

Patricia J Gearhart

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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56
papers

3,722
citations

172457

29
h-index

161849

54
g-index

56
all docs

56
docs citations

56
times ranked

3819
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Promoter Proximity Defines Mutation Window for VH and V λ Genes Rearranged to Different J Genes. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2022, 208, 2220-2226.	0.8	4
2	Transcriptome and IgH Repertoire Analyses Show That CD11chi B Cells Are a Distinct Population With Similarity to B Cells Arising in Autoimmunity and Infection. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 649458.	4.8	20
3	Small Molecule Inhibitors of Activation-Induced Deaminase Decrease Class Switch Recombination in B Cells. <i>ACS Pharmacology and Translational Science</i> , 2021, 4, 1214-1226.	4.9	5
4	Auto-Antibody Production During Experimental Atherosclerosis in ApoE $^{-/-}$ Mice. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 695220.	4.8	14
5	What Targets Somatic Hypermutation to the Immunoglobulin Loci?. <i>Viral Immunology</i> , 2020, 33, 277-281.	1.3	6
6	Commentary for the Special Issue on "Aging and Sex in Immunity". <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 2020, 348, 104037.	3.0	1
7	DNA Breaks in Ig V Regions Are Predominantly Single Stranded and Are Generated by UNG and MSH6 DNA Repair Pathways. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2019, 202, 1573-1581.	0.8	4
8	B cells from young and old mice switch isotypes with equal frequencies after ex vivo stimulation. <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 2019, 345, 103966.	3.0	10
9	Complex sex-biased antibody responses: estrogen receptors bind estrogen response elements centered within immunoglobulin heavy chain gene enhancers. <i>International Immunology</i> , 2019, 31, 141-156.	4.0	35
10	J H 6 downstream intronic sequence is dispensable for RNA polymerase II accumulation and somatic hypermutation of the variable gene in Ramos cells. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2018, 97, 101-108.	2.2	4
11	The Reign of Antibodies: A Celebration of and Tribute to Michael Potter and His Homogeneous Immunoglobulin Workshops. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2018, 200, 23-26.	0.8	5
12	Naive B Cells with High-Avidity Germline-Encoded Antigen Receptors Produce Persistent IgM $^{+}$ and Transient IgG $^{+}$ Memory B Cells. <i>Immunity</i> , 2018, 48, 1135-1143.e4.	14.3	61
13	R-Loop Depletion by Over-expressed RNase H1 in Mouse B Cells Increases Activation-Induced Deaminase Access to the Transcribed Strand without Altering Frequency of Isotype Switching. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 429, 3255-3263.	4.2	18
14	Age-Associated B Cells Express a Diverse Repertoire of VH and V λ Genes with Somatic Hypermutation. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017, 198, 1921-1927.	0.8	99
15	Signals that drive T-bet expression in B cells. <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 2017, 321, 3-7.	3.0	39
16	Co-Stimulation of BCR and Toll-Like Receptor 7 Increases Somatic Hypermutation, Memory B Cell Formation, and Secondary Antibody Response to Protein Antigen. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017, 8, 1833.	4.8	27
17	Binding of estrogen receptors to switch sites and regulatory elements in the immunoglobulin heavy chain locus of activated B cells suggests a direct influence of estrogen on antibody expression. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2016, 77, 97-102.	2.2	42
18	DNA polymerase δ functions in the generation of tandem mutations during somatic hypermutation of antibody genes. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2016, 213, 1675-1683.	8.5	27

