Anthony Kendrick

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7956083/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

170 papers 4,558 citations

34 h-index 60 g-index

185 all docs 185
docs citations

185 times ranked 5547 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cost-Utility Analysis of Discontinuing Antidepressants in England Primary Care Patients Compared with Long-Term Maintenance: The ANTLER Study. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2022, 20, 269-282.	2.1	6
2	Life events and treatment prognosis for depression: A systematic review and individual patient data meta-analysis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 299, 298-308.	4.1	7
3	Socioeconomic Indicators of Treatment Prognosis for Adults With Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2022, 79, 406.	11.0	30
4	Strategies to reduce use of antidepressants. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2021, 87, 23-33.	2.4	37
5	Is social support preâ€treatment associated with prognosis for adults with depression in primary care?. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2021, 143, 392-405.	4.5	17
6	Approaches for discontinuation versus continuation of long-term antidepressant use for depressive and anxiety disorders in adults. The Cochrane Library, 2021, 2021, CD013495.	2.8	34
7	The contribution of depressive †disorder characteristics' to determinations of prognosis for adults with depression: an individual patient data meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1068-1081.	4.5	28
8	A Digital Intervention for Primary Care Practitioners to Support Antidepressant Discontinuation (Advisor for Health Professionals): Development Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2021, 23, e25537.	4.3	1
9	Planning and optimising a digital intervention to protect older adults' cognitive health. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2021, 7, 158.	1.2	10
10	Maintenance or Discontinuation of Antidepressants in Primary Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 385, 1257-1267.	27.0	75
11	Antidepressant medication to prevent depression relapse in primary care: the ANTLER RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2021, 25, 1-62.	2.8	9
12	A Patient Stratification Approach to Identifying the Likelihood of Continued Chronic Depression and Relapse Following Treatment for Depression. Journal of Personalized Medicine, 2021, 11, 1295.	2.5	10
13	Do PROMS improve outcomes in patients with depression in primary care?. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3313.	6.0	5
14	Patient-reported outcome measures for monitoring primary care patients with depression (PROMDEP): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 441.	1.6	8
15	REDUCE (Reviewing long-term antidepressant use by careful monitoring in everyday practice) internet and telephone support to people coming off long-term antidepressants: protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 419.	1.6	11
16	Supporting antidepressant discontinuation: the development and optimisation of a digital intervention for patients in UK primary care using a theory, evidence and person-based approach. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e032312.	1.9	18
17	The Active Brains Digital Intervention to Reduce Cognitive Decline in Older Adults: Protocol for a Feasibility Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e18929.	1.0	2
18	The association between primary care quality and health-care use, costs and outcomes for people with serious mental illness: a retrospective observational study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2020, 8, 1-126.	1.4	2

