George David Batty

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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579 papers 37,025 citations

100 h-index 157 g-index

616 all docs

616 docs citations

616 times ranked

42025 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 1491-1497.	13.7	786
2	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603 838 individuals. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	13.7	529
3	Earlyâ€life determinants of overweight and obesity: a review of systematic reviews. Obesity Reviews, 2010, 11, 695-708.	6.5	482
4	Association between psychological distress and mortality: individual participant pooled analysis of 10 prospective cohort studies. BMJ, The, 2012, 345, e4933-e4933.	6.0	457
5	Type 2 Diabetes as a Risk Factor for Dementia in Women Compared With Men: A Pooled Analysis of 2.3 Million People Comprising More Than 100,000 Cases of Dementia. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 300-307.	8.6	450
6	Vitamin D and the risk of dementia and Alzheimer disease. Neurology, 2014, 83, 920-928.	1.1	439
7	Healthy dietary indices and risk of depressive outcomes: a systematic review and meta-analysis of observational studies. Molecular Psychiatry, 2019, 24, 965-986.	7.9	427
8	Lifestyle risk factors, inflammatory mechanisms, and COVID-19 hospitalization: A community-based cohort study of 387,109 adults in UK. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2020, 87, 184-187.	4.1	423
9	Premorbid (early life) IQ and Later Mortality Risk: Systematic Review. Annals of Epidemiology, 2007, 17, 278-288.	1.9	406
10	Intelligence and Personality as Predictors of Illness and Death. Psychological Science in the Public Interest: A Journal of the American Psychological Society, 2010, 11, 53-79.	10.7	390
11	Vitamin D, cognition, and dementia. Neurology, 2012, 79, 1397-1405.	1.1	384
12	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120†813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e277-e285.	10.0	375
13	Comparison of risk factor associations in UK Biobank against representative, general population based studies with conventional response rates: prospective cohort study and individual participant meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2020, 368, m131.	6.0	363
14	Frailty, Body Mass Index, and Abdominal Obesity in Older People. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2010, 65A, 377-381.	3.6	362
15	Measures of frailty in population-based studies: an overview. BMC Geriatrics, 2013, 13, 64.	2.7	352
16	Effect of breast feeding on intelligence in children: prospective study, sibling pairs analysis, and meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 333, 945.	2.3	345
17	Association between socioeconomic status and the development of mental and physical health conditions in adulthood: a multi-cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2020, 5, e140-e149.	10.0	332
18	Effect of body mass index and alcohol consumption on liver disease: analysis of data from two prospective cohort studies. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, c1240-c1240.	2.3	325

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19	Influence of Individual and Combined Health Behaviors on Total and Cause-Specific Mortality in Men and Women. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2010, 170, 711.	3.8	319
20	Body mass index, waist circumference and waist–hip ratio: which is the better discriminator of cardiovascular disease mortality risk? Evidence from an individualâ€participant metaâ€analysis of 82â€∫864 participants from nine cohort studies. Obesity Reviews, 2011, 12, 680-687.	6. 5	317
21	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. Psychological Medicine, 2017, 47, 1342-1356.	4.5	314
22	Body mass index and risk of dementia: Analysis of individualâ€level data from 1.3 million individuals. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2018, 14, 601-609.	0.8	284
23	Intelligence in youth and all-cause-mortality: systematic review with meta-analysis. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 40, 626-644.	1.9	278
24	Metabolically Healthy Obesity and Risk of Mortality. Diabetes Care, 2013, 36, 2294-2300.	8.6	278
25	Personality and All-Cause Mortality: Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 3,947 Deaths in 76,150 Adults. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 667-675.	3.4	257
26	Psychological distress in relation to site specific cancer mortality: pooling of unpublished data from 16 prospective cohort studies. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 356, j108.	2.3	245
27	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e490-e497.	10.0	241
28	Long Working Hours and Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 586-596.	3.4	230
29	Effort–Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease. Epidemiology, 2017, 28, 619-626.	2.7	224
30	Physical Activity and Inflammatory Markers Over 10 Years. Circulation, 2012, 126, 928-933.	1.6	213
31	Bright Children Become Enlightened Adults. Psychological Science, 2008, 19, 1-6.	3.3	211
32	Life course epidemiology: recognising the importance of adolescence. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2015, 69, 719-720.	3.7	210
33	Stroke and dementia risk: A systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2018, 14, 1416-1426.	0.8	210
34	Body-mass index and cancer mortality in the Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration: pooled analyses of 424â€^519 participants. Lancet Oncology, The, 2010, 11, 741-752.	10.7	208
35	Height, wealth, and health: An overview with new data from three longitudinal studies. Economics and Human Biology, 2009, 7, 137-152.	1.7	205
36	Personality and smoking: individualâ€participant metaâ€analysis of nine cohort studies. Addiction, 2015, 110, 1844-1852.	3.3	205

