## Betty Jo Salmeron

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7994695/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

64 papers 4,695

147801 31 h-index 58 g-index

71 all docs

71 docs citations

times ranked

71

5454 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Not all smokers are alike: the hidden cost of sustained attention during nicotine abstinence. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2022, 47, 1633-1642.	5.4	O
2	Time-Varying Functional Connectivity Decreases as a Function of Acute Nicotine Abstinence. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2021, 6, 459-469.	1.5	3
3	Functional connectivity of dorsolateral prefrontal cortex predicts cocaine relapse: implications for neuromodulation treatment. Brain Communications, 2021, 3, fcab120.	3.3	14
4	Heterogeneity Exists in Healthy Populations as Well as in Neuropsychiatric Disorders. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2021, 6, 501-502.	1.5	0
5	Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation Delivered With an Hâ€Coil to the Right Insula Reduces Functional Connectivity Between Insula and Medial Prefrontal Cortex. Neuromodulation, 2020, 23, 384-392.	0.8	5
6	Measuring the Effect of Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation (tDCS) on Large-Scale Brain Networks With Simultaneous Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI). Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S412.	1.3	2
7	Nicotine dependence (trait) and acute nicotinic stimulation (state) modulate attention but not inhibitory control: converging fMRI evidence from Go–Nogo and Flanker tasks. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2020, 45, 857-865.	5.4	14
8	Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation Applied to the Dorsolateral and Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortices in Smokers Modifies Cognitive Circuits Implicated in the Nicotine Withdrawal Syndrome. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2020, 5, 448-460.	1.5	8
9	Transcranial electrical and magnetic stimulation (tES and TMS) for addiction medicine: A consensus paper on the present state of the science and the road ahead. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2019, 104, 118-140.	6.1	198
10	Habenular and striatal activity during performance feedback are differentially linked with state-like and trait-like aspects of tobacco use disorder. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaax2084.	10.3	16
10	Habenular and striatal activity during performance feedback are differentially linked with state-like and trait-like aspects of tobacco use disorder. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaax2084.  Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.	2.8	16 37
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11	and trait-like aspects of tobacco use disorder. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaax2084.  Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.  Compulsive drug use is associated with imbalance of orbitofrontal- and prelimbic-striatal circuits in punishment-resistant individuals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United	2.8	37
11 12	and trait-like aspects of tobacco use disorder. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaax2084.  Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.  Compulsive drug use is associated with imbalance of orbitofrontal- and prelimbic-striatal circuits in punishment-resistant individuals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 9066-9071.  Mega-Analysis of Gray Matter Volume in Substance Dependence: General and Substance-Specific	2.8 7.1	37 66
11 12 13	Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.  Compulsive drug use is associated with imbalance of orbitofrontal- and prelimbic-striatal circuits in punishment-resistant individuals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 9066-9071.  Mega-Analysis of Gray Matter Volume in Substance Dependence: General and Substance-Specific Regional Effects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 119-128.  Evidence of subgroups in smokers as revealed in clinical measures and evaluated by neuroimaging	2.8 7.1 7.2	37 66 190
11 12 13	Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.  Compulsive drug use is associated with imbalance of orbitofrontal- and prelimbic-striatal circuits in punishment-resistant individuals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 9066-9071.  Mega-Analysis of Gray Matter Volume in Substance Dependence: General and Substance-Specific Regional Effects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 119-128.  Evidence of subgroups in smokers as revealed in clinical measures and evaluated by neuroimaging data: a preliminary study. Addiction Biology, 2019, 24, 777-786.	2.8 7.1 7.2 2.6	37 66 190 7
11 12 13 14	Accelerated Intermittent Theta-Burst Stimulation as a Treatment for Cocaine Use Disorder: A Proof-of-Concept Study. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 1147.  Compulsive drug use is associated with imbalance of orbitofrontal- and prelimbic-striatal circuits in punishment-resistant individuals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 9066-9071.  Mega-Analysis of Gray Matter Volume in Substance Dependence: General and Substance-Specific Regional Effects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 176, 119-128.  Evidence of subgroups in smokers as revealed in clinical measures and evaluated by neuroimaging data: a preliminary study. Addiction Biology, 2019, 24, 777-786.  Report of transient events in a cocaine-dependent volunteer who received iTBS. Brain Stimulation, 2018, 11, 631-633.  Nicotine Abstinence Influences the Calculation of Salience in Discrete Insular Circuits. Biological	2.8 7.1 7.2 2.6 1.6	37 66 190 7

