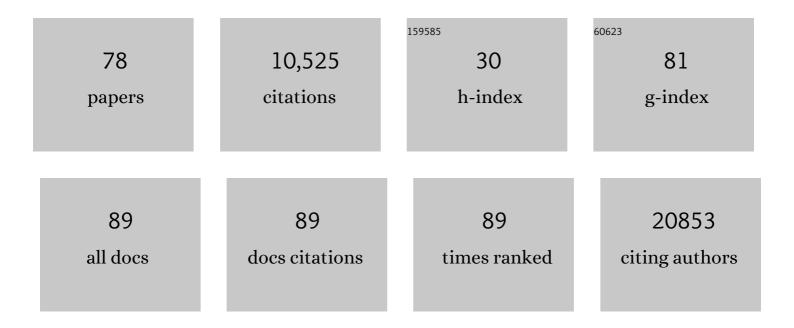
Marco Mario Ferrario

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8493765/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Long-term exposure to air pollution and COVID-19 incidence: a prospective study of residents in the city of Varese, Northern Italy. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2022, 79, 192-199.	2.8	33
2	Mucosal immune response in BNT162b2 COVID-19 vaccine recipients. EBioMedicine, 2022, 75, 103788.	6.1	149
3	Evaluation of menstrual irregularities after COVID-19 vaccination: Results of the MECOVAC survey. Open Medicine (Poland), 2022, 17, 475-484.	1.3	66
4	Influence of geographical latitude on vitamin D status: cross-sectional results from the BiomarCaRE consortium. British Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 128, 2208-2218.	2.3	4
5	Time Trends of Percutaneous Injuries in Hospital Nurses: Evidence of the Interference between Effects of Adoption of Safety Devices and Organizational Factors. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 4371.	2.6	5
6	Roles of allostatic load, lifestyle and clinical risk factors in mediating the association between education and coronary heart disease risk in Europe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 1147-1154.	3.7	9
7	SCORE2 risk prediction algorithms: new models to estimate 10-year risk of cardiovascular disease in Europe. European Heart Journal, 2021, 42, 2439-2454.	2.2	491
8	Identification of dietary patterns in a general population of North Italian adults and their association with arterial stiffness. The RoCAV study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 31, 44-51.	2.6	5
9	Occupational class differences in ankle-brachial index and pulse wave velocity measurements to detect subclinical vascular disease. Medicina Del Lavoro, 2021, 112, 268-278.	0.4	0
10	Association of glycated hemoglobin A1c levels with cardiovascular outcomes in the general population: results from the BiomarCaRE (Biomarker for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment in Europe) consortium. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2021, 20, 223.	6.8	20
11	Pre-graduation medical training including virtual reality during COVID-19 pandemic: a report on students' perception. BMC Medical Education, 2020, 20, 332.	2.4	115
12	Decomposing the educational gradient in allostatic load across European populations. What matters the most: differentials in exposure or in susceptibility?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 74, jech-2020-213946.	3.7	4
13	The effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2020, 142, 105739.	10.0	95
14	Application of High-Sensitivity Troponin in Suspected Myocardial Infarction. New England Journal of Medicine, 2019, 380, 2529-2540.	27.0	230
15	The health legacy: Promoting and enhancing a socially fair intergenerational transmission of ideal health. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2019, 26, 1603-1604.	1.8	0
16	Association of Circulating Metabolites With Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in a European Population. JAMA Cardiology, 2019, 4, 1270.	6.1	39
17	Exploring the interplay between job strain and different domains of physical activity on the incidence of coronary heart disease in adult men. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2019, 26, 1877-1885.	1.8	10
18	Prevalence of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms in the General Population and in Subgroups at High Cardiovascular Risk in Italy. Results of the RoCAV Population Based Study. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2018, 55, 633-639.	1.5	19

