.0	697
135	Prognostic value of deep sequencing method for minimal residual disease detection in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 123, 3073-3079.	1.4	380
136	GEM2005 trial update comparing VMP/VTP as induction in elderly multiple myeloma patients: do we still need alkylators?. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 1887-1893.	1.4	95
137	Bortezomib cumulative dose, efficacy, and tolerability with three different bortezomib-melphalan-prednisone regimens in previously untreated myeloma patients ineligible for high-dose therapy. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2014, 99, 1114-1122.	3.5	42
138	Clinical Significance of Sensitive Flow-MRD Monitoring in Elderly Multiple Myeloma Patients on the Pethema/GEM2010MAS65 Trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 3390-3390.	1.4	4
139	Long Term Follow-up on the Treatment of High Risk Smoldering Myeloma with Lenalidomide Plus Low Dose Dex (Rd) (phase III spanish trial): Persistent Benefit in Overall Survival. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 3465-3465.	1.4	6
140	Lenalidomide plus Dexamethasone for High-Risk Smoldering Multiple Myeloma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2013, 369, 438-447.	27.0	449
141	A multiparameter flow cytometry immunophenotypic algorithm for the identification of newly diagnosed symptomatic myeloma with an MGUS-like signature and long-term disease control. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2013, 27, 2056-2061.	7.2	78
142	Pomalidomide plus low-dose dexamethasone versus high-dose dexamethasone alone for patients with relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma (MM-003): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2013, 14, 1055-1066.	10.7	710
143	Predictive value of interim 18F-FDG-PET/CT for event-free survival in patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma homogeneously treated in a phase II trial with six cycles of R-CHOP-14 plus pegfilgrastim as first-line treatment. <i>Nuclear Medicine Communications</i> , 2013, 34, 946-952.	1.1	27
144	Evaluating gene expression profiling by quantitative polymerase chain reaction to develop a clinically feasible test for outcome prediction in multiple myeloma. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2013, 163, 223-234.	2.5	7

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145	Dose-intensive chemotherapy including rituximab in Burkitt's leukemia or lymphoma regardless of human immunodeficiency virus infection status. <i>Cancer</i> , 2013, 119, 1660-1668.	4.1	63
146	Treatment factors affecting outcomes in HIV-associated non-Hodgkin lymphomas: a pooled analysis of 1546 patients. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 3251-3262.	1.4	156
147	Age and organ damage correlate with poor survival in myeloma patients: meta-analysis of 1435 individual patient data from 4 randomized trials. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2013, 98, 980-987.	3.5	193
148	Comparison Of Sequential Vs Alternating Administration Of Bortezomib, Melphalan and Prednisone (VMP) and Lenalidomide Plus Dexamethasone (Rd) In Elderly Patients With Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma (MM) Patients: GEM2010MAS65 Trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 403-403.	1.4	4
149	SNP-based mapping arrays reveal high genomic complexity in monoclonal gammopathies, from MGUS to myeloma status. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2012, 26, 2521-2529.	7.2	100
150	Benefit from autologous stem cell transplantation in primary refractory myeloma? Different outcomes in progressive versus stable disease. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2012, 97, 616-621.	3.5	19
151	High-risk cytogenetics and persistent minimal residual disease by multiparameter flow cytometry predict unsustained complete response after autologous stem cell transplantation in multiple myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 119, 687-691.	1.4	274
152	Lack of negative impact of Philadelphia chromosome in older patients with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in the tyrosine kinase inhibitor era: comparison of two prospective parallel protocols. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2012, 159, 485-488.	2.5	15
153	Multiparameter Flow Cytometry Evaluation of Plasma Cell DNA Content and Proliferation in 595 Transplant-Eligible Patients with Myeloma Included in the Spanish GEM2000 and GEM2005 <65y Trials. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2012, 181, 1870-1878.	3.8	22
154	Superiority of bortezomib, thalidomide, and dexamethasone (VTD) as induction pretransplantation therapy in multiple myeloma: a randomized phase 3 PETHEMA/GEM study. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 120, 1589-1596.	1.4	429
155	Multicenter, Randomized, Open-Label, Phase III Trial of Decitabine Versus Patient Choice, With Physician Advice, of Either Supportive Care or Low-Dose Cytarabine for the Treatment of Older Patients With Newly Diagnosed Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012, 30, 2670-2677.	1.6	998
156	Maintenance therapy with bortezomib plus thalidomide or bortezomib plus prednisone in elderly multiple myeloma patients included in the GEM2005MAS65 trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 120, 2581-2588.	1.4	148
157	Clinical significance of CD81 expression by clonal plasma cells in high-risk smoldering and symptomatic multiple myeloma patients. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2012, 26, 1862-1869.	7.2	73
158	Comparison of Immunofixation, Serum Free Light Chain, and Immunophenotyping for Response Evaluation and Prognostication in Multiple Myeloma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2011, 29, 1627-1633.	1.6	202
