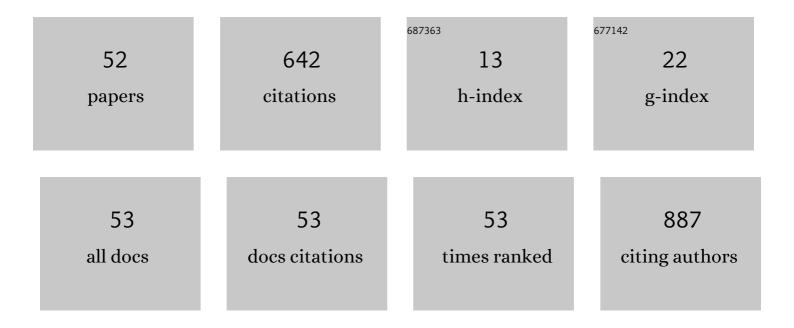
## Hossein Farhadnejad

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with reduced risk of incident chronic kidney diseases among Tehranian adults. Hypertension Research, 2017, 40, 96-102.	2.7	65
2	High dietary intake of branchedâ€chain amino acids is associated with an increased risk of insulin resistance in adults. Journal of Diabetes, 2018, 10, 357-364.	1.8	62
3	Micronutrient Intakes and Incidence of Chronic Kidney Disease in Adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 217.	4.1	50
4	Low carbohydrate diet is associated with reduced risk of metabolic syndrome in Tehranian adults. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2017, 68, 358-365.	2.8	29
5	Prevalence of Micronutrient Deficiencies Prior to Bariatric Surgery: Tehran Obesity Treatment Study (TOTS). Obesity Surgery, 2018, 28, 2465-2472.	2.1	27
6	The association of Dietary Approach to Stop Hypertension (DASH) diet with metabolic healthy and metabolic unhealthy obesity phenotypes. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 18690.	3.3	26
7	Low-Carbohydrate High-Protein Diet is Associated With Increased Risk of Incident Chronic Kidney Diseases Among Tehranian Adults. , 2019, 29, 343-349.		25
8	An in silico model to predict and estimate digestion-resistant and bioactive peptide content of dairy products: A primarily study of a time-saving and affordable method for practical research purposes. LWT - Food Science and Technology, 2020, 130, 109616.	5.2	25
9	The Association of Potato Intake With Risk for Incident Type 2 Diabetes in Adults. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2018, 42, 613-618.	0.8	24
10	Effects of Phytosterols supplementation on blood glucose, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) and insulin levels in humans: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2020, 19, 625-632.	1.9	21
11	The association between dietary glycemic and insulin indices with incidence of cardiovascular disease: Tehran lipid and glucose study. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 1496.	2.9	17
12	Spinach consumption and nonalcoholic fatty liver disease among adults: a case–control study. BMC Gastroenterology, 2021, 21, 196.	2.0	17
13	Adherence to Mediterranean dietary pattern and depression, anxiety and stress among high-school female adolescents. Mediterranean Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2018, 11, 73-83.	0.5	15
14	The association of dietary insulin and glycemic indices with the risk of type 2 diabetes. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2138-2144.	5.0	15
15	Dietary approach to stop hypertension diet and cardiovascular risk factors among 10―to 18â€yearâ€old individuals. Pediatric Obesity, 2018, 13, 185-194.	2.8	13
16	The Effect of Resveratrol on Cellular Senescence in Normal and Cancer Cells: Focusing on Cancer and Age-Related Diseases. Nutrition and Cancer, 2019, 71, 1175-1180.	2.0	13
17	Antioxidant vitamin intakes and risk of depression, anxiety and stress among female adolescents. Clinical Nutrition ESPEN, 2020, 40, 257-262.	1.2	12
18	Association of the insulinemic potential of diet and lifestyle with risk of diabetes incident in Tehranian adults: a population based cohort study. Nutrition Journal, 2021, 20, 39.	3.4	12

