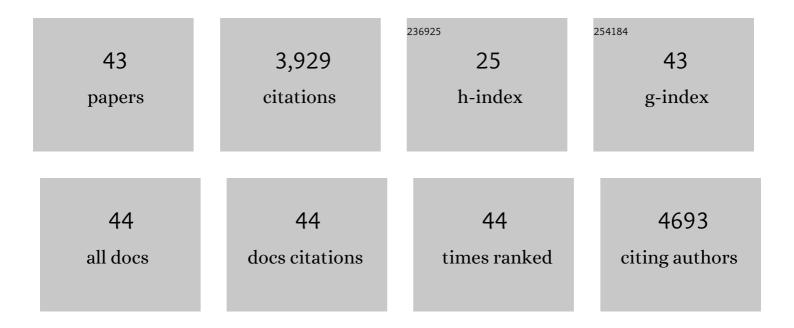
## Michael D De Bellis

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Biological Effects of Childhood Trauma. Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 2014, 23, 185-222.	1.9	559
2	Prefrontal Cortex, Thalamus, and Cerebellar Volumes in Adolescents and Young Adults with Adolescent-Onset Alcohol Use Disorders and Comorbid Mental Disorders. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2005, 29, 1590-1600.	2.4	361
3	Developmental traumatology: a contributory mechanism for alcohol and substance use disorders. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2002, 27, 155-170.	2.7	321
4	Neuropsychological findings in childhood neglect and their relationships to pediatric PTSD. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 2009, 15, 868-878.	1.8	277
5	Cerebellar Volumes in Pediatric Maltreatment-Related Posttraumatic Stress Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2006, 60, 697-703.	1.3	213
6	The National Consortium on Alcohol and NeuroDevelopment in Adolescence (NCANDA): A Multisite Study of Adolescent Development and Substance Use. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2015, 76, 895-908.	1.0	181
7	Amygdala, Hippocampus, and Ventral Medial Prefrontal Cortex Volumes Differ in Maltreated Youth with and without Chronic Posttraumatic Stress Disorder. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 41, 791-801.	5.4	179
8	Superior temporal gyrus volumes in maltreated children and adolescents with ptsd. Biological Psychiatry, 2002, 51, 544-552.	1.3	174
9	Sex differences in brain maturation in maltreatment-related pediatric posttraumatic stress disorder. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2003, 27, 103-117.	6.1	172
10	Biologic findings of post-traumatic stress disorder and child maltreatment. Current Psychiatry Reports, 2003, 5, 108-117.	4.5	136
11	Altered Brain Developmental Trajectories in Adolescents After Initiating Drinking. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 175, 370-380.	7.2	133
12	Superior temporal gyrus volumes in pediatric generalized anxiety disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2002, 51, 553-562.	1.3	123
13	Neurodevelopmental Biology Associated with Childhood Sexual Abuse. Journal of Child Sexual Abuse, 2011, 20, 548-587.	1.3	105
14	Diffusion Tensor Measures of the Corpus Callosum in Adolescents With Adolescent Onset Alcohol Use Disorders. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2008, 32, 395-404.	2.4	97
15	Demographic, Maltreatment, and Neurobiological Correlates of PTSD Symptoms in Children and Adolescents. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2010, 35, 570-577.	2.1	89
16	Harmonizing DTI measurements across scanners to examine the development of white matter microstructure in 803 adolescents of the NCANDA study. NeuroImage, 2016, 130, 194-213.	4.2	85
17	Eveningness and Later Sleep Timing Are Associated with Greater Risk for Alcohol and Marijuana Use in Adolescence: Initial Findings from the National Consortium on Alcohol and Neurodevelopment in Adolescence Study. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2017, 41, 1154-1165.	2.4	75
18	Neural mechanisms of risky decision-making and reward response in adolescent onset cannabis use disorder. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2013, 133, 134-145.	3.2	68

