

Gurjit Khurana Hershey

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

173
papers

9,813
citations

30070

54
h-index

42399

92
g-index

173
all docs

173
docs citations

173
times ranked

12239
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	TSLP disease-associated genetic variants combined with airway TSLP expression influence asthma risk. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2022, 149, 79-88.	2.9	11
2	Novel role for caspase recruitment domain family member 14 and its genetic variant rs11652075 in skin filaggrin homeostasis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2022, 149, 708-717.	2.9	6
3	Longitudinal atopic dermatitis endotypes: An atopic march paradigm that includes Black children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2022, 149, 1702-1710.e4.	2.9	25
4	Association of mold levels in urban children's homes with difficult-to-control asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2022, 149, 1481-1485.	2.9	7
5	Vitamin D, skin filaggrin, allergic sensitization, and race: a complex interplay. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2022, , .	1.0	1
6	Treatment by biomarker-informed endotype vs guideline care in children with difficult-to-treat asthma. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2022, 128, 535-543.e6.	1.0	2
7	Seasonal airway microbiome and transcriptome interactions promote childhood asthma exacerbations. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2022, 150, 204-213.	2.9	31
8	The Pediatric Asthma Risk Score (PARS): more does not mean better. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2022, , .	1.0	0
9	Residential greenness, asthma, and lung function among children at high risk of allergic sensitization: a prospective cohort study. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2022, 21, 52.	4.0	12
10	Nasal DNA methylation differentiates severe from non-severe asthma in African-American children. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2021, 76, 1836-1845.	5.7	19
11	Resolving Clinical Phenotypes into Endotypes in Allergy: Molecular and Omics Approaches. <i>Clinical Reviews in Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2021, 60, 200-219.	6.5	18
12	Biofilm propensity of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> skin isolates is associated with increased atopic dermatitis severity and barrier dysfunction in the MPAACH pediatric cohort. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2021, 76, 302-313.	5.7	33
13	<i>NAT1</i> genetic variation increases asthma risk in children with secondhand smoke exposure. <i>Journal of Asthma</i> , 2021, 58, 284-292.	1.7	6
14	Secondhand smoke and NFE2L2 genotype interaction increases paediatric asthma risk and severity. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2021, 51, 801-810.	2.9	11
15	Sensitization to peanut, egg or pets is associated with skin barrier dysfunction in children with atopic dermatitis. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2021, 51, 666-673.	2.9	17
16	Chromosome 17q12-21 Variants Are Associated with Multiple Wheezing Phenotypes in Childhood. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2021, 203, 864-870.	5.6	24
17	Enhanced Neutralizing Antibody Responses to Rhinovirus C and Age-Dependent Patterns of Infection. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2021, 203, 822-830.	5.6	24
18	Pediatric asthma incidence rates in the United States from 1980 to 2017. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2021, 148, 1270-1280.	2.9	28

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19	Inducible expression quantitative trait locus analysis of the MUC5AC gene in asthma in urban populations of children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2021, 148, 1505-1514.	2.9	14
20	Regional and sociodemographic differences in average BMI among US children in the ECHO program. <i>Obesity</i> , 2021, 29, 2089-2099.	3.0	6
21	Heterogeneity of magnitude, allergen immunodominance, and cytokine polarization of cockroach allergen-specific T cell responses in allergic sensitized children. <i>Clinical and Translational Allergy</i> , 2021, 11, e12073.	3.2	6
22	Fibrin(ogen) Mechanistically Contributes to Atopic Dermatitis Pathogenesis and Allergic Sensitization. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 2097-2097.	1.4	0
23	Skin depletion of <i>KIF3A</i> resembles the pediatric atopic dermatitis transcriptome profile. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2021, , .	2.9	0
24	Weighing in on asthma: Insights on BMI, magnesium, and hospitalizations from the Ohio Pediatric Asthma Repository. <i>Journal of Asthma</i> , 2020, 57, 1280-1287.	1.7	2
25	TSLP contributes to allergic airway inflammation induced by diesel exhaust particle exposure in an experimental model of severe asthma. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2020, 50, 121-124.	2.9	5
26	IL33 contributes to diesel pollution-mediated increase in experimental asthma severity. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2020, 75, 2254-2266.	5.7	28
27	Quantitative and semiquantitative estimates of mold exposure in infancy and childhood respiratory health. <i>Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 4, e101.	3.0	8
28	On the surface. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2020, 125, 628-638.	1.0	12
29	Disease-associated KIF3A variants alter gene methylation and expression impacting skin barrier and atopic dermatitis risk. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 4092.	12.8	24
30	Expression quantitative trait locus fine mapping of the 17q12-21 asthma locus in African American children: a genetic association and gene expression study. <i>Lancet Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2020, 8, 482-492.	10.7	47
31	Events in Normal Skin Promote Early-Life Atopic Dermatitis—The MPAACH Cohort. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice</i> , 2020, 8, 2285-2293.e6.	3.8	20
32	Aeroallergen Sensitization, Serum IgE, and Eosinophilia as Predictors of Response to Omalizumab Therapy During the Fall Season Among Children with Persistent Asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice</i> , 2020, 8, 3021-3028.e2.	3.8	15
33	Atopic dermatitis independently increases sensitization above parental atopy: The MPAACH study. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2020, 145, 1464-1466.	2.9	7
34	Serum IL-6: A biomarker in childhood asthma?. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2020, 145, 1701-1704.e3.	2.9	34
35	Use of the Pediatric Asthma Risk Score to predict allergic and nonallergic asthma. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2020, 124, 629-631.e2.	1.0	1
36	Simultaneous skin biome and keratinocyte genomic capture reveals microbiome differences by depth of sampling. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2020, 146, 1442-1445.	2.9	13

