

Ye Liu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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83
papers

4,151
citations

87843

38
h-index

128225

60
g-index

84
all docs

84
docs citations

84
times ranked

2364
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Using deep learning to examine street view green and blue spaces and their associations with geriatric depression in Beijing, China. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 126, 107-117.	4.8	323
2	Neighbourhood greenness and mental wellbeing in Guangzhou, China: What are the pathways?. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2019, 190, 103602.	3.4	163
3	The social networks of new-generation migrants in China's urbanized villages: A case study of Guangzhou. <i>Habitat International</i> , 2012, 36, 192-200.	2.3	149
4	Urban greenery and mental wellbeing in adults: Cross-sectional mediation analyses on multiple pathways across different greenery measures. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2019, 176, 108535.	3.7	149
5	The subjective wellbeing of migrants in Guangzhou, China: The impacts of the social and physical environment. <i>Cities</i> , 2017, 60, 333-342.	2.7	141
6	Exploring the linkage between greenness exposure and depression among Chinese people: Mediating roles of physical activity, stress and social cohesion and moderating role of urbanicity. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019, 58, 102168.	1.5	126
7	Jobs or Amenities? Location Choices of Interprovincial Skilled Migrants in China, 2000-2005. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2014, 20, 592-605.	1.2	109
8	Perceptions of built environment and health outcomes for older Chinese in Beijing: A big data approach with street view images and deep learning technique. <i>Computers, Environment and Urban Systems</i> , 2019, 78, 101386.	3.3	108
9	The effects of social ties on rural-urban migrants' intention to settle in cities in China. <i>Cities</i> , 2018, 83, 203-212.	2.7	106
10	The relationship between visual enclosure for neighbourhood street walkability and elders' mental health in China: Using street view images. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2019, 13, 90-102.	1.1	104
11	Association between street greenery and walking behavior in older adults in Hong Kong. <i>Sustainable Cities and Society</i> , 2019, 51, 101747.	5.1	101
12	The relationship between urbanization and depression in China: the mediating role of neighborhood social capital. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2018, 17, 105.	1.5	95
13	Residential greenness, air pollution and psychological well-being among urban residents in Guangzhou, China. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 711, 134843.	3.9	93
14	Growth of rural migrant enclaves in Guangzhou, China: Agency, everyday practice and social mobility. <i>Urban Studies</i> , 2015, 52, 3086-3105.	2.2	88
15	Changing neighbourhood cohesion under the impact of urban redevelopment: a case study of Guangzhou, China. <i>Urban Geography</i> , 2017, 38, 266-290.	1.7	79
16	Spatial patterns and determinants of skilled internal migration in China, 2000-2005. <i>Papers in Regional Science</i> , 2014, 93, 749-772.	1.0	74
17	Using street view data and machine learning to assess how perception of neighborhood safety influences urban residents' mental health. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019, 59, 102186.	1.5	72
18	Destination Choices of Permanent and Temporary Migrants in China, 1985-2005. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2017, 23, e1963.	1.2	71

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19	The effect of neighbourhood social ties on migrants' subjective wellbeing in Chinese cities. <i>Habitat International</i> , 2017, 66, 86-94.	2.3	69
20	From school to university to work: migration of highly educated youths in China. <i>Annals of Regional Science</i> , 2017, 59, 651-676.	1.0	68
21	Modelling Skilled and Less-Skilled Interregional Migrations in China, 2000-2005. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2017, 23, e2027.	1.2	64
22	Cross-sectional associations between long-term exposure to particulate matter and depression in China: The mediating effects of sunlight, physical activity, and neighborly reciprocity. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2019, 249, 8-14.	2.0	64
23	Relationship between eye-level greenness and cycling frequency around metro stations in Shenzhen, China: A big data approach. <i>Sustainable Cities and Society</i> , 2020, 59, 102201.	5.1	63
24	Does where you live matter to your health? Investigating factors that influence the self-rated health of urban and rural Chinese residents: evidence drawn from Chinese General Social Survey data. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2017, 15, 78.	1.0	61
25	Disentangling residential self-selection from impacts of built environment characteristics on travel behaviors for older adults. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2019, 238, 112515.	1.8	59
26	The Relationship between Air Pollution and Depression in China: Is Neighbourhood Social Capital Protective?. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018, 15, 1160.	1.2	57
27	Digital contact tracing, community uptake, and proximity awareness technology to fight COVID-19: a systematic review. <i>Sustainable Cities and Society</i> , 2021, 71, 102995.	5.1	57
28	Subjective well-being in China: how much does commuting matter?. <i>Transportation</i> , 2019, 46, 1505-1524.	2.1	56
29	Estimating pedestrian volume using Street View images: A large-scale validation test. <i>Computers, Environment and Urban Systems</i> , 2020, 81, 101481.	3.3	53
30	The distribution of greenspace quantity and quality and their association with neighbourhood socioeconomic conditions in Guangzhou, China: A new approach using deep learning method and street view images. <i>Sustainable Cities and Society</i> , 2021, 66, 102664.	5.1	53
31	Are greenspace quantity and quality associated with mental health through different mechanisms in Guangzhou, China: A comparison study using street view data. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2021, 290, 117976.	3.7	53
32	Dynamic greenspace exposure and residents' mental health in Guangzhou, China: From over-head to eye-level perspective, from quantity to quality. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2021, 215, 104230.	3.4	50
33	Relationship between neighbourhood social participation and depression among older adults: A longitudinal study in China. <i>Health and Social Care in the Community</i> , 2020, 28, 247-259.	0.7	49
34	Interprovincial Migration, Regional Development and State Policy in China, 1985-2010. <i>Applied Spatial Analysis and Policy</i> , 2014, 7, 47-70.	1.0	48
35	Urbanization, economic development and health: evidence from China's labor-force dynamic survey. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2017, 16, 207.	1.5	47
36	Greenness-air pollution-physical activity-hypertension association among middle-aged and older adults: Evidence from urban and rural China. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021, 195, 110836.	3.7	47

