Triantafyllos Roukas

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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70 papers 2,440 citations

147726 31 h-index 223716 46 g-index

71 all docs

71 docs citations

times ranked

71

1735 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Optimization of lactic acid production from beet molasses by Lactobacillus delbrueckii NCIMB 8130. World Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2002, 18, 441-448.	1.7	134
2	Pretreatment of beet molasses to increase pullulan production. Process Biochemistry, 1998, 33, 805-810.	1.8	106
3	Characterization of pullulan produced from beet molasses by Aureobasidium pullulans in a stirred tank reactor under varying agitation. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 2002, 31, 122-132.	1.6	100
4	Effect of the aeration rate and agitation speed on \hat{l}^2 -carotene production and morphology of Blakeslea trispora in a stirred tank reactor: mathematical modeling. Biochemical Engineering Journal, 2002, 10, 123-135.	1.8	97
5	Evaluation of carob pod as a substrate for pullulan production byAureobasidium pullulans. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1995, 55, 27-44.	1.4	89
6	Citric and gluconic acid production from fig by Aspergillus niger using solid-state fermentation. Journal of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2000, 25, 298-304.	1.4	81
7	Lactic acid production from deproteinized whey by mixed cultures of free and coimmobilized Lactobacillus casei and Lactococcus lactis cells using fedbatch culture. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 1998, 22, 199-204.	1.6	79
8	Citric acid production from carob pod by solid-state fermentation. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 1999, 24, 54-59.	1.6	68
9	Ethanol production from non-sterilized beet molasses by free and immobilized Saccharomyces cerevisiae cells using fed-batch culture. Journal of Food Engineering, 1996, 27, 87-96.	2.7	67
10	Waste cooking oil: A new substrate for carotene production by Blakeslea trispora in submerged fermentation. Bioresource Technology, 2016, 203, 198-203.	4.8	62
11	Pretreatment of date syrup to increase citric acid production. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 1997, 21, 273-276.	1.6	61
12	Pullulan production by a non-pigmented strain of Aureobasidium pullulans using batch and fed-batch culture. Process Biochemistry, 1999, 34, 355-366.	1.8	61
13	Production and Characterization of Pullulan from Beet Molasses Using a Nonpigmented Strain of Aureobasidium pullulans in Batch Culture. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2002, 97, 01-22.	1.4	53
14	Pullulan production from brewery wastes by Aureobasidium pullulans. World Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology, 1999, 15, 447-450.	1.7	52
15	Effect of the aeration rate on pullulan production and fermentation broth rheological properties in an airlift reactor. Journal of Chemical Technology and Biotechnology, 2001, 76, 371-376.	1.6	46
16	Pomegranate peel waste: a new substrate for citric acid production by Aspergillus niger in solid-state fermentation under non-aseptic conditions. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 13105-13113.	2.7	45
17	The effect of pH on production of citric and gluconic acid from beet molasses using continuous culture. Biotechnology Letters, 1988, 10, 289-294.	1.1	43
18	Production of lactic acid from deproteinized whey by coimmobilized Lactobacillus casei and Lactococcus lactis cells. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 1991, 13, 33-38.	1.6	42