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37	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Leisure-Time Physical Inactivity: An Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of Up to 170,000 Men and Women: The IPD-Work Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 1078-1089.	3.4	198
38	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222â€^120 individuals. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 27-34.	11.4	197
39	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Type 2 Diabetes: A Pooled Analysis of 124,808 Men and Women. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2268-2275.	8.6	185
40	Cognitive function trajectories and their determinants in older people: 8 years of follow-up in the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2018, 72, 685-694.	3.7	184
41	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f4746-f4746.	6.0	181
42	Inflammation and Specific Symptoms of Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 87.	11.0	179
43	Association of body size and muscle strength with incidence of coronary heart disease and cerebrovascular diseases: a population-based cohort study of one million Swedish men. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 38, 110-118.	1.9	178
44	Association of personality with the development and persistence of obesity: a metaâ€analysis based on individual–participant data. Obesity Reviews, 2013, 14, 315-323.	6.5	176
45	Ethnic disparities in hospitalisation for COVID-19 in England: The role of socioeconomic factors, mental health, and inflammatory and pro-inflammatory factors in a community-based cohort study. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2020, 88, 44-49.	4.1	174
46	Personality and alcohol consumption: Pooled analysis of 72,949 adults from eight cohort studies. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 151, 110-114.	3.2	173
47	Overweight, obesity, and risk of hospitalization for COVID-19: A community-based cohort study of adults in the United Kingdom. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 21011-21013.	7.1	171
48	Socio-economic status is associated with epigenetic differences in the pSoBid cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 151-160.	1.9	169
49	Physical inactivity, cardiometabolic disease, and risk of dementia: an individual-participant meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, l1495.	2.3	168
50	Antidepressant Medication Use, Weight Gain, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 2611-2616.	8.6	165
51	Neighborhood Deprivation, Individual Socioeconomic Status, and Cognitive Function in Older People: Analyses from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2008, 56, 191-198.	2.6	162
52	Childhood IQ in relation to obesity and weight gain in adult life: the National Child Development (1958) Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2006, 30, 1422-1432.	3.4	159
53	Association of Lifecourse Socioeconomic Status with Chronic Inflammation and Type 2 Diabetes Risk: The Whitehall II Prospective Cohort Study. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001479.	8.4	158
54	Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentration and Cognitive Impairment. Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry and Neurology, 2009, 22, 188-195.	2.3	152

