

Chris D Thomas

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

247
papers

41,628
citations

3731

89
h-index

2509

196
g-index

255
all docs

255
docs citations

255
times ranked

30159
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Lost, gained, and regained functional and phylogenetic diversity of European mammals since 8000 years ago. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 5283-5293.	9.5	9
2	The effectiveness of the protected area network of Great Britain. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 257, 109146.	4.1	15
3	Translating area-based conservation pledges into efficient biodiversity protection outcomes. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2021, 4, 1043.	4.4	5
4	Introduced plants as novel Anthropocene habitats for insects. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 971-988.	9.5	9
5	Unlocking the potential of historical abundance datasets to study biomass change in flying insects. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 10, 8394-8404.	1.9	10
6	Global extent and drivers of mammal population declines in protected areas under illegal hunting pressure. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0227163.	2.5	31
7	Past, current, and potential future distributions of unique genetic diversity in a cold-adapted mountain butterfly. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 10, 11155-11168.	1.9	15
8	The development of Anthropocene biotas. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 375, 20190113.	4.0	41
9	The energy flow through coastal Anthropocene biotas. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2020, 18, 11-12.	4.0	1
10	Reply to Le Roux et al.. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2020, 30, R391-R392.	3.9	1
11	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
12	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
13	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
14	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
15	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
16	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227163.		0
17	Synergistic and antagonistic effects of land use and non-native species on community responses to climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 4303-4314.	9.5	26
18	Widespread Effects of Climate Change on Local Plant Diversity. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2019, 29, 2905-2911.e2.	3.9	24

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19	Moth biomass has fluctuated over 50 years in Britain but lacks a clear trend. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 1645-1649.	7.8	145
20	Reduced body sizes in climate-impacted Borneo moth assemblages are primarily explained by range shifts. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4612.	12.8	18
21	Habitat availability explains variation in climate-driven range shifts across multiple taxonomic groups. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 15039.	3.3	85
22	Synergistic Effects of Climate and Land-Cover Change on Long-Term Bird Population Trends of the Western USA: A Test of Modeled Predictions. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 7, .	2.2	22
23	“Insectageddon” A call for more robust data and rigorous analyses. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 1891-1892.	9.5	163
24	Divergent tree seedling communities indicate different trajectories of change among rain forest remnants. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2019, 25, 1751-1762.	4.1	1
25	Climate-induced phenology shifts linked to range expansions in species with multiple reproductive cycles per year. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4455.	12.8	82
26	Climate change vulnerability assessment of species. <i>Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change</i> , 2019, 10, e551.	8.1	255
27	One hundred priority questions for landscape restoration in Europe. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2018, 221, 198-208.	4.1	58
28	Can Habitat Management Mitigate Disease Impacts on Threatened Amphibians?. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2018, 11, e12375.	5.7	28
29	Population variability in species can be deduced from opportunistic citizen science records: a case study using British butterflies. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2018, 11, 131-142.	3.0	9
30	Contrasting patterns of local richness of seedlings, saplings, and trees may have implications for regeneration in rainforest remnants. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2018, 50, 889-897.	1.6	10
31	Defining and delivering resilient ecological networks: Nature conservation in England. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 2537-2543.	4.0	56
32	Determining Whether the Impacts of Introduced Species Are Negative Cannot Be Based Solely on Science: A Response to Russell and Blackburn. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 32, 230-231.	8.7	19
33	Climate change, climatic variation and extreme biological responses. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 372, 20160144.	4.0	72
34	A national-scale assessment of climate change impacts on species: Assessing the balance of risks and opportunities for multiple taxa. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 213, 124-134.	4.1	35
35	Climate change vulnerability for species—Assessing the assessments. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3704-3715.	9.5	52
36	Macro- and microclimatic interactions can drive variation in species' habitat associations. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 556-566.	9.5	22

