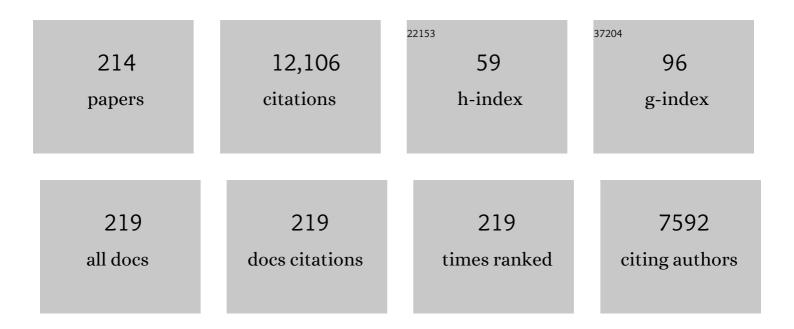
## Marilyn A Huestis

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Synthetic cannabinoids: Epidemiology, pharmacodynamics, and clinical implications. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2014, 144, 12-41.	3.2	572
2	Cannabis Effects on Driving Skills. Clinical Chemistry, 2013, 59, 478-492.	3.2	476
3	Blood Cannabinoids. I. Absorption of THC and Formation of 11-OH-THC and THCCOOH During and After Smoking Marijuana*. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 1992, 16, 276-282.	2.8	445
4	Oral Fluid Testing for Drugs of Abuse. Clinical Chemistry, 2009, 55, 1910-1931.	3.2	340
5	Cannabidiol Adverse Effects and Toxicity. Current Neuropharmacology, 2019, 17, 974-989.	2.9	244
6	Relationship of Â9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Concentrations in Oral Fluid and Plasma after Controlled Administration of Smoked Cannabis. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2004, 28, 394-399.	2.8	194
7	Plasma Cannabinoid Pharmacokinetics following Controlled Oral Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol and Oromucosal Cannabis Extract Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2011, 57, 66-75.	3.2	189
8	Primary outcome indices in illicit drug dependence treatment research: systematic approach to selection and measurement of drug use endâ€points in clinical trials. Addiction, 2012, 107, 694-708.	3.3	184
9	Cannabis effects on driving lateral control with and without alcohol. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 154, 25-37.	3.2	182
10	Identification of Recent Cannabis Use: Whole-Blood and Plasma Free and Glucuronidated Cannabinoid Pharmacokinetics following Controlled Smoked Cannabis Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2011, 57, 1406-1414.	3.2	149
11	Single and multiple doses of rimonabant antagonize acute effects of smoked cannabis in male cannabis users. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 194, 505-515.	3.1	144
12	Free and Glucuronide Whole Blood Cannabinoids' Pharmacokinetics after Controlled Smoked, Vaporized, and Oral Cannabis Administration in Frequent and Occasional Cannabis Users: Identification of Recent Cannabis Intake. Clinical Chemistry, 2016, 62, 1579-1592.	3.2	139
13	Blood Cannabinoids. II. Models for the Prediction of Time of Marijuana Exposure from Plasma Concentrations of Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and 11-nor-9-carboxy-Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THCCOOH). Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 1992, 16, 283-290.	2.8	131
14	Reports of Adverse Events Associated with Use of Novel Psychoactive Substances, 2013–2016: A Review. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2017, 41, 573-610.	2.8	128
15	Impact of Prolonged Cannabinoid Excretion in Chronic Daily Cannabis Smokers' Blood on Per Se Drugged Driving Laws. Clinical Chemistry, 2013, 59, 519-526.	3.2	127
16	Phase I and II Cannabinoid Disposition in Blood and Plasma of Occasional and Frequent Smokers Following Controlled Smoked Cannabis. Clinical Chemistry, 2014, 60, 631-643.	3.2	127
17	The Corticotropin Releasing Hormone-1 (CRH1) Receptor Antagonist Pexacerfont in Alcohol Dependence: A Randomized Controlled Experimental Medicine Study. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 1053-1063.	5.4	127
18	Acute and residual effects of marijuana: Profiles of plasma THC levels, physiological, subjective, and performance measures. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1990, 37, 561-565.	2.9	122

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Controlled Cannabis Vaporizer Administration: Blood and Plasma Cannabinoids with and without Alcohol. Clinical Chemistry, 2015, 61, 850-869.	3.2	119
20	Nontargeted SWATH acquisition for identifying 47 synthetic cannabinoid metabolites in human urine by liquid chromatography-high-resolution tandem mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2015, 407, 883-897.	3.7	116
21	Neuropharmacology of 3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV), Its Metabolites, and Related Analogs. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2016, 32, 93-117.	1.7	113