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37	Cysteamine prevents asthma development and reduces airway hyperresponsiveness in experimental asthma. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2020, 75, 2675-2677.	5.7	5
38	Vitamin D supplementation attenuates asthma development following traffic-related particulate matter exposure. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 143, 386-394.e3.	2.9	33
39	Distinct nasal airway bacterial microbiotas differentially relate to exacerbation in pediatric patients with asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 144, 1187-1197.	2.9	117
40	Asthma as an outcome: Exploring multiple definitions of asthma across birth cohorts in the Environmental influences on Child Health Outcomes Children's Respiratory and Environmental Workgroup. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 144, 866-869.e4.	2.9	13
41	The pediatric asthma risk score (PARS): making the move to the most accurate pediatric asthma risk screening tool. <i>Expert Review of Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 15, 1115-1118.	3.0	1
42	Interactions between environmental pollutants and genetic susceptibility in asthma risk. <i>Current Opinion in Immunology</i> , 2019, 60, 156-162.	5.5	18
43	TET1 contributes to allergic airway inflammation and regulates interferon and aryl hydrocarbon receptor signaling pathways in bronchial epithelial cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 7361.	3.3	28
44	Identification of two early life eczema and non-eczema phenotypes with high risk for asthma development. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2019, 49, 829-837.	2.9	9
45	Using high-resolution residential greenspace measures in an urban environment to assess risks of allergy outcomes in children. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019, 668, 760-767.	8.0	44
46	Commensal <i>Candida albicans</i> Positively Calibrates Systemic Th17 Immunological Responses. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2019, 25, 404-417.e6.	11.0	151
47	Transcriptome networks identify mechanisms of viral and nonviral asthma exacerbations in children. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2019, 20, 637-651.	14.5	106
48	Transcriptomic Analysis Links Eosinophilic Esophagitis and Atopic Dermatitis. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , 2019, 7, 467.	1.9	22
49	A Pediatric Asthma Risk Score to better predict asthma development in young children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 143, 1803-1810.e2.	2.9	58
50	Loss of GTPase of immunity-associated protein 5 (Gimap5) promotes pathogenic CD4+ T-cell development and allergic airway disease. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 143, 245-257.e6.	2.9	10
51	Rational targeting Cdc42 restrains Th2 cell differentiation and prevents allergic airway inflammation. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2019, 49, 92-107.	2.9	28
52	Rhinitis in children and adolescents with asthma: Ubiquitous, difficult to control, and associated with asthma outcomes. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 143, 1003-1011.e10.	2.9	55
53	Environmental exposures and mechanisms in allergy and asthma development. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2019, 129, 1504-1515.	8.2	195
54	Adjunctive Pharmacotherapies in Children With Asthma Exacerbations Requiring Continuous Albuterol Therapy: Findings From The Ohio Pediatric Asthma Repository. <i>Hospital Pediatrics</i> , 2018, 8, 89-95.	1.3	9

