Julian Bostock

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Invasive Acute Hemodynamic Response to Guide Left Ventricular Lead Implantation Predicts Chronic Remodeling in Patients Undergoing Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 58, 1128-1136.	2.8	129
2	Myocardial tissue characterization by cardiac magnetic resonance imaging using T1 mapping predicts ventricular arrhythmia in ischemic and non–ischemic cardiomyopathy patients with implantable cardioverter-defibrillators. Heart Rhythm, 2015, 12, 792-801.	0.7	112
3	Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy Delivered Via a Multipolar Left Ventricular Lead is Associated with Reduced Mortality and Elimination of Phrenic Nerve Stimulation: Longâ€Term Followâ€Up from a Multicenter Registry. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2015, 26, 540-546.	1.7	93
4	3-D Visualization of Acute RF Ablation Lesions Using MRI for the Simultaneous Determination of the Patterns of Necrosis and Edema. IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering, 2010, 57, 1467-1475.	4.2	89
5	"Subclinical" pacemaker syndrome: a randomised study of symptom free patients with ventricular demand (VVI) pacemakers upgraded to dual chamber devices Heart, 1992, 67, 57-64.	2.9	86
6	A comparison of left ventricular endocardial, multisite, and multipolar epicardial cardiac resynchronization: an acute haemodynamic and electroanatomical study. Europace, 2014, 16, 873-879.	1.7	76
7	Biophysical Modeling to Simulate the Response to Multisite Left Ventricular Stimulation Using a Quadripolar Pacing Lead. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2012, 35, 204-214.	1.2	72
8	Benefits of Endocardial and Multisite Pacing Are Dependent on the Type of Left Ventricular Electric Activation Pattern and Presence of Ischemic Heart Disease. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2012, 5, 889-897.	4.8	71
9	A Simultaneous X-Ray/MRI and Noncontact Mapping Study of the Acute Hemodynamic Effect of Left Ventricular Endocardial and Epicardial Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy in Humans. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2011, 4, 170-179.	3.9	67
10	Cardiac magnetic resonance-derived anatomy, scar, and dyssynchrony fused with fluoroscopy to guide LV lead placement in cardiac resynchronization therapy: a comparison with acute haemodynamic measures and echocardiographic reverse remodelling. European Heart Journal Cardiovascular Imaging, 2013, 14, 692-699.	1.2	63
11	Relationship between endocardial activation sequences defined by high-density mapping to early septal contraction (septal flash) in patients with left bundle branch block undergoing cardiac resynchronization therapy. Europace, 2012, 14, 99-106.	1.7	61
12	Endocardial Pacemaker Implantation in Infants Weighing <= 10 Kilograms. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2004, 27, 1466-1474.	1.2	60
13	Multi-site left ventricular pacing as a potential treatment for patients with postero-lateral scar: insights from cardiac magnetic resonance imaging and invasive haemodynamic assessment. Europace, 2012, 14, 373-379.	1.7	49
14	Optimized Left Ventricular Endocardial StimulationÂls Superior to Optimized EpicardialÂStimulation in Ischemic Patients WithÂPoor Response to Cardiac ResynchronizationÂTherapy. JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology, 2016, 2, 799-809.	3.2	48
15	Laser lead extraction to facilitate cardiac implantable electronic device upgrade and revision in the presence of central venous obstruction. Europace, 2014, 16, 81-87.	1.7	46
16	Extraction of chronic pacemaker and defibrillator leads from the coronary sinus: laser infrequently used but required. Europace, 2008, 11, 213-215.	1.7	44
17	Initial Singleâ€Center Experience of a Quadripolar Pacing Lead for Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2011, 34, 484-489.	1.2	44
18	Mechanistic insights into the benefits of multisite pacing in cardiac resynchronization therapy: The importance of electrical substrate and rate of left ventricular activation. Heart Rhythm, 2015, 12, 2449-2457.	0.7	43

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19	The 24-hour heart rate behavior in long-term survivors of cardiac transplantation. American Journal of Cardiology, 1988, 61, 880-884.	1.6	42
20	Elimination of phrenic nerve stimulation occurring during CRT. Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology, 2012, 33, 43-49.	1.3	40
21	An activation-repolarization time metric to predict localized regions of high susceptibility to reentry. Heart Rhythm, 2015, 12, 1644-1653.	0.7	40