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	The clinical effectiveness of sertraline in primary care and the role of depression severity and duration (PANDA): a pragmatic, double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2019, 6, 903-914.	7.4	78
20	Managing Antidepressant Discontinuation: A Systematic Review. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 52-60.	1.9	60
21	A randomised controlled trial assessing the use of citalopram, sertraline, fluoxetine and mirtazapine in preventing relapse in primary care patients who are taking long-term maintenance antidepressants (ANTLER: ANTidepressants to prevent reLapse in dEpRession): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2019, 20, 319.	1.6	12
22	Association Between Antipsychotic Polypharmacy and Outcomes for People With Serious Mental Illness in England. Psychiatric Services, 2019, 70, 650-656.	2.0	23
23	Helping people discontinue long-term antidepressants: views of health professionals in UK primary care. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e027837.	1.9	16
24	â€I mean what is depression?' A qualitative exploration of UK general practitioners' perceptions of distinctions between emotional distress and depressive disorder. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e032644.	1.9	7
25	Impact of family practice continuity of care on unplanned hospital use for people with serious mental illness. Health Services Research, 2019, 54, 1316-1325.	2.0	27
26	Barriers and facilitators to discontinuing antidepressant use: A systematic review and thematic synthesis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 245, 38-62.	4.1	54
27	What factors indicate prognosis for adults with depression in primary care? A protocol for meta-analyses of individual patient data using the Dep-GP database. Wellcome Open Research, 2019, 4, 69.	1.8	11
28	Antidepressant treatment with sertraline for adults with depressive symptoms in primary care: the PANDA research programme including RCT. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2019, 7, 1-108.	1.0	6
29	What factors indicate prognosis for adults with depression in primary care? A protocol for meta-analyses of individual patient data using the Dep-GP database. Wellcome Open Research, 2019, 4, 69.	1.8	11
30	Do care plans and annual reviews of physical health influence unplanned hospital utilisation for people with serious mental illness? Analysis of linked longitudinal primary and secondary healthcare records in England. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e023135.	1.9	8
31	Independent determinants of disease-related quality of life in COPD & Damp; ndash; scope for nonpharmacologic interventions?. International Journal of COPD, 2018, Volume 13, 247-256.	2.3	19
32	"A forward movement into life― A qualitative study of how, why and when physical activity may benefit depression. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2017, 12, 100-109.	1.8	16
33	Identifying primary care quality indicators for people with serious mental illness: a systematic review. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e519-e530.	1.4	22
34	Patient-reported outcome measures for monitoring primary care patients with depression: PROMDEP feasibility randomised trial. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015266.	1.9	14
35	†You feel like your whole world is caving in': A qualitative study of primary care patients' conceptualisations of emotional distress. Health (United Kingdom), 2017, 21, 295-315.	1.5	13
36	A randomised controlled trial assessing the severity and duration of depressive symptoms associated with a clinically significant response to sertraline versus placebo, in people presenting to primary care with depression (PANDA trial): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 496.	1.6	15