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55	Contribution of an impaired epithelial barrier to the atopic march. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2018, 120, 118-119.	1.0	16
56	Obstruction phenotype as a predictor of asthma severity and instability in children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 142, 1090-1099.e4.	2.9	36
57	Eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) genetic susceptibility is mediated by synergistic interactions between EoE-specific and general atopic disease loci. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 141, 1690-1698.	2.9	51
58	GENEASE: real time bioinformatics tool for multi-omics and disease ontology exploration, analysis and visualization. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2018, 34, 3160-3168.	4.1	13
59	High number of early respiratory infections in association with allergic sensitization to mold promotes childhood asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 141, 1921-1924.e4.	2.9	3
60	TSLP signaling in CD4 ⁺ T cells programs a pathogenic T helper 2 cell state. <i>Science Signaling</i> , 2018, 11, .	3.6	72
61	Leveraging Multilayered "Omics" Data for Atopic Dermatitis: A Road Map to Precision Medicine. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2018, 9, 2727.	4.8	93
62	The antiprotease SPINK7 serves as an inhibitory checkpoint for esophageal epithelial inflammatory responses. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2018, 10, .	12.4	71
63	Ohio Pediatric Asthma Repository: Opportunities to Revise Care Practices to Decrease Time to Physiologic Readiness for Discharge. <i>Hospital Pediatrics</i> , 2018, 8, 305-313.	1.3	5
64	Î²-Glucan exacerbates allergic asthma independent of fungal sensitization and promotes steroid-resistant TH2/TH17 responses. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 139, 54-65.e8.	2.9	78
65	Can we predict fall asthma exacerbations? Validation of the seasonal asthma exacerbation index. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 140, 1130-1137.e5.	2.9	41
66	KIF3A genetic variation is associated with pediatric asthma in the presence of eczema independent of allergic rhinitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 140, 595-598.e5.	2.9	18
67	Parental Snoring and Environmental Pollutants, but Not Aeroallergen Sensitization, Are Associated with Childhood Snoring in a Birth Cohort. <i>Pediatric, Allergy, Immunology, and Pulmonology</i> , 2017, 30, 31-38.	0.8	8
68	Staphylococcal Biofilms in Atopic Dermatitis. <i>Current Allergy and Asthma Reports</i> , 2017, 17, 81.	5.3	46
69	Minimally important differences and risk levels for the Composite Asthma Severity Index. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 139, 1052-1055.	2.9	26
70	The nasal methylome and childhood atopic asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 139, 1478-1488.	2.9	133
71	Rhinovirus infection results in stronger and more persistent genomic dysregulation: Evidence for altered innate immune response in asthmatics at baseline, early in infection, and during convalescence. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0178096.	2.5	21
72	Nasal DNA methylation differentiates corticosteroid treatment response in pediatric asthma: A pilot study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0186150.	2.5	35

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73	Endotypes of difficult-to-control asthma in inner-city African American children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0180778.	2.5	24
74	Fungal Exposure and Asthma: IgE and Non-IgE-Mediated Mechanisms. <i>Current Allergy and Asthma Reports</i> , 2016, 16, 86.	5.3	53
75	Distinguishing characteristics of difficult-to-control asthma in inner-city children and adolescents. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 1030-1041.	2.9	92
76	Pathways through which asthma risk factors contribute to asthma severity in inner-city children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 1042-1050.	2.9	64
77	Asthma phenotypes in inner-city children. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 1016-1029.	2.9	120
78	Air pollution, epigenetics, and asthma. <i>Allergy, Asthma and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 12, 51.	2.0	52
79	Airway Epithelial KIF3A Regulates Th2 Responses to Aeroallergens. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2016, 197, 4228-4239.	0.8	12
80	Cultivate Primary Nasal Epithelial Cells from Children and Reprogram into Induced Pluripotent Stem Cells. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2016, , .	0.3	4
81	A combination of dexamethasone and anti-IL-17A treatment can alleviate diesel exhaust particle-induced steroid insensitive asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 924-928.e2.	2.9	17
82	Resolving the etiology of atopic disorders by using genetic analysis of racial ancestry. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 676-699.	2.9	48
83	Ten-eleven translocation 1 (TET1) methylation is associated with childhood asthma and traffic-related air pollution. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 137, 797-805.e5.	2.9	112
84	Genetic approach identifies distinct asthma pathways in overweight vs normal weight children. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 70, 1028-1032.	5.7	7
85	Air pollution and allergic diseases. <i>Current Opinion in Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 27, 724-735.	2.0	56
86	Multiple Transcriptome Data Analysis Reveals Biologically Relevant Atopic Dermatitis Signature Genes and Pathways. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0144316.	2.5	71
87	Genomic architecture of asthma differs by sex. <i>Genomics</i> , 2015, 106, 15-22.	2.9	48
88	Vanin-1 expression and methylation discriminate pediatric asthma corticosteroid treatment response. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 136, 923-931.e3.	2.9	43
89	Heterogeneity in Asthma Care in a Statewide Collaborative: the Ohio Pediatric Asthma Repository. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 135, 271-279.	2.1	32
90	Dynamic transcriptional and epigenomic reprogramming from pediatric nasal epithelial cells to induced pluripotent stem cells. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 135, 236-244.	2.9	15