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19	Monitoring quality of care in acute myocardial infarction patients using retrospective registry data. International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 2018, 30, 344-350.	1.8	0
20	Refining the accuracy of validated target identification through coding variant fine-mapping in type 2 diabetes. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 559-571.	21.4	356
21	Differing associations for sport versus occupational physical activity and cardiovascular risk. Heart, 2018, 104, 1165-1172.	2.9	26
22	Cardiovascular disease prevention at the workplace: assessing the prognostic value of lifestyle risk factors and job-related conditions. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 723-732.	2.3	16
23	Atrial fibrillation: An additional cardiovascular detrimental effect of stress at work?. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2018, 25, 1140-1141.	1.8	1
24	Cardiovascular diseases monitoring: lessons from population-based registries to address future opportunities and challenges in Europe. Archives of Public Health, 2018, 76, 31.	2.4	7
25	Heart Rate Variability Frequency Domain Alterations among Healthy Nurses Exposed to Prolonged Work Stress. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 113.	2.6	33
26	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease. Environment International, 2018, 119, 558-569.	10.0	39
27	Rare and low-frequency coding variants alter human adult height. Nature, 2017, 542, 186-190.	27.8	544
28	Job strain and the incidence of coronary heart diseases: does the association differ among occupational classes? A contribution from a pooled analysis of Northern Italian cohorts. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014119.	1.9	18
29	Epidemiological Differences Between Localized and Nonlocalized Low Back Pain. Spine, 2017, 42, 740-747.	2.0	18
30	Lipoprotein(a) and the risk of cardiovascular disease in the European population: results from the BiomarCaRE consortium. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2490-2498.	2.2	161
31	Combined use of short-term and long-term cardiovascular risk scores in primary prevention. Journal of Cardiovascular Medicine, 2017, 18, 318-324.	1.5	5
32	Determinants of social inequalities in stroke incidence across Europe: a collaborative analysis of 126 635 individuals from 48 cohort studies. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, jech-2017-209728.	3.7	20
33	Combined effect of educational status and cardiovascular risk factors on the incidence of coronary heart disease and stroke in European cohorts: Implications for prevention. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2017, 24, 437-445.	1.8	45
34	Prevalence of abdominal aortic aneurysms and its relation with cardiovascular risk stratification: protocol of the Risk of Cardiovascular diseases and abdominal aortic Aneurysm in Varese (RoCAV) population based study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2016, 16, 243.	1.7	15
35	Classification of neck/shoulder pain in epidemiological research. Pain, 2016, 157, 1028-1036.	4.2	44
36	Educational class inequalities in the incidence of coronary heart disease in Europe. Heart, 2016, 102, 958-965.	2.9	60

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37	Influence of sleep disturbances on age at onset and long-term incidence of major cardiovascular events: the MONICA-Brianza and PAMELA cohort studies. Sleep Medicine, 2016, 21, 126-132.	1.6	23
38	Rare variant in scavenger receptor BI raises HDL cholesterol and increases risk of coronary heart disease. Science, 2016, 351, 1166-1171.	12.6	438
39	Descriptive Epidemiology of Somatising Tendency: Findings from the CUPID Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153748.	2.5	12
40	Prolonged job strain reduces time-domain heart rate variability on both working and resting days among cardiovascular-susceptible nurses. International Journal of Occupational Medicine and Environmental Health, 2015, 28, 42-51.	1.3	32
41	Validity of a long-term cardiovascular disease risk prediction equation for low-incidence populations: The CAMUNI–MATISS Cohorts Collaboration Study. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2015, 22, 1618-1625.	1.8	9
42	Genetic studies of body mass index yield new insights for obesity biology. Nature, 2015, 518, 197-206.	27.8	3,823
43	Twenty-five-year trends in myocardial infarction attack and mortality rates, and case-fatality, in six European populations. Heart, 2015, 101, 1413-1421.	2.9	169
44	Aspirin use in women for primary prevention. Heart, 2015, 101, 335-336.	2.9	3
45	Is musculoskeletal pain a consequence or a cause of occupational stress? A longitudinal study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2015, 88, 607-612.	2.3	41
46	The contribution of educational class in improving accuracy of cardiovascular risk prediction across European regions: The MORGAM Project Cohort Component. Heart, 2014, 100, 1179-1187.	2.9	22
47	Improving long-term prediction of first cardiovascular event: The contribution of family history of coronary heart disease and social status. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 64, 75-80.	3.4	28
48	Do apolipoproteins improve coronary risk prediction in subjects with metabolic syndrome? Insights from the North Italian Brianza cohort study. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 236, 175-181.	0.8	9
49	Patterns of multisite pain and associations with risk factors. Pain, 2013, 154, 1769-1777.	4.2	133
50	Large-scale association analysis identifies new risk loci for coronary artery disease. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 25-33.	21.4	1,439
51	Disabling musculoskeletal pain in working populations: Is it the job, the person, or the culture?. Pain, 2013, 154, 856-863.	4.2	139
52	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies 11 new loci for anthropometric traits and provides insights into genetic architecture. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 501-512.	21.4	578
53	Comparing measurement error correction methods for rate-of-change exposure variables in survival analysis. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2013, 22, 583-597.	1.5	6
54	The Role of Adiposity in Cardiometabolic Traits: A Mendelian Randomization Analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001474.	8.4	178