22	Qualitative Confirmation of 9 Synthetic Cannabinoids and 20 Metabolites in Human Urine Using LC–MS/MS and Library Search. Analytical Chemistry, 2013, 85, 3730-3738.	6.5	108
23	Identifying Prenatal Cannabis Exposure and Effects of Concurrent Tobacco Exposure on Neonatal Growth. Clinical Chemistry, 2010, 56, 1442-1450.	3.2	106
24	Simultaneous quantification of 28 synthetic cathinones and metabolites in urine by liquid chromatography-high resolution mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2013, 405, 9437-9448.	3.7	106
25	Smoked Cannabis' Psychomotor and Neurocognitive Effects in Occasional and Frequent Smokers. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2015, 39, 251-261.	2.8	106
26	Simultaneous determination of 40 novel psychoactive stimulants in urine by liquid chromatography–high resolution mass spectrometry and library matching. Journal of Chromatography A, 2015, 1397, 32-42.	3.7	103
27	Extended urinary Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol excretion in chronic cannabis users precludes use as a biomarker of new drug exposure. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2009, 105, 24-32.	3.2	99
28	Metabolism of synthetic cannabinoids PB-22 and its 5-fluoro analog, 5F-PB-22, by human hepatocyte incubation and high-resolution mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2014, 406, 1763-1780.	3.7	97
29	Cannabinoid concentrations in hair from documented cannabis users. Forensic Science International, 2007, 169, 129-136.	2.2	95
30	New Synthetic Cannabinoids Metabolism and Strategies to Best Identify Optimal Marker Metabolites. Frontiers in Chemistry, 2019, 7, 109.	3.6	95
31	Do Δ <sup>9</sup> â€ŧetrahydrocannabinol concentrations indicate recent use in chronic cannabis users?. Addiction, 2009, 104, 2041-2048.	3.3	94
32	Pentylindole/Pentylindazole Synthetic Cannabinoids and Their 5-Fluoro Analogs Produce Different Primary Metabolites: Metabolite Profiling for AB-PINACA and 5F-AB-PINACA. AAPS Journal, 2015, 17, 660-677.	4.4	94
33	Urinary Elimination of 11-Nor-9-Carboxy-Â9-tetrahydrocannnabinol in Cannabis Users During Continuously Monitored Abstinence. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2008, 32, 562-569.	2.8	92
34	Simultaneous quantification of 20 synthetic cannabinoids and 21 metabolites, and semi-quantification of 12 alkyl hydroxy metabolites in human urine by liquid chromatography–tandem mass spectrometry. Journal of Chromatography A, 2014, 1327, 105-117.	3.7	92
35	Direct quantification of cannabinoids and cannabinoid glucuronides in whole blood by liquid chromatography–tandem mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2011, 401, 1273-1283.	3.7	91
36	Synthetic cannabinoids pharmacokinetics and detection methods in biological matrices. Drug Metabolism Reviews, 2015, 47, 124-174.	3.6	91

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Maternal smoking during pregnancy and infant stress response: Test of a prenatal programming hypothesis. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2014, 48, 29-40.	2.7	88
38	Nabiximols combined with motivational enhancement/cognitive behavioral therapy for the treatment of cannabis dependence: A pilot randomized clinical trial. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190768.	2.5	88
39	Relating Blood Concentrations of Tetrahydrocannabinol and Metabolites to Pharmacologic Effects and Time of Marijuana Usage. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 1993, 15, 527-532.	2.0	85
40	Psychomotor Performance, Subjective and Physiological Effects and Whole Blood Â9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Concentrations in Heavy, Chronic Cannabis Smokers Following Acute Smoked Cannabis. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2012, 36, 405-412.	2.8	84
41	Cannabinoids in Exhaled Breath following Controlled Administration of Smoked Cannabis. Clinical Chemistry, 2013, 59, 1780-1789.	3.2	84
42	Current knowledge on cannabinoids in oral fluid. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2014, 6, 88-111.	2.6	84
43	Linear pharmacokinetics of 3,4â€methylenedioxypyrovalerone ( <scp>MDPV</scp> ) and its metabolites in the rat: relationship to pharmacodynamic effects. Addiction Biology, 2016, 21, 339-347.	2.6	83
