Alastair D Hay

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

176 papers	5,964 citations	126858 33 h-index	85498 71 g-index
181 all docs	181 docs citations	181 times ranked	6132 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Effect of antibiotic prescribing in primary care on antimicrobial resistance in individual patients: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, c2096-c2096.	2.4	1,468
2	Global prevalence of antibiotic resistance in paediatric urinary tract infections caused byEscherichia coliand association with routine use of antibiotics in primary care: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i939.	3.0	294
3	Duration of symptoms of respiratory tract infections in children: systematic review. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f7027-f7027.	3.0	219
4	The prevalence of symptoms and consultations in pre-school children in the Avon Longitudinal Study of Parents and Children (ALSPAC): a prospective cohort study. Family Practice, 2005, 22, 367-374.	0.8	193
5	Potential for reducing inappropriate antibiotic prescribing in English primary care. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2018, 73, ii36-ii43.	1.3	169
6	A systematic review of parent and clinician views and perceptions that influence prescribing decisions in relation to acute childhood infections in primary care. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2015, 33, 11-20.	0.6	143
7	The duration of acute cough in pre-school children presenting to primary care: a prospective cohort study. Family Practice, 2003, 20, 696-705.	0.8	129
8	Paracetamol plus ibuprofen for the treatment of fever in children (PITCH): randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 337, a1302-a1302.	2.4	124
9	Interventions to Influence Consulting and Antibiotic Use for Acute Respiratory Tract Infections in Children: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30334.	1.1	119
10	â€œIt's safer to â€¦â€•parent consulting and clinician antibiotic prescribing decisions for children with respiratory tract infections: An analysis across four qualitative studies. Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 136-137, 156-164.	1.8	114
11	Antibiotic-induced changes in the human gut microbiota for the most commonly prescribed antibiotics in primary care in the UK: a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e035677.	0.8	111
12	Safety of reduced antibiotic prescribing for self limiting respiratory tract infections in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records. BMJ, The, 2016, 354, i3410.	3.0	103
13	Antibiotic prescription strategies for acute sore throat: a prospective observational cohort study. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2014, 14, 213-219.	4.6	100
14	Reducing antibiotic prescribing for children with respiratory tract infections in primary care: a systematic review. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e445-e454.	0.7	95
15	Primary care clinician antibiotic prescribing decisions in consultations for children with RTIs: a qualitative interview study. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e207-e213.	0.7	91
16	Effectiveness and safety of electronically delivered prescribing feedback and decision support on antibiotic use for respiratory illness in primary care: REDUCE cluster randomised trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 364, l236.	2.4	85
17	Predictors of suppurative complications for acute sore throat in primary care: prospective clinical cohort study. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f6867-f6867.	3.0	84
18	â€œThey just say everything's a virusâ€â€”Parent's judgment of the credibility of clinician communication in primary care consultations for respiratory tract infections in children: A qualitative study. Patient Education and Counseling, 2014, 95, 248-253.	1.0	78