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91	Secondhand smoke and traffic exhaust confer opposing risks for asthma in normal and overweight children. <i>Obesity</i> , 2015, 23, 32-36.	3.0	11
92	N-acetyltransferase 1 polymorphism increases cotinine levels in Caucasian children exposed to secondhand smoke: the CCAAPS birth cohort. <i>Pharmacogenomics Journal</i> , 2015, 15, 189-195.	2.0	8
93	Timing and Duration of Traffic-related Air Pollution Exposure and the Risk for Childhood Wheeze and Asthma. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2015, 192, 421-427.	5.6	90
94	Exposure to allergen and diesel exhaust particles potentiates secondary allergen-specific memory responses, promoting asthma susceptibility. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 136, 295-303.e7.	2.9	115
95	Early-life mold and tree sensitivity is associated with allergic eosinophilic rhinitis at 4 years of age. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2015, 114, 193-198.e4.	1.0	9
96	Collaborative Interactions between Type 2 Innate Lymphoid Cells and Antigen-Specific CD4+ Th2 Cells Exacerbate Murine Allergic Airway Diseases with Prominent Eosinophilia. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2015, 194, 3583-3593.	0.8	56
97	Enhancing Pediatric Fellows' Research Training: Development of an Office of Pediatric Clinical Fellowships. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 167, 506-507.e1.	1.8	4
98	Preseasonal treatment with either omalizumab or an inhaled corticosteroid boost to prevent fall asthma exacerbations. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 136, 1476-1485.	2.9	452
99	Traffic pollution is associated with early childhood aeroallergen sensitization. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2015, 114, 126-133.e3.	1.0	49
100	SERPINB3/B4 Contributes to Early Inflammation and Barrier Dysfunction in an Experimental Murine Model of Atopic Dermatitis. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2015, 135, 160-169.	0.7	61
101	Placenta growth factor augments airway hyperresponsiveness via leukotrienes and IL-13. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2015, 126, 571-584.	8.2	33
102	Placenta Growth Factor Links the IL-13 Response and the Leukotriene Pathway to Augment Airway Hyper-Responsiveness. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 977-977.	1.4	0
103	Duration of day care attendance during infancy predicts asthma at the age of seven: the Cincinnati Childhood Allergy and Air Pollution Study. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2014, 44, 1274-1281.	2.9	20
104	Reply. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 133, 1496-1497.	2.9	0
105	Epistasis between serine protease inhibitor Kazal-type 5 (SPINK5) and thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) genes contributes to childhood asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 134, 891-899.e3.	2.9	37
106	Optimum Predictors of Childhood Asthma: Persistent Wheeze or the Asthma Predictive Index?. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice</i> , 2014, 2, 709-715.e2.	3.8	47
107	Overexpression of Dimethylarginine Dimethylaminohydrolase 1 Attenuates Airway Inflammation in a Mouse Model of Asthma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e85148.	2.5	21
108	Rank-based genome-wide analysis reveals the association of Ryanodine receptor-2 gene variants with childhood asthma among human populations. <i>Human Genomics</i> , 2013, 7, 16.	2.9	46