44	First Metabolic Profile of XLR-11, a Novel Synthetic Cannabinoid, Obtained by Using Human Hepatocytes and High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry. Clinical Chemistry, 2013, 59, 1638-1648.	3.2	82
45	Approaches, Challenges, and Advances in Metabolism of New Synthetic Cannabinoids and Identification of Optimal Urinary Marker Metabolites. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2017, 101, 239-253.	4.7	81
46	Cannabinoid disposition in oral fluid after controlled smoked, vaporized, and oral cannabis administration. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2017, 9, 905-915.	2.6	80
47	Oral Fluid Drug Testing: Analytical Approaches, Issues and Interpretation of Results. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2019, 43, 415-443.	2.8	78
48	Cannabis effects on driving longitudinal control with and without alcohol. Journal of Applied Toxicology, 2016, 36, 1418-1429.	2.8	77
49	Estimating the Time of Last Cannabis Use from Plasma Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol and 11-nor-9-Carboxy-Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Concentrations. Clinical Chemistry, 2005, 51, 2289-2295.	3.2	76
50	Simultaneous GC-EI-MS Determination of Â9-Tetrahydrocannabinol, 11-Hydroxy-Â9-Tetrahydrocannabinol, and 11-nor-9-Carboxy-Â9-Tetrahydrocannabinol in Human Urine Following Tandem Enzyme-Alkaline Hydrolysis. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2007, 31, 477-485.	2.8	75
51	First Characterization of AKB-48 Metabolism, a Novel Synthetic Cannabinoid, Using Human Hepatocytes and High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry. AAPS Journal, 2013, 15, 1091-1098.	4.4	75
52	Urinary Excretion Half-Life of 11-Nor-9-carboxy-Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol in Humans. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 1998, 20, 570-576.	2.0	71
53	Pharmacokinetics of Cocaine and Metabolites in Human Oral Fluid and Correlation With Plasma Concentrations After Controlled Administration. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 2010, 32, 628-637.	2.0	70
54	Metabolism of Carfentanil, an Ultra-Potent Opioid, in Human Liver Microsomes and Human Hepatocytes by High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry. AAPS Journal, 2016, 18, 1489-1499.	4.4	69

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55	Differentiating new cannabis use from residual urinary cannabinoid excretion in chronic, daily cannabis users. Addiction, 2011, 106, 499-506.	3.3	68
56	High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry for Characterizing the Metabolism of Synthetic Cannabinoid THJ-018 and Its 5-Fluoro Analog THJ-2201 after Incubation in Human Hepatocytes. Clinical Chemistry, 2016, 62, 157-169.	3.2	65
57	Subjective and physiological effects, and expired carbon monoxide concentrations in frequent and occasional cannabis smokers following smoked, vaporized, and oral cannabis administration. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 175, 67-76.	3.2	65
58	Cannabis in Sport. Sports Medicine, 2011, 41, 949-966.	6.5	64
59	Tolerance to Effects of High-Dose Oral Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol and Plasma Cannabinoid Concentrations in Male Daily Cannabis Smokers. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2013, 37, 11-16.	2.8	64
60	Identifying New Cannabis Use with Urine Creatinine-Normalized THCCOOH Concentrations and Time Intervals Between Specimen Collections. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2009, 33, 185-189.	2.8	62
61	Synthetic cathinone pharmacokinetics, analytical methods, and toxicological findings from human performance and postmortem cases. Drug Metabolism Reviews, 2016, 48, 237-265.	3.6	60
62	Cannabinoid Disposition in Oral Fluid after Controlled Smoked Cannabis. Clinical Chemistry, 2012, 58, 748-756.	3.2	59
63	A liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry method for the simultaneous quantification of 20 drugs of abuse and metabolites in human meconium. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2009, 393, 1977-1990.	3.7	58
