Shevin T Jacob

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

71 5,560 27 66 papers citations h-index 9-index 79 79 5095

times ranked

citing authors

docs citations

all docs

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Surviving sepsis campaign: international guidelines for management of sepsis and septic shock 2021. Intensive Care Medicine, 2021, 47, 1181-1247.	8.2	1,503
2	Surviving Sepsis Campaign: International Guidelines for Management of Sepsis and Septic Shock 2021. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, e1063-e1143.	0.9	927
3	Ebola virus disease. Nature Reviews Disease Primers, 2020, 6, 13.	30.5	340
4	Clinical Presentation of Patients with Ebola Virus Disease in Conakry, Guinea. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 372, 40-47.	27.0	339
5	Executive Summary: Surviving Sepsis Campaign: International Guidelines for the Management of Sepsis and Septic Shock 2021. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, 1974-1982.	0.9	209
6	Caring for Critically III Patients with Ebola Virus Disease. Perspectives from West Africa. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 190, 733-737.	5.6	185
7	Current challenges in the management of sepsis in ICUs in resource-poor settings and suggestions for the future. Intensive Care Medicine, 2017, 43, 612-624.	8.2	140
8	Severe Sepsis in Two Ugandan Hospitals: a Prospective Observational Study of Management and Outcomes in a Predominantly HIV-1 Infected Population. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e7782.	2.5	127
9	Macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF) is a critical mediator of the innate immune response to <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> . Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2013, 110, E2997-3006.	7.1	120
10	The impact of early monitored management on survival in hospitalized adult Ugandan patients with severe sepsis. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 2050-2058.	0.9	109
11	Surviving sepsis in low-income and middle-income countries: new directions for care and research. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2009, 9, 577-582.	9.1	108
12	Ebola virus disease and critical illness. Critical Care, 2016, 20, 217.	5.8	97
13	Development of a TaqMan Array Card for Acute-Febrile-Illness Outbreak Investigation and Surveillance of Emerging Pathogens, Including Ebola Virus. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2016, 54, 49-58.	3.9	95
14	Evidence-based guidelines for supportive care of patients with Ebola virus disease. Lancet, The, 2018, 391, 700-708.	13.7	89
15	Doing Today's Work Superbly Well — Treating Ebola with Current Tools. New England Journal of Medicine, 2014, 371, 1565-1566.	27.0	86
16	New filovirus disease classification and nomenclature. Nature Reviews Microbiology, 2019, 17, 261-263.	28.6	84
17	Frequency and management of maternal infection in health facilities in 52 countries (GLOSS): a 1-week inception cohort study. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e661-e671.	6.3	77
18	Mycobacterium tuberculosis Bacteremia in a Cohort of HIV-Infected Patients Hospitalized with Severe Sepsis in Uganda–High Frequency, Low Clinical Sand Derivation of a Clinical Prediction Score. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e70305.	2.5	62

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19	Derivation and validation of a universal vital assessment (UVA) score: a tool for predicting mortality in adult hospitalised patients in sub-Saharan Africa. BMJ Global Health, 2017, 2, e000344.	4.7	58
20	Access to urban acute care services in high- vs. middle-income countries: an analysis of seven cities. Intensive Care Medicine, 2014, 40, 342-352.	8.2	57
21	Point-of-Care Lactate Testing Predicts Mortality of Severe Sepsis in a Predominantly HIV Type 1- Infected Patient Population in Uganda. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, 215-222.	5.8	54
22	Hypoglycemia at admission is associated with inhospital mortality in Ugandan patients with severe sepsis*. Critical Care Medicine, 2011, 39, 2271-2276.	0.9	51
23	Etiology of Sepsis in Uganda Using a Quantitative Polymerase Chain Reaction-based TaqMan Array Card. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2019, 68, 266-272.	5.8	46
24	Integrating sepsis management recommendations into clinical care guidelines for district hospitals in resource-limited settings: the necessity to augment new guidelines with future research. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 107.	5.5	42
25	A randomized controlled trial of octreotide pamoate long-acting release and carboplatin versus carboplatin alone in dogs with naturally occurring osteosarcoma: evaluation of insulin-like growth factor suppression and chemotherapy. Clinical Cancer Research, 2002, 8, 2406-12.	7.0	41
26	An Outbreak of Ebola Virus Disease in the Lassa Fever Zone. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2016, 214, S110-S121.	4.0	34
27	Mycobacterium tuberculosis bloodstream infection prevalence, diagnosis, and mortality risk in seriously ill adults with HIV: a systematic review and meta-analysis of individual patient data. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2020, 20, 742-752.	9.1	31
28	Being Ready to Treat Ebola Virus Disease Patients. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2015, 92, 233-237.	1.4	28
29	Respiratory Failure Caused by 2009 Novel Influenza A/H1N1 in a Hematopoietic Stem-Cell Transplant Recipient: Detection of Extrapulmonary H1N1 RNA and Use of Intravenous Peramivir. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2010, 152, 619.	3.9	24
30	Clinical Research During a Public Health Emergency. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, 1345-1352.	0.9	23
31	Resurrecting the Triple Threat: Academic Social Responsibility in the Context of Global Health Research. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2009, 48, 1420-1422.	5.8	21
32	Fitting a square peg into a round hole: are the current Surviving Sepsis Campaign guidelines feasible for Africa?. Critical Care, 2011, 15, 117.	5.8	21
33	A complex intervention to improve implementation of World Health Organization guidelines for diagnosis of severe illness in low-income settings: a quasi-experimental study from Uganda. Implementation Science, 2017, 12, 126.	6.9	21
34	Priorities for Ebola virus disease response in west Africa. Lancet, The, 2014, 384, 1843.	13.7	20
35	A comparison of different scores for diagnosis and mortality prediction of adults with sepsis in Low-and-Middle-Income Countries: a systematic review and meta-analysis. EClinicalMedicine, 2021, 42, 101184.	7.1	20
36	Shifting the Paradigm — Applying Universal Standards of Care to Ebola Virus Disease. New England Journal of Medicine, 2019, 380, 1389-1391.	27.0	19