3

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Low birth weight and features of neuroticism and mood disorder in 83 545 participants of the UK Biobank cohort. BJPsych Open, 2016, 2, 38-44.	0.7	14
38	Routine use of patient reported outcome measures (PROMs) for improving treatment of common mental health disorders in adults. The Cochrane Library, 2016, 2016, CD011119.	2.8	133
39	Long-term antidepressant treatment: time for a review?. The Prescriber, 2015, 26, 7-10.	0.3	10
40	What should integrated care look like ?. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, 149-151.	1.4	2
41	Determinants of hospital length of stay for people with serious mental illness in England and implications for payment systems: a regression analysis. BMC Health Services Research, 2015, 15, 439.	2.2	40
42	Does the quality and outcomes framework reduce psychiatric admissions in people with serious mental illness? A regression analysis. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e007342-e007342.	1.9	15
43	Did NICE guidelines and the Quality Outcomes Framework change GP antidepressant prescribing in England? Observational study with time trend analyses 2003–2013. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 186, 171-177.	4.1	41
44	Do patients׳ illness beliefs predict depression measures at six months in primary care; a longitudinal study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 174, 665-671.	4.1	11
45	Distinguishing between emotional distress and psychiatric disorder in primary care attenders: A cross sectional study of the four-dimensional symptom questionnaire (4DSQ). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 184, 198-204.	4.1	16
46	Changes in rates of recorded depression in English primary care 2003–2013: Time trend analyses of effects of the economic recession, and the GP contract quality outcomes framework (QOF). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 180, 68-78.	4.1	40
47	A new measure of multimorbid illness and treatment representations: The example of diabetes and depression. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 174, 192-200.	4.1	7
48	Do higher primary care practice performance scores predict lower rates of emergency admissions for persons with serious mental illness? An analysis of secondary panel data. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2015, 3, 1-68.	1.4	6
49	Severe mental illness and the GP Quality and Outcomes Framework. Trends in Urology & Men's Health, 2014, 5, 32-34.	0.4	2
50	â€~Watchful waiting' or â€~active monitoring' in depression management in primary care: Exploring the recalled content of general practitioner consultations. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 145, 120-125.	4.1	6
51	Referral for psychological therapy of people with long term conditions improves adherence to antidepressants and reduces emergency department attendance: Controlled before and after study. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2013, 51, 377-385.	3.1	14
52	â€~The chicken and egg thing': Cognitive representations and self-management of multimorbidity in people with diabetes and depression. Psychology and Health, 2013, 28, 103-119.	2.2	38
53	Influence of initial severity of depression on effectiveness of low intensity interventions: meta-analysis of individual patient data. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f540-f540.	6.0	251
54	Depression in Primary Care: What More Do We Need to Know?. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 58, 439-441.	1.9	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Use of PHQ-9 scores to guide treatment decisions in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, 405.2-406.	1.4	1
56	Referral to a new psychological therapy service is associated with reduced utilisation of healthcare and sickness absence by people with common mental health problems: a before and after comparison. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2012, 66, e10-e10.	3.7	33
57	Common mental health disorders — identification and pathways to care: NICE clinical guideline. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, 47-49.	1.4	88
58	Depression management in primary care: an observational study of management changes related to PHQ-9 score for depression monitoring. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e451-e457.	1.4	26
59	Physical activity and depression: A multiple mediation analysis. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2012, 5, 125-134.	1.8	49
60	30th George Swift Lecture: generalism in undergraduate medical education — what's next?. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, 323-325.	1.4	4
61	Identification and care pathways for common mental health disorders: summary of NICE guidance. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2011, 342, d2868-d2868.	2.3	28
62	Illness perceptions and glycaemic control in diabetes: a systematic review with metaâ€analysis. Diabetic Medicine, 2011, 28, 1300-1310.	2.3	126
63	Are patient beliefs important in determining adherence to treatment and outcome for depression? Development of the beliefs about depression questionnaire. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 133, 29-41.	4.1	26
64	Detecting referral and selection bias by the anonymous linkage of practice, hospital and clinic data using Secure and Private Record Linkage (SAPREL): case study from the evaluation of the Improved Access to Psychological Therapy (IAPT) service. BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making, 2011, 11, 61.	3.0	15
65	Research output on primary care in Australia, Canada, Germany, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, and the United States: bibliometric analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2011, 342, d1028-d1028.	2.3	102
66	Multimorbidity, service organization and clinical decision making in primary care: a qualitative study. Family Practice, 2011, 28, 579-587.	1.9	145
67	Spiritual belief, social support, physical functioning and depression among older people in Bulgaria and Romania. Aging and Mental Health, 2011, 15, 327-333.	2.8	18
68	Questionnaire severity measures for depression: a threat to the doctor–patient relationship?. British Journal of General Practice, 2011, 61, 117-123.	1.4	49
69	Comparative quality of life in patients with depression and rheumatoid arthritis. International Review of Psychiatry, 2011, 23, 118-124.	2.8	17
70	Be vigilant for common mental health disorders. Practitioner, 2011, 255, 29-32, 3.	0.3	5
71	Guidelines for the management of depression: NICE work?. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2010, 197, 345-347.	2.8	23
72	Antidepressants, social adversity and outcome of depression in general practice. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2010, 121, 239-246.	4.1	27