64	The Potential Role of Oral Fluid in Antidoping Testing. Clinical Chemistry, 2014, 60, 307-322.	3.2	58
65	Identification of AB-FUBINACA metabolites in human hepatocytes and urine using high-resolution mass spectrometry. Forensic Toxicology, 2015, 33, 295-310.	2.4	58
66	Simultaneous quantification of free and glucuronidated cannabinoids in human urine by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2012, 413, 1839-1847.	1.1	57
67	Cannabinoid Stability in Authentic Oral Fluid after Controlled Cannabis Smoking. Clinical Chemistry, 2012, 58, 1101-1109.	3.2	56
68	Metabolic profiling of new synthetic cannabinoids AMB and 5Fâ€AMB by human hepatocyte and liver microsome incubations and highâ€resolution mass spectrometry. Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry, 2016, 30, 1067-1078.	1.5	56
69	Comparative Pharmacokinetics of Δ <sup>9</sup> -Tetrahydrocannabinol in Adolescent and Adult Male Mice. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2020, 374, 151-160.	2.5	56
70	Validation of the only commercially available immunoassay for synthetic cathinones in urine: Randox Drugs of Abuse V Biochip Array Technology. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2014, 6, 728-738.	2.6	54
71	Intra- and Intersubject Whole Blood/Plasma Cannabinoid Ratios Determined by 2-Dimensional, Electron Impact GC-MS with Cryofocusing. Clinical Chemistry, 2009, 55, 1188-1195.	3.2	53
72	Excretion of î"9-tetrahydrocannabinol in sweat. Forensic Science International, 2008, 174, 173-177.	2.2	52

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73	Nicotine and metabolites in meconium as evidence of maternal cigarette smoking during pregnancy and predictors of neonatal growth deficits. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2010, 12, 658-664.	2.6	52
74	Effect of Blood Collection Time on Measured Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Concentrations: Implications for Driving Interpretation and Drug Policy. Clinical Chemistry, 2016, 62, 367-377.	3.2	51
75	In Vitro and In Vivo Human Metabolism of Synthetic Cannabinoids FDU-PB-22 and FUB-PB-22. AAPS Journal, 2016, 18, 455-464.	4.4	50
76	Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) examination characteristics of cannabis impairment. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2016, 92, 219-229.	5.7	49
77	Simultaneous quantification of 11 cannabinoids and metabolites in human urine by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry using WAX-S tips. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2016, 408, 6461-6471.	3.7	49
78	The state of clinical outcome assessments for cannabis use disorder clinical trials: A review and research agenda. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 212, 107993.	3.2	49
79	Cannabinoids and metabolites in expectorated oral fluid following controlled smoked cannabis. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2012, 413, 765-770.	1.1	48
80	Quantification of cannabinoids and their free and glucuronide metabolites in whole blood by disposable pipette extraction and liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry. Journal of Chromatography A, 2016, 1453, 34-42.	3.7	48
81	Distinguishing Intake of New Synthetic Cannabinoids ADB-PINACA and 5F-ADB-PINACA with Human Hepatocyte Metabolites and High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry. Clinical Chemistry, 2017, 63, 1008-1021.	3.2	48
82	Effects of oral, smoked, and vaporized cannabis on endocrine pathways related to appetite and metabolism: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, human laboratory study. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 71.	4.8	48
83	Oral fluid cannabinoid concentrations following controlled smoked cannabis in chronic frequent and occasional smokers. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2013, 405, 8451-8461.	3.7	47
84	Cannabinoid Markers in Biological Fluids and Tissues: Revealing Intake. Trends in Molecular Medicine, 2018, 24, 156-172.	6.7	47
85	Evaluation of a homogenous enzyme immunoassay for the detection of synthetic cannabinoids in urine. Forensic Science International, 2014, 241, 27-34.	2.2	46