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19	The association between dietary inflammation scores and non-alcoholic fatty liver diseases in Iranian adults. BMC Gastroenterology, 2022, 22, .	2.0	12
20	Low-carbohydrate diet and cardiovascular diseases in Iranian population: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 30, 581-588.	2.6	11
21	The association between nutrition knowledge and adherence to a Mediterranean dietary pattern in Iranian female adolescents. International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health, 2021, 33, .	1.3	10
22	Dietary sodium intake in relation to non-alcoholic fatty liver disease risk: a case-control study. Nutrition and Food Science, 2021, 51, 541-550.	0.9	10
23	Various proline food sources and blood pressure: substitution analysis. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2020, 71, 332-340.	2.8	8
24	Dietary and lifestyle inflammatory scores are associated with increased risk of metabolic syndrome in Iranian adults. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2021, 13, 30.	2.7	8
25	The higher adherence to a healthy lifestyle score is associated with a decreased risk of type 2 diabetes in Iranian adults. BMC Endocrine Disorders, 2022, 22, 42.	2.2	8
26	Association of allium vegetables intake and non-alcoholic fatty liver disease risk. Nutrition and Food Science, 2020, 50, 1075-1083.	0.9	7
27	Dairy-originated digestion-resistant and bioactive peptides increase the risk of hypertension: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Hypertension Research, 2021, 44, 1194-1204.	2.7	7
28	The higher adherence to healthy lifestyle factors is associated with a decreased risk of metabolic syndrome in Iranian adults. Nutrition Bulletin, 2022, 47, 57-67.	1.8	7
29	The Relationship Between Occupation Transition Status and Metabolic Syndrome in Adult Women: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders, 2016, 14, 265-271.	1.3	6
30	Animal based low carbohydrate diet is associated with increased risk of type 2 diabetes in Tehranian adults. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2020, 12, 87.	2.7	6
31	Role of dietary approaches to stop hypertension diet in risk of metabolic syndrome: Evidence from observational and interventional studies. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2021, 12, 24.	0.4	6
32	The association of insulinemic potential of diet and lifestyle with the risk of insulin-related disorders: a prospective cohort study among participants of Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2021, 13, 53.	2.7	6
33	Dietary and lifestyle inflammatory scores and risk of incident diabetes: a prospective cohort among participants of Tehran lipid and glucose study. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1293.	2.9	6
34	Galactose intake is related to nonalcoholic fatty liver disease. Nutrition and Food Science, 2019, 49, 359-367.	0.9	5
35	Do dietary amino acid ratios predict risk of incident hypertension among adults?. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2019, 70, 387-395.	2.8	5
36	The association of dietary diabetes risk reduction score and its components with risk of metabolic syndrome incident in Tehranian adults. BMC Endocrine Disorders, 2021, 21, 206.	2.2	5

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
37	The association between dietary acid load and odds of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease: A case-control study. Nutrition and Health, 2023, 29, 637-644.	1.5	5
38	Association of Dietary Diabetes Risk Reduction Score With Risk of Cardiovascular Diseases in the Iranian Population: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Heart Lung and Circulation, 2021, 31, 101-109.	0.4	4
39	Effect of vitamin D supplementation on serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration in children and adolescents: a systematic review and meta-analysis protocol. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021636.	1.9	3
40	Dietary Amino Acid Patterns Are Associated With Incidence of Chronic Kidney Disease. , 2021, , .		3
41	The Association between Fish Consumption and Risk of Metabolic Syndrome in Adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2019, 89, 192-199.	1.5	3
42	Differential Effects of Dietary Fatty Acids on Body Composition and Adiposity. Current Nutrition and Food Science, 2020, 16, 142-154.	0.6	3
43	Development and validation of dietary and lifestyle insulinemic indices among Iranian adult population. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2022, 19, 5.	3.0	3
44	High Dietary Diabetes Risk Reduction Score Is Associated with Decreased Risk of Chronic Kidney Disease in Tehranian Adults. International Journal of Clinical Practice, 2022, 2022, 1-7.	1.7	3
45	The association of dietary insulin load and index with the risk of cancer and cancer mortality: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2022, 21, 1105-1118.	1.9	3
46	Dietary and lifestyle indices for hyperinsulinemia with the risk of obesity phenotypes: a prospective cohort study among Iranian adult population. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 990.	2.9	3
47	Adherence to Mediterranean dietary pattern in female adolescents. Nutrition and Food Science, 2018, 48, 722-732.	0.9	2
48	Vitamin D intake and risk of psychological disorders among female adolescents. Nutrition and Food Science, 2021, 51, 633-642.	0.9	2
49	Higher scores of dietary and lifestyle inflammatory indices are associated with increased risk of insulin-related disorders in Iranian adults. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, , .	2.9	2
50	The Association Between Dietary Pattern and Weight Status in School-Aged Children: A Cross-Sectional Study. Journal of Comprehensive Pediatrics, 2017, In Press, .	0.3	1
51	A systematic review and meta-analysis of the response of serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration to vitamin D supplementation from RCTs from around the globe. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 74, 1613-1614.	2.9	0
52	Seasonal Variations of Serum Zinc Concentration in Adult Population: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. Iranian Journal of Public Health, 2019, 48, 1496-1502.	0.5	0