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55	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	6.0	152
56	Uncovering Treatment Burden as a Key Concept for Stroke Care: A Systematic Review of Qualitative Research. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001473.	8.4	150
57	The Natural Course of Healthy Obesity Over 20ÂYears. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2015, 65, 101-102.	2.8	150
58	Generalized Anxiety Disorder, Major Depressive Disorder, and Their Comorbidity as Predictors of All-Cause and Cardiovascular Mortality: The Vietnam Experience Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2009, 71, 395-403.	2.0	149
59	A Genome-Wide Association Study of Depressive Symptoms. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 73, 667-678.	1.3	149
60	Individual and Area-Based Socioeconomic Factors Associated With Dementia Incidence in England. JAMA Psychiatry, 2018, 75, 723.	11.0	145
61	Job Strain and Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors: Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 47,000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e67323.	2.5	144
62	Geographical variation in dementia: systematic review with meta-analysis. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 1012-1032.	1.9	142
63	Blood Pressure in Early Adulthood, Hypertension in Middle Age, and Future Cardiovascular Disease Mortality. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 58, 2396-2403.	2.8	141
64	Depression and type 2 diabetes: a causal association?. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2014, 2, 236-245.	11.4	140
65	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 760.	5.1	140
66	Does IQ explain socioeconomic inequalities in health? Evidence from a population based cohort study in the west of Scotland. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 332, 580-584.	2.3	137
67	IQ in Early Adulthood and Mortality By Middle Age. Epidemiology, 2009, 20, 100-109.	2.7	137
68	Comparison of alternative versions of the job demand-control scales in 17 European cohort studies: the IPD-Work consortium. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 62.	2.9	137
69	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2018, 44, 239-250.	3.4	135
70	Depression Among Older Adults in the United States and England. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2010, 18, 1036-1044.	1.2	133
71	Job strain in relation to body mass index: pooled analysis of 160 000 adults from 13 cohort studies. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2012, 272, 65-73.	6.0	132
72	Association of body mass index and waist-to-hip ratio with brain structure. Neurology, 2019, 92, e594-e600.	1.1	130

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73	Intelligence in Early Adulthood and Subsequent Hospitalization for Mental Disorders. Epidemiology, 2010, 21, 70-77.	2.7	128
74	Contribution of smoking-related and alcohol-related deaths to the gender gap in mortality: evidence from 30 European countries. Tobacco Control, 2011, 20, 166-168.	3.2	127
75	Childhood intelligence in relation to major causes of death in 68 year follow-up: prospective population study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 357, j2708.	2.3	125
76	Stroke, multimorbidity and polypharmacy in a nationally representative sample of 1,424,378 patients in Scotland: implications for treatment burden. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 151.	5.5	124
77	Childhood IQ in relation to risk factors for premature mortality in middle-aged persons: the Aberdeen Children of the 1950s study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 241-247.	3.7	123
78	Antidepressant medication use and future risk of cardiovascular disease: the Scottish Health Survey. European Heart Journal, 2011, 32, 437-442.	2.2	123
79	Personality and risk of diabetes in adults: Pooled analysis of 5 cohort studies Health Psychology, 2014, 33, 1618-1621.	1.6	123
80	Accuracy of adults' recall of childhood social class: findings from the Aberdeen children of the 1950s study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2005, 59, 898-903.	3.7	122
81	Obesity and overweight in relation to organ-specific cancer mortality in London (UK): findings from the original Whitehall study. International Journal of Obesity, 2005, 29, 1267-1274.	3.4	121
82	Contribution of modifiable risk factors to social inequalities in type 2 diabetes: prospective Whitehall II cohort study. BMJ, The, 2012, 345, e5452-e5452.	6.0	121
83	Depression as a Risk Factor for the Initial Presentation of Twelve Cardiac, Cerebrovascular, and Peripheral Arterial Diseases: Data Linkage Study of 1.9 Million Women and Men. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153838.	2.5	121
84	Accelerated Telomere Attrition Is Associated with Relative Household Income, Diet and Inflammation in the pSoBid Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e22521.	2.5	120
85	Early life intelligence and adult health. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 329, 585-586.	2.3	119
86	Hypertension Awareness and Psychological Distress. Hypertension, 2010, 56, 547-550.	2.7	119
87	Cognitive Ability in Early Adulthood and Risk of 5 Specific Psychiatric Disorders in Middle Age. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2008, 65, 1410.	12.3	118
88	Locus of Control at Age 10 Years and Health Outcomes and Behaviors at Age 30 Years: The 1970 British Cohort Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2008, 70, 397-403.	2.0	118
89	Diabetes status and post-load plasma glucose concentration in relation to site-specific cancer mortality: findings from the original Whitehall study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2004, 15, 873-881.	1.8	117
90	Adherence to healthy dietary guidelines and future depressive symptoms: evidence for sex differentials in the Whitehall II study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 419-427.	4.7	117