159	Comparison of CHOP treatment with specific short-intensive chemotherapy in AIDS-related Burkitt's lymphoma or leukemia. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2011, 136, 323-328.	0.6	8
160	Outcome according to cytogenetic abnormalities and DNA ploidy in myeloma patients receiving short induction with weekly bortezomib followed by maintenance. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, 4547-4553.	1.4	53
161	Pneumonia in allogeneic stem cell transplantation recipients: a multicenter prospective study. <i>Clinical Transplantation</i> , 2011, 25, E629-E638.	1.6	68
162	Competition between clonal plasma cells and normal cells for potentially overlapping bone marrow niches is associated with a progressively altered cellular distribution in MGUS vs myeloma. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2011, 25, 697-706.	7.2	75

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163	Lenalidomide is effective as salvage therapy in refractory or relapsed multiple myeloma: analysis of the Spanish Compassionate Use Registry in advanced patients. <i>International Journal of Hematology</i> , 2011, 93, 351-360.	1.6	19
164	Extramedullary plasmacytomas in the context of multiple myeloma. <i>Advances in Therapy</i> , 2011, 28, 7-13.	2.9	9
165	Multiple myeloma with extramedullary disease. <i>Advances in Therapy</i> , 2011, 28, 1-6.	2.9	68
166	Busulfan 12 mg/kg plus melphalan 140 mg/m ² versus melphalan 200 mg/m ² as conditioning regimens for autologous transplantation in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients included in the PETHEMA/GEM2000 study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2010, 95, 1913-1920.	3.5	101
167	Concurrent intensive chemotherapy and imatinib before and after stem cell transplantation in newly diagnosed Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Final results of the CSTIBES02 trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2010, 95, 87-95.	3.5	164
168	Phase II Clinical and Pharmacokinetic Study of Plitidepsin 3-Hour Infusion Every Two Weeks Alone or with Dexamethasone in Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2010, 16, 3260-3269.	7.0	62
169	Outcome after relapse of acute lymphoblastic leukemia in adult patients included in four consecutive risk-adapted trials by the PETHEMA Study Group. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2010, 95, 589-596.	3.5	240
170	Bortezomib, melphalan, and prednisone versus bortezomib, thalidomide, and prednisone as induction therapy followed by maintenance treatment with bortezomib and thalidomide versus bortezomib and prednisone in elderly patients with untreated multiple myeloma: a randomised trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2010, 11, 934-941.	10.7	427
171	Analysis of Immunophenotypic Response (IR) by Multiparameter Flow Cytometry In 516 Myeloma Patients Included In Three Consecutive Spanish Trials. <i>Blood</i> , 2010, 116, 1910-1910.	1.4	2
172	A Phase III PETHEMA/GEM Study of Induction Therapy Prior Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation (ASCT) In Multiple Myeloma: Superiority of VTD (Bortezomib/Thalidomide/Dexamethasone) Over TD and VBMCP/VBAD Plus Bortezomib. <i>Blood</i> , 2010, 116, 307-307.	1.4	19
173	Metabolic fingerprinting of fresh lymphoma samples used to discriminate between follicular and diffuse large B-cell lymphomas. <i>Experimental Hematology</i> , 2009, 37, 1259-1265.	0.4	4
174	Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia in Adolescents and Young Adults. <i>Hematology/Oncology Clinics of North America</i> , 2009, 23, 1033-1042.	2.2	69
175	High-dose chemotherapy and immunotherapy in adult Burkitt lymphoma. <i>Cancer</i> , 2008, 113, 117-125.	4.1	122
176	Safety and efficacy of cyclophosphamide, adriamycin, vincristine, prednisone and rituximab in patients with human immunodeficiency virus-associated diffuse large B-cell lymphoma: results of a phase II trial. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2008, 140, 411-419.	2.5	107
177	Comparison of the Results of the Treatment of Adolescents and Young Adults With Standard-Risk Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia With the Programa Español de Tratamiento en Hematología Pediatric-Based Protocol ALL-96. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2008, 26, 1843-1849.	1.6	239
178	Bortezomib plus melphalan and prednisone in elderly untreated patients with multiple myeloma: updated time-to-events results and prognostic factors for time to progression. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2008, 93, 560-565.	3.5	82
179	High clinical and molecular response rates with fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and mitoxantrone in previously untreated patients with advanced stage follicular lymphoma. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2008, 93, 207-214.	3.5	24
180	Comparison of Intensive Chemotherapy, Allogeneic, or Autologous Stem-Cell Transplantation As Postremission Treatment for Children With Very High Risk Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: PETHEMA ALL-93 Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2007, 26, 16-24.	1.6	48

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182	A step forward in therapy for ALL in infants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2007, 370, 198-200.	13.7	4
183	Monosomy 7 with severe myelodysplasia developing during imatinib treatment of Philadelphia-positive chronic myeloid leukemia: Two cases with a different outcome. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2007, 82, 849-851.	4.1	33