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37	Impacts of habitat change and protected areas on alpha and beta diversity of Mexican birds. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2016, 22, 1245-1254.	4.1	21
38	Geographical range margins of many taxonomic groups continue to shift polewards. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 115, 586-597.	1.6	105
39	The effectiveness of protected areas in the conservation of species with changing geographical ranges. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 115, 707-717.	1.6	53
40	Quantifying the activity levels and behavioural responses of butterfly species to habitat boundaries. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2015, 40, 823-828.	2.2	9
41	Reply to Hulme et al.: Cover of non-native species is too low to adversely affect native plant diversity at a national scale. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, E2990.	7.1	3
42	Predicting microscale shifts in the distribution of the butterfly <i>Plebejus argus</i> at the northern edge of its range. <i>Ecography</i> , 2015, 38, 998-1005.	4.5	12
43	Hydrologically driven ecosystem processes determine the distribution and persistence of ecosystem-specialist predators under climate change. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 7851.	12.8	44
44	Rapid acceleration of plant speciation during the Anthropocene. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 30, 448-455.	8.7	69
45	Non-native plants add to the British flora without negative consequences for native diversity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 4387-4392.	7.1	93
46	The performance of protected areas for biodiversity under climate change. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 115, 718-730.	1.6	123
47	Individualistic sensitivities and exposure to climate change explain variation in species' distribution and abundance changes. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2015, 1, e1400220.	10.3	21
48	The Anthropocene Speciation Hypothesis Remains Valid: Reply to Hulme et al.. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 30, 636-638.	8.7	0
49	Refugia and connectivity sustain amphibian metapopulations afflicted by disease. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2015, 18, 853-863.	6.4	68
50	High Abundances of Species in Protected Areas in Parts of their Geographic Distributions Colonized during a Recent Period of Climatic Change. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2015, 8, 97-106.	5.7	26
51	Two Species with an Unusual Combination of Traits Dominate Responses of British Grasshoppers and Crickets to Environmental Change. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0130488.	2.5	22
52	Long-term changes to the frequency of occurrence of British moths are consistent with opposing and synergistic effects of climate and land-use changes. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 949-957.	4.0	175
53	Topographic microclimates drive microhabitat associations at the range margin of a butterfly. <i>Ecography</i> , 2014, 37, 732-740.	4.5	44
54	Evolution on the move: specialization on widespread resources associated with rapid range expansion in response to climate change. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014, 281, 20131800.	2.6	44

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55	Abundance changes and habitat availability drive speciesâ€™ responses to climate change. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2014, 4, 127-131.	18.8	69
56	Active Management of Protected Areas Enhances Metapopulation Expansion Under Climate Change. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2014, 7, 111-118.	5.7	33
57	Quantifying rangeâ€wide variation in population trends from local abundance surveys and widespread opportunistic occurrence records. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 5, 751-760.	5.2	56
58	Precipitation and winter temperature predict longâ€term rangeâ€scale abundance changes in Western North American birds. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 3351-3364.	9.5	78
59	Introduced and natural colonists show contrasting patterns of protected area association in <sc>UK</sc> wetlands. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2014, 20, 943-951.	4.1	15
60	Reconciling biodiversity and carbon conservation. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 39-47.	6.4	96
61	Multiâ€generational longâ€distance migration of insects: studying the painted lady butterfly in the Western Palaearctic. <i>Ecography</i> , 2013, 36, 474-486.	4.5	137
62	The past, present and potential future distributions of coldâ€adapted bird species. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 352-362.	4.1	26
63	Edge artefacts and lost performance in national versus continental conservation priority areas. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 171-183.	4.1	44
64	Projected latitudinal and regional changes in vascular plant diversity through climate change: short-term gains and longer-term losses. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2013, 22, 1467-1483.	2.6	6
65	Range expansion through fragmented landscapes under a variable climate. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 921-929.	6.4	100
66	Observed and predicted effects of climate change on species abundance in protected areas. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2013, 3, 1055-1061.	18.8	146
67	Local diversity stays about the same, regional diversity increases, and global diversity declines. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 19187-19188.	7.1	69
68	Protected areas act as establishment centres for species colonizing the UK. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20122310.	2.6	43
69	The Anthropocene could raise biological diversity. <i>Nature</i> , 2013, 502, 7-7.	27.8	96
70	Habitat associations of species show consistent but weak responses to climate. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2012, 8, 590-593.	2.3	49
71	Extinction and climate change. <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 482, E4-E5.	27.8	34
72	Protected areas facilitate speciesâ€™ range expansions. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 14063-14068.	7.1	185

