Fiona Charlson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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91 papers 117,428 citations

54 h-index 88 g-index

92 all docs 92 docs citations 92 times ranked 133278 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A comparative risk assessment of burden of disease and injury attributable to 67 risk factors and risk factor clusters in 21 regions, 1990–2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 2224-2260.	6.3	9,397
2	Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 354 diseases and injuries for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1789-1858.	6.3	8,569
3	Global burden of 369 diseases and injuries in 204 countries and territories, 1990–2019: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1204-1222.	6.3	7,664
4	Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) for 291 diseases and injuries in 21 regions, 1990–2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 2197-2223.	6.3	7,061
5	Years lived with disability (YLDs) for 1160 sequelae of 289 diseases and injuries 1990–2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 2163-2196.	6.3	6,376
6	Global, regional, and national age–sex specific all-cause and cause-specific mortality for 240 causes of death, 1990–2013: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2013. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 117-171.	6.3	5,847
7	Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 328 diseases and injuries for 195 countries, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 1211-1259.	6.3	5,578
8	Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 310 diseases and injuries, 1990–2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1545-1602.	6.3	5,298
9	Global, regional, and national age-sex-specific mortality for 282 causes of death in 195 countries and territories, 1980–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1736-1788.	6.3	4,989
10	Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and years lived with disability for 301 acute and chronic diseases and injuries in 188 countries, 1990–2013: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2013. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 743-800.	6.3	4,951
11	Global, regional, and national life expectancy, all-cause mortality, and cause-specific mortality for 249 causes of death, 1980–2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1459-1544.	6.3	4,934
12	Global burden of disease attributable to mental and substance use disorders: findings from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, 1575-1586.	6.3	4,651
13	Global, regional, and national comparative risk assessment of 79 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks, 1990–2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1659-1724.	6.3	4,203
14	Global burden of 87 risk factors in 204 countries and territories, 1990–2019: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1223-1249.	6.3	3,928
15	Global, regional, and national age-sex specific mortality for 264 causes of death, 1980–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 1151-1210.	6.3	3,565
16	Global, regional, and national comparative risk assessment of 84 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1923-1994.	6.3	3,269
17	Burden of Depressive Disorders by Country, Sex, Age, and Year: Findings from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001547.	3.9	2,377
18	Global, regional, and national comparative risk assessment of 79 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks in 188 countries, 1990–2013: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2013. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 2287-2323.	6.3	2,184

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19	Global, regional, and national disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) for 359 diseases and injuries and healthy life expectancy (HALE) for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1859-1922.	6.3	2,123
20	Alcohol use and burden for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1015-1035.	6.3	2,005
21	Global, regional, and national comparative risk assessment of 84 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 1345-1422.	6.3	1,879
22	Global, regional, and national disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) for 315 diseases and injuries and healthy life expectancy (HALE), 1990–2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1603-1658.	6.3	1,612
23	Global, regional, and national disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) for 333 diseases and injuries and healthy life expectancy (HALE) for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 1260-1344.	6.3	1,589
24	Global, regional, and national disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) for 306 diseases and injuries and healthy life expectancy (HALE) for 188 countries, 1990–2013: quantifying the epidemiological transition. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 2145-2191.	6.3	1,544
25	The State of US Health, 1990-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 319, 1444.	3.8	1,042
26	The global burden of disease attributable to alcohol and drug use in 195 countries and territories, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2018, 5, 987-1012.	3.7	885
27	Global Epidemiology and Burden of Schizophrenia: Findings From the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018, 44, 1195-1203.	2.3	875
28	New WHO prevalence estimates of mental disorders in conflict settings: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 240-248.	6.3	767
29	Global burden of disease attributable to illicit drug use and dependence: findings from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, 1564-1574.	6.3	668
30	Addressing the burden of mental, neurological, and substance use disorders: key messages from Disease Control Priorities, 3rd edition. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1672-1685.	6.3	586
31	Burden of non-communicable diseases in sub-Saharan Africa, 1990–2017: results from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e1375-e1387.	2.9	509
32	Healthcare Access and Quality Index based on mortality from causes amenable to personal health care in 195 countries and territories, 1990–2015: a novel analysis from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 231-266.	6.3	480
33	Global and National Burden of Diseases and Injuries Among Children and Adolescents Between 1990 and 2013. JAMA Pediatrics, 2016, 170, 267.	3.3	479
34	Excess mortality in persons with severe mental disorders: a multilevel intervention framework and priorities for clinical practice, policy and research agendas. World Psychiatry, 2017, 16, 30-40.	4.8	477
35	Measuring the health-related Sustainable Development Goals in 188 countries: a baseline analysis from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1813-1850.	6.3	413
36	The burden of mental disorders across the states of India: the Global Burden of Disease Study 1990â€"2017. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2020, 7, 148-161.	3.7	387