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Healthcare assistant case management may reduce depression symptoms in primary care patients with major depression more than usual care. Evidence-Based Medicine, 2010, 15, 10-11.	0.6	1
74	Explaining the rise in antidepressant prescribing: a descriptive study using the general practice research database. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b3999-b3999.	2.3	215
75	Slipped capital femoral epiphysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b4457-b4457.	2.3	8
76	Cohort study of informal carers of first-time stroke survivors: Profile of health and social changes in the first year of caregiving. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 69, 404-410.	3.8	42
77	Change in self-esteem, self-efficacy and the mood dimensions of depression as potential mediators of the physical activity and depression relationship: Exploring the temporal relation of change. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2009, 2, 44-52.	1.8	77
78	How could depression guidelines be made more relevant and applicable to primary care?. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e149-e156.	1.4	44
79	Management of depression in UK general practice in relation to scores on depression severity questionnaires: analysis of medical record data. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b750-b750.	2.3	185
80	Patients' and doctors' views on depression severity questionnaires incentivised in UK quality and outcomes framework: qualitative study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b663-b663.	2.3	173
81	Infant Sleep Disturbance Is Associated with Preconceptional Psychological Distress: Findings from the Southampton Women's Survey. Sleep, 2009, 32, 566-568.	1.1	30
82	Randomised controlled trial to determine the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors plus supportive care, versus supportive care alone, for mild to moderate depression with somatic symptoms in primary care: the THREAD (THREshold for) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT/C	Overlöck 10	O Tf ⁶ 50 372 To
83	Formal support of stroke survivors and their informal carers in the community: a cohort study. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2008, 16, 582-592.	1.6	33
84	A longitudinal study of blood folate levels and depressive symptoms among young women in the Southampton Women's Survey. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, 966-972.	3.7	23
85	Developments in career pathways for primary care researchers. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2008, 9, .	1.2	1
86	GPs are not so bad at diagnosis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 336, 522.2-522.	2.3	2
87	Interpreting research findings to guide treatment in practice. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 337, a1499-a1499.	2.3	8
88	A qualitative study of patient views on discontinuing long-term selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors. Family Practice, 2007, 24, 570-575.	1.9	68
89	Feasibility and acceptability of screening for eating disorders in primary care. Family Practice, 2007, 24, 511-517.	1.9	32
90	Review: Diagnosing depression in primary care ultra-short screening instruments may have limited use. Evidence-Based Mental Health, 2007, 10, 107-107.	4.5	0

#	Article	IF	Citations
91	Is Birth Weight Associated with Risk of Depressive Symptoms in Young Women? Evidence from the Southampton Women's Survey. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 167, 164-168.	3.4	18
92	Protocol for the THREAD (THREshold for AntiDepressants) study: a randomised controlled trial to determine the clinical and cost-effectiveness of antidepressants plus supportive care, versus supportive care alone, for mild to moderate depression in UK general practice. BMC Family Practice, 2007, 8, 2.	2.9	7
93	The role of the general practitioner in severe mental illness. Psychiatry (Abingdon, England), 2007, 6, 343-346.	0.2	2
94	P1-121 Is birth weight associated with risk of depression in young women? Evidence from the Southampton Women's Survey. Early Human Development, 2007, 83, S117.	1.8	0
95	Qualitative study of depression management in primary care: GP and patient goals, and the value of listening. British Journal of General Practice, 2007, 57, 1-14.	1.4	71
96	Cost-effectiveness and cost-utility of tricyclic antidepressants, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors and lofepramine. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 188, 337-345.	2.8	36
97	Cost-effectiveness of referral for generic care or problem-solving treatment from community mental health nurses, compared with usual general practitioner care for common mental disorders. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 189, 50-59.	2.8	54
98	Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 330, 420.3-421.	2.3	14
99	GP treatment decisions for patients with depression: an observational study. British Journal of General Practice, 2005, 55, 280-6.	1.4	63
100	'Antidepressants unlimited'. Are antidepressants the best option for treating depression in general practice? Debating session WONCA 2004. European Journal of General Practice, 2005, 11, 119-21.	2.0	0
101	Randomised controlled trial of effect of leaflets to empower patients in consultations in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 328, 441.	2.3	76
102	The role of the general practitioner in severe mental illness. Psychiatry (Abingdon, England), 2004, 3, 26-29.	0.2	1
103	The International Society for Affective Disorders (ISAD)—2nd Biennial Conference—Cancun, Mexico 5th–10th March 2004. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2004, 78, S39-S53.	4.1	0
104	A questionnaire to measure satisfaction with community services for informal carers of stroke patients: construction and initial piloting. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2003, 11, 129-137.	1.6	17
105	Review: black people are more likely than white people to be detained in psychiatric wards in the United Kingdom. Evidence-Based Mental Health, 2003, 6, 76-76.	4.5	1
106	Mild depression in general practice: time for a rethink?. Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin, 2003, 41, 60-64.	0.3	11
107	Who cares for the carers? The district nurse perspective. Family Practice, 2002, 19, 29-35.	1.9	18
108	Seasonal affective disorder among general practice attenders. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 180, 394-395.	2.8	7