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19	Optimization of the production of ?-carotene from molasses byBlakeslea trispora: a statistical approach. Journal of Chemical Technology and Biotechnology, 2002, 77, 933-943.	1.6	42
20	Performance of Crude Olive Pomace Oil and Soybean Oil during Carotenoid Production by Blakeslea trisporain Submerged Fermentation. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2006, 54, 2575-2581.	2.4	40
21	Ethanol production from nonsterilized carob pod extract by free and immobilizedSaccharomyces cerevisiae cells using fed-batch culture. Biotechnology and Bioengineering, 1994, 43, 189-194.	1.7	37
22	Production of pullulan from beet molasses by Aureobasidium pullulans in a stirred tank fermentor. Journal of Food Engineering, 1999, 40, 89-94.	2.7	37
23	Improved production of carotenes from synthetic medium by Blakeslea trispora in a bubble column reactor. Biochemical Engineering Journal, 2012, 67, 203-207.	1.8	37
24	Enhancement of pullulan production by aureobasidium pullulans in batch culture using olive oil and sucrose as carbon sources. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1998, 74, 13-30.	1.4	35
25	An Improved Method for Extraction of \hat{l}^2 -Carotene from Blakeslea trispora. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2001, 90, 37-46.	1.4	35
26	Optimization of \hat{l}^2 -Carotene Production from Synthetic Medium by Blakeslea trispora: A Mathematical Modeling. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2002, 101, 153-176.	1.4	35
27	Stimulation of the biosynthesis of carotenes by oxidative stress in Blakeslea trispora induced by elevated dissolved oxygen levels in the culture medium. Bioresource Technology, 2011, 102, 8159-8164.	4.8	35
28	Optimization of extracellular lipase production by Debaryomyces hansenii isolates from dry-salted olives using response surface methodology. Food and Bioproducts Processing, 2013, 91, 413-420.	1.8	35
29	Influence of some trace metals and stimulants on citric acid production from brewery wastes by Aspergillus niger. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 1987, 9, 291-294.	1.6	34
30	Oxidative Stress Response and Morphological Changes of Blakeslea trispora Induced by Butylated Hydroxytoluene During Carotene Production. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2010, 160, 2415-2423.	1.4	34
31	Production of Citric Acid from Brewery Wastes by Surface Fermentation Using Aspergillus niger. Journal of Food Science, 1986, 51, 225-228.	1.5	33
32	Pullulan production from deproteinized whey by Aureobasidium pullulans. Journal of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, 1999, 22, 617-621.	1.4	32
33	Effect of oxygen transfer rate on \hat{l}^2 -carotene production from synthetic medium by Blakeslea trispora in shake flask culture. Enzyme and Microbial Technology, 2005, 37, 687-694.	1.6	31
34	Continuous production of lactic acid from deproteinized whey by coimmobilizedlactobacillus caseiandlactococcus lactiscells in a packedâ€bed reactor. Food Biotechnology, 1996, 10, 231-242.	0.6	29
35	From Cheese Whey to Carotenes by Blakeslea trispora in a Bubble Column Reactor. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2015, 175, 182-193.	1.4	29
36	Continuous ethanol production from carob pod extract by immobilizedSaccharomyces cerevisiae in a packed-bed reactor. Journal of Chemical Technology and Biotechnology, 1994, 59, 387-393.	1.6	28

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37	Production of \hat{l}^2 -Carotene From Beet Molasses by Blakeslea trispora in Stirred-Tank and Bubble Column Reactors: Development of a Mathematical Modeling. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2004, 112, 37-54.	1.4	27
38	Oxidative stress and morphological changes in Blakeslea trispora induced by enhanced aeration during carotene production in a bubble column reactor. Biochemical Engineering Journal, 2011, 54, 172-177.	1.8	27
39	Ethanol production from carob pods by Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Food Biotechnology, 1993, 7, 159-176.	0.6	26
40	Role of hydrolytic enzymes and oxidative stress in autolysis and morphology of Blakeslea trispora during \hat{l}^2 -carotene production in submerged fermentation. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2007, 74, 447-453.	1.7	23
41	Effect of Biomass Pre-Treatment and Solvent Extraction on \hat{l}^2 -Carotene and Lycopene Recovery fromBlakeslea trisporaCells. Preparative Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2008, 38, 246-256.	1.0	22
42	Kinetics of ethanol production from carob pods extract by immobilizedSaccharomyces cerevisiae cells. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1994, 44, 49-64.	1.4	21
43	IDENTIFICATION OF CAROTENOIDS PRODUCED FROM CHEESE WHEY BYBLAKESLEA TRISPORAIN SUBMERGED FERMENTATION. Preparative Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2009, 40, 76-82.	1.0	21
44	Continuous ethanol production from nonsterilized carob pod extract by immobilizedSaccharomyces cerevisiae on mineral kissiris using a two-reactor system. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1996, 59, 299-307.	1.4	20
45	Carob pod: A new substrate for citric acid production by Aspergillus niger. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1998, 74, 43-53.	1.4	20
46	Rotary biofilm reactor: A new tool for long-term bioethanol production from non-sterilized beet molasses by Saccharomyces cerevisiae in repeated-batch fermentation. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2020, 257, 120519.	4.6	20
47	The role of oxidative stress on carotene production by <i>Blakeslea trispora</i> in submerged fermentation. Critical Reviews in Biotechnology, 2016, 36, 1-10.	5.1	19
48	From food industry wastes to second generation bioethanol: a review. Reviews in Environmental Science and Biotechnology, 2022, 21, 299-329.	3.9	19
49	Application of Response Surface Methodology to Improve Carotene Production from Synthetic Medium by Blakeslea trispora in Submerged Fermentation. Food and Bioprocess Technology, 2012, 5, 1189-1196.	2.6	18
50	Production of Citric Acid from Beet Molasses by Immobilized Cells of Aspergillus niger. Journal of Food Science, 1991, 56, 878-880.	1.5	17
51	Citric acid production from carob pod extract by cell recycle of Aspergillus nigeratcc 9142. Food Biotechnology, 1998, 12, 91-104.	0.6	17
52	Production of Beta-Carotene from Synthetic Medium byBlakeslea trisporain Fed-batch Culture. Food Biotechnology, 2004, 18, 343-361.	0.6	17
53	Effect of the ratio of $(+)$ and (\hat{a}^2) mating type of Blakeslea trispora on carotene production from cheese whey in submerged fermentation. World Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2010, 26, 2151-2156.	1.7	17
54	Ethanol production from deproteinized whey by \hat{l}^2 -galactosidase coimmobilized cells of Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Journal of Industrial Microbiology, 1991, 7, 15-18.	0.9	16

