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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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218677 197818 2,775 54 26 49 citations g-index h-index papers 55 55 55 2885 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ethological and temporal analyses of anxiety-like behavior: The elevated plus-maze model 20 years on. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2005, 29, 1193-1205.	6.1	788
2	Previous maze experience required to increase open arms avoidance in rats submitted to the elevated plus-maze model of anxiety. Behavioural Brain Research, 2000, 108, 197-203.	2.2	138
3	On Disruption of Fear Memory by Reconsolidation Blockade: Evidence from Cannabidiol Treatment. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 37, 2132-2142.	5.4	136
4	Cannabidiol regulation of emotion and emotional memory processing: relevance for treating anxietyâ€related and substance abuse disorders. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2017, 174, 3242-3256.	5.4	114
5	Further evidence that anxiety and memory are regionally dissociated within the hippocampus. Behavioural Brain Research, 2006, 175, 183-188.	2.2	104
6	Neuroanatomy of Anxiety. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2009, 2, 77-96.	1.7	93
7	Enhanced noradrenergic activity potentiates fear memory consolidation and reconsolidation by differentially recruiting $\hat{l}\pm 1$ - and \hat{l}^2 -adrenergic receptors. Learning and Memory, 2013, 20, 210-219.	1.3	93
8	Behavioral profile of rats submitted to session 1-session 2 in the elevated plus-maze during diurnal/nocturnal phases and under different illumination conditions. Behavioural Brain Research, 2002, 132, 135-143.	2.2	92
9	Cannabidiol disrupts the consolidation of specific and generalized fear memories via dorsal hippocampus CB1 and CB2 receptors. Neuropharmacology, 2017, 125, 220-230.	4.1	69
10	PTSD-Like Memory Generated Through Enhanced Noradrenergic Activity is Mitigated by a Dual Step Pharmacological Intervention Targeting its Reconsolidation. International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 18, pyu026-pyu026.	2.1	67
11	î"-Tetrahydrocannabinol alone and combined with cannabidiol mitigate fear memory through reconsolidation disruption. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 25, 958-965.	0.7	62
12	Anxiolytic effects of ethanol and phenobarbital are abolished in test-experienced rats submitted to the elevated plus maze. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2002, 73, 963-969.	2.9	61
13	Prior maze experience required to alter midazolam effects in rats submitted to the elevated plus-maze. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2002, 72, 449-455.	2.9	59
14	Activity in prelimbic cortex is required for adjusting the anxiety response level during the elevated plus-maze retest. Neuroscience, 2010, 170, 214-222.	2.3	57
15	Attenuation of anxiety-related behaviour after the antagonism of transient receptor potential vanilloid type 1 channels in the rat ventral hippocampus. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2008, 19, 357-360.	1.7	51
16	Cannabidiol Regulation of Learned Fear: Implications for Treating Anxiety-Related Disorders. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2016, 7, 454.	3.5	51
17	Activity in prelimbic cortex subserves fear memory reconsolidation over time. Learning and Memory, 2014, 21, 14-20.	1.3	44
18	Nucleus reuniens of the thalamus controls fear memory intensity, specificity and longâ€ŧerm maintenance during consolidation. Hippocampus, 2018, 28, 602-616.	1.9	42

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19	Tempering aversive/traumatic memories with cannabinoids: a review of evidence from animal and human studies. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 201-226.	3.1	42
20	Scopolamine given pre-Trial 1 prevents the one-trial tolerance phenomenon in the elevated plus-maze Trial 2. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2004, 15, 45-54.	1.7	40
21	Anxiolytic-like effects of NMDA/glycine-B receptor ligands are abolished during the elevated plus-maze trial 2 in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2003, 170, 335-342.	3.1	39
22	Effects of Cannabinoid Drugs on Aversive or Rewarding Drug-Associated Memory Extinction and Reconsolidation. Neuroscience, 2018, 370, 62-80.	2.3	39
23	Anandamide reverses depressive-like behavior, neurochemical abnormalities and oxidative-stress parameters in streptozotocin-diabetic rats: Role of CB1 receptors. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 26, 1590-1600.	0.7	32
24	Aversive learning as a mechanism for lack of repeated anxiolytic-like effect in the elevated plus-maze. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2008, 90, 545-550.	2.9	29
25	Temporal Dissociation of Striatum and Prefrontal Cortex Uncouples Anhedonia and Defense Behaviors Relevant to Depression in 6-OHDA-Lesioned Rats. Molecular Neurobiology, 2016, 53, 3891-3899.	4.0	29