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19	Neural Signatures of Cognitive Flexibility and Reward Sensitivity Following Nicotinic Receptor Stimulation in Dependent Smokers. JAMA Psychiatry, 2017, 74, 632.	11.0	38
20	Salience and default mode network dysregulation in chronic cocaine users predict treatment outcome. Brain, 2017, 140, 1513-1524.	7.6	62
21	Brief rTMS delivered by H-Coil to a healthy volunteer induced delayed, transient hypomanic symptoms: A case report. Brain Stimulation, 2017, 10, 992-993.	1.6	0
22	Dissociable Effects of Cocaine Dependence on Reward Processes: The Role of Acute Cocaine and Craving. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 736-747.	5.4	8
23	Insula Demonstrates a Non-Linear Response to Varying Demand for Cognitive Control and Weaker Resting Connectivity With the Executive Control Network in Smokers. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 41, 2557-2565.	5.4	39
24	Interpretation of prenatal drug exposure functional imaging data. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2015, 52, 58-59.	2.4	1
25	Probing the Dynamic Updating of Value in Schizophrenia Using a Sensory-Specific Satiety Paradigm. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2015, 41, 1115-1122.	4.3	12
26	Interactions between the Salience and Default-Mode Networks Are Disrupted in Cocaine Addiction. Journal of Neuroscience, 2015, 35, 8081-8090.	3.6	108
27	Greater externalizing personality traits predict less errorâ€related insula and anterior cingulate cortex activity in acutely abstinent cigarette smokers. Addiction Biology, 2015, 20, 377-389.	2.6	24
28	Reward Anticipation Is Differentially Modulated by Varenicline and Nicotine in Smokers. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 2038-2046.	5.4	32
29	The Emotional Nature of Rescue Medicine Assessments. American Journal of Bioethics, 2015, 15, 27-29.	0.9	1
30	Prenatal drug exposure to illicit drugs alters working memory-related brain activity and underlying network properties in adolescence. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2015, 48, 69-77.	2.4	18
31	Impaired Functional Connectivity Within and Between Frontostriatal Circuits and Its Association With Compulsive Drug Use and Trait Impulsivity in Cocaine Addiction. JAMA Psychiatry, 2015, 72, 584.	11.0	177
32	Applications of MRI to Psychopharmacology. , 2015, , 505-524.		0
33	Cortico-Amygdala Coupling as a Marker of Early Relapse Risk in Cocaine-Addicted Individuals. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2014, 5, 16.	2.6	63
34	Temporal Difference Error Prediction Signal Dysregulation in Cocaine Dependence. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 39, 1732-1742.	5.4	25
35	Relations among prospective memory, cognitive abilities, and brain structure in adolescents who vary in prenatal drug exposure. Journal of Experimental Child Psychology, 2014, 127, 144-162.	1.4	14
36	Complexity of oxytocin׳s effects in a chronic cocaine dependent population. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 24, 1483-1491.	0.7	44