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19	Parentsâ€™ information needs, self-efficacy and influences on consulting for childhood respiratory tract infections: a qualitative study. BMC Family Practice, 2013, 14, 106.	2.9	76
20	The natural history of acute cough in children aged 0 to 4 years in primary care: a systematic review. British Journal of General Practice, 2002, 52, 401-9.	0.7	70
21	How communication affects prescription decisions in consultations for acute illness in children: a systematic review and meta-ethnography. BMC Family Practice, 2014, 15, 63.	2.9	65
22	Towards a better understanding of patients' perspectives of antibiotic resistance and MRSA: a qualitative study. Family Practice, 2008, 25, 341-348.	0.8	62
23	Measuring the financial burden of acute cough in pre-school children: a cost of illness study. BMC Family Practice, 2008, 9, 10.	2.9	61
24	Development and internal validation of a clinical rule to improve antibiotic use in children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection and cough: a prognostic cohort study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2016, 4, 902-910.	5.2	61
25	The relationship between primary care antibiotic prescribing and bacterial resistance in adults in the community: a controlled observational study using individual patient data. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2005, 56, 146-153.	1.3	60
26	Influence of Clinical Communication on Parentsâ€™ Antibiotic Expectations for Children With Respiratory Tract Infections. Annals of Family Medicine, 2016, 14, 141-147.	0.9	56
27	The Diagnosis of Urinary Tract infection in Young children (DUTY): a diagnostic prospective observational study to derive and validate a clinical algorithm for the diagnosis of urinary tract infection in children presenting to primary care with an acute illness. Health Technology Assessment, 2016, 20, 1-294.	1.3	56
28	Adherence to antihypertensive medication assessed by self-report was associated with electronic monitoring compliance. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2006, 59, 650-651.	2.4	54
29	Montelukast for postinfectious cough in adults: a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2014, 2, 35-43.	5.2	49
30	Delayed antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections: individual patient data meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2021, 373, n808.	3.0	42
31	Temporal growth and geographic variation in the use of laboratory tests by NHS general practices: using routine data to identify research priorities. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e256-e266.	0.7	39
32	The frequency distribution of presenting symptoms in children aged six months to six years to primary care. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2011, 12, 123-134.	0.5	36
33	Adjunctive clindamycin for cellulitis: a clinical trial comparing flucloxacillin with or without clindamycin for the treatment of limb cellulitis. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013260.	0.8	36
34	Effect of Oral Prednisolone on Symptom Duration and Severity in Nonasthmatic Adults With Acute Lower Respiratory Tract Infection. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 318, 721.	3.8	35
35	Antibiotic prescribing quality for children in primary care: an observational study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e90-e96.	0.7	35
36	Antibiotics for lower respiratory tract infection in children presenting in primary care in England (ARTIC PC): a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 1417-1426.	6.3	32

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37	Faecal carriage of antibiotic resistant Escherichia coli in asymptomatic children and associations with primary care antibiotic prescribing: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2016, 16, 359.	1.3	31
38	Health Equity in the Effectiveness of Web-Based Health Interventions for the Self-Care of People With Chronic Health Conditions: Systematic Review. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e17849.	2.1	30
39	Sharing patient data: competing demands of privacy, trust and research in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2005, 55, 783-9.	0.7	30
40	Improving the Diagnosis and Treatment of Urinary Tract Infection in Young Children in Primary Care: Results from the DUTY Prospective Diagnostic Cohort Study. Annals of Family Medicine, 2016, 14, 325-336.	0.9	29
41	Effect of Oral Dexamethasone Without Immediate Antibiotics vs Placebo on Acute Sore Throat in Adults. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 1535.	3.8	29
42	The diagnosis of urinary tract infections in young children (DUTY): protocol for a diagnostic and prospective observational study to derive and validate a clinical algorithm for the diagnosis of UTI in children presenting to primary care with an acute illness. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2012, 12, 158.	1.3	26
43	Should homes and workplaces purchase portable air filters to reduce the transmission of SARS-CoV-2 and other respiratory infections? A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251049.	1.1	26
44	Feasibility cluster randomised controlled trial of a within-consultation intervention to reduce antibiotic prescribing for children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection and cough. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014506.	0.8	24
45	Comparison of risk factors for, and prevalence of, antibiotic resistance in contaminating and pathogenic urinary Escherichia coli in children in primary care: prospective cohort study. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2018, 73, 1359-1367.	1.3	24
46	Paracetamol plus ibuprofen for the treatment of fever in children (PITCH): economic evaluation of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 337, a1490-a1490.	2.4	23
47	Antipyretic drugs for children. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 333, 4-5.	2.4	22
48	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0232903.	1.1	22
49	Predicting complications from acute cough in pre-school children in primary care: a prospective cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 9-14.	0.7	22
50	Respiratory tract infections and gut microbiome modifications: A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0262057.	1.1	22
51	Effect of antibiotic prescribing in primary care on meticillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus carriage in community-resident adults: a controlled observational study. International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents, 2012, 39, 135-141.	1.1	21
52	Digital interventions for parents of acutely ill children and their treatment-seeking behaviour: a systematic review. British Journal of General Practice, 2020, 70, e172-e178.	0.7	20
53	Prevalence and Antimicrobial Resistance of Bacteria in Children With Acute Otitis Media and Ear Discharge. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2021, 40, 756-762.	1.1	20
54	The TARGET cohort study protocol: a prospective primary care cohort study to derive and validate a clinical prediction rule to improve the targeting of antibiotics in children with respiratory tract illnesses. BMC Health Services Research, 2013, 13, 322.	0.9	19