86	4-Methoxy-α-PVP: in silico prediction, metabolic stability, and metabolite identification by human hepatocyte incubation and high-resolution mass spectrometry. Forensic Toxicology, 2016, 34, 61-75.	2.4	46
87	In Vitro Stability of Free and Glucuronidated Cannabinoids in Blood and Plasma Following Controlled Smoked Cannabis. Clinical Chemistry, 2013, 59, 1108-1117.	3.2	45
88	Quantification of six cannabinoids and metabolites in oral fluid by liquid chromatographyâ€ŧandem mass spectrometry. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2015, 7, 684-694.	2.6	45
89	On-Site Test for Cannabinoids in Oral Fluid. Clinical Chemistry, 2012, 58, 1418-1425.	3.2	44
90	<i>In vitro, in vivo</i> and <i>in silico</i> metabolic profiling of α-pyrrolidinopentiothiophenone, a novel thiophene stimulant. Bioanalysis, 2016, 8, 65-82.	1.5	44

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
91	Cannabis Edibles: Blood and Oral Fluid Cannabinoid Pharmacokinetics and Evaluation of Oral Fluid Screening Devices for Predicting Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol in Blood and Oral Fluid following Cannabis Brownie Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2017, 63, 647-662.	3.2	44
92	Acute and residual effects of smoked cannabis: Impact on driving speed and lateral control, heart rate, and self-reported drug effects. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 205, 107641.	3.2	44
93	A Review of Synthetic Cathinone–Related Fatalities From 2017 to 2020. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 2021, 43, 52-68.	2.0	44
94	Excretion of Methamphetamine and Amphetamine in Human Sweat Following Controlled Oral Methamphetamine Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2008, 54, 172-180.	3.2	43
95	Disposition of Cannabinoids in Oral Fluid after Controlled Around-the-Clock Oral THC Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2010, 56, 1261-1269.	3.2	43
96	Adolescent cortical thickness pre- and post marijuana and alcohol initiation. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2016, 57, 20-29.	2.4	43
97	Epigenetic Regulation of Placental <i>NR3C1</i> : Mechanism Underlying Prenatal Programming of Infant Neurobehavior by Maternal Smoking?. Child Development, 2016, 87, 49-60.	3.0	43
98	25Câ€NBOMe and 25Iâ€NBOMe metabolite studies in human hepatocytes, <i>in vivo</i> mouse and human urine with highâ€resolution mass spectrometry. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2017, 9, 680-698.	2.6	43
99	Screening of 104 New Psychoactive Substances (NPS) and Other Drugs of Abuse in Oral Fluid by LC–MS-MS. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2020, 44, 697-707.	2.8	43
100	Identification of Prenatal Amphetamines Exposure by Maternal Interview and Meconium Toxicology in the Infant Development, Environment and Lifestyle (IDEAL) Study. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 2009, 31, 769-775.	2.0	41
101	Predictive model accuracy in estimating last Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) intake from plasma and whole blood cannabinoid concentrations in chronic, daily cannabis smokers administered subchronic oral THC. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2012, 125, 313-319.	3.2	41
102	Identifying and Quantifying Cannabinoids in Biological Matrices in the Medical and Legal Cannabis Era. Clinical Chemistry, 2020, 66, 888-914.	3.2	41
103	Estimating Time of Last Oral Ingestion of Cannabis From Plasma THC and THCCOOH Concentrations. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, 2006, 28, 540-544.	2.0	40
104	Postmortem redistribution of Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), 11-hydroxy-THC (11-OH-THC), and 11-nor-9-carboxy-THC (THCCOOH). Forensic Science International, 2011, 212, 247-251.	2.2	40
105	Changes in Smoking Patterns During Pregnancy. Substance Use and Misuse, 2013, 48, 513-522.	1.4	40
106	3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV) and metabolites quantification in human and rat plasma by liquid chromatography–high resolution mass spectrometry. Analytica Chimica Acta, 2014, 827, 54-63.	5.4	40