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73	The effect of spatial resolution on projected responses to climate warming. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 990-1000.	4.1	70
74	Temperature-Dependent Alterations in Host Use Drive Rapid Range Expansion in a Butterfly. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 336, 1028-1030.	12.6	154
75	Temporal variation in responses of species to four decades of climate warming. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 2439-2447.	9.5	42
76	Habitat associations of thermophilous butterflies are reduced despite climatic warming. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 2720-2729.	9.5	29
77	Local and landscape management of an expanding range margin under climate change. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2012, 49, 552-561.	4.0	34
78	The relative importance of climate and habitat in determining the distributions of species at different spatial scales: a case study with ground beetles in Great Britain. <i>Ecography</i> , 2012, 35, 831-838.	4.5	53
79	The Speed of Range Shifts in Fragmented Landscapes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e47141.	2.5	71
80	First Estimates of Extinction Risk from Climate Change. , 2012, , 11-27.		20
81	Balancing alternative land uses in conservation prioritization. , 2011, 21, 1419-1426.		183
82	Global warming, elevational ranges and the vulnerability of tropical biota. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2011, 144, 548-557.	4.1	185
83	Climate Change and Evolutionary Adaptations at Species' Range Margins. <i>Annual Review of Entomology</i> , 2011, 56, 143-159.	11.8	260
84	Translocation of species, climate change, and the end of trying to recreate past ecological communities. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 26, 216-221.	8.7	327
85	Anthropocene Park? No alternative. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 26, 497-498.	8.7	13
86	Rapid Range Shifts of Species Associated with High Levels of Climate Warming. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 1024-1026.	12.6	3,858
87	A framework for assessing threats and benefits to species responding to climate change. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 2, 125-142.	5.2	109
88	Distance sampling and the challenge of monitoring butterfly populations. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 2, 585-594.	5.2	78
89	On the approximation of continuous dispersal kernels in discrete space models. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 2, 668-681.	5.2	22
90	Asymmetric boundary shifts of tropical montane Lepidoptera over four decades of climate warming. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2011, 20, 34-45.	5.8	108

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91	Habitat area, quality and connectivity: striking the balance for efficient conservation. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2011, 48, 148-152.	4.0	241
92	Predicting insect phenology across space and time. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 1289-1300.	9.5	118
93	Maintaining northern peatland ecosystems in a changing climate: effects of soil moisture, drainage and drain blocking on craneflies. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 2991-3001.	9.5	60
94	Habitat microclimates drive fine-scale variation in extreme temperatures. <i>Oikos</i> , 2011, 120, 1-8.	2.7	398
95	Hybridisation and climate change: brown argus butterflies in Britain (<i>Polyommatus</i> subgenus <i>Aricia</i>). <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2011, 4, 192-199.	3.0	37
96	The influence of temporal variation on relationships between ecosystem services. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2011, 20, 3285-3294.	2.6	36
97	Habitat re-creation strategies for promoting adaptation of species to climate change. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2011, 4, 289-297.	5.7	57
98	Spatial covariation between freshwater and terrestrial ecosystem services. , 2011, 21, 2034-2048.		65
99	Climate, climate change and range boundaries. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2010, 16, 488-495.	4.1	493
100	Linking habitat use to range expansion rates in fragmented landscapes: a metapopulation approach. <i>Ecography</i> , 2010, 33, 73-82.	4.5	48
101	The impact of proxy-based methods on mapping the distribution of ecosystem services. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 377-385.	4.0	405
102	REVIEW: The identification of priority policy options for UK nature conservation. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 955-965.	4.0	58
103	Heterogeneous landscapes promote population stability. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2010, 13, 473-484.	6.4	233
104	Comparing organic farming and land sparing: optimizing yield and butterfly populations at a landscape scale. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2010, 13, 1358-1367.	6.4	138
105	Representation of ecosystem services by tiered conservation strategies. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2010, 3, 184-191.	5.7	18
106	Error propagation associated with benefits transfer-based mapping of ecosystem services. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2010, 143, 2487-2493.	4.1	75
107	Assisted colonization in a changing climate: a test study using two U.K. butterflies. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2009, 2, 46-52.	5.7	133
108	Elevation increases in moth assemblages over 42 years on a tropical mountain. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 1479-1483.	7.1	350