22	Use of a quadripolar left ventricular lead to achieve successful implantation in patients with previous failed attempts at cardiac resynchronization therapy. Europace, 2011, 13, 992-996.	1.7	38
23	Unraveling the Underlying Arrhythmia Mechanism in Persistent Atrial Fibrillation. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2018, 11, e005897.	4.8	35
24	Trends, indications and outcomes of cardiac implantable device system extraction: a single UK centre experience over the last decade. International Journal of Clinical Practice, 2012, 66, 218-225.	1.7	33
25	Twenty-Seven Years Experience With Transvenous Pacemaker Implantation in Children Weighing <10 kg. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2016, 9, e003422.	4.8	33
26	Advanced Image Fusion to Overlay Coronary Sinus Anatomy with Realâ€Time Fluoroscopy to Facilitate Left Ventricular Lead Implantation in CRT. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2011, 34, 226-234.	1.2	32
27	Percutaneous Lead and System Extraction in Patients with Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy (CRT) Devices and Coronary Sinus Leads. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2011, 34, 1209-1216.	1.2	30
28	In vivo evaluation and proof of radiofrequency safety of a novel diagnostic MRâ€electrophysiology catheter. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2011, 65, 770-777.	3.0	28
29	Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of QuadripolarÂVersus Bipolar Left Ventricular Leads for Cardiac Resynchronization Defibrillator TherapyÂinÂa Large, Multicenter UKÂRegistry. JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology, 2017, 3, 107-116.	3.2	28
30	Cyclical modulation of human ventricular repolarization by respiration. Frontiers in Physiology, 2012, 3, 379.	2.8	25
31	Ventricular arrhythmias in long term survivors of orthotopic and heterotopic cardiac transplantation Heart, 1988, 59, 648-652.	2.9	24
32	Effect of Mental Challenge Induced by Movie Clips on Action Potential Duration in Normal Human Subjects Independent of Heart Rate. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2014, 7, 518-523.	4.8	24
33	Cardiac rhythm and conduction before and after anatomic correction of transposition of the great arteries. American Journal of Cardiology, 1983, 52, 836-839.	1.6	21
34	The Acute Hemodynamic Response to LV Pacing within Individual Branches of the Coronary Sinus using a Quadripolar Lead. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2012, 35, 196-203.	1.2	20
35	A 17 year experience of inappropriate shock therapy in patients with implantable cardioverter-defibrillators: are we getting any better?. Heart, 2004, 90, 330-331.	2.9	19
36	latrogenic atrioventricular bypass tract following a Fontan operation for tricuspid atresia Heart, 1997, 77, 283-285.	2.9	18

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37	Limitations of chronic delivery of multi-vein left ventricular stimulation for cardiac resynchronization therapy. Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology, 2015, 42, 135-142.	1.3	18
38	The current practice and perception of cardiac implantable electronic device transvenous lead extraction in the UK. Europace, 2013, 15, 865-870.	1.7	17
39	Substrateâ€dependent risk stratification for implantable cardioverter defibrillator therapies using cardiac magnetic resonance imaging: The importance of T1 mapping in nonischemic patients. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2017, 28, 785-795.	1.7	17
40	Single Pass VDD Pacing in Children and Adolescents. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1997, 20, 1975-1982.	1.2	16
41	Use of an Atrial Loop to Extend the Duration of Endocardial Pacing in a Neonate. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1997, 20, 2489-2491.	1.2	16
42	Adverse response to cardiac resynchronisation therapy in patients with septal scar on cardiac MRI preventing a septal right ventricular lead position. Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology, 2012, 33, 151-160.	1.3	16
43	Percutaneous Extraction of Cardiac Implantable Electronic Devices (CIEDs) in Octogenarians. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2012, 35, 841-849.	1.2	16
44	Delayed Trans-Septal Activation Results in Comparable Hemodynamic Effect of Left Ventricular and Biventricular Endocardial Pacing. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2014, 7, 251-258.	4.8	15
45	VDD Pacing in Children with Congenital Complete Heart Block: Advantages of a Single Pass Lead. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1997, 20, 2102-2106.	1.2	14
46	Left Ventricular Epicardial Electrograms Show Divergent Changes in Action Potential Duration in Responders and Nonresponders to Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2013, 6, 265-271.	4.8	14