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55	Long-term prediction of major coronary or ischaemic stroke event in a low-incidence Southern European population: model development and evaluation of clinical utility. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e003630.	1.9	5
56	The effect of revascularization procedures on myocardial infarction incidence rates and time trends: The MONICA-Brianza and CAMUNI MI registries in Northern Italy. Annals of Epidemiology, 2012, 22, 547-553.	1.9	7
57	Pro-inflammatory genetic profile and familiarity of acute myocardial infarction. Immunity and Ageing, 2012, 9, 14.	4.2	23
58	Temporal Trends in Ischemic and Hemorrhagic Strokes in Northern Italy: Results from the Cardiovascular Monitoring Unit in Northern Italy Population-Based Register, 1998–2004. Neuroepidemiology, 2012, 39, 35-42.	2.3	4
59	The CUPID (Cultural and Psychosocial Influences on Disability) Study: Methods of Data Collection and Characteristics of Study Sample. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e39820.	2.5	58
60	Physical and psychosocial risk factors for musculoskeletal disorders in Brazilian and Italian nurses. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2012, 28, 1632-1642.	1.0	60
61	Burden of acute myocardial infarction. International Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 150, 111-112.	1.7	20
62	Evaluation of How Gene-Job Strain Interaction Affects Blood Pressure in the PAMELA Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2011, 73, 304-309.	2.0	9
63	Measures of Abdominal Adiposity and the Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2011, 42, 2872-2877.	2.0	71
64	Gender differences in the association between education and the incidence of cardiovascular events in Northern Italy. European Journal of Public Health, 2011, 21, 762-767.	0.3	31
65	The contribution of major risk factors and job strain to occupational class differences in coronary heart disease incidence: the MONICA Brianza and PAMELA population-based cohorts. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 68, 717-722.	2.8	18
66	Introduction of the new section "Why do we take care of others?― Journal of Medicine and the Person, 2010, 8, 84-84.	0.1	0
67	Journal of Medicine and the Person: where we are and future challenges. Journal of Medicine and the Person, 2010, 8, 101-102.	0.1	0
68	Social status and cardiovascular disease: a Mediterranean case. Results from the Italian Progetto CUORE cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 574.	2.9	15
69	Stroke risk estimation across nine European countries in the MORGAM project. Heart, 2010, 96, 1997-2004.	2.9	15
70	Preventive potential of body mass reduction to lower cardiovascular risk: The Italian Progetto CUORE study. Preventive Medicine, 2008, 47, 53-60.	3.4	20
71	Time trends of myocardial infarction 28-day case-fatality in the 1990s: is there a contribution from different changes among socioeconomic classes?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, 593-598.	3.7	8
72	Biological consequences of stress: conflicting findings on the association between job strain and blood pressure. Ergonomics, 2007, 50, 1717-1726.	2.1	17

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73	Favorable Cardiovascular Risk Profile (Low Risk) and 10-Year Stroke Incidence in Women and Men: Findings from 12 Italian Population Samples. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 163, 893-902.	3.4	54
74	Prediction of coronary events in a low incidence population. Assessing accuracy of the CUORE Cohort Study prediction equation. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 34, 413-421.	1.9	187
75	Job Strain and Blood Pressure in Employed Men and Women. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2003, 65, 558-563.	2.0	59
76	Ambulatory Blood Pressure in Air Traffic Controllers. American Journal of Hypertension, 1998, 11, 208-212.	2.0	11
77	Trends of smoking habits in northern Italy (1986–1990). European Journal of Epidemiology, 1995, 11, 251-258.	5.7	16
78	Demographic and Behavioural Correlates of High Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol. An International Comparison between Northern Italy and-the United States. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1992, 21, 665-675.	1.9	2