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19	F10 cytotoxicity via topoisomerase I cleavage complex repair consistent with a unique mechanism for thymineless death. <i>Future Oncology</i> , 2016, 12, 2183-2188.	2.4	10
20	Antibody diversification caused by disrupted mismatch repair and promiscuous DNA polymerases. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2016, 38, 110-116.	2.8	53
21	ATM deficiency promotes development of murine B-cell lymphomas that resemble diffuse large B-cell lymphoma in humans. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 2291-2301.	1.4	13
22	Exceptional Antibodies Produced by Successive Immunizations. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2015, 13, e1002321.	5.6	0
23	ATAD5 Deficiency Decreases B Cell Division and <i>Igh</i> Recombination. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2015, 194, 35-42.	0.8	10
24	Defective Repair of Uracil Causes Telomere Defects in Mouse Hematopoietic Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 5502-5511.	3.4	23
25	Topoisomerase I deficiency causes RNA polymerase II accumulation and increases AID abundance in immunoglobulin variable genes. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2015, 30, 46-52.	2.8	12
26	Spt5 accumulation at variable genes distinguishes somatic hypermutation in germinal center B cells from ex vivo-activated cells. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2014, 211, 2297-2306.	8.5	43
27	Refining the Neuberger model: Uracil processing by activated B cells. <i>European Journal of Immunology</i> , 2014, 44, 1913-1916.	2.9	18
28	DNA polymerase η generates tandem mutations in immunoglobulin variable regions. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2012, 209, 1075-1081.	8.5	42
29	Does DNA repair occur during somatic hypermutation?. <i>Seminars in Immunology</i> , 2012, 24, 287-292.	5.6	42
30	Different B Cell Populations Mediate Early and Late Memory During an Endogenous Immune Response. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 331, 1203-1207.	12.6	475
31	Uracil residues dependent on the deaminase AID in immunoglobulin gene variable and switch regions. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2011, 12, 70-76.	14.5	106
32	XRCC1 suppresses somatic hypermutation and promotes alternative nonhomologous end joining in <i>Igh</i> genes. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2011, 208, 2209-2216.	8.5	51
33	Controlling somatic hypermutation in immunoglobulin variable and switch regions. <i>Immunologic Research</i> , 2010, 47, 113-122.	2.9	31
34	AID and Somatic Hypermutation. <i>Advances in Immunology</i> , 2010, 105, 159-191.	2.2	186
35	Local Sequence Targeting in the AID/APOBEC Family Differentially Impacts Retroviral Restriction and Antibody Diversification. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2010, 285, 40956-40964.	3.4	71
36	A Portable Hot Spot Recognition Loop Transfers Sequence Preferences from APOBEC Family Members to Activation-induced Cytidine Deaminase. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2009, 284, 22898-22904.	3.4	121

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37	Immunoglobulin switch \hat{I} sequence causes RNA polymerase II accumulation and reduces dA hypermutation. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2009, 206, 1237-1244.	8.5	102
38	Hijacked DNA repair proteins and unchained DNA polymerases. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2009, 364, 605-611.	4.0	27
39	Reevaluation of the role of DNA polymerase \hat{I} , in somatic hypermutation of immunoglobulin genes. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2008, 7, 1603-1608.	2.8	43
40	Activation-induced deaminase-mediated class switch recombination is blocked by anti-IgM signaling in a phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase-dependent fashion. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2008, 45, 1799-1806.	2.2	16
41	Normal hypermutation in antibody genes from congenic mice defective for DNA polymerase \hat{I} . <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2006, 5, 392-398.	2.8	35
42	Antibody Wars: Extreme Diversity. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2006, 177, 4235-4236.	0.8	4
43	MSH2 \hat{I} MSH6 stimulates DNA polymerase \hat{I} , suggesting a role for A:T mutations in antibody genes. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2005, 201, 637-645.	8.5	175
44	Different mutation signatures in DNA polymerase \hat{I} - and MSH6-deficient mice suggest separate roles in antibody diversification. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 8656-8661.	7.1	115
45	DNA Polymerase \hat{I} Contributes to Strand Bias of Mutations of A versus T in Immunoglobulin Genes. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2005, 174, 7781-7786.	0.8	74
46	Absence of DNA Polymerase \hat{I} Reveals Targeting of C Mutations on the Nontranscribed Strand in Immunoglobulin Switch Regions. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2004, 199, 917-924.	8.5	70
47	Immunoglobulin Class Switch Recombination Is Impaired in <i>Atm</i> -deficient Mice. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2004, 200, 1111-1121.	8.5	152
48	A Role for <i>Msh6</i> But Not <i>Msh3</i> in Somatic Hypermutation and Class Switch Recombination. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2004, 200, 61-68.	8.5	153
49	129-derived Strains of Mice Are Deficient in DNA Polymerase \hat{I} and Have Normal Immunoglobulin Hypermutation. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2003, 198, 635-643.	8.5	169
50	Third complementarity-determining region of mutated VH immunoglobulin genes contains shorter V, D, J, P, and N components than non-mutated genes. <i>Immunology</i> , 2001, 103, 179-187.	4.4	71
51	Impact of age on hypermutation of immunoglobulin variable genes in humans. <i>Journal of Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 21, 102-115.	3.8	28
52	DNA polymerase \hat{I} is an A-T mutator in somatic hypermutation of immunoglobulin variable genes. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2001, 2, 537-541.	14.5	408
53	Altered spectra of hypermutation in DNA repair \hat{I} -deficient mice. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2001, 356, 5-11.	4.0	8
54	Increased Hypermutation at G and C Nucleotides in Immunoglobulin Variable Genes from Mice Deficient in the MSH2 Mismatch Repair Protein. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 1998, 187, 1745-1751.	8.5	170

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55	Insertion of 2 kb of bacteriophage DNA between an immunoglobulin promoter and leader exon stops somatic hypermutation in a I ^g transgene. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 1997, 34, 359-366.	2.2	21
56	Patterns of Somatic Mutations in Immunoglobulin Variable Genes. <i>Genetics</i> , 1987, 115, 169-176.	2.9	153