26	A timeâ€dependent contribution of hippocampal CB ₁ , CB ₂ and PPARγ receptors to cannabidiolâ€induced disruption of fear memory consolidation. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2020, 177, 945-957.	5.4	29
27	Newly acquired and reactivated contextual fear memories are more intense and prone to generalize after activation of prelimbic cortex NMDA receptors. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2017, 137, 154-162.	1.9	28
28	Involvement of dorsolateral periaqueductal gray cholecystokinin-2 receptors in the regulation of a panic-related behavior in rats. Brain Research, 2005, 1059, 46-51.	2.2	27
29	Decreased synaptic plasticity in the medial prefrontal cortex underlies short-term memory deficits in 6-OHDA-lesioned rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2016, 301, 43-54.	2.2	27
30	Infralimbic cortex controls fear memory generalization and susceptibility to extinction during consolidation. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 15827.	3.3	25
31	Involvement of dorsolateral periaqueductal gray N-methyl-D-aspartic acid glutamate receptors in the regulation of risk assessment and inhibitory avoidance behaviors in the rat elevated T-maze. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2006, 17, 589-596.	1.7	23
32	Effects of â^†9-tetrahydrocannabinol on aversive memories and anxiety: a review from human studies. BMC Psychiatry, 2020, 20, 420.	2.6	23
33	Enhanced dorsolateral periaqueductal gray activity counteracts the anxiolytic response to midazolam on the elevated plus-maze Trial 2 in rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2005, 162, 99-107.	2.2	22
34	Interplay between glutamate and serotonin within the dorsal periaqueductal gray modulates anxiety-related behavior of rats exposed to the elevated plus-maze. Behavioural Brain Research, 2008, 194, 181-186.	2.2	22
35	Pentylenetetrazole as an unconditioned stimulus for olfactory and contextual fear conditioning in rats. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2009, 92, 512-518.	1.9	18
36	Dissociating retrieval-dependent contextual aversive memory processes in female rats: Are there cycle-dependent differences?. Neuroscience, 2019, 406, 542-553.	2.3	18

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37	Role of prelimbic cortex PKC and PKMζ in fear memory reconsolidation and persistence following reactivation. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 4076.	3.3	18
38	Evidence for an expanded time-window to mitigate a reactivated fear memory by tamoxifen. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 26, 1601-1609.	0.7	16
39	Female but not male rats show biphasic effects of low doses of Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol on anxiety: can cannabidiol interfere with these effects?. Neuropharmacology, 2021, 196, 108684.	4.1	16
40	Cholecystokinin-2 receptors modulate freezing and escape behaviors evoked by the electrical stimulation of the rat dorsolateral periaqueductal gray. Brain Research, 2007, 1156, 133-138.	2.2	14
41	Nucleus reuniens of the thalamus controls fear memory reconsolidation. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2021, 177, 107343.	1.9	13
42	Medial prefrontal cortex mechanisms of cannabidiol-induced aversive memory reconsolidation impairments. Neuropharmacology, 2022, 205, 108913.	4.1	13
43	Thalamic nucleus reuniens regulates fear memory destabilization upon retrieval. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2020, 175, 107313.	1.9	12
44	Role of dorsal hippocampus $\hat{l}^{_{0}}$ opioid receptors in contextual aversive memory consolidation in rats. Neuropharmacology, 2018, 135, 253-267.	4.1	11
45	Interactions of Noradrenergic, Glucocorticoid and Endocannabinoid Systems Intensify and Generalize Fear Memory Traces. Neuroscience, 2022, 497, 118-133.	2.3	9
46	Protein synthesis in dorsal hippocampus supports the drug tolerance induced by prior elevated plus-maze experience. Neuroscience, 2011, 179, 179-187.	2.3	6
47	Lack of interaction between NMDA and cholecystokinin-2 receptor-mediated neurotransmission in the dorsolateral periaqueductal gray in the regulation of rat defensive behaviors. Life Sciences, 2006, 79, 2238-2244.	4.3	4
48	Taking advantage of fear generalization-associated destabilization to attenuate the underlying memory via reconsolidation intervention. Neuropharmacology, 2020, 181, 108338.	4.1	4
49	A single dose of the organophosphate triazophos induces fear extinction deficits accompanied by hippocampal acetylcholinesterase inhibition. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2020, 82, 106929.	2.4	3
50	Elevated Plus Maze., 2014,, 1-5.		1
51	Role of the Endocannabinoid System and Major Cannabis Constituents in the Reconsolidation and Extinction of Rewarding Drug-Associated Memories. , 2016, , 804-814.		1
52	Animal Tests for Anxiety., 2016, , 313-326.		1
53	Overview of Cannabis Use, Misuse, and Addiction., 2016,, 665-671.		0
54	Dexamethasone impairs encoding and expression of aversive conditioning promoted by pentylenetetrazole. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2020, 31, 435-447.	1.7	0