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109	Modelling the effect of habitat fragmentation on range expansion in a butterfly. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2009, 276, 1421-1427.	2.6	61
110	Surrogacy and persistence in reserve selection: landscape prioritization for multiple taxa in Britain. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 82-91.	4.0	33
111	Spatial covariance between biodiversity and other ecosystem service priorities. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 888-896.	4.0	292
112	Climate change, connectivity and conservation decision making: back to basics. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 964-969.	4.0	360
113	Dynamic distribution modelling: predicting the present from the past. <i>Ecography</i> , 2009, 32, 5-12.	4.5	41
114	Changes in habitat specificity of species at their climatic range boundaries. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 1091-1102.	6.4	101
115	Predicting range overlap in two closely related species of spiders. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2009, 2, 135-141.	3.0	3
116	Ecosystem service benefits of contrasting conservation strategies in a human-dominated region. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2009, 276, 2903-2911.	2.6	104
117	Metapopulation responses to patch connectivity and quality are masked by successional habitat dynamics. <i>Ecology</i> , 2009, 90, 1608-1619.	3.2	70
118	Using distribution models to test alternative hypotheses about a species' environmental limits and recovery prospects. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 488-499.	4.1	48
119	Climate change and translocations: The potential to re-establish two regionally-extinct butterfly species in Britain. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2114-2121.	4.1	32
120	Managing successional species: Modelling the dependence of heath fritillary populations on the spatial distribution of woodland management. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2743-2751.	4.1	29
121	Chapter 2 Climate Change and Species' Distributions: An Alien Future?. , 2009, , 19-29.		3
122	Using habitat distribution models to evaluate large-scale landscape priorities for spatially dynamic species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 228-238.	4.0	37
123	Future novel threats and opportunities facing UK biodiversity identified by horizon scanning. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 821-833.	4.0	130
124	Exporting the ecological effects of climate change. <i>EMBO Reports</i> , 2008, 9, S28-33.	4.5	6
125	Where within a geographical range do species survive best? A matter of scale. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2008, 1, 2-8.	3.0	39
126	Changes in the composition of British butterfly assemblages over two decades. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2008, 14, 1464-1474.	9.5	76

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127	The coincidence of climatic and species rarity: high risk to small-range species from climate change. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2008, 4, 568-572.	2.3	309
128	Aligning Conservation Priorities Across Taxa in Madagascar with High-Resolution Planning Tools. <i>Science</i> , 2008, 320, 222-226.	12.6	484
129	Assisted Colonization and Rapid Climate Change. <i>Science</i> , 2008, 321, 345-346.	12.6	786
130	Escape from natural enemies during climate-driven range expansion: a case study. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2008, 33, 413-421.	2.2	137
131	DIRECT AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF CLIMATE AND HABITAT FACTORS ON BUTTERFLY DIVERSITY. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007, 88, 605-611.	3.2	356
132	MINIMUM VIABLE METAPOPULATION SIZE, EXTINCTION DEBT, AND THE CONSERVATION OF A DECLINING SPECIES. , 2007, 17, 1460-1473.		109
133	Multispecies conservation planning: identifying landscapes for the conservation of viable populations using local and continental species priorities. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2007, 44, 253-262.	4.0	46
134	Parallel Declines in Pollinators and Insect-Pollinated Plants in Britain and the Netherlands. <i>Science</i> , 2006, 313, 351-354.	12.6	2,359
135	Range retractions and extinction in the face of climate warming. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2006, 21, 415-416.	8.7	353
136	Thermal range predicts bird population resilience to extreme high temperatures. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 1321-1330.	6.4	135
137	Towards European climate risk surfaces: the extent and distribution of analogous and non-analogous climates 1931-2100. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2006, 15, 395-405.	5.8	80
138	Changing habitat associations of a thermally constrained species, the silver-spotted skipper butterfly, in response to climate warming. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2006, 75, 247-256.	2.8	151
139	The identification of 100 ecological questions of high policy relevance in the UK. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2006, 43, 617-627.	4.0	395
140	The distributions of a wide range of taxonomic groups are expanding polewards. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2006, 12, 450-455.	9.5	1,214
141	Impacts of climate warming and habitat loss on extinctions at species' low-latitude range boundaries. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2006, 12, 1545-1553.	9.5	271
142	Quantifying components of risk for European woody species under climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2006, 12, 1788-1799.	9.5	85
143	Can occupancy patterns be used to predict distributions in widely separated geographic regions?. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2006, 149, 396-405.	2.0	9
144	Species richness changes lag behind climate change. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2006, 273, 1465-1470.	2.6	288