184	Outcome and Prognostic Factors in Patients with Hematologic Malignancies Admitted to the Intensive Care Unit: A Single-Center Experience. <i>International Journal of Hematology</i> , 2007, 85, 195-202.	1.6	59
185	Advanced Stage Is the Most Important Prognostic Factor for Survival in Patients with Systemic Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome-Related Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma Treated with CHOP and Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy. <i>International Journal of Hematology</i> , 2007, 86, 337-342.	1.6	8
186	In vivo quantification of response to treatment in patients with multiple myeloma by 1H magnetic resonance spectroscopy of bone marrow. <i>Magnetic Resonance Materials in Physics, Biology, and Medicine</i> , 2007, 20, 93-101.	2.0	25
187	Bortezomib plus melphalan and prednisone in elderly untreated patients with multiple myeloma: results of a multicenter phase 1/2 study. <i>Blood</i> , 2006, 108, 2165-2172.	1.4	373
188	Results of the PETHEMA ALL-96 trial in elderly patients with Philadelphia chromosome-negative acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2006, 78, 061114074547002-???	2.2	63
189	Central nervous system recurrence in adult patients with acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Cancer</i> , 2006, 106, 2540-2546.	4.1	60
190	Serum Pepsinogen I: An Early Marker of Pernicious Anemia in Patients with Type 1 Diabetes. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2005, 90, 5254-5258.	3.6	20
191	Usefulness of tumor markers CA 125 and CA 15.3 at diagnosis and during follow-up in non-Hodgkin's lymphoma: study of 200 patients. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2005, 46, 1471-1476.	1.3	20
192	Comparison of Intensive Chemotherapy (CHT), Allogeneic (ALLO) or Autologous (AUTO) Stem Cell Transplantation (SCT) as Post-Remission Treatment for Children with Very High-Risk Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (VHR-ALL). Final Results of the PETHEMA ALL-93 Trial.. <i>Blood</i> , 2005, 106, 173-173.	1.4	3
193	The prognosis of HIV-infected patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma treated with chemotherapy and highly active antiretroviral therapy is similar to that of HIV-negative patients receiving chemotherapy. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2005, 90, 704-6.	3.5	32
194	Highly active antiretroviral therapy and outcome of AIDS-related Burkitt's lymphoma or leukemia. Results of the PETHEMA-LAL3/97 study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2005, 90, 990-2.	3.5	25
195	Comparison of intensive chemotherapy, allogeneic or autologous stem cell transplantation as post-remission treatment for adult patients with high-risk acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Results of the PETHEMA ALL-93 trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2005, 90, 1346-56.	3.5	129
196	Nonconvulsive status epilepticus associated with cefepime in a patient undergoing autologous stem cell transplantation. <i>Bone Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2004, 33, 119-120.	2.4	20
197	Feasibility and results of autologous stem cell transplantation in de novo acute myeloid leukemia in patients over 60 years old. Results of the CETLAM AML-99 protocol. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2004, 89, 791-800.	3.5	24
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199	Oral induction and consolidation chemotherapy with idarubicin and etoposide in elderly patients with acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2003, 88, 229-30.	3.5	3
200	Lack of influence of human immunodeficiency virus infection status in the response to therapy and survival of adult patients with mature B-cell lymphoma or leukemia. Results of the PETHEMA-LAL3/97 study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2003, 88, 445-53.	3.5	32
201	Bone Marrow Changes in Anorexia Nervosa Are Correlated With the Amount of Weight Loss and Not With Other Clinical Findings. <i>American Journal of Clinical Pathology</i> , 2002, 118, 582-588.	0.7	185
202	Favorable Impact of Virological Response to Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy on Survival in Patients with AIDS-related Lymphoma. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2002, 43, 1837-1842.	1.3	19
203	Successful response to rituximab in a patient with pure red cell aplasia complicating chronic lymphocytic leukaemia. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2002, 118, 1192-1192.	2.5	19
204	Prognostic impact of highly active antiretroviral therapy in HIV-related Hodgkin's disease. <i>Aids</i> , 2002, 16, 1973-1976.	2.2	32
205	Prognostic value of karyotypic analysis in children and adults with high-risk acute lymphoblastic leukemia included in the PETHEMA ALL-93 trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2002, 87, 154-66.	3.5	37
206	Influence of highly active anti-retroviral therapy on response to treatment and survival in patients with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome-related non-Hodgkin's lymphoma treated with cyclophosphamide, hydroxydodoxorubicin, vincristine and prednisone. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2001, 112, 909-915.	2.5	86
207	Usefulness and Reproducibility of Cytomorphologic Evaluations to Differentiate Myeloma From Monoclonal Gammopathies of Unknown Significance. <i>American Journal of Clinical Pathology</i> , 2001, 115, 127-135.	0.7	14
208	Increased serum levels of CD44s and CD44v6 in patients with AIDS-related non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. <i>Aids</i> , 2000, 14, 1460-1461.	2.2	4
209	<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> septicemia in septicemia in a patient with myelodysplastic syndrome. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 1993, 43, 325-326.	4.1	43