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55	Impact of antibiotics for children presenting to general practice with cough on adverse outcomes: secondary analysis from a multicentre prospective cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e682-e693.	0.7	19
56	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002â€“2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003202.	3.9	19
57	Electronically delivered interventions to reduce antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: cluster RCT using electronic health records and cohort study. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-70.	1.3	19
58	The inter-observer agreement of examining pre-school children with acute cough: a nested study. BMC Family Practice, 2004, 5, 4.	2.9	18
59	Corticosteroids for acute and subacute cough following respiratory tract infection: a systematic review. Family Practice, 2013, 30, 492-500.	0.8	18
60	Clinical presentation and microbiological diagnosis in paediatric respiratory tract infection: a systematic review. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e69-e81.	0.7	18
61	Throat swabs in children with respiratory tract infection: associations with clinical presentation and potential targets for point-of-care testing. Family Practice, 2017, 34, 407-415.	0.8	18
62	Paracetamol (acetaminophen) or non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, alone or combined, for pain relief in acute otitis media in children. The Cochrane Library, 2016, 2016, CD011534.	1.5	17
63	What gives rise to clinician gut feeling, its influence on management decisions and its prognostic value for children with RTI in primary care: a prospective cohort study. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 25.	2.9	17
64	Antibiotic prescribing in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 364, l780.	2.4	17
65	How best to diagnose urinary tract infection in preschool children in primary care?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2011, 343, d6316-d6316.	2.4	16
66	Childhood urinary tract infection in primary care: a prospective observational study of prevalence, diagnosis, treatment, and recovery. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e217-e223.	0.7	16
67	Respiratory Tract Infections in Children in the Community: Prospective Online Inception Cohort Study. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 14-22.	0.9	16
68	Systematic review with metaâ€analysis: the accuracy of serological tests to support the diagnosis of coeliac disease. Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2022, 55, 514-527.	1.9	16
69	Serious bacterial infections and antibiotic prescribing in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records in the UK. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036975.	0.8	15
70	Are topical antibiotics an alternative to oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media and ear discharge?. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i308.	3.0	14
71	Digital Health Interventions for People With Type 2 Diabetes to Develop Self-Care Expertise, Adapt to Identity Changes, and Influence Otherâ€™s Perception: Qualitative Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e21328.	2.1	14
72	The use of infrared thermometry for the detection of fever. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 448-50.	0.7	14

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73	The CHICO (Children's Cough) Trial protocol: a feasibility randomised controlled trial investigating the clinical and cost-effectiveness of a complex intervention to improve the management of children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e008615.	0.8	13
74	Symptom response to antibiotic prescribing strategies in acute sore throat in adults: the DESCARTE prospective cohort study in UK general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e634-e642.	0.7	13
75	Understanding the influence of parent-clinician communication on antibiotic prescribing for children with respiratory tract infections in primary care: a qualitative observational study using a conversation analysis approach. BMC Family Practice, 2019, 20, 102.	2.9	13
76	Exploring the appropriateness of antibiotic prescribing for common respiratory tract infections in UK primary care. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2020, 75, 236-242.	1.3	13
77	Best emollients for eczema (BEE) â€“ comparing four types of emollients in children with eczema: protocol for randomised trial and nested qualitative study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e033387.	0.8	13
78	Use of antibiotics and asthma medication for acute lower respiratory tract infections in people with and without asthma: retrospective cohort study. Respiratory Research, 2020, 21, 4.	1.4	13
79	Complementary or alternative? The use of homeopathic products and antibiotics amongst pre-school children. BMC Family Practice, 2008, 9, 8.	2.9	12
80	Can 88% of patients with acute lower respiratory infection all be special?. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, 60-62.	0.7	12
81	Empiric antibiotic treatment for urinary tract infection in preschool children: susceptibilities of urine sample isolates. Family Practice, 2016, 33, 127-132.	0.8	12
82	Predisposing factors to acquisition of acute respiratory tract infections in the community: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2021, 21, 1254.	1.3	12
83	Antibiotic Prescribing in Primary Care and Antimicrobial Resistance in Patients Admitted to Hospital with Urinary Tract Infection: A Controlled Observational Pilot Study. Antibiotics, 2014, 3, 29-38.	1.5	11
84	Electronically delivered, multicomponent intervention to reduce unnecessary antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: a cluster randomised trial using electronic health recordsâ€"REDUCE Trial study original protocol. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010892.	0.8	11
85	Development of an intervention to reduce antibiotic use for childhood coughs in UK primary care using critical synthesis of multi-method research. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2017, 17, 175.	1.4	11
86	Uva-ursi extract and ibuprofen as alternative treatments of adult female urinary tract infection (ATAFUTI): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 421.	0.7	11
87	D-MannosE to prevent Recurrent urinary tract InfecTions (MERIT): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e037128.	0.8	11
88	Anaestheticâ€"analgesic ear drops to reduce antibiotic consumption in children with acute otitis media: the CEDAR RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-48.	1.3	11
89	Reducing antibiotic use in uncomplicated urinary tract infections in adult women: a systematic review and individual participant data meta-analysis. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2022, 28, 1558-1566.	2.8	11
90	Managing UTI in primary care: should we be sending midstream urine samples?. British Journal of General Practice, 2010, 60, 479-480.	0.7	10