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19	Childhood Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder: An Overview. Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 2005, 14, 745-772.	1.9	61
20	Posterior structural brain volumes differ in maltreated youth with and without chronic posttraumatic stress disorder. Development and Psychopathology, 2015, 27, 1555-1576.	2.3	60
21	Cognitive, emotion control, and motor performance of adolescents in the NCANDA study: Contributions from alcohol consumption, age, sex, ethnicity, and family history of addiction Neuropsychology, 2016, 30, 449-473.	1.3	56
22	Influences of Age, Sex, and Moderate Alcohol Drinking on the Intrinsic Functional Architecture of Adolescent Brains. Cerebral Cortex, 2018, 28, 1049-1063.	2.9	33
23	Distribution of brain iron accrual in adolescence: Evidence from crossâ€sectional and longitudinal analysis. Human Brain Mapping, 2019, 40, 1480-1495.	3.6	33
24	Disturbed Cerebellar Growth Trajectories in Adolescents Who Initiate Alcohol Drinking. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, 632-644.	1.3	32
25	Dimensions of Attention Associated With the Microstructure of Corona Radiata White Matter. Journal of Child Neurology, 2017, 32, 458-466.	1.4	28
26	Neural substrates for processing taskâ€irrelevant emotional distracters in maltreated adolescents with depressive disorders: A pilot study. Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2012, 25, 198-202.	1.8	27
27	Neural Correlates of Rewarded Response Inhibition in Youth at Risk for Problematic Alcohol Use. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2017, 11, 205.	2.0	26
28	Association of Heavy Drinking With Deviant Fiber Tract Development in Frontal Brain Systems in Adolescents. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 407.	11.0	25
29	Adolescent Executive Dysfunction in Daily Life: Relationships to Risks, Brain Structure and Substance Use. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2017, 11, 223.	2.0	23
30	Volumetric trajectories of hippocampal subfields and amygdala nuclei influenced by adolescent alcohol use and lifetime trauma. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 154.	4.8	20
31	Depression in Maltreated Children and Adolescents. Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 2019, 28, 289-302.	1.9	19
32	Impact of Childhood Trauma on Executive Function in Adolescence—Mediating Functional Brain Networks and Prediction of High-Risk Drinking. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2020, 5, 499-509.	1.5	19
33	Structural brain anomalies in healthy adolescents in the NCANDA cohort: relation to neuropsychological test performance, sex, and ethnicity. Brain Imaging and Behavior, 2017, 11, 1302-1315.	2.1	16
34	Sex Differences in the Effect of Nucleus Accumbens Volume on Adolescent Drinking: The Mediating Role of Sensation Seeking in the NCANDA Sample. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2019, 80, 594-601.	1.0	16
35	Effects of prior testing lasting a full year in NCANDA adolescents: Contributions from age, sex, socioeconomic status, ethnicity, site, family history of alcohol or drug abuse, and baseline performance. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2017, 24, 72-83.	4.0	15
36	Adolescent alcohol use disrupts functional neurodevelopment in sensation seeking girls. Addiction Biology, 2021, 26, e12914.	2.6	12

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37	Risk for depression tripled during the COVID-19 pandemic in emerging adults followed for the last 8 years. Psychological Medicine, 2023, 53, 2156-2163.	4.5	12
38	A Pilot Study of Neurocognitive Function and Brain Structures in Adolescents With Alcohol Use Disorders: Does Maltreatment History Matter?. Child Maltreatment, 2019, 24, 374-388.	3.3	11
39	Alpha EEG asymmetry, childhood maltreatment, and problem behaviors: A pilot home-based study. Child Abuse and Neglect, 2020, 101, 104358.	2.6	11
40	An examination of sex differences on neurocognitive functioning and behavior problems in maltreated youth Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 2018, 10, 435-443.	2.1	10
41	Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms Predict Transition to Future Adolescent and Young Adult Moderate to Heavy Drinking in the NCANDA Sample. Current Addiction Reports, 2020, 7, 99-107.	3.4	8
42	Longitudinal Impact of Life Events on Adolescent Binge Drinking in the National Consortium on Alcohol and Neurodevelopment in Adolescence (NCANDA). Substance Use and Misuse, 2020, 55, 1846-1855.	1.4	5
43	Remodeling of the Cortical Structural Connectome in Posttraumatic Stress Disorder: Results From the ENIGMA-PGC Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Consortium. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2022, 7, 935-948.	1.5	2