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91	The association between IQ in adolescence and a range of health outcomes at 40 in the 1979 US National Longitudinal Study of Youth. Intelligence, 2009, 37, 573-580.	3.0	116
92	Socioeconomic Differences in Cardiometabolic Factors: Social Causation or Health-related Selection? Evidence From the Whitehall II Cohort Study, 1991–2004. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 174, 779-789.	3 . 4	116
93	A non-exercise testing method for estimating cardiorespiratory fitness: associations with all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in a pooled analysis of eight population-based cohorts. European Heart Journal, 2013, 34, 750-758.	2.2	116
94	Job Strain and Health-Related Lifestyle: Findings From an Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 118 000 Working Adults. American Journal of Public Health, 2013, 103, 2090-2097.	2.7	114
95	Mental ability across childhood in relation to risk factors for premature mortality in adult life: the 1970 British Cohort Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 997-1003.	3.7	113
96	Childhood Mental Ability in Relation to Food Intake and Physical Activity in Adulthood: The 1970 British Cohort Study. Pediatrics, 2007, 119, e38-e45.	2.1	113
97	Social status, cognitive ability, and educational attainment as predictors of liberal social attitudes and political trust. Intelligence, 2010, 38, 144-150.	3.0	112
98	Work stress and risk of cancer: meta-analysis of 5700 incident cancer events in 116 000 European men and women. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f165-f165.	6.0	112
99	Socio-economic position and coronary heart disease risk factors in children and young people: Evidence from UK epidemiological studies. European Journal of Public Health, 2002, 12, 263-272.	0.3	109
100	Comparison of waist-to-hip ratio and other obesity indices as predictors of cardiovascular disease risk in people with type-2 diabetes: a prospective cohort study from ADVANCE. European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, 2011, 18, 312-319.	2.8	108
101	Childhood intelligence in relation to adult coronary heart disease and stroke risk: evidence from a Danish birth cohort study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2005, 19, 452-459.	1.7	107
102	Stability of metabolically healthy obesity over 8 years: the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2015, 173, 703-708.	3.7	107
103	Early life predictors of childhood intelligence: findings from the Mater-University study of pregnancy and its outcomes. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2006, 20, 148-162.	1.7	106
104	Risk Models to Predict Hypertension: A Systematic Review. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e67370.	2.5	106
105	Effect of Maternal Smoking During Pregnancy on Offspring's Cognitive Ability: Empirical Evidence for Complete Confounding in the US National Longitudinal Survey of Youth. Pediatrics, 2006, 118, 943-950.	2.1	105
106	Cognitive function and psychological well-being: findings from a population-based cohort. Age and Ageing, 2008, 37, 685-689.	1.6	105
107	Risk of future depression in people who are obese but metabolically healthy: the English longitudinal study of ageing. Molecular Psychiatry, 2012, 17, 940-945.	7.9	105
108	Childhood intelligence predicts voter turnout, voting preferences, and political involvement in adulthood: The 1970 British Cohort Study. Intelligence, 2008, 36, 548-555.	3.0	104