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91	The Diagnosis of Urinary Tract Infection in Young Children (DUTY) Study Clinical Rule: Economic Evaluation. Value in Health, 2017, 20, 556-566.	0.1	10
92	Efficacy, safety and impact on antimicrobial resistance of duration and dose of amoxicillin treatment for young children with Community-Acquired Pneumonia: a protocol for a randomIsed controlled Trial (CAP-IT). BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029875.	0.8	10
93	Relationship between microbiology of throat swab and clinical course among primary care patients with acute cough: a prospective cohort study. Family Practice, 2020, 37, 332-339.	0.8	10
94	Association between guidelines and medical practitionersâ€™ perception of best management for patients attending with an apparently uncomplicated acute sore throat: a cross-sectional survey in five countries. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e037884.	0.8	10
95	The accuracy of diagnostic indicators for coeliac disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0258501.	1.1	10
96	What factors influence prognosis in children with acute cough and respiratory tract infection in primary care?. BMJ, The, 2012, 345, e6212-e6212.	3.0	9
97	Point-of-care testing for respiratory infections during and after COVID-19. British Journal of General Practice, 2020, 70, 574-575.	0.7	9
98	Economic analysis of oral dexamethasone for symptom relief of sore throat: the UK TOAST study. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019184.	0.8	8
99	Urosepsis: a growing and preventable problem?. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, 493-494.	0.7	8
100	Does cranberry extract reduce antibiotic use for symptoms of acute uncomplicated urinary tract infections (CUTI)? Protocol for a feasibility study. Trials, 2019, 20, 767.	0.7	8
101	Acute middle ear infection (acute otitis media) in children. BMJ, The, 2020, 371, m4238.	3.0	8
102	Accuracy of the NICE traffic light system in children presenting to general practice: a retrospective cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2022, 72, e398-e404.	0.7	8
103	Influence of the duration of penicillin prescriptions on outcomes for acute sore throat in adults: the DESCARTE prospective cohort study in UK general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e623-e633.	0.7	7
104	Population-based paediatric respiratory infection surveillance: a prospective inception feasibility cohort study. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2018, 4, 182.	0.5	7
105	Post-consultation illness trajectories in children with acute cough and respiratory tract infection: prospective cohort study. Family Practice, 2018, 35, 676-683.	0.8	7
106	Primary care cliniciansâ€™ views of paediatric respiratory infection surveillance information to inform clinical decision-making: a qualitative study. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2019, 3, e000418.	0.6	7
107	The role of economic, educational and social resources in supporting the use of digital health technologies by people with T2D: a qualitative study. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 293.	1.2	7
108	Validation of a clinical rule to predict complications of acute cough in preschool children: a prospective study in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2007, 57, 530-7.	0.7	7