107	Plasma Cannabinoid Pharmacokinetics After Controlled Smoking and <i>Ad libitum</i> Cannabis Smoking in Chronic Frequent Users. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 2015, 39, 580-587.	2.8	40
108	Highâ€resolution mass spectrometric metabolite profiling of a novel synthetic designer drug, <i>N</i> â€(adamantanâ€1â€yl)â€1â€(5â€fluoropentyl)â€1 <i>H</i> â€indoleâ€3â€carboxamide (STSâ€135), u human hepatocytes and assessment of metabolic stability with human liver microsomes. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2015, 7, 187-198.	sing cryop	reserved

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	THC and CBD concentrations in blood, oral fluid and urine following a single and repeated administration of "light cannabis― Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, 2020, 58, 682-689.	2.3	40
110	In Vitro Metabolite Profiling of ADB-FUBINACA, A New Synthetic Cannabinoid. Current Neuropharmacology, 2017, 15, 682-691.	2.9	39
111	Simultaneous quantification of Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol, 11-nor-9-carboxy-tetrahydrocannabinol, cannabidiol and cannabinol in oral fluid by microflow-liquid chromatography–high resolution mass spectrometry. Journal of Chromatography A, 2013, 1297, 123-130.	3.7	38
112	Urinary Cannabinoid Disposition in Occasional and Frequent Smokers: Is THC-Glucuronide in Sequential Urine Samples a Marker of Recent Use in Frequent Smokers?. Clinical Chemistry, 2014, 60, 361-372.	3.2	38
113	A preliminary evaluation of the relationship of cannabinoid blood concentrations with the analgesic response to vaporized cannabis. Journal of Pain Research, 2016, Volume 9, 587-598.	2.0	38
114	Controlled vaporized cannabis, with and without alcohol: subjective effects and oral fluidâ€blood cannabinoid relationships. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2016, 8, 690-701.	2.6	38
115	Urinary Cannabinoid Detection Times after Controlled Oral Administration of Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol to Humans. Clinical Chemistry, 2003, 49, 1114-1124.	3.2	37
116	Anger, Hostility, and Aggression as Predictors of Persistent Smoking During Pregnancy. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2011, 72, 926-932.	1.0	35
117	Impact of enzymatic and alkaline hydrolysis on CBD concentration in urine. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2013, 405, 4679-4689.	3.7	35
118	Cannabinoids in oral fluid by on-site immunoassay and by GC-MS using two different oral fluid collection devices. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2014, 406, 4117-4128.	3.7	35
119	Quantitative urine confirmatory testing for synthetic cannabinoids in randomly collected urine specimens. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2015, 7, 483-493.	2.6	35
120	First metabolic profile of PV8, a novel synthetic cathinone, in human hepatocytes and urine by high-resolution mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2016, 408, 4845-4856.	3.7	34
121	Acute effects of intravenous cocaine administration on serum concentrations of ghrelin, amylin, glucagon-like peptide-1, insulin, leptin and peptide YY and relationships with cardiorespiratory and subjective responses. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 180, 68-75.	3.2	34
122	Oral Fluid and Plasma Cannabinoid Ratios after Around-the-Clock Controlled Oral Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Administration. Clinical Chemistry, 2011, 57, 1597-1606.	3.2	33
123	Metabolic characterization of AHâ€7921, a synthetic opioid designer drug: <i>in vitro</i> metabolic stability assessment and metabolite identification, evaluation of <i>in silico</i> prediction, and <i>in vivo</i> confirmation. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2016, 8, 779-791.	2.6	33
124	Extended plasma cannabinoid excretion in chronic frequent cannabis smokers during sustained abstinence and correlation with psychomotor performance. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2016, 8, 682-689.	2.6	33
125	Maternal Buprenorphine Maintenance and Lactation. Journal of Human Lactation, 2016, 32, 675-681.	1.6	31
126	In vitro and in vivo human metabolism of a new synthetic cannabinoid NM-2201 (CBL-2201). Forensic	2.4	31

Toxicology, 2017, 35, 20-32.