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37	Gender differences in neural–behavioral response to self-observation during a novel fMRI social stress task. Neuropsychologia, 2014, 53, 257-263.	1.6	33
38	Insula's functional connectivity with ventromedial prefrontal cortex mediates the impact of trait alexithymia on state tobacco craving. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 228, 143-155.	3.1	80
39	Prefrontal white matter impairment in substance users depends upon the catechol-o-methyl transferase (COMT) val158met polymorphism. NeuroImage, 2013, 69, 62-69.	4.2	23
40	Acute Nicotine Differentially Impacts Anticipatory Valence- and Magnitude-Related Striatal Activity. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 73, 280-288.	1.3	55
41	Down-Regulation of Amygdala and Insula Functional Circuits by Varenicline and Nicotine in Abstinent Cigarette Smokers. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 74, 538-546.	1.3	120
42	Individual differences in amygdala reactivity following nicotinic receptor stimulation in abstinent smokers. Neurolmage, 2013, 66, 585-593.	4.2	23
43	Nicotine Enhances Alerting, but not Executive, Attention in Smokers and Nonsmokers. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2013, 15, 277-281.	2.6	21
44	A preliminary study suggests that nicotine and prefrontal dopamine affect corticoâ€striatal areas in smokers with performance feedback. Genes, Brain and Behavior, 2013, 12, 554-563.	2.2	7
45	The Roles of Reward, Default, and Executive Control Networks in Set-Shifting Impairments in Schizophrenia. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57257.	2.5	109
46	Chronic Exposure to Nicotine Is Associated with Reduced Reward-Related Activity in the Striatum but not the Midbrain. Biological Psychiatry, 2012, 71, 206-213.	1.3	59
47	Memory ability and hippocampal volume in adolescents with prenatal drug exposure. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2012, 34, 434-441.	2.4	20
48	Anatomical differences and network characteristics underlying smoking cue reactivity. NeuroImage, 2011, 54, 131-141.	4.2	84
49	Factors underlying prefrontal and insula structural alterations in smokers. Neurolmage, 2011, 54, 42-48.	4.2	168
50	Single subject taskâ€related BOLD signal artifact in a realâ€time fMRI feedback paradigm. Human Brain Mapping, 2011, 32, 592-600.	3.6	11
51	Nicotine Enhances but Does Not Normalize Visual Sustained Attention and the Associated Brain Network in Schizophrenia. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2011, 37, 416-425.	4.3	57
52	Applications of MRI to Psychopharmacology., 2011,, 671-686.		0
53	A genetically modulated, intrinsic cingulate circuit supports human nicotine addiction. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 13509-13514.	7.1	154
54	Abnormal Responses to Monetary Outcomes in Cortex, but not in the Basal Ganglia, in Schizophrenia. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2010, 35, 2427-2439.	5.4	137

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55	Mesocorticolimbic circuits are impaired in chronic cocaine users as demonstrated by resting-state functional connectivity. Neurolmage, 2010, 53, 593-601.	4.2	280
56	Patients with Schizophrenia have a Reduced Neural Response to Both Unpredictable and Predictable Primary Reinforcers. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 1567-1577.	5.4	166
57	Association of Nicotine Addiction and Nicotine's Actions With Separate Cingulate Cortex Functional Circuits. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 431.	12.3	238
58	Lower glutamate levels in rostral anterior cingulate of chronic cocaine users $\hat{a} \in \text{``A 1H-MRS}$ study using TE-averaged PRESS at $3\hat{A}T$ with an optimized quantification strategy. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2009, 174, 171-176.	1.8	63
59	Pharmacological Applications of fMRI. , 2006, , 444-467.		0
60	Neural correlates of high and craving during cocaine self-administration using BOLD fMRI. Neurolmage, 2005, 26, 1097-1108.	4.2	220
61	Pharmacological applications of magnetic resonance imaging. Psychopharmacology Bulletin, 2002, 36, 102-29.	0.0	42
62	Effects of Methylphenidate on Functional MRI Blood-Oxygen-Level-Dependent Contrast. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2000, 157, 1697-1699.	7.2	71
63	Cocaine administration decreases functional connectivity in human primary visual and motor cortex as detected by functional MRI. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2000, 43, 45-51.	3.0	156
64	Cue-Induced Cocaine Craving: Neuroanatomical Specificity for Drug Users and Drug Stimuli. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2000, 157, 1789-1798.	7.2	878