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145	The Value of Biodiversity in Reserve Selection: Representation, Species Weighting, and Benefit Functions. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2005, 19, 2009-2014.	4.7	150
146	A northward shift of range margins in British Odonata. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2005, 11, 502-506.	9.5	393
147	Selection for discontinuous life-history traits along a continuous thermal gradient in the butterfly <i>Aricia agestis</i> . <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2005, 30, 613-619.	2.2	52
148	The re-expansion and improving status of the silver-spotted skipper butterfly (<i>Hesperia comma</i>) in Britain: a metapopulation success story. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2005, 124, 189-198.	4.1	85
149	Prioritizing multiple-use landscapes for conservation: methods for large multi-species planning problems. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2005, 272, 1885-1891.	2.6	465
150	Metapopulation Dynamics in Changing Environments. , 2004, , 489-514.		46
151	Combining probabilities of occurrence with spatial reserve design. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2004, 41, 252-262.	4.0	175
152	Extinction risk from climate change. <i>Nature</i> , 2004, 427, 145-148.	27.8	5,985
153	Uncertainty in predictions of extinction risk/Effects of changes in climate and land use/Climate change and extinction risk (reply). <i>Nature</i> , 2004, 430, 34-34.	27.8	47
154	Spatial patterns in species distributions reveal biodiversity change. <i>Nature</i> , 2004, 432, 393-396.	27.8	214
155	Changes in Dispersal during Speciesâ€™ Range Expansions. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2004, 164, 378-395.	2.1	286
156	Ecological dynamics of extinct species in empty habitat networks. 1. The role of habitat pattern and quantity, stochasticity and dispersal. <i>Oikos</i> , 2003, 102, 449-464.	2.7	38
157	Ecological dynamics of extinct species in empty habitat networks. 2. The role of host plant dynamics. <i>Oikos</i> , 2003, 102, 465-477.	2.7	27
158	Premating barriers to gene exchange and their implications for the structure of a mosaic hybrid zone between <i>Chorthippus brunneus</i> and <i>C. jacobsi</i> (Orthoptera: Acrididae). <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2003, 17, 108-119.	1.7	39
159	Measuring dispersal and detecting departures from a random walk model in a grasshopper hybrid zone. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2003, 28, 129-138.	2.2	14
160	Foray Search: An Effective Systematic Dispersal Strategy in Fragmented Landscapes. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2003, 161, 905-915.	2.1	92
161	Migration and Allee effects in the six-spot burnet moth <i>Zygaena filipendulae</i> . <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2002, 27, 317-325.	2.2	35
162	Short-term studies underestimate 30-generation changes in a butterfly metapopulation. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2002, 269, 563-569.	2.6	53

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163	Responses of butterflies to twentieth century climate warming: implications for future ranges. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2002, 269, 2163-2171.	2.6	363
164	The influence of thermal ecology on the distribution of three nymphalid butterflies. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2002, 39, 43-55.	4.0	85
165	Large-Scale Patterns of Distribution and Persistence at the Range Margins of a Butterfly. Ecology, 2002, 83, 3357.	3.2	5
166	METAPOPOPULATIONS OF FOUR LEPIDOPTERAN HERBIVORES ON A SINGLE HOST PLANT, LOTUS CORNICULATUS. Ecology, 2001, 82, 1371-1386.	3.2	29
167	Metapopulations of Four Lepidopteran Herbivores on a Single Host Plant, Lotus corniculatus. Ecology, 2001, 82, 1371.	3.2	25
168	Impacts of landscape structure on butterfly range expansion. Ecology Letters, 2001, 4, 313-321.	6.4	176
169	Density-distribution relationships in British butterflies. I. The effect of mobility and spatial scale. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2001, 70, 410-425.	2.8	154
170	Density-distribution relationships in British butterflies. II. An assessment of mechanisms. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2001, 70, 426-441.	2.8	52
171	Dispersal behaviour of individuals in metapopulations of two British butterflies. Oikos, 2001, 95, 416-424.	2.7	90
172	Title is missing!, 2001, 5, 55-63.		41
173	Ecological and evolutionary processes at expanding range margins. Nature, 2001, 411, 577-581.	27.8	765
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182	Metapopulation structure depends on spatial scale in the host-specific moth <i>Wheeleria spilodactylus</i> (Lepidoptera: Pterophoridae). <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2000, 69, 935-951.	2.8	4
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