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127	Impact of Novel Psychoactive Substances on Clinical and Forensic Toxicology and Global Public Health. Clinical Chemistry, 2017, 63, 1564-1569.	3.2	31
128	Development and validation of LCâ€HRMS and GCâ€NICIâ€MS methods for stereoselective determination of MDMA and its phase I and II metabolites in human urine. Journal of Mass Spectrometry, 2011, 46, 603-614.	1.6	30
129	Cannabinoid disposition in oral fluid after controlled cannabis smoking in frequent and occasional smokers. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2014, 6, 1002-1010.	2.6	30
130	Validation of a novel method to identify in utero ethanol exposure: simultaneous meconium extraction of fatty acid ethyl esters, ethyl glucuronide, and ethyl sulfate followed by LC-MS/MS quantification. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2014, 406, 1945-1955.	3.7	30
131	Simultaneous quantification of nicotine, opioids, cocaine, and metabolites in human fetal postmortem brain by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2009, 393, 1957-1965.	3.7	29
132	Can oral fluid cannabinoid testing monitor medication compliance and/or cannabis smoking during oral THC and oromucosal Sativex administration?. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2013, 130, 68-76.	3.2	29
133	Performance characteristics of an ELISA screening assay for urinary synthetic cannabinoids. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2015, 7, 467-474.	2.6	29
134	Evaluation of divided attention psychophysical task performance and effects on pupil sizes following smoked, vaporized and oral cannabis administration. Journal of Applied Toxicology, 2017, 37, 922-932.	2.8	29
135	Toxicology and Analysis of Psychoactive Tryptamines. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 9279.	4.1	29
136	A Rapid Reusable Fiber Optic Biosensor for Detecting Cocaine Metabolites in Urine. Journal of Analytical Toxicology, 1999, 23, 460-467.	2.8	28
137	Meconium Nicotine and Metabolites by Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry: Differentiation of Passive and Nonexposure and Correlation with Neonatal Outcome Measures. Clinical Chemistry, 2008, 54, 2018-2027.	3.2	28
138	Urinary prevalence, metabolite detection rates, temporal patterns and evaluation of suitable LC-MS/MS targets to document synthetic cannabinoid intake in US military urine specimens. Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, 2015, 53, 423-34.	2.3	28
139	Smoking in Pregnancy and Fetal Growth: The Case for More Intensive Assessment. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2017, 19, 525-531.	2.6	28
140	Drug exposure during pregnancy: analytical methods and toxicological findings. Bioanalysis, 2018, 10, 587-606.	1.5	28
141	Validation of a liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) method to detect cannabinoids in whole blood and breath. Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, 2020, 58, 673-681.	2.3	28
142	Therapeutic potential and safety considerations for the clinical use of synthetic cannabinoids. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2020, 199, 173059.	2.9	28
143	Cannabinoids and metabolites in expectorated oral fluid after 8Âdays of controlled around-the-clock oral THC administration. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2011, 401, 599-607.	3.7	27
144	Longâ€ŧerm stability of cannabinoids in oral fluid after controlled cannabis administration. Drug Testing and Analysis, 2017, 9, 143-147.	2.6	27

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145	Prenatal exposure to tobacco and cannabis: Effects on autonomic and emotion regulation. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2018, 68, 47-56.	2.4	27
146	Effect of hydrolysis on identifying prenatal cannabis exposure. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2010, 397, 2335-2347.	3.7	26
147	Quantification of cocaine and metabolites in exhaled breath by liquid chromatography-high-resolution mass spectrometry following controlled administration of intravenous cocaine. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2014, 406, 6213-6223.	3.7	25
148	In vitro stability of free and glucuronidated cannabinoids in urine following controlled smoked cannabis. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2014, 406, 785-792.	3.7	25
149	Identification of New Synthetic Cannabinoid ADB-CHMINACA (MAB-CHMINACA) Metabolites in Human Hepatocytes. AAPS Journal, 2017, 19, 568-577.	4.4	25
150	Oral fluid/plasma cannabinoid ratios following controlled oral THC and smoked cannabis administration. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2013, 405, 7269-7279.	3.7	24
151	Cocaine and metabolite concentrations in DBS and venous blood after controlled intravenous cocaine administration. Bioanalysis, 2015, 7, 2041-2056.	1.5	24
152	Oral fluid cocaine and benzoylecgonine concentrations following controlled intravenous cocaine administration. Forensic Science International, 2016, 260, 95-101.	2.2	23
153	Changes in marijuana use symptoms and emotional functioning over 28-days of monitored abstinence in adolescent marijuana users. Psychopharmacology, 2017, 234, 3431-3442.	3.1	23
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