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37	Modeling COVID-19 scenarios for the United States. Nature Medicine, 2021, 27, 94-105.	15.2	365
38	Five insights from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1135-1159.	6.3	335
39	A comprehensive analysis of mortality-related health metrics associated with mental disorders: a nationwide, register-based cohort study. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 1827-1835.	6.3	329
40	The global epidemiology and burden of opioid dependence: results from the global burden of disease 2010 study. Addiction, 2014, 109, 1320-1333.	1.7	308
41	Child and Adolescent Health From 1990 to 2015. JAMA Pediatrics, 2017, 171, 573.	3.3	306
42	Measuring progress and projecting attainment on the basis of past trends of the health-related Sustainable Development Goals in 188 countries: an analysis from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 1423-1459.	6.3	284
43	The burden of mental, neurological, and substance use disorders in China and India: a systematic analysis of community representative epidemiological studies. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 376-389.	6.3	257
44	The Epidemiological Modelling of Major Depressive Disorder: Application for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e69637.	1.1	242
45	Estimating the burden of disease attributable to injecting drug use as a risk factor for HIV, hepatitis C, and hepatitis B: findings from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2013. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2016, 16, 1385-1398.	4.6	223
46	Climate Change and Mental Health: A Scoping Review. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 4486.	1.2	142
47	Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors in Child and Adolescent Health, 1990 to 2017. JAMA Pediatrics, 2019, 173, e190337.	3.3	140
48	The contribution of major depression to the global burden of ischemic heart disease: a comparative risk assessment. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 250.	2.3	114
49	Mental and Substance Use Disorders in Sub-Saharan Africa: Predictions of Epidemiological Changes and Mental Health Workforce Requirements for the Next 40 Years. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e110208.	1.1	102
50	Excess mortality from mental, neurological and substance use disorders in the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2015, 24, 121-140.	1.8	96
51	A systematic review of research examining benzodiazepineâ€related mortality. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2009, 18, 93-103.	0.9	87
52	Prevalence of mental, neurological, and substance use disorders in China and India: a systematic analysis. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2016, 3, 832-841.	3.7	82
53	A social–ecological perspective on climate anxiety in children and adolescents. Nature Climate Change, 2022, 12, 123-131.	8.1	80
54	Should Global Burden of Disease Estimates Include Depression as a Risk Factor for Coronary Heart Disease?. BMC Medicine, 2011, 9, 47.	2.3	63

