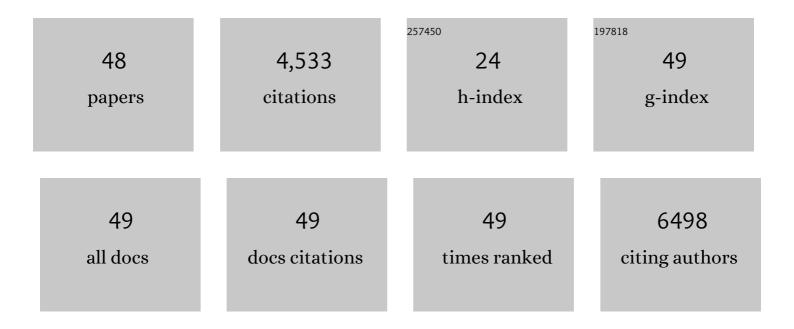
## Jean-Louis Martin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7917399/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Deer slow down litter decomposition by reducing litter quality in a temperate forest. Ecology, 2021, 102, e03235.	3.2	7
2	Deer exclusion unveils abiotic filtering in forest understorey plant assemblages. Annals of Botany, 2021, 128, 371-381.	2.9	6
3	Belowground effects of deer in a temperate forest are time-dependent. Forest Ecology and Management, 2021, 493, 119228.	3.2	5
4	Deer, wolves, and people: costs, benefits and challenges of living together. Biological Reviews, 2020, 95, 782-801.	10.4	37
5	Is habitat fragmentation bad for biodiversity?. Biological Conservation, 2019, 230, 179-186.	4.1	329
6	Late snowmelt can result in smaller eggs in Arctic shorebirds. Polar Biology, 2018, 41, 2289-2295.	1.2	5
7	Positive plant and bird diversity response to experimental deer population reduction after decades of uncontrolled browsing. Diversity and Distributions, 2016, 22, 274-287.	4.1	21
8	Sitka black-tailed deer ( <i>Odocoileus hemionus sitkensis</i> ) adjust habitat selection and activity rhythm to the absence of predators. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2016, 94, 385-394.	1.0	24
9	Levels of fecal glucocorticoid metabolites do not reflect environmental contrasts across islands in black-tailed deer (Odocoileus hemionus sitkensis) populations. Mammal Research, 2016, 61, 391-398.	1.3	6
10	Long-term consequences of invasive deer on songbird communities: Going from bad to worse?. Biological Invasions, 2015, 17, 777-790.	2.4	18
11	Seeing a Ghost? Vigilance and Its Drivers in a Predatorâ€free World. Ethology, 2015, 121, 651-660.	1.1	16
12	Short-term effects of hunting on naÃ <sup>-</sup> ve black-tailed deer (Odocoileus hemionus sitkensis): behavioural response and consequences on vegetation growth. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2014, 92, 915-925.	1.0	14
13	Innate threat-sensitive foraging: black-tailed deer remain more fearful of wolf than of the less dangerous black bear even after 100Âyears of wolf absence. Oecologia, 2014, 174, 1151-1158.	2.0	63
14	Understanding the paradox of deer persisting at high abundance in heavily browsed habitats. Wildlife Biology, 2014, 20, 122-135.	1.4	23
15	A better world for bryophytes? A rare and overlooked case of positive community-wide effects of browsing by overabundant deer. Ecoscience, 2013, 20, 352-360.	1.4	22
16	Impacts of biological invasions: what's what and the way forward. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2013, 28, 58-66.	8.7	2,304
17	Declining woodland birds in North America: should we blame Bambi?. Diversity and Distributions, 2013, 19, 481-483.	4.1	48
18	Prior information reduces uncertainty about the consequences of deer overabundance on forest birds. Biological Conservation, 2013, 165, 10-17.	4.1	9

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Importance for forest plant communities of refuges protecting from deer browsing. Forest Ecology and Management, 2013, 289, 470-477.	3.2	29
20	Large herbivore effects on songbirds in boreal forests: lessons from deer introduction on Anticosti Island. Ecoscience, 2012, 19, 38-47.	1.4	29
21	An experimental study of how variation in deer density affects vegetation and songbird assemblages of recently harvested boreal forests. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2012, 90, 704-713.	1.0	22
22	Soil disturbance, vegetation cover and the establishment of the exotic shrub Pyracantha coccinea in southern France. Biological Invasions, 2010, 12, 1023-1029.	2.4	10
23	Top-down and bottom-up consequences of unchecked ungulate browsing on plant and animal diversity in temperate forests: lessons from a deer introduction. Biological Invasions, 2010, 12, 353-371.	2.4	114