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109	Diesel exhaust particle exposure increases severity of allergic asthma in young mice. <i>Clinical and Experimental Allergy</i> , 2013, 43, 1406-1418.	2.9	63
110	Microbial content of household dust associated with exhaled NO in asthmatic children. <i>Environment International</i> , 2013, 59, 141-147.	10.0	12
111	Surface availability of beta-glucans is critical determinant of host immune response to <i>Cladosporium cladosporioides</i> . <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 132, 159-169.e2.	2.9	28
112	Diesel exhaust particle induction of IL-17A contributes to severe asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 132, 1194-1204.e2.	2.9	208
113	IL-13 receptor $\alpha 2$ contributes to development of experimental allergic asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 132, 951-958.e6.	2.9	41
114	Forkhead box protein 3 (FOXP3) hypermethylation is associated with diesel exhaust exposure and risk for childhood asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 131, 592-594.e3.	2.9	62
115	Exacerbation of Allergen-Induced Eczema in TLR4- and TRIF-Deficient Mice. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2013, 191, 3519-3525.	0.8	26
116	Differential Effects of Rapamycin and Dexamethasone in Mouse Models of Established Allergic Asthma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e54426.	2.5	31
117	Diesel Exhaust Particles Induce Cysteine Oxidation and S-Glutathionylation in House Dust Mite Induced Murine Asthma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e60632.	2.5	15
118	The Greater Cincinnati Pediatric Clinic Repository: A Novel Framework for Childhood Asthma and Allergy Research. <i>Pediatric, Allergy, Immunology, and Pulmonology</i> , 2012, 25, 104-113.	0.8	23
119	Genetic variation in small proline rich protein 2B as a predictor for asthma among children with eczema. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2012, 108, 145-150.e4.	1.0	11
120	Unraveling the relationship between aeroallergen sensitization, gender, secondhand smoke exposure, and impaired lung function. <i>Pediatric Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2012, 23, 479-487.	2.6	25
121	Genetic and epigenetic influence on the response to environmental particulate matter. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2012, 129, 33-41.	2.9	82
122	Infant origins of childhood asthma associated with specific molds. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2012, 130, 639-644.e5.	2.9	163
123	Validating childhood symptoms with physician-diagnosed allergic rhinitis. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2012, 108, 228-231.	1.0	16
124	Asking the Right Questions to Ascertain Early Childhood Secondhand Smoke Exposures. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2012, 160, 1050-1051.	1.8	18
125	Functional Variant in the Autophagy-Related 5 Gene Promotor is Associated with Childhood Asthma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e33454.	2.5	148
126	A nonredundant role for mouse <i>Serpinc3a</i> in the induction of mucus production in asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2011, 127, 254-261.e6.	2.9	37

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127	Human TH17 cells express a functional IL-13 receptor and IL-13 attenuates IL-17A production. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2011, 127, 1006-1013.e4.	2.9	86
128	Hexamethylene diisocyanate asthma is associated with genetic polymorphisms of CD14, IL-13, and IL-4 receptor β . <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2011, 128, 418-420.	2.9	24
129	High environmental relative moldiness index during infancy as a predictor of asthma at 7 years of age. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2011, 107, 120-126.	1.0	132
130	Immunodeficiency: a problem with the faucet or the drain?. <i>Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology</i> , 2011, 107, 547-549.	1.0	0
131	Differences in Candidate Gene Association between European Ancestry and African American Asthmatic Children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e16522.	2.5	61
132	Identification of KIF3A as a Novel Candidate Gene for Childhood Asthma Using RNA Expression and Population Allelic Frequencies Differences. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e23714.	2.5	46
133	Opposing Effects of Cat and Dog Ownership and Allergic Sensitization on Eczema in an Atopic Birth Cohort. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2011, 158, 265-271.e5.	1.8	49
134	Genetic Biomarkers of Health-Related Quality of Life in Pediatric Asthma. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2011, 159, 21-26.e1.	1.8	9
135	Comparison of measures of marker informativeness for ancestry and admixture mapping. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2011, 12, 622.	2.8	65
136	Rapamycin Attenuates Airway Hyperreactivity, Goblet Cells, and IgE in Experimental Allergic Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2011, 187, 5756-5763.	0.8	67
137	Eczema in Early Life: Genetics, the Skin Barrier, and Lessons Learned from Birth Cohort Studies. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2010, 157, 704-714.	1.8	34
138	Exposure to traffic exhaust and night cough during early childhood: the CCAAPS birth cohort. <i>Pediatric Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2010, 21, 253-259.	2.6	48
139	Genetic and Environmental Risk Factors for Childhood Eczema Development and Allergic Sensitization in the CCAAPS Cohort. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2010, 130, 430-437.	0.7	37
140	IL-13R β 2 Has a Protective Role in a Mouse Model of Cutaneous Inflammation. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2010, 185, 6802-6808.	0.8	34
141	Importance of Cytokines in Murine Allergic Airway Disease and Human Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2010, 184, 1663-1674.	0.8	246
142	Breast-feeding, aeroallergen sensitization, and environmental exposures during infancy are determinants of childhood allergic rhinitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 125, 1054-1060.e1.	2.9	59
143	Variants of thymic stromal lymphopoietin and its receptor associate with eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 126, 160-165.e3.	2.9	236
144	Application of genetic/genomic approaches to allergic disorders. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 126, 425-436.	2.9	20

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145	Exposure to Traffic-related Particles and Endotoxin during Infancy Is Associated with Wheezing at Age 3 Years. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2009, 180, 1068-1075.	5.6	101
146	Associations between Multiple Environmental Exposures and Glutathione S-transferase P1 on Persistent Wheezing in a Birth Cohort. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2009, 154, 401-408.e1.	1.8	62
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