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55	ECT efficacy and treatment course: A systematic review and meta-analysis of twice vs thrice weekly schedules. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2012, 138, 1-8.	2.0	57
56	Systematic review of interventions for Indigenous adults with mental and substance use disorders in Australia, Canada, New Zealand and the United States. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 50, 1040-1054.	1.3	47
57	Post-traumatic stress disorder and major depression in conflict-affected populations: an epidemiological model and predictor analysis. Global Mental Health (Cambridge, England), 2016, 3, e4.	1.0	46
58	Predicting the Impact of the 2011 Conflict in Libya on Population Mental Health: PTSD and Depression Prevalence and Mental Health Service Requirements. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e40593.	1.1	44
59	The burden of mental disorders in the Eastern Mediterranean region, 1990–2015: findings from the global burden of disease 2015 study. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 25-37.	1.0	43
60	Social correlates of mental, neurological, and substance use disorders in China and India: a review. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2016, 3, 882-899.	3.7	42
61	The prevalence and burden of mental and substance use disorders in Australia: Findings from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 52, 483-490.	1.3	39
62	The epidemiological modelling of dysthymia: Application for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 151, 111-120.	2.0	36
63	Global priorities for climate change and mental health research. Environment International, 2022, 158, 106984.	4.8	36
64	Donor Financing of Global Mental Health, 1995—2015: An Assessment of Trends, Channels, and Alignment with the Disease Burden. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0169384.	1.1	33
65	Mental disorders as risk factors: assessing the evidence for the Global Burden of Disease Study. BMC Medicine, 2011, 9, 134.	2.3	28
66	Excess mortality in severe mental disorders: A systematic review and meta-regression. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2022, 149, 97-105.	1.5	25
67	Global estimates of service coverage for severe mental disorders: findings from the WHO Mental Health Atlas 2017. Global Mental Health (Cambridge, England), 2021, 8, e27.	1.0	24
68	Excess Mortality from Mental, Neurological, and Substance Use Disorders in the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010., 2016,, 41-65.		24
69	Global Priorities for Addressing the Burden of Mental, Neurological, and Substance Use Disorders. , 2016, , 1-27.		23
70	Danger ahead: the burden of diseases, injuries, and risk factors in the Eastern Mediterranean Region, 1990–2015. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 11-23.	1.0	21
71	The Epidemiology of Psychosis in Indigenous Populations in Cape York and the Torres Strait. EClinicalMedicine, 2019, 10, 68-77.	3.2	21
72	How did we arrive at burden of disease estimates for mental and illicit drug use disorders in the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010?. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 2013, 26, 376-383.	3.1	20

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73	The Rising Tide of Mental Disorders in the Pacific Region: Forecasts of Disease Burden and Service Requirements from 2010 to 2050. Asia and the Pacific Policy Studies, 2015, 2, 280-292.	0.6	19
74	The global burden of mental and substance use disorders: changes in estimating burden between GBD1990 and GBD2010. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2014, 23, 239-249.	1.8	17
75	Adolescent health in the Eastern Mediterranean Region: findings from the global burden of disease 2015 study. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 79-96.	1.0	17
76	Implementation of the mental health Gap Action Programme (mhGAP) within the Fijian Healthcare System: a mixed-methods evaluation. International Journal of Mental Health Systems, 2019, 13, 43.	1.1	12
77	Time-course of PTSD symptoms in the Australian Defence Force: a retrospective cohort study. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2016, 25, 393-402.	1.8	6
78	Applications of the epidemiological modelling outputs for targeted mental health planning in conflict-affected populations: the Syria case-study. Global Mental Health (Cambridge, England), 2016, 3, e8.	1.0	5
79	The prevalence and service utilisation associated with mental and substance use disorders in Lao People's Democratic Republic: findings from a cross-sectional survey. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2019, 28, 54-65.	1.8	4
80	Evaluation of a Leadership in Mental Health course for Pacific Island Nation delegates. Australasian Psychiatry, 2015, 23, 38-41.	0.4	3
81	Multimorbidity and vulnerability among those living with psychosis in Indigenous populations in Cape York and the Torres Strait. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 55, 892-902.	1.3	3
82	Mental health in conflict settings – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 2238.	6.3	2
83	Mental health in the Pacific: Urgency and opportunity. Asia Pacific Viewpoint, 2020, 61, 537-550.	0.8	2
84	Incarceration among adults living with psychosis in Indigenous populations in Cape York and the Torres Strait. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 55, 678-686.	1.3	2
85	Modelling mental health service needs of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples: a review of existing evidence and expert consensus. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2022, 46, 177-185.	0.8	2
86	Twice versus thrice weekly ECT in a clinical population: An evaluation of patient outcomes. Psychiatry Research, 2012, 199, 208-211.	1.7	1
87	Burden of mental and substance use disorders in Indigenous Australians and Oceania. Australasian Psychiatry, 2015, 23, 13-16.	0.4	1
88	Excess mortality from mental, neurological and substance use disorders in the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010 – CORRIGENDUM. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2016, 25, 91-92.	1.8	1
89	Opportunities for the Use of Brief Scalable Psychological Interventions to Support Mental Health and Wellbeing in the Context of the Climate Crisis. Intervention, 2022, 20, 128.	0.2	1
90	Re: Meta-analysis of Australian Indigenous psychiatric treatment, critiqued. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 51, 1053-1054.	1.3	0

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91	785Excess mortality in severe mental disorders: a systematic review and meta-regression. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, .	0.9	0