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	The role of the district nurse in bereavement support. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 2002, 38, 467-478.	3.3	38
110	Treatment delivery and guidelines in primary care. British Medical Bulletin, 2001, 57, 193-206.	6.9	33
111	The psychological aspects of bereavement. Primary Care and Community Psychiatry, 2001, 7, 91-95.	0.4	2
112	A randomized controlled trial of problem solving for anxiety, depression and life difficulties by community psychiatric nurses among general practice patients: background and method. Primary Care and Community Psychiatry, 2001, 7, 129-135.	0.4	7
113	Why can't GPs follow guidelines on depression?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 200-201.	2.3	87
114	Depression management clinics in general practice?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 527-528.	2.3	15
115	Diagnosing and treating depression. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 1602-1602.	2.3	4
116	Behavioural counselling in general practice for the promotion of healthy behaviour among adults at increased risk of coronary heart disease: randomised trial Commentary: Treatment allocation by the method of minimisation. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1999, 319, 943-948.	2.3	213
117	Attitudes to cardiovascular health promotion among GPs and practice nurses. Family Practice, 1999, 16, 158-163.	1.9	65
118	Promotion of healthy behaviour among adults at increased risk of coronary heart disease in general practice: methodology and baseline data from the Change of Heart study. Health Education Journal, 1999, 58, 3-16.	1.2	31
119	Practice nurses and the care of patients receiving depot neuroleptic treatment: views on training, confidence and use of structured assessment. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 1999, 29, 1454-1461.	3.3	22
120	Primary care options to prevent mental illness. Annals of Medicine, 1999, 31, 359-363.	3.8	16
121	Prospects for general practice research are bright despite research assessment exercise. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1999, 318, 194-194.	2.3	2
122	Readiness to Change Health Behaviours Among Patients at High Risk of Cardiovascular Disease. European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, 1998, 5, 147-153.	2.8	29
123	The General Practitioner, the Psychiatrist, and the Burden of Mental Health Care. Maudsley Discussion Paper No. 1. By David Goldberg & Kevin Gournay. London: Institute of Psychiatry. 1997. 31 pp. £2.95. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1998, 22, 270-270.	0.3	6
124	Management of people with schizophrenia in primary care. Advances in Psychiatric Treatment, 1998, 4, 46-52.	0.5	2
125	Depression as a risk factor for ischaemic heart disease in men. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1998, 317, 1450-1450.	2.3	1
126	Survey of roles of community psychiatric nurses and occupational therapists. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1997, 21, 70-73.	0.3	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Primary care: opportunities and threats Broader teamwork in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 314, 672-672.	2.3	12
128	The prevention of mental illness in people with learning disability., 1996,, 113-129.		3
129	The role of counselling in primary prevention. , 1996, , 130-146.		1
130	Secondary prevention of childhood mental health problems. , 1996, , 149-166.		0
131	The secondary prevention of depression. , 1996, , 167-187.		2
132	The prevention of anxiety disorders. , 1996, , 188-206.		2
133	The prevention of alcohol and drug misuse. , 1996, , 223-245.		1
134	Tertiary prevention of childhood mental health problems. , 1996, , 265-280.		2
135	Tertiary prevention in depression: cognitive therapy and other psychological treatments. , 1996, , 294-310.		O
136	The regular review of patients with schizophrenia in primary care. , 1996, , 311-326.		1
137	The prevention of social disability in schizophrenia. , 1996, , 327-345.		1
