

Gerhard Lutz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

23
papers

1,157
citations

516710

16
h-index

610901

24
g-index

25
all docs

25
docs citations

25
times ranked

1371
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Antipsoriatic effect of fumaric acid derivatives. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology</i> , 1994, 30, 977-981.	1.2	312
2	Genome-wide meta-analysis in alopecia areata resolves HLA associations and reveals two new susceptibility loci. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 5966.	12.8	213
3	Follow-Up Study of the First Genome-Wide Association Scan in Alopecia Areata: IL13 and KIAA0350 as Susceptibility Loci Supported with Genome-Wide Significance. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2012, 132, 2192-2197.	0.7	107
4	Loss-of-Function Mutations in the Filaggrin Gene and Alopecia Areata: Strong Risk Factor for a Severe Course of Disease in Patients Comorbid for Atopic Disease. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2007, 127, 2539-2543.	0.7	87
5	Genome-wide pooling approach identifies SPATA5 as a new susceptibility locus for alopecia areata. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2012, 20, 326-332.	2.8	48
6	Investigation of the male pattern baldness major genetic susceptibility loci AR/EDA2R and 20p11 in female pattern hair loss. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2012, 166, 1314-1318.	1.5	46
7	The R620W polymorphism in PTPN22 confers general susceptibility for the development of alopecia areata. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2007, 158, 071119222739011-???	1.5	45
8	Genetic Variants in CTLA4 Are Strongly Associated with Alopecia Areata. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2011, 131, 1169-1172.	0.7	43
9	Investigation of selected cytokine genes suggests that <i>IL2RA</i> and the <i>TNF</i> / <i>LTA</i> locus are risk factors for severe alopecia areata. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2012, 167, 1360-1365.	1.5	41
10	Investigation of six novel susceptibility loci for male androgenetic alopecia in women with female pattern hair loss. <i>Journal of Dermatological Science</i> , 2013, 72, 186-188.	1.9	27
11	Hair loss and hyperprolactinemia in women. <i>Dermato-Endocrinology</i> , 2012, 4, 65-71.	1.8	23
12	Investigation of four novel male androgenetic alopecia susceptibility loci: no association with female pattern hair loss. <i>Archives of Dermatological Research</i> , 2014, 306, 413-418.	1.9	23
13	Selected variants of the steroid 5 α -reductase isoforms <i>SRD5A1</i> and <i>SRD5A2</i> and the sex steroid hormone receptors <i>ESR1</i> , <i>ESR2</i> and <i>PGR</i> : No association with female pattern hair loss identified. <i>Experimental Dermatology</i> , 2012, 21, 390-393.	2.9	21
14	Genomewide analysis of copy number variants in alopecia areata in a central European cohort reveals association with <i>MCHR2</i> . <i>Experimental Dermatology</i> , 2017, 26, 536-541.	2.9	21
15	Genome-Wide MicroRNA Analysis Implicates miR-30b/d in the Etiology of Alopecia Areata. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2018, 138, 549-556.	0.7	21
16	Investigation of variants of the aromatase gene (<i>CYP19A1</i>) in female pattern hair loss. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2011, 165, 703-705.	1.5	18
17	The <i>TRAF1/C5</i> locus confers risk for familial and severe alopecia areata. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2010, 162, 866-869.	1.5	17
18	Selected variants of the melanocortin 4 receptor gene (<i>MC4R</i>) do not confer susceptibility to female pattern hair loss. <i>Archives of Dermatological Research</i> , 2013, 305, 249-253.	1.9	11

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19	The oestrogen receptor 2 (<i>ESR2</i>) gene in female-pattern hair loss: replication of association with rs10137185 in German patients. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2014, 170, 982-985.	1.5	10
20	Differential expression of major histocompatibility complex class II antigens on human keratinocytes. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology</i> , 1988, 19, 1030-1037.	1.2	7
21	ImmunoChip-Based Analysis: High-Density Genotyping of Immune-Related Loci Sheds Further Light on the Autoimmune Genetic Architecture of Alopecia Areata. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2015, 135, 919-921.	0.7	7
22	NATURAL KILLER CELL AND CYTOTOXIC/SUPPRESSOR T CELL DEFICIENCY IN PERIPHERAL BLOOD IN SUBJECTS WITH ALOPECIA AREATA. <i>Australasian Journal of Dermatology</i> , 1988, 29, 29-32.	0.7	6
23	Parent-of-origin Effect in Alopecia Areata: A Large-scale Pedigree Study. <i>Acta Dermato-Venereologica</i> , 2017, 97, 862-863.	1.3	1