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109	Primary care research--an international responsibility. Family Practice, 2012, 29, 499-500.	0.8	6
110	Antibiotics for childhood urinary tract infection: can we be smarter?. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, 175-176.	0.7	6
111	Can oral corticosteroids reduce the severity or duration of an acute cough, and the associated National Health Service and societal costs, in adults presenting to primary care? Study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2015, 16, 78.	0.7	6
112	Nappy pad urine samples for investigation and treatment of UTI in young children: the â€˜DUTYâ€™ prospective diagnostic cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e516-e524.	0.7	6
113	Factors influencing parentsâ€™ decision-making when sending children with respiratory tract infections to nursery. Journal of Public Health, 2016, 38, 281-288.	1.0	6
114	Comparison of microbiological diagnosis of urinary tract infection in young children by routine health service laboratories and a research laboratory: Diagnostic cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0171113.	1.1	6
115	Does locally relevant, real-time infection epidemiological data improve clinician management and antimicrobial prescribing in primary care? A systematic review. Family Practice, 2018, 35, 542-550.	0.8	6
116	Use of primary care data to predict those most vulnerable to cold weather: a case-crossover analysis. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e146-e156.	0.7	6
117	UTICalc may enhance UTI risk-estimation in young children. Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 200, 291-294.	0.9	6
118	Delayed antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections: protocol of an individual patient data meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e026925.	0.8	6
119	Reducing Primary Care Attendance Intentions for Pediatric Respiratory Tract Infections. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 239-249.	0.9	6
120	Strategies to reduce antibiotic use in women with uncomplicated urinary tract infection in primary care: protocol of a systematic review and meta-analysis including individual patient data. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e035883.	0.8	6
121	Macroscopic haematuria and urological cancer. British Journal of General Practice, 2003, 53, 241-2; author reply 242-3.	0.7	6
122	Prospective Study of the Performance of Parent-Collected Nasal and Saliva Swab Samples, Compared with Nurse-Collected Swab Samples, for the Molecular Detection of Respiratory Microorganisms. Microbiology Spectrum, 2021, , e0016421.	1.2	6
123	Community paediatric respiratory infection surveillance study protocol: a feasibility, prospective inception cohort study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e013017.	0.8	5
124	HATRIC: a study of Pelargonium sidoides root extract EPsÂ®7630 (KalobaÂ®) for the treatment of acute cough due to lower respiratory tract infection in adultsâ€”study protocol for a double blind, placebo-controlled randomised feasibility trial. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2019, 5, 98.	0.5	5
125	Coding infections in primary care. BMJ, The, 2019, 367, l6816.	3.0	5
126	Accuracy of potential diagnostic indicators for coeliac disease: a systematic review protocol. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e038994.	0.8	5

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127	Pelargonium sidoides root extract for the treatment of acute cough due to lower respiratory tract infection in adults: a feasibility double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised trial. BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies, 2021, 21, 48.	1.2	5
128	Does cranberry extract reduce antibiotic use for symptoms of acute uncomplicated urinary tract infections (CUTI)? A feasibility randomised trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e046791.	0.8	5
129	Novel multi-virus rapid respiratory microbiological point-of-care testing in primary care: a mixed-methods feasibility evaluation. Family Practice, 2021, 38, 598-605.	0.8	5
130	Diagnostic accuracy of Fever-PAIN and Centor criteria for bacterial throat infection in adults with sore throat: a secondary analysis of a randomised controlled trial. BJGP Open, 2021, 5, BJGPO.2021.0122.	0.9	5
131	Medicine dosing by weight in the home: can parents accurately weigh preschool children? A method comparison study. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2011, 96, 1187-1190.	1.0	4
132	Using qualitative research to inform development of a diagnostic algorithm for UTI in children. Family Practice, 2013, 30, 325-331.	0.8	4
133	Oral corticosteroid use for clinical and cost-effective symptom relief of sore throat: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2014, 15, 365.	0.7	4
134	Can we identify older people most vulnerable to living in cold homes during winter?. Annals of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 1-7.e3.	0.9	4
135	Child and adolescent musculoskeletal pain (CAM-Pain) feasibility study: testing a method of identifying, recruiting and collecting data from children and adolescents who consult about a musculoskeletal condition in UK general practice. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021116.	0.8	4
136	A multi-centre, pragmatic, three-arm, individually randomised, non-inferiority, open trial to compare immediate orally administered, immediate topically administered or delayed orally administered antibiotics for acute otitis media with discharge in children: The Runny Ear Study (REST): study protocol. Trials, 2020, 21, 463.	0.7	4
137	The early use of Antibiotics for at Risk CHildren with InfluEnza-like illness (ARCHIE): a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. European Respiratory Journal, 2021, 58, 2002819.	3.1	4
138	Point-of-care tests to inform antibiotic prescribing. BMJ, The, 2021, 374, n2253.	3.0	4
139	The feasibility of measuring calprotectin from a throat swab as a marker of infections caused by group A streptococcus: a caseâ€“control feasibility study. BJGP Open, 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101006.	0.9	4
140	Development and external validation of a clinical prediction model to aid coeliac disease diagnosis in primary care: An observational study. EClinicalMedicine, 2022, 46, 101376.	3.2	4
141	An evaluation of the impact and costs of three strategies used to recruit acutely unwell young children to a randomised controlled trial in primary care. Clinical Trials, 2013, 10, 593-603.	0.7	3
142	Parent views on the content and potential impact of respiratory tract infection surveillance information: semistructured interviews to inform future research. BMJ Paediatrics Open, 2017, 1, e000036.	0.6	3
143	Early use of Antibiotics for at Risk CHildren with InfluEnza (ARCHIE): protocol for a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021144.	0.8	3
144	Long-term outcomes of urinary tract infection (UTI) in Childhood (LUCI): protocol for an electronic record-linked cohort study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e024210.	0.8	3