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37	Clinical emergency care research in low-income and middle-income countries: opportunities and challenges. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001289.	4.7	18
38	Convalescent Plasma for Ebola Virus Disease. New England Journal of Medicine, 2016, 374, 2498-2500.	27.0	16
39	AGILE: a seamless phase I/IIa platform for the rapid evaluation of candidates for COVID-19 treatment: an update to the structured summary of a study protocol for a randomised platform trial letter. Trials, 2021, 22, 487.	1.6	14
40	The Malaria TaqMan Array Card Includes 87 Assays for Plasmodium falciparum Drug Resistance, Identification of Species, and Genotyping in a Single Reaction. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2017, 61, .	3.2	13
41	Nodding syndrome, other forms of epilepsy, and the Nakalanga syndrome most likely directly or indirectly caused by Onchocerca volvulus. Journal of the Neurological Sciences, 2017, 372, 439-440.	0.6	13
42	"Kankasha―in Kassala: A prospective observational cohort study of the clinical characteristics, epidemiology, genetic origin, and chronic impact of the 2018 epidemic of Chikungunya virus infection in Kassala, Sudan. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009387.	3.0	13
43	Recommendations for fluid management of adults with sepsis in sub-Saharan Africa: a systematic review of guidelines. Critical Care, 2020, 24, 286.	5.8	12
44	Availability of facility resources and services and infection-related maternal outcomes in the WHO Global Maternal Sepsis Study: a cross-sectional study. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1252-e1261.	6.3	11
45	Biomarkers of endothelial activation/dysfunction distinguish subgroups of Ugandan patients with sepsis and differing mortality risks. JCI Insight, 2019, 4, .	5.0	11
46	A Post-Trial Assessment of Factors Influencing Study Drug Adherence in a Randomized Biomedical HIV-1 Prevention Trial. AIDS and Behavior, 2011, 15, 897-904.	2.7	10
47	Design of a multi-arm randomized clinical trial with no control arm. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2016, 46, 12-17.	1.8	10
48	Knowledge of health workers relating to sepsis awareness and management in Lambar \tilde{A} \tilde{Q} \tilde{A} \tilde{Q} , Gabon. Acta Tropica, 2021, 219, 105914.	2.0	10
49	Treatment of Severe Sepsis with Artemether-Lumefantrine Is Associated with Decreased Mortality in Ugandan Patients without Malaria. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2009, 80, 723-728.	1.4	10
50	Clinical care for severe influenza and other severe illness in resourceâ€imited settings: the need for evidence and guidelines. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2013, 7, 87-92.	3.4	9
51	Treatment of severe sepsis with artemether-lumefantrine is associated with decreased mortality in Ugandan patients without malaria. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2009, 80, 723-8.	1.4	8
52	Trial of ZMapp for Ebola Virus Infection. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 376, 700-701.	27.0	7
53	Raising the standard for clinical care of patients with Ebola virus disease. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2015, 15, 1247-1248.	9.1	6
54	Infrastructure and Organization of Adult Intensive Care Units in Resource-Limited Settings. , 2019, , 31-68.		6

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55	Exploring healthcare providers' perspectives of the paediatric discharge process in Uganda: a qualitative exploratory study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029526.	1.9	6
56	The African Sepsis Alliance: making a difference in the fight against sepsis in Africa. Infection, 2018, 46, 733-734.	4.7	4
57	Current Challenges in the Management of Sepsis in ICUs in Resource-Poor Settings and Suggestions for the Future. , 2019, , 1-24.		4
58	On prioritising global health's triple crisis of sepsis, COVID-19 and antimicrobial resistance: a mixed-methods study from Malawi. BMC Health Services Research, 2022, 22, 613.	2.2	4
59	Enrichment of HIV-1 Subtype AD Recombinants in a Ugandan Cohort of Severely Septic Patients. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e48356.	2.5	3
60	Multigroup, Adaptively Randomized Trials Are Advantageous for Comparing Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Interventions. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2020, 173, 576-577.	3.9	3
61	Treating Ebola in eastern DRC. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2020, 20, 284-285.	9.1	3
62	COVID-19 reinforces the need to improve sepsis care resources in Africa. Infection, 2021, 49, 791-793.	4.7	2
63	Adherence to combination antiretroviral therapy in complex emergency settings. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, a2662-a2662.	2.3	2
64	Treatment of sepsis. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2012, 12, 746.	9.1	1
65	High mortality in non-Ebola virus disease cases: need to provide timely and effective care. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2017, 17, 1021-1022.	9.1	1
66	Ebola Virus Disease and Hemorrhagic Fevers. , 2017, , 391-400.		1
67	Considerations for Randomized Controlled Trials During Future Filovirus Outbreaks. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 67, 984-985.	5.8	1
68	Evaluating the Impact of Intravenous Fluid Resuscitation on Survival for the Management of Patients With Ebola Virus Disease. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2019, 70, 1048-1049.	5.8	1
69	The predicament of patients with suspected Ebola. The Lancet Global Health, 2017, 5, e658.	6.3	O
70	Sepsis in Sub-Saharan Africa. , 0, , 223-239.		0
71	Recognising Sepsis as a Health Priority in Sub-Saharan African Country: Learning Lessons from Engagement with Gabon's Health Policy Stakeholders. Healthcare (Switzerland), 2022, 10, 877.	2.0	0