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37	The impact of urban characteristics and residents' income on commuting in China. <i>Transportation Research, Part D: Transport and Environment</i> , 2017, 57, 474-483.	3.2	45
38	Spatial pattern of leisure activities among residents in Beijing, China: Exploring the impacts of urban environment. <i>Sustainable Cities and Society</i> , 2020, 52, 101806.	5.1	44
39	Skilled and less-skilled interregional migration in China: A comparative analysis of spatial patterns and the decision to migrate in 2000-2005. <i>Habitat International</i> , 2016, 57, 1-10.	2.3	42
40	The linkage between the perception of neighbourhood and physical activity in Guangzhou, China: using street view imagery with deep learning techniques. <i>International Journal of Health Geographics</i> , 2019, 18, 18.	1.2	42
41	Where will the next emergency event occur? Predicting ambulance demand in emergency medical services using artificial intelligence. <i>Computers, Environment and Urban Systems</i> , 2019, 76, 110-122.	3.3	42
42	Urban greenery mitigates the negative effect of urban density on older adults' life satisfaction: Evidence from Shanghai, China. <i>Cities</i> , 2022, 124, 103607.	2.7	40
43	Migration patterns in China extracted from mobile positioning data. <i>Habitat International</i> , 2019, 86, 71-80.	2.3	38
44	Economic disadvantages and migrants' subjective well-being in China: The mediating effects of relative deprivation and neighbourhood deprivation. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2019, 25, e2173.	1.2	34
45	The longitudinal relationship between exposure to air pollution and depression in older adults. <i>International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 35, 610-616.	1.3	33
46	Residential exposure to natural outdoor environments and general health among older adults in Shanghai, China. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2019, 18, 178.	1.5	30
47	Migrants' choice of household split or reunion in China's urbanisation process: The effect of objective and subjective socioeconomic status. <i>Cities</i> , 2020, 102, 102669.	2.7	28
48	Neighborhood social reciprocity and mental health among older adults in China: the mediating effects of physical activity, social interaction, and volunteering. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 1036.	1.2	27
49	Exploring the links between population density, lifestyle, and being overweight: secondary data analyses of middle-aged and older Chinese adults. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2019, 17, 100.	1.0	27
50	Depressive symptoms among Chinese residents: how are the natural, built, and social environments correlated?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 887.	1.2	26
51	Is lifestyle a bridge between urbanization and overweight in China?. <i>Cities</i> , 2020, 99, 102616.	2.7	26
52	Deciphering the meaning and mechanism of migrants' and locals' neighborhood attachment in Chinese cities: Evidence from Guangzhou. <i>Cities</i> , 2019, 85, 187-195.	2.7	24
53	The Effects of Health on the Settlement Intention of Rural-Urban Migrants: Evidence from Eight Chinese Cities. <i>Applied Spatial Analysis and Policy</i> , 2021, 14, 31-49.	1.0	23
54	Upward or downward comparison? Migrants' socioeconomic status and subjective wellbeing in Chinese cities. <i>Urban Studies</i> , 2021, 58, 2490-2513.	2.2	23