138	Organising continuing care of the long-term mentally ill in general practice. , 1996, , 346-364.		0
139	Primary prevention of childhood mental health problems. , 1996, , 21-40.		1
140	Primary prevention: assessing the relevance of life-events and difficulties among primary care attenders., 1996,, 41-56.		1
141	Preventing mental illness amongst people of ethnic minorities. , 1996, , 88-112.		2
142	The prevention of eating disorders. , 1996, , 207-222.		0
143	Early detection of psychosis in primary care: initial treatment and crisis management., 1996,, 246-262.		1
144	Tertiary prevention: longer-term drug treatment in depression. , 1996, , 281-293.		2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	The prevention of suicide., 1996,, 365-377.		O
146	Cardiovascular and Respiratory Risk Factors and Symptoms among General Practice Patients with Long-Term Mental Illness. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1996, 169, 733-739.	2.8	128
147	The prevention of postnatal depression. , 1996, , 57-73.		5
148	Mental health teams should concentrate on psychiatric patients with greatest needs. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1996, 313, 884-885.	2.3	3
149	Psychiatry in General Practice. Edited by Ben Green. Lancaster: Kluwer Academic Publishers. 1994. 284 pp. £24.95 (pb) British Journal of Psychiatry, 1996, 168, 392-392.	2.8	O
150	The Nature of General Medical Practice. Report from General Practice 27. 1996. £8.80. Royal College of General Practitioners, 14 Princes Gate, London SW7 1PU. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1996, 20, 779-780.	0.3	0
151	Depressive symptoms predicted acute myocardial infarction and death. ACP Journal Club, 1996, 125, 52.	0.1	0
152	Randomised controlled trial of teaching general practitioners to carry out structured assessments of their long term mentally ill patients. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1995, 311, 93-97.	2.3	84
153	Peer Commentaries on â€ ⁻ An Evaluation of Community-based Psychiatric Care for People with Treated Long-Term Mental Illness'. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1995, 167, 38-40.	2.8	1
154	Not Another Guide to Stress in General Practice. Edited by David Haslam. Medical Action Communications Ltd., Action International House, Crabtree Office Village, Eversley Way, Thorpe, Egham, Surrey TW20 8RY. 1994. Pp 102. Free of charge. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1995, 19, 395-396.	0.3	0
155	Fund-holding and commissioning general practitioners. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1994, 18, 196-199.	0.3	11
156	General practitioner involvement in a group home. Psychiatric Bulletin, 1994, 18, 600-603.	0.3	1
157	A communication skills course for preclinical students: evaluation of general practice based teaching using group methods. Medical Education, 1993, 27, 211-217.	2.1	27
158	Community care for patients with schizophrenia BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1991, 303, 1334-1335.	2.3	0
159	Which type of hospital discharge report reaches general practitioners most quickly?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1989, 298, 362-363.	2.3	19
160	The Patient and Service User Perspective. , 0, , 39-53.		1
161	Diagnosis and Classification of Mental Illness. , 0, , 70-86.		0
162	Physical Health of People with Mental Illness. , 0, , 277-299.		0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Improving Access to Care. , 0, , 386-400.		0
164	Teaching and Learning about Mental Health. , 0, , 439-458.		0
165	Undertaking Mental Health Research in Primary Care. , 0, , 459-472.		O
166	What Is Primary Care Mental Health?., 0,, 1-11.		1
167	Collaborative Care and Stepped Care. , 0, , 401-419.		O
168	How about a career in academic general practice?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 0, , cf_kent_academicgp.	2.3	1
169	Child Mental Health in Primary Care. , 0, , .		1
170	What factors indicate prognosis for adults with depression in primary care? A protocol for meta-analyses of individual patient data using the Dep-GP database. Wellcome Open Research, 0, 4, 69.	1.8	1