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145	Parental and clinician agreement of illness severity in children with RTIs: secondary analysis of data from a prospective cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e236-e245.	0.7	3
146	Protocol for an â€˜efficient designâ€™ cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate a complex intervention to improve antibiotic prescribing for CHIldren presenting to primary care with acute COugh and respiratory tract infection: the CHICO study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e041769.	0.8	3
147	Predicting poor outcomes in children aged 1â€“12 with respiratory tract infections: A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0249533.	1.1	3
148	Safety of reducing antibiotic prescribing in primary care: a mixed-methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2021, 9, 1-126.	1.4	3
149	Outcome selection in primary care antimicrobial stewardship research. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2021, 77, 7-12.	1.3	3
150	Antibiotics for lower respiratory tract infection in children presenting in primary care (ARTIC-PC): the predictive value of molecular testing. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2022, 28, 1238-1244.	2.8	3
151	Prognostic value of upper respiratory tract microbes in children presenting to primary care with respiratory infections: A prospective cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0268131.	1.1	3
152	Economic evaluation of the OSAC randomised controlled trial: oral corticosteroids for non-asthmatic adults with acute lower respiratory tract infection in primary care. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033567.	0.8	2
153	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) for acute sore throat. The Cochrane Library, 2020, , .	1.5	2
154	Respiratory infections in children: an appropriateness study of when parents should home care or seek medical help. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e140-e147.	0.7	2
155	Immediate oral versus immediate topical versus delayed oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media with discharge: the REST three-arm non-inferiority electronic platform-supported RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2021, 25, 1-76.	1.3	2
156	Diagnosis of Urinary Tract Infections in Children. American Family Physician, 2018, 97, 273-274.	0.1	2
157	Managing infectious disease in primary care: using real-time syndromic and microbiological surveillance. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, 266-267.	0.7	1
158	Can we achieve shorter antibiotic courses in primary care?. Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin, 2021, 59, 131-132.	0.3	1
159	Topical or oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media presenting with ear discharge: study protocol of a randomised controlled non-inferiority trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e052128.	0.8	1
160	Interactive booklet reduces antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections in children, but not parent satisfaction. Evidence-Based Medicine, 2010, 15, 16-17.	0.6	1
161	Inhaled antibiotics for acute lower respiratory tract infections in primary care: a hypothesis. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2022, , .	5.2	1
162	Can primary care research be conducted more efficiently using routinely reported practice-level data: a cluster randomised controlled trial conducted in England?. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e061574.	0.8	1

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163	Parentsâ€™ preferences for nursery care when children are unwell: a discrete choice experiment. Journal of Public Health, 2018, 42, 161-168.	1.0	0
164	The aim of general practice: can it be explained in one sentence?. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, 346.3-347.	0.7	0
165	Oral prednisolone for acute lower respiratory tract infection in clinically unrecognised asthma: an exploratory analysis of the Oral Steroids for Acute Cough (OSAC) randomised controlled trial. BJGP Open, 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101099.	0.9	0
166	Diagnosis of pneumonia. British Journal of General Practice, 2003, 53, 565-6.	0.7	0
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176	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0232903.		0