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55	Associations between the streetscape built environment and walking to school among primary schoolchildren in Beijing, China. <i>Journal of Transport Geography</i> , 2022, 99, 103303.	2.3	23
56	Natural outdoor environments and subjective well-being in Guangzhou, China: Comparing different measures of access. <i>Urban Forestry and Urban Greening</i> , 2021, 59, 127027.	2.3	22
57	Absorptive Capacity and Regional Innovation in China: an Analysis of Patent Applications, 2000–2015. <i>Applied Spatial Analysis and Policy</i> , 2019, 12, 1031-1049.	1.0	20
58	Neighborhood governance in post-reform Urban China: Place attachment impact on civic engagement in Guangzhou. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2019, 81, 472-482.	2.5	20
59	Analyzing the distribution of researchers in China: An approach using multiscale geographically weighted regression. <i>Growth and Change</i> , 2021, 52, 443-459.	1.3	20
60	Association between residential greenness and general health among older adults in rural and urban areas in China. <i>Urban Forestry and Urban Greening</i> , 2021, 59, 126907.	2.3	20
61	Establishing associations between residential greenness and markers of adiposity among middle-aged and older Chinese adults through multilevel structural equation models. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2020, 230, 113606.	2.1	19
62	The Impact of Farmland Transfer on Rural Households' Income Structure in the Context of Household Differentiation: A Case Study of Heilongjiang Province, China. <i>Land</i> , 2021, 10, 362.	1.2	19
63	Can multiple pathways link urban residential greenspace to subjective well-being among middle-aged and older Chinese adults?. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2022, 223, 104405.	3.4	19
64	Non-linear association between residential greenness and general health among old adults in China. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2022, 223, 104406.	3.4	19
65	The association between spatial access to physical activity facilities within home and workplace neighborhoods and time spent on physical activities: evidence from Guangzhou, China. <i>International Journal of Health Geographics</i> , 2020, 19, 22.	1.2	17
66	Mapping the geodemographics of racial, economic, health, and COVID-19 deaths inequalities in the conterminous US. <i>Applied Geography</i> , 2021, 135, 102558.	1.7	17
67	Market expansion, state intervention and wage differentials between economic sectors in urban China: A multilevel analysis. <i>Urban Studies</i> , 2017, 54, 2631-2651.	2.2	16
68	Belonging to a Place: An Analysis of the Perceptions of Rural-to-Urban Migrants in China. <i>Geographical Review</i> , 2020, 110, 406-424.	0.9	15
69	Where your heart belongs to shapes how you feel about yourself: Migration, social comparison and subjective well-being in China. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2020, 26, e2336.	1.2	14
70	Long working hours and self-rated health: Evidence from Beijing, China. <i>Cities</i> , 2019, 95, 102401.	2.7	13
71	Exploring the association between urbanisation and self-rated health of older adults in China: evidence from a national population sample survey. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e029176.	0.8	13
72	Administrative level, city tier, and air quality: contextual determinants of hukou conversion for migrants in China. <i>Computational Urban Science</i> , 2021, 1, 1.	1.9	13

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73	Determinants of occupational mobility: the importance of place of work. <i>Regional Studies</i> , 2018, 52, 1612-1623.	2.5	12
74	Which Risk Factors Matter More for Psychological Distress during the COVID-19 Pandemic? An Application Approach of Gradient Boosting Decision Trees. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 5879.	1.2	12
75	Geography of Talent in China During 2000â€”2015: An Eigenvector Spatial Filtering Negative Binomial Approach. <i>Chinese Geographical Science</i> , 2021, 31, 297-312.	1.2	10
76	Spatial Accessibility to Sports Facilities in Dongguan, China: a Multi-Preference Gaussian Two-Step Floating Catchment Area Method. <i>Applied Spatial Analysis and Policy</i> , 2022, 15, 1093-1114.	1.0	10
77	Examining pathways linking rural labour outflows to the abandonment of arable land in China. <i>Population, Space and Place</i> , 2022, 28, e2519.	1.2	6
78	Do Neighborhoods with Highly Diverse Built Environment Exhibit Different Socio-Economic Profiles as Well? Evidence from Shanghai. <i>Sustainability</i> , 2021, 13, 7544.	1.6	5
79	Amount of and proximity to blue spaces and general health among older Chinese adults in private and public housing: A national population study. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2022, 74, 102774.	1.5	5
80	Emotional Well-being of Social Housing Residents in Guangzhou, China: How Does Neighborhood Context Matter?. , 2016, , 249-264.		3
81	Uncovering the pathways between house prices and depressive symptoms in Chinese cities: a nationally representative study. <i>Housing Studies</i> , 0, , 1-24.	1.6	3
82	Social Polarization and Socioeconomic Segregation in Shanghai, China: Evidence from 2000 and 2010 Censuses. <i>Urban Book Series</i> , 2021, , 171-189.	0.3	2
83	Comprehensiveness and Locality: Website Marketing of World City Governments in the Era of Globalisation. <i>Chinese Geographical Science</i> , 2019, 29, 86-99.	1.2	0