47	Dual Sensor VVIR Mode Pacing: Is It Worth It?. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1996, 19, 1560-1567.	1.2	12
48	Can we predict which patients with implantable cardioverter defibrillators receive appropriate shock therapy? A study of 155 patients. International Journal of Cardiology, 2003, 88, 69-75.	1.7	12
49	Lower incidence of inappropriate shock therapy in patients with combined cardiac resynchronisation therapy defibrillators (CRT-D) compared with patients with non-CRT defibrillators (ICDs). International Journal of Clinical Practice, 2013, 67, 733-739.	1.7	12
50	Reversion and Maintenance of Sinus Rhythm in Patients with Permanent Atrial Fibrillation by Internal Cardioversion Followed by Biatrial Pacing. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2002, 25, 278-286.	1.2	11
51	Male gender and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease predict a poor clinical response in patients undergoing cardiac resynchronisation therapy. International Journal of Clinical Practice, 2011, 65, 281-288.	1.7	11
52	Left ventricular activation-recovery interval variability predicts spontaneous ventricular tachyarrhythmia in patients with heart failure. Heart Rhythm, 2019, 16, 702-709.	0.7	11
53	Effects of Epicardial and Endocardial Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy on Coronary Flow: Insights From Wave Intensity Analysis. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2015, 4, .	3.7	9
54	Unguarded tricuspid orifice with pulmonary atresia: successful radiofrequency ablation of an accessory pathway in an infant. Heart, 1998, 79, 101-103.	2.9	8

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Relationship between intracardiac impedance and left ventricular contractility in patients undergoing cardiac resynchronization therapy. Europace, 2011, 13, 984-991.	1.7	8
56	ECG imaging of ventricular tachycardia: evaluation against simultaneous non-contact mapping and CMR-derived grey zone. Medical and Biological Engineering and Computing, 2017, 55, 979-990.	2.8	7
57	Determinants of procedural outcome of chronically implanted pacemaker and defibrillator leads using the Excimer laser sheath. British Heart Journal, 2002, 87, 160-161.	2.1	6
58	Quadâ€ s ite Pacing Using a Quadripolar Left Ventricular Pacing Lead. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2013, 36, e48-50.	1.2	6
59	Towards MR-guided EP interventions using an RF-safe approach. Journal of Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance, 2009, 11, .	3.3	5
60	Inappropriate Discharges by the Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator During Postoperative Testing: Implications for Intraoperative Assessment. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1990, 13, 1123-1126.	1.2	4
61	Pacemaker Upgrade for Recurrent Pacemaker Syndrome Using a Redundant Contralateral Electrode in a Patient with Bilateral Venous Stenoses. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1996, 19, 378-379.	1.2	2
62	Atrial flutter ablation: Efficacy and cost-effectiveness of a single decapolar electrode to demonstrate bidirectional isthmus block. Europace, 2001, 3, 304-310.	1.7	2
63	Device therapy for the management of cardiac tachyarrhythmias. Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy, 2010, 8, 1257-1266.	1.5	2
64	A modified subcutaneous implantable cardioverter-defibrillator implant in a patient with a previous left ventricular epicardial defibrillation patch. Europace, 2012, 14, 149-150.	1.7	2
65	Simultaneous non-contact mapping fused with CMR derived grey zone to explore the relationship with ventricular tachycardia substrate in ischaemic cardiomyopathy. Journal of Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance, 2013, 15, .	3.3	2
66	Pacemaker Upgrade for Recurrent Pacemaker Syndrome Using a Redundant Contralateral Electrode in a Patient with Bilateral Venous Stenoses. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 1996, 19, 1134-1135.	1.2	1
67	Single lead VDD pacing in children: implantation and long-term follow-up. Herzschrittmachertherapie Und Elektrophysiologie, 1999, 10, 222-227.	0.8	1
68	A novel technique for the three-dimensional visualization of radio-frequency ablation lesions using delayed enhancement magnetic resonance imaging. , 2009, , .		1
69	Extraction of chronic pacemaker and defibrillator leads from the coronary sinus: laser infrequently used but required. Europace, 2008, 11, 538-538.	1.7	0
70	Selection and collection of multi parameter physiological data for cardiac rhythm diagnostic algorithm development. Journal of Physics: Conference Series, 2010, 238, 012063.	0.4	0