24	Interâ€annual variation in the breeding chronology of arctic shorebirds: effects of weather, snow melt and predators. Journal of Avian Biology, 2010, 41, 292-304.	1.2	56
25	Long-term anthropogenic and ecological dynamics of a Mediterranean landscape: Impacts on multiple taxa. Landscape and Urban Planning, 2010, 96, 214-223.	7.5	87
26	Introduced deer and the pollination and reproduction of an animal-pollinated herb. Botany, 2010, 88, 110-118.	1.0	3
27	Do bird spatial distribution patterns reflect population trends in changing landscapes?. Landscape Ecology, 2009, 24, 893-906.	4.2	12
28	Teasing out biological effects and sampling artifacts when using occupancy rate in monitoring programs. Journal of Field Ornithology, 2008, 79, 159-169.	0.5	14
29	Is land abandonment having an impact on biodiversity? A meta-analytical approach to bird distribution changes in the north-western Mediterranean. Biological Conservation, 2008, 141, 450-459.	4.1	146
30	Deer prevent western redcedar (Thuya plicata) regeneration in old-growth forests of Haida Gwaii: Is there a potential for recovery?. Forest Ecology and Management, 2008, 255, 3973-3979.	3.2	32
31	Multi-scale study of bird species distribution and of their response to vegetation change: a Mediterranean example. Landscape Ecology, 2007, 22, 747-764.	4.2	44
32	A Natural Experiment on the Impact of Overabundant Deer on Forest Invertebrates. Conservation Biology, 2005, 19, 1917-1929.	4.7	134
33	Effect of adjacent agricultural habitat on the distribution of passerines in natural grasslands. Biological Conservation, 2005, 124, 407-414.	4.1	85
34	A natural experiment on the impact of overabundant deer on songbird populations. Biological Conservation, 2005, 126, 1-13.	4.1	111
35	A natural experiment on the effects of high deer densities on the native flora of coastal temperate rain forests. Biological Conservation, 2005, 126, 118-128.	4.1	79
36	Can we reconstruct deer browsing history and how? Lessons from Gaultheria shallon Pursh. Annals of Forest Science, 2005, 62, 153-162.	2.0	5

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Assessing spatial variation in browsing history by means of fraying scars. Journal of Biogeography, 2004, 31, 987-995.	3.0	17
38	Can we reconstruct browsing history and how far back? Lessons from Vaccinium parvifolium Smith in Rees. Forest Ecology and Management, 2004, 201, 171-185.	3.2	17
39	Response of young Tsuga heterophylla to deer browsing: developing tools to assess deer impact on forest dynamics. Trees - Structure and Function, 2003, 17, 547-553.	1.9	23
40	Nest predation in forest birds: influence of predator type and predator's habitat quality. Oikos, 2003, 102, 641-653.	2.7	85
41	Growth change of young Picea sitchensis in response to deer browsing. Forest Ecology and Management, 2003, 180, 413-424.	3.2	29
42	Interaction among deer browsing, hunting, and tree regeneration. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2002, 32, 1254-1264.	1.7	68
43	Is escaping deer browse just a matter of time in Picea sitchensis? A chemical and dendroecological approach. Trees - Structure and Function, 2002, 16, 488-496.	1.9	18
44	Disentangling the causes of damage variation by deer browsing on young Thuja plicata. Oikos, 2002, 98, 271-283.	2.7	59
45	Rural depopulation and recent landscape changes in a Mediterranean region: Consequences to the breeding avifauna. Landscape Ecology, 1997, 12, 51-61.	4.2	149
46	Coexistence in Mediterranean warblers: ecological differences or interspecific territoriality?. Journal of Biogeography, 1996, 23, 169-178.	3.0	35
47	The Effect of Island Size and Isolation on Old Growth Forest Habitat and Bird Diversity in Gwaii Haanas (Queen Charlotte Islands, Canada). Oikos, 1995, 72, 115.	2.7	45
48	Niche Expansion in an Insular Bird Community: An Autecological Perspective. Journal of Biogeography, 1992, 19, 375.	3.0	18