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55	Effect of the Shear Rate on Pullulan Production from Beet Molasses by Aureobasidium pullulans in an Airlift Reactor. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 1999, 80, 77-90.	1.4	16
56	AUTOLYSIS OFBlakeslea trisporaDURING CAROTENE PRODUCTION FROM CHEESE WHEY IN AN AIRLIFT REACTOR. Preparative Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2010, 41, 7-21.	1.0	16
57	Ethanol production from carob pod extract by immobilizedsaccharomyces cerevisiaecells on the mineral kissiris. Food Biotechnology, 1995, 9, 175-188.	0.6	15
58	OPTIMIZATION OF \hat{I}^2 -CAROTENE PRODUCTION FROM SYNTHETIC MEDIUM BY BLAKESLEA TRISPORA IN A STIRRED TANK REACTOR AND RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MORPHOLOGICAL CHANGES AND PIGMENT FORMATION. Food Biotechnology, 2002, 16, 167-187.	0.6	15
59	Oxidative Stress Response of Blakeslea trispora Induced by Iron Ions During Carotene Production in Shake Flask Culture. Applied Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2013, 169, 2281-2289.	1.4	15
60	Production of \hat{l}^2 -Carotene from Beet Molasses and Deproteinized Whey by Blakeslea trispora. Food Biotechnology, 2003, 17, 203-215.	0.6	14
61	Citric acid production from beet molasses by cell recycle ofAspergillus niger. Journal of Industrial Microbiology, 1991, 7, 71-73.	0.9	13
62	Effect of Non-Ionic Surfactants and Beta-Ionone on the Morphology of (i) Blakeslea trispora (i) and Carotenoids Production from Cheese Whey in Submerged Aerobic Growth: A Statistical Approach. Food Biotechnology, 2010, 24, 197-214.	0.6	12
63	Influence of impeller speed on citric acid production and selected enzyme activities of the TCA cycle. Journal of Industrial Microbiology, 1991, 7, 221-225.	0.9	11
64	Modified rotary biofilm reactor: A new tool for enhanced carotene productivity by Blakeslea trispora. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2018, 174, 1114-1121.	4.6	11
65	Carotene production from waste cooking oil by <i>Blakeslea trispora</i> in a bubble column reactor: The role of oxidative stress. Engineering in Life Sciences, 2017, 17, 775-780.	2.0	10
66	A new medium for spore production of Blakeslea trispora using response surface methodology. World Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2011, 27, 307-317.	1.7	7
67	Characterization and Distribution of Lactobacilli during Lactic Fermentation of Okra (Hibiscus) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843	314 rgBT / 1.5	Overlock 10
68	OPTIMIZATION STUDY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF CITRIC AND GLUCONIC ACID FROM FIG WATER EXTRACT BYASPERGILLUS NIGERIN SURFACE FERMENTATION. Food Biotechnology, 2002, 16, 17-28.	0.6	4
69	Rheological properties of pullulan fermentation broth in a stirred tank fermentor. Food Biotechnology, 1999, 13, 255-266.	0.6	3
70	Fermentation Characteristics of Lactobacilli in Okra (Hibiscus esculentus) Juice. Journal of Food Science, 1987, 52, 487-488.	1.5	2