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109	Interventions for the prevention of overweight and obesity in preschool children: a systematic review of randomized controlled trials. Obesity Reviews, 2011, 12, e107-18.	6.5	104
110	Increased risk of coronary heart disease among individuals reporting adverse impact of stress on their health: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2013, 34, 2697-2705.	2.2	103
111	Physical fitness and lifetime cognitive change. Neurology, 2006, 67, 1195-1200.	1.1	102
112	Job Strain and Tobacco Smoking: An Individual-Participant Data Meta-Analysis of 166 130 Adults in 15 European Studies. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e35463.	2.5	102
113	Physical Fitness and Physical Activity at Age 13 Years as Predictors of Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors at Ages 15, 25, 33, and 40 Years: Extended Follow-up of the Oslo Youth Study. Pediatrics, 2009, 123, e80-e86.	2.1	101
114	Oral Disease in Relation to Future Risk of Dementia and Cognitive Decline: Prospective Cohort Study Based on the Action in Diabetes and Vascular Disease: Preterax and Diamicron Modified-Release Controlled Evaluation (Advance) Trial. European Psychiatry, 2013, 28, 49-52.	0.2	101
115	Common mental disorder and obesity: insight from four repeat measures over 19 years: prospective Whitehall II cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b3765-b3765.	2.3	100
116	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2018, 6, 705-713.	11.4	100
117	Cognitive epidemiology. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 378-384.	3.7	99
118	Association of Cognitive Function With Cause-Specific Mortality in Middle and Older Age: Follow-up of Participants in the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 183-190.	3.4	98
119	Physical activity and cause-specific mortality in the Whitehall study. Public Health, 2000, 114, 308-315.	2.9	98
120	Emotionally Stable, Intelligent Men Live Longer: The Vietnam Experience Study Cohort. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2009, 71, 385-394.	2.0	97
121	Job Strain and the Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2015, 46, 557-559.	2.0	97
122	Best-practice interventions to reduce socioeconomic inequalities of coronary heart disease mortality in UK: a prospective occupational cohort study. Lancet, The, 2008, 372, 1648-1654.	13.7	96
123	Socioeconomic status as a risk factor for dementia death: individual participant meta-analysis of 86 508 men and women from the UK. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 203, 10-17.	2.8	96
124	Is Socioeconomic Status Associated With Biological Aging as Measured by Telomere Length?. Epidemiologic Reviews, 2013, 35, 98-111.	3.5	95
125	Associations of job strain and lifestyle risk factors with risk of coronary artery disease: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. Cmaj, 2013, 185, 763-769.	2.0	95
126	Long-term inflammation increases risk of common mental disorder: a cohort study. Molecular Psychiatry, 2014, 19, 149-150.	7.9	95

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127	Childhood IQ in relation to later psychiatric disorder. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 187, 180-181.	2.8	94
128	Erectile Dysfunction and Later Cardiovascular Disease in Men With Type 2 Diabetes. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2010, 56, 1908-1913.	2.8	94
129	Physical activity and coronary heart disease in older adults: A systematic review of epidemiological studies. European Journal of Public Health, 2002, 12, 171-176.	0.3	93
130	Predictive utility of the Framingham general cardiovascular disease risk profile for cognitive function: evidence from the Whitehall II study. European Heart Journal, 2011, 32, 2326-2332.	2.2	93
131	Psychosocial characteristics as potential predictors of suicide in adults: an overview of the evidence with new results from prospective cohort studies. Translational Psychiatry, 2018, 8, 22.	4.8	93
132	Job Strain and Alcohol Intake: A Collaborative Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 140 000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e40101.	2.5	93
133	The Aberdeen Children of the 1950s cohort study: background, methods and follow-up information on a new resource for the study of life course and intergenerational influences on health. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2004, 18, 221-239.	1.7	92
134	Early life socioeconomic adversity is associated in adult life with chronic inflammation, carotid atherosclerosis, poorer lung function and decreased cognitive performance: a cross-sectional, population-based study. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 42.	2.9	92
135	Psychosocial factors and hospitalisations for COVID-19: Prospective cohort study based on a community sample. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2020, 89, 569-578.	4.1	92
136	Resting heart rate and the risk of death and cardiovascular complications in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 1283-1290.	6.3	91
137	Association of C-Reactive Protein With Cardiovascular Disease Mortality According to Diabetes Status. Diabetes Care, 2012, 35, 396-403.	8.6	90
138	Shift Work as a Risk Factor for Future Type 2 Diabetes: Evidence, Mechanisms, Implications, and Future Research Directions. PLoS Medicine, 2011, 8, e1001138.	8.4	89
139	Association of metabolically healthy obesity with depressive symptoms: pooled analysis of eight studies. Molecular Psychiatry, 2014, 19, 910-914.	7.9	89
140	Childhood IQ and life course socioeconomic position in relation to alcohol induced hangovers in adulthood: the Aberdeen children of the 1950s study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2006, 60, 872-874.	3.7	87
141	Generalized Anxiety Disorder Is Associated with Metabolic Syndrome in the Vietnam Experience Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 91-93.	1.3	87
142	Education as a Predictor of Chronic Periodontitis: A Systematic Review with Meta-Analysis Population-Based Studies. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e21508.	2.5	87
143	Generalizability of Occupational Cohort Study Findings. Epidemiology, 2014, 25, 932-933.	2.7	86
144	Association Between Psychological Distress and Liver Disease Mortality: A Meta-analysis of Individual Study Participants. Gastroenterology, 2015, 148, 958-966.e4.	1.3	85

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145	The Alcohol Hangover Research Group Consensus Statement on Best Practice in Alcohol Hangover Research. Current Drug Abuse Reviews, 2010, 3, 116-126.	3.4	85
146	The association between resting heart rate, cardiovascular disease and mortality: evidence from 112,680 men and women in 12 cohorts. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2014, 21, 719-726.	1.8	83
147	Intelligence in childhood and risk of psychological distress in adulthood: The 1958 National Child Development Survey and the 1970 British Cohort Study. Intelligence, 2009, 37, 592-599.	3.0	82
148	Exposure to secondhand smoke and cognitive impairment in non-smokers: national cross sectional study with cotinine measurement. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b462-b462.	2.3	82
149	Generalized Anxiety and Major Depressive Disorders, Their Comorbidity and Hypertension in Middle-Aged Men. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2010, 72, 16-19.	2.0	82
150	Validating the Framingham Hypertension Risk Score. Hypertension, 2009, 54, 496-501.	2.7	81
151	Cohort Profile: The Scottish Health Surveys Cohort: linkage of study participants to routinely collected records for mortality, hospital discharge, cancer and offspring birth characteristics in three nationwide studies. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 39, 345-350.	1.9	81
152	Pre-morbid intelligence, the metabolic syndrome and mortality: the Vietnam Experience Study. Diabetologia, 2008, 51, 436-443.	6.3	80
153	IQ in late adolescence/early adulthood, risk factors in middle age and later all-cause mortality in men: the Vietnam Experience Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, 522-531.	3.7	79
154	Using Additional Information on Working Hours to Predict Coronary Heart Disease. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2011, 154, 457.	3.9	79
155	Physical activity and cause-specific mortality in men with Type 2 diabetes/impaired glucose tolerance: evidence from the Whitehall study. Diabetic Medicine, 2002, 19, 580-588.	2.3	78
156	Early life predictors of childhood intelligence: evidence from the Aberdeen children of the 1950s study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2005, 59, 656-663.	3.7	78
157	Childhood Socioeconomic Position, Educational Attainment, and Adult Cardiovascular Risk Factors: The Aberdeen Children of the 1950s Cohort Study. American Journal of Public Health, 2005, 95, 1245-1251.	2.7	77
158	Cigarette smoking and site-specific cancer mortality: testing uncertain associations using extended follow-up of the original Whitehall study. Annals of Oncology, 2008, 19, 996-1002.	1.2	77
159	Socioeconomic disadvantage and disease-specific mortality in Asia: systematic review with meta-analysis of population-based cohort studies. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 375-383.	3.7	77
160	Adult height and the risks of cardiovascular disease and major causes of death in the Asia-Pacific region: 21 000 deaths in 510 000 men and women. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 38, 1060-1071.	1.9	76
161	Is bipolar disorder more common in highly intelligent people? A cohort study of a million men. Molecular Psychiatry, 2013, 18, 190-194.	7.9	76
162	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2621-2628.	2.2	76

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163	Adult height in relation to mortality from 14 cancer sites in men in London (UK): evidence from the original Whitehall study. Annals of Oncology, 2006, 17, 157-166.	1.2	75
164	Framingham Stroke Risk Profile and poor cognitive function: a population-based study. BMC Neurology, 2008, 8, 12.	1.8	75
165	More Intelligent, More Dependable Children Live Longer. Psychological Science, 2008, 19, 874-880.	3.3	75
166	Objectively Assessed Secondhand Smoke Exposure and Mental Health in Adults. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2010, 67, 850.	12.3	75
167	Associations of diabetes mellitus with site-specific cancer mortality in the Asia-Pacific region. Annals of Oncology, 2011, 22, 730-738.	1.2	75
168	Parathyroid Hormone, Cognitive Function and Dementia: A Systematic Review. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127574.	2.5	73
169	Extending Employment beyond the Pensionable Age: A Cohort Study of the Influence of Chronic Diseases, Health Risk Factors, and